Proposal for a Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on a single application procedure for a single permit for third-country nationals to reside and work in the territory of a Member State and on a common set of rights for third-country workers legally residing in a Member State

SUGGESTIONS OF EP IN PREPARATION OF SECOND TRILOGUE of 22 JUNE 2011

Initial Commission Proposal	Council text	EP amendments	Compromise suggestions and comments
Proposal for a COUNCIL DIRECTIVE on a single application procedure for a single permit for third-country nationals to reside and work in the territory of a Member State and on a common set of rights for third-country workers legally residing in a Member State	Proposal for a DIRECTIVE of the European Parliament and of the Council on a single application procedure for a single permit for third-country nationals to reside and work in the territory of a Member State and on a common set of rights for third-country workers legally residing in a Member State	Parliament and of the Council on a single application procedure for a single permit for third-country nationals to reside and work in the territory of a Member State and on a common set of rights for third-country workers legally	OK (EP amendment acceptable to Council)
THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	OK
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Article 63(3)(a) thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union , and in particular Article 79(2)(a-b) thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular points (a) and (b) of Article 79(2) thereof,	OK
Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	OK
Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,	deleted	deleted	OK
Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee,	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee,	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee,	OK

Having regard to the opinion of the	Having regard to the opinion of the	Having regard to the opinion of the	OK
Committee of the Regions,	Committee of the Regions,	Committee of the Regions,	OK
	Acting in accordance with the	Acting in accordance with the ordinary	OK
XXI	ordinary legislative procedure,	legislative procedure,	
Whereas:	Whereas:	Whereas:	
(1) For the gradual establishment of an area of freedom, security and justice, the Treaty provides for measures to be adopted in the fields	(1) For the gradual establishment of an area of freedom, security and justice, the Treaty provides for measures to be adopted in the fields	(1) For the gradual establishment of an area of freedom, security and justice, the Treaty provides for measures to be adopted in the fields of asylum,	OK
of asylum, immigration and protection of the rights of third-country nationals.	of asylum, immigration and protection of the rights of third-country nationals.	immigration and protection of the rights of third-country nationals.	
(2) The European Council, at its special meeting in Tampere on 15 and 16 October 1999, acknowledged the need for harmonisation of national legislation governing the conditions	(2) The European Council, at its special meeting in Tampere on 15 and 16 October 1999, acknowledged the need for harmonisation of national law governing the conditions for admission and	(2) The European Council, at its special meeting in Tampere on 15 and 16 October 1999, acknowledged the need for harmonisation of national legislation governing the conditions for admission and residence of third-	OK
for admission and residence of third-country nationals. In this context, it stated in particular that the European Union should ensure fair treatment of third-country	residence of third-country nationals. In this context, it stated in particular that the European Union should ensure fair treatment of third-country nationals residing lawfully on the territory of the Member States and	country nationals. In this context, it stated in particular that the European Union should ensure fair treatment of third-country nationals residing lawfully on the territory of the Member States and that a more vigorous	
nationals residing lawfully on the territory of the Member States and that a more vigorous integration policy should aim to grant them rights and obligations comparable	that a more vigorous integration policy should aim to grant them rights and obligations comparable to those of citizens of the European	integration policy should aim to grant them rights and obligations comparable to those of citizens of the European Union. The European Council	
to those of citizens of the European Union. The European Council accordingly asked the Council to rapidly adopt the legal instruments	Union. The European Council accordingly asked the Council to rapidly adopt the legal instruments on the basis of Commission	accordingly asked the Council to rapidly adopt the legal instruments on the basis of Commission proposals. The need for achieving the objectives	
on the basis of Commission proposals. The need for achieving the objectives defined at Tampere was reaffirmed by the Hague Program of 4 and 5 November	proposals. The need for achieving the objectives defined at Tampere was reaffirmed by the Stockholm Programme of 10 and 11 December 2009.	defined at Tampere was reaffirmed by the <i>Stockholm Programme</i> of <i>10 and 11 December 2009</i> .	

2004.			
(3) In an increasingly global labour market, the EU should enhance its appeal to attract third-country workers. This should be facilitated by administrative simplification and by facilitating access to relevant information. Provisions for a single application procedure leading to one combined title encompassing both residence and work permit within one administrative act should contribute to simplifying and harmonizing the diverging rules currently applicable in Member States. Such procedural simplification has already been introduced by the majority of Member States and has made for a more efficient procedure both for the migrants and for their employers, and allowed easier controls of the lawfulness of their residence and employment.	(3) [] Provisions for a single application procedure leading to one combined title encompassing both residence and work permit within one administrative act should contribute to simplifying and more harmonizing the rules currently applicable in Member States. Such procedural simplification has already been introduced in several Member States and has made for a more efficient procedure both for the migrants and for their employers, and allowed easier controls of the lawfulness of their residence and employment.	(3) Provisions for a single application procedure leading to one combined title encompassing both residence and work permit within one administrative act should contribute to simplifying and harmonising the rules currently applicable in Member States. Such procedural simplification has already been introduced by <i>several</i> Member States and has made for a more efficient procedure both for the migrants and for their employers, and allowed easier controls of the lawfulness of their residence and employment.	OK
(4) In order to allow initial entry into their territory, Member States should be able to issue, in a timely manner, a single permit or, if they issue such permits exclusively on their territory, a visa.	(4) In order to allow initial entry into their territory, Member States should be able to issue, in a timely manner, a single permit or, if they issue such permits exclusively on their territory, a visa.	(4) In order to allow initial entry into their territory, Member States should be able to issue, in a timely manner, a single permit or, if they issue such permits exclusively on their territory, a visa.	OK

(5) A set of rules governing the	(5) A set of rules governing the	(5) A set of rules governing the	OK
procedure for examination of the	procedure for examination of the	procedure for examination of the	
application for a single permit	application for a single permit	application for a single permit should	
should be laid down. Those	should be laid down. Those	be laid down. Those procedures should	
procedures should be effective and	procedures should be effective and	be effective and manageable, taking	
manageable, taking account of the	manageable, taking account of the	account of the normal workload of the	
normal workload of the Member	normal workload of the Member	Member States' administrations, as well	
States' administrations, as well as	States' administrations, as well as	as transparent and fair, in order to offer	
transparent and fair, in order to	transparent and fair, in order to offer	appropriate legal certainty to those	
offer appropriate legal certainty to	appropriate legal certainty to those	concerned.	
those concerned.	concerned.		
(6) The conditions and criteria on	(6) The conditions and criteria on the	(6) The conditions and criteria on the	OK
the basis of which an application for	basis of which an application for a	basis of which an application for a	
a single permit can be rejected is	single permit can be rejected should	single permit can be rejected <i>should be</i>	
laid down in national law including	be objective and laid down in	objective and laid down in national law	
the obligation to respect the	national law including the obligation	including the obligation to respect the	
principle of Community preference	to respect the principle of	principle of Community preference as	
as expressed in particular in the	Community preference as expressed	expressed in particular in the relevant	
relevant provisions of the Acts of	in particular in the relevant	provisions of the Acts of Accession of	
Accession of 16 April 2003 and 25	provisions of the Acts of Accession	16 April 2003 and 25 April 2005. <i>Any</i>	
April 2005.	of 16 April 2003 and 25 April 2005.	rejection decision should be duly	
11pm 2005.	Any rejection decision should be	reasoned.	
	duly reasoned.	reasonea.	
(7) The single permit should take	(7) The single permit should take the	(7) The single permit should take the	OK
the harmonized format of the	harmonized format of the residence	harmonised format of the residence	
residence permit in accordance with	permit in accordance with	permit in accordance with Council	
Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002,	Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002,	Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002, of 13	
laying down a uniform format for	laying down a uniform format for	June 2002 laying down a uniform	
residence permits for third-country	residence permits for third-country	format for residence permits for third-	
nationals ¹ , enabling the Member	nationals, enabling the Member	country nationals ² , enabling the	
States to enter information, in	States to enter information, in	Member States to enter <i>further</i>	
particular as to whether or not the	particular as to whether or not the	information, in particular as to whether	

OJ L 157, 15.6.2002, p. 1. OJ L 157, 15.6.2002, p. 1.

person is permitted to work.	person is permitted to work. Member	or not the person is permitted to work.	
Member States should indicate –	States should indicate – also for the	Member States should indicate – also	
also for the purpose of better	purpose of better control of	for the purpose of better control of	
control of migration – not only in	migration – not only in the single	migration – not only in the single	
the single permit but also in all the	permit but also in all the issued	permit but also in all the issued	
issued residence permits the	residence permits, the information	residence permits the information	
information relating to the	relating to the permission to work	relating to the permission to work	
permission to work irrespective of	irrespective of the type of the permit	irrespective of the type of the permit or	
the type of the permit or the residence title on the basis of which	or the residence title on the basis of which the third country national has	the residence title on the basis of which the third country national has been	
the third country national has been	been admitted to the territory of a	admitted to the territory of a Member	
admitted to the territory of a	Member State [].	State and has been given access to the	
Member State and has been given	internet state [ttt].	labour market of that Member State.	
access to the labour market of that			
Member State.			
	(7a) The provisions in this		Council maintains suggests
	Directive on the single permit and		the following compromise
	on the residence permit issued for		text:
	purposes other than work do not		
	prevent Member States from		(7a) The provisions in this
	issuing additional documents, in		Directive on the single
	particular to give more precise		permit and on the residence
	information on the right to work.		permit issued for purposes
	Such additional documents should,		other than work do not
	however, be optional for Member		prevent Member States from
	States and should not serve as a		having an additional paper
	substitute for a work permit		document in order to be able
	thereby compromising the concept of the single permit.		to give more precise information on the
	or the single permit.		employment relationship
			for which the format of the
			residence permit leaves
			insufficient space. Such
			documents can serve to
			prevent the exploitation of
			third-country nationals and

	T	
		combat illegal employment
		but should, however, be
		optional for Member States
		and should not serve as a
		substitute for a work permit
		thereby compromising the
		concept of the single permit.
		<u>Technical possibilities</u>
		offered by Article 4
		Regulation (EC)
		1030/2002 and point 16 of its
		Annex I as amended by
		<u>Regulation (EC) 380/2008,</u>
		can also be used to store
		such information in
		an electronic format.
		Suggestions of EP in view of trilogue 22.06.2011: EP can accept the amendment of Council in the context of an overall agreement.
(7b) The obligation of the Member	(7a) The obligation on the Member	OK
States to determine whether the	States to determine whether the	
application is made by a third-	application is to be made by a third-	
country national or by his	country national or by his or her	
employer is without prejudice to	employer should be without prejudice	
any arrangements requiring both	to any arrangements requiring both to	
to be involved in the procedure.	be involved in the procedure. The	
	Member States should decide whether	
	the application for a single permit is to	
	be made in the Member State of	
	destination or from a third country. In	

	cases where the third-country national is not allowed to make an application from a third country, Member States should ensure that the application may be made by the employer in the Member State of destination.	
(7c) The provisions in this Directive on residence permits for purposes other than work only concern the format of such permits and are without prejudice to national and/or Union rules on admission procedures and on procedures for issuing such permits.	(7b) The provisions of this Directive on residence permits for purposes other than work should apply only to the format of such permits and should be without prejudice to national or to Union rules on admission procedures and on procedures for issuing such permits.	OK
(7d) The provisions in this Directive on the single application procedure and on the single permit do not concern uniform and long-stay visas.	(7c) The provisions of this Directive on the single application procedure and on the single permit should not concern uniform and long-stay visas.	OK
(7e) The deadline for adopting a decision on the application should not include the time required for the recognition of professional qualifications nor the time required for issuing a visa. This Directive is without prejudice to the national procedures on the recognition of diplomas.	(7d) The deadline for adopting a decision on the application should not include the time required for the recognition of professional qualifications or the time required for issuing a visa. This Directive should be without prejudice to national procedures on the recognition of diplomas.	OK
(7f) The designation of the competent authority under this Directive is without prejudice to the role and responsibilities of other authorities and, where applicable, the social partners, with regard to the examination of	(7e) The designation of the competent authority under this Directive should be without prejudice to the role and responsibilities of other authorities and, where applicable, the social partners, with regard to the examination of, and the decision on,	OK

	and the decision on the application.	the application.	
	(7g) The provisions of this Directive are without prejudice to the competence of the Member States to regulate the admission, including volumes of admission for third-country nationals for the	(7f) The provisions of this Directive are without prejudice to the competence of the Member States to regulate the admission, including volumes of admission for third-country nationals for the purpose of	OK
	purpose of employment.	employment.	
(8) Third-country nationals who are in possession of a valid travel document and a single permit issued by a Member State applying the Schengen acquis in full, should be allowed to enter into and move freely within the territory of the Member States applying the Schengen acquis in full, for a period up to three months in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2006 establishing a Community Code on the rules governing the movement of persons across borders (Schengen Borders Code) ³ and Article 21 of the The Schengen acquis - Convention implementing the Schengen Agreement of 14 June 1985 between the Governments of the States of the Benelux Economic Union, the Federal Republic of	(8) Third-country nationals who are in possession of a valid travel document and a single permit issued by a Member State applying the Schengen acquis in full, should be allowed to enter into and move freely within the territory of the Member States applying the Schengen acquis in full, for a period up to three months in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2006 establishing a Community Code on the rules governing the movement of persons across borders (Schengen Borders Code) and Article 21 of the Schengen acquis – Convention implementing the Schengen Agreement of 14 June 1985 between the Governments of the States of the Benelux Economic Union, the Federal Republic of Germany and	(8) Third-country nationals who are in possession of a valid travel document and a single permit issued by a Member State applying the Schengen acquis in full, should be allowed to enter into and move freely within the territory of the Member States applying the Schengen acquis in full, for a period up to three months in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2006 establishing a Community Code on the rules governing the movement of persons across borders (Schengen Borders Code) ⁵ and Article 21 of the The Schengen acquis - Convention implementing the Schengen Agreement of 14 June 1985 between the Governments of the States of the Benelux Economic Union, the Federal Republic of Germany and the French Republic on the gradual abolition of checks at their common borders	OK

³ OJ L 105, 13.4.2006, p. 1.

Germany and the French Republic	the French Republic on the gradual	(Schengen Implementing Convention).	
on the gradual abolition of checks at	abolition of checks at their common	(senengen imprementing convention).	
their common borders (Schengen	borders (Schengen Implementing		
Implementing Convention) ⁴ .	Convention).		
(9) In the absence of horizontal	(9) [] The rights of third-country	(9) In the absence of horizontal <i>Union</i>	OK
community legislation, the rights of	nationals vary, depending on the	legislation, the rights of third-country	
third-country nationals vary,	Member State in which they work	nationals vary, depending on the	Suggestions of EP in view of
depending on the Member State in	and on their nationality. [] With a	Member State in which they work and	trilogue 22.06.2011:
which they work and on their	view to pursu ing a further	on their nationality. With a view to	unogue 22.00.2011.
nationality. They do not have the	development of a coherent	pursuing a further development of a	
same rights as nationals of the	immigration policy and narrowing	coherent immigration policy <i>and</i>	
Member State, or other EU citizens.	the rights gap between EU citizens	narrowing the rights gap between	
With a view to pursue a further	and third-country nationals legally	Union citizens and third-country	
development of a coherent	working and complementing the		
immigration policy, to lower the		nationals legally working and complementing the existing	
	existing immigration acquis, a set of	1 1	
rights gap between EU citizens and	rights should be laid down in	immigration acquis, a set of rights	
third-country nationals legally	particular in the form of specifying	should be laid down in particular in the	
working and complementing the	the policy fields where equal	form of specifying the policy fields	
existing immigration acquis a set of	treatment with own nationals is	where equal treatment with own	
rights should be laid down in	provided for third-country workers	nationals is provided for third-country	
particular in the form of specifying	legally admitted in a Member State	workers legally admitted in a Member	
the policy fields where equal	but not yet long-term residents. Such	State but not yet long-term residents.	
treatment with own nationals is	provisions are intended to establish a	Such provisions are intended to	
provided for third-country workers	minimum level playing field within	establish a <i>minimum</i> level playing field	
legally admitted in a Member States	the European Union, to recognise	within the EU, to recognise that such	
but not yet long-term residents.	that such third-country nationals	third-country nationals legally working	
Such provisions are intended to	legally working in Member States	in Member States contribute to the	
establish a level playing field within	contribute to the European economy	European economy through their work	
the EU, to recognize that such third-	through their work and tax payments	and tax payments and to serve as a	
country nationals legally working in	and to serve as a safeguard to reduce	safeguard to reduce unfair competition	
a Member States contribute to the	unfair competition between own	between own nationals and third-	

OJ L 239, 22.9.2000, p. 19. OJ L 105, 13.4.2006, p. 1.

European economy through their work and tax payments and to serve as a safeguard to reduce unfair competition between own nationals and third-country nationals resulting from possible exploitation of the latter.	nationals and third-country nationals resulting from possible exploitation of the latter.	country nationals resulting from possible exploitation of the latter. Definition of "third country worker" as laid down in Article 2(b) of this Directive means, without prejudice to the interpretation of the concept of employment relationship in other EU legislation, any third-country national who has been admitted to the territory of a Member State, is legally resident and is allowed to work under national law and/or in accordance with national practice in that Member State.	Technical amendment to harmonise with corresponding Article 2(b) Definition of "third country worker" as laid down in Article 2(b) of this Directive means, without prejudice to the interpretation of the concept of employment relationship in other EU legislation, any third-country national who has been admitted to the territory of a Member State, is legally resident and is allowed to work in the context of a paid relationship under national law and/or in accordance with national practice in that Member State.
(10) All third-country nationals who are lawfully residing and working in Member States should enjoy at least the same common set of rights in the form of equal treatment with the own nationals of their respective host Member State, irrespective of the initial purpose of or basis for admission. The right to equal treatment in the fields specified by this Directive should be granted not	(10) All third-country nationals who are lawfully residing and working in Member States should enjoy at least the same common set of rights in the form of equal treatment with nationals of the respective host Member State, irrespective of the initial purpose of or basis for admission. The right to equal treatment in the fields specified by this Directive should be granted, not	(10) All third-country nationals who are lawfully residing and working in Member States should enjoy at least the same common set of rights in the form of equal treatment with the own nationals of their respective host Member State, irrespective of the initial purpose of or basis for admission. The right to equal treatment in the fields specified by this Directive should be granted not only to those third-country	OK

only to those third-country nationals who have been admitted to the territory of a Member State to work but also for those who have been admitted for other purposes and have been given access to the labour market of that Member State in accordance with other Community or national legislation including family members of a third-country worker who are admitted to the Member State in accordance with Council Directive 2003/86/EC of 22 September 2003 on the right to family reunification⁶, third-country nationals who are admitted to the territory of a Member State in accordance with Council Directive 2004/114/EC of 13 December 2004 on the conditions of admission of third country nationals for the purposes of studies, pupil exchange, unremunerated training or voluntary service⁷ and researchers admitted in accordance with Council Directive 2005/71/EC of 12 October 2005 on a specific procedure for admitting third-country nationals for the purposes of scientific research⁸.

only to those third-country nationals who have been admitted to the territory of a Member State to work but also to those who have been admitted for other purposes and have been given access to the labour market of that Member State in accordance with other Union or national law including family members of a third-country worker who are admitted to the Member State in accordance with Council Directive 2003/86/EC of 22 September 2003 on the right to family reunification, third-country nationals who are admitted to the territory of a Member State in accordance with Council Directive 2004/114/EC of 13 December 2004 on the conditions of admission of third country nationals for the purposes of studies, pupil exchange, unremunerated training or voluntary service and researchers admitted in accordance with Council Directive 2005/71/EC of 12 October 2005 on a specific procedure for admitting third-country nationals for the purposes of scientific research.

nationals who have been admitted to the territory of a Member State to work but also for those who have been admitted for other purposes and have been given access to the labour market of that Member State in accordance with other Community or national legislation including family members of a third-country worker who are admitted to the Member State in accordance with Council Directive 2003/86/EC of 22 September 2003 on the right to family reunification⁹, thirdcountry nationals who are admitted to the territory of a Member State in accordance with Council Directive 2004/114/EC of 13 December 2004 on the conditions of admission of third country nationals for the purposes of studies, pupil exchange, unremunerated training or voluntary service¹⁰ and researchers admitted in accordance with Council Directive 2005/71/EC of 12 October 2005 on a specific procedure for admitting third-country nationals for the purposes of scientific research.

⁶ OJ L 251, 3.10.2003, p. 12.

OJ L 375, 23.12.2004, p.12.

⁸ OJ L 289, 3.11.2005, p.15.

(11) Third-country nationals who	(11) Third-country nationals who	(11) Third-country nationals who have	OK
have acquired long-term resident	have acquired long-term resident	acquired long-term resident status in	
status in accordance with Council	status in accordance with Council	accordance with Council Directive	
Directive 2003/109/EC of 25	Directive 2003/109/EC of 25	2003/109/EC of 25 November 2003 on	
November 2003 on the status of	November 2003 on the status of	the status of third-country nationals	
third-country nationals who are	third-country nationals who are	who are long-term residents ¹² are not	
long-term residents ¹¹ are not	long-term residents are not covered	covered by this Directive given their	
covered by this Directive given	by this Directive given their more	more privileged status and their specific	
their more privileged status and	privileged status and their specific	type of residence permit "long-term	
their specific type of residence	type of residence permit "long-term	resident – EC".	
permit "long-term resident – EC".	resident – EC".		
(12) Third-country nationals	(12) Third-country nationals who	(12) Posted third-country nationals are	OK
covered by Directive 96/71/EC of	are posted should not be covered	not covered by this Directive. This	
the European Parliament and of the	by this Directive as they are not	should not prevent third-country	
Council of 16 December 1996	considered part of the labour	nationals who are legally resident and	
concerning the posting of workers	market of that Member State.	lawfully employed in a Member State	
in the framework of the provision of	However, this should not prevent	and posted to another Member State	
services ¹³ as long as they are posted	third-country nationals who are	from continuing to enjoy equal	
to a Member State and third-country	legally residing and lawfully	treatment with respect to nationals of	
nationals entering a Member State	employed in a Member State and	the Member State of origin for the	
under commitments contained in an	posted to another Member State	duration of their posting, in respect of	
international agreement facilitating	from continuing to enjoy equal	those terms and conditions of	
the entry and temporary stay of	treatment with respect to nationals	employment which are not affected by	
certain categories of trade and	of the Member State of origin for	<i>the application of</i> Directive 96/71/EC	
investment-related natural persons	the duration of their posting, in	of the European Parliament and of the	
should not be covered by this	respect of those terms and	Council of 16 December 1996	
Directive as they are not considered	conditions of employment which	concerning the posting of workers in	

OJ L 251, 3.10.2003, p. 12. OJ L 375, 23.12.2004, p. 12. OJ L 16, 23.1.2004, p. 44.

OJ L 16, 23.1.2004, p. 44.

OJ L 18, 21.1.1997, p. 1.

part of the labour market of that	are not affected by the application	the framework of the provision of	
Member State.	of Directive 96/71/EC of the	services ¹⁴ .	
	European Parliament and of the		
	Council of 16 December 1996		
	concerning the posting of workers		
	in the framework of the provision		
	of services ¹ .		

OJ L 18, 21.1.1997, p. 1.

(13) Third-country nationals who have been admitted to the territory of a Member State for a period not exceeding 6 months in any twelvemonth period to work on a seasonal basis should not be covered by the Directive given their temporary status.	(13) Third-country nationals who have been admitted to the territory of a Member State [] to work on a seasonal basis should not be covered by the Directive given their temporary status.	(13) Third-country nationals who have been admitted to the territory of a Member State to work on a seasonal basis should not be covered by the Directive given their temporary status.	OK
(14) The right to equal treatment in specified policy fields should be strictly linked to the third-country national's legal residence and the access given to the labour market in a Member State, which is enshrined in the single permit encompassing the authorization to both reside and work and in residence permits issued for other purposes containing the information on the permission to work.	(14) The right to equal treatment in specified policy fields should be strictly linked to the third-country national's legal residence and to the access given to the labour market in a Member State, which is enshrined in the single permit encompassing the authorization to both reside and work and in residence permits issued for other purposes containing the information on the permission to work.	(14) The right to equal treatment in specified policy fields should be strictly linked to the third-country national's legal residence and the access given to the labour market in a Member State, which is enshrined in the single permit encompassing the authorization to both reside and work and in residence permits issued for other purposes containing the information on the permission to work.	OK
	(15) Working conditions in this directive are to be understood to cover at least pay and dismissal, health and safety at the workplace, working time and leave taking into account collective agreements in force.	(14a) Working conditions in this Directive are to be understood to cover at least pay and dismissal, health and safety at the workplace, working time and leave taking into account collective agreements in force.	OK

(15) Professional qualifications acquired by a third-country national in another Member States should be recognised the same way as for Union citizens and qualifications acquired in a third country should be taken into account in conformity with the provisions of Directive 2005/36/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 September 2005 on the recognition of professional qualifications ¹⁵ .	(16) Professional qualifications acquired by a third-country national in another Member State should be recognised the same way as for Union citizens and qualifications acquired in a third country should be taken into account in conformity with the provisions of Directive 2005/36/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 September 2005 on the recognition of professional qualifications. The right to equal treatment accorded to third-country workers as regards recognition of diplomas,	(15) Professional qualifications acquired by a third-country national in another Member State should be recognised the same way as for Union citizens and qualifications acquired in a third country should be taken into account in conformity with the provisions of Directive 2005/36/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 September 2005 on the recognition of professional qualifications ¹⁶ . The right to equal treatment accorded to third-country workers as regards recognition of diplomas, certificates and other	OK
of professional qualifications.	right to equal treatment accorded	treatment accorded to third-country	
		1	
	certificates and other professional	professional qualifications in	
	qualifications in accordance with	accordance with the relevant national	
	the relevant national procedures is	procedures is without prejudice to the	
	without prejudice to the	competence of Member States to admit	
	competence of Member States to	these third-country workers to their	
	admit these third-country workers	labour market.	
	to their labour market.		
(16) Third-country nationals who	(17) Third-country workers should	(16) Third-country <i>workers</i> should	OK
work in the territory of a Member	enjoy equal treatment as regards	enjoy equal treatment as regards social	
State should enjoy equal treatment	social security. Branches of social	security. Branches of social security are	
as regards social security. Branches	security are defined in Regulation	defined in Regulation (EC)	
of social security are defined in the	(EC) No 883/2004 of the European	No 883/2004 of the European	
Council Regulation (EEC) No	Parliament and of the Council of	Parliament and of the Council of	
1408/71 of 14 June 1971 on the	29 April 2004 on the coordination	29 April 2004 on the coordination of	
application of social security	of social security systems. The	social security systems 19. The	
schemes to employed persons, to	provisions on equal treatment	provisions on equal treatment	

OJ L 255, 30.9.2005, p. 22. OJ L 255, 30.9.2005, p. 22.

self-employed persons and to members of their families moving within the Community¹⁷. Council Regulation (EC) No 859/2003 of 14 May 2003 extending the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 1408/71 and Regulation (EEC) No 574/72 to nationals of third countries who are not already covered by those provisions solely on the ground of their nationality 18 extends the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 1408/71 to third country nationals who are legally residing in the European Union and who are in a cross-border situation. The provisions on equal treatment concerning social security in this Directive also apply to persons coming to a Member State directly from a third country. Nevertheless. this Directive should not confer more rights than those already provided in existing Community legislation in the field of social security for third-country nationals who have cross-border elements between Member States.

concerning social security in this proposal also apply to workers coming to a Member State directly from a third country. Nevertheless. this Directive should not confer to third country workers more rights than those already provided in the existing Union legislation in the field of social security for third-country nationals who have cross-border elements between Member States. This Directive furthermore should not grant rights in relation to situations which lie outside the scope of Union legislation like for example family members residing in a third country. This Directive only grants rights in relation to those family members who join the third-country worker to reside in any Member State on the basis of family reunification or to those family members who already reside in the given Member State.

concerning social security in this proposal also apply to workers coming to a Member State directly from a third country. Nevertheless, this Directive should not confer on third-country workers more rights than those already provided in *the* existing *Union* legislation in the field of social security for third-country nationals who have cross-border elements between Member States. This Directive, furthermore, should not grant rights in relation to situations which lie outside the scope of Union legislation, for example family members residing in a third country. This Directive grants rights only in relation to those family members who join the third-country worker to reside in any Member State on the basis of family reunification or to those family members who already reside legally in the given Member State.

¹⁷ OJ L 149, 5.7.1971, p. 2.

OJ L 124, 20.5.2003, p. 1.

¹⁹ OJ L 166, 30.4.2004, p. 1.

(17a) Member States should at least give equal treatment to those third-country nationals who are in employment or who after a minimum period of employment are registered as unemployed. Any restrictions to the equal treatment in the field of social security under this Directive should be without prejudice to the rights conferred in application of Council Regulation ²⁰ "	(16b) Member States should at least give equal treatment to those third-country nationals who are in employment or who after a period of employment are registered as unemployed. Any restrictions to the equal treatment in the field of social security under this Directive should be without prejudice to the rights conferred in application of Regulation (UE) n° 1231/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 November 2010 extending Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 and Regulation (EC) No 987/2009 to nationals of third countries who are not already covered by these Regulations solely on the ground of their nationality ²¹ .	Council suggests to insert in EP text: "after a minimum period of employment" in order for the recital to be in line with the corresponding Article 12.2.(3) (EP text). Suggestions of EP in view of trilogue 22.06.2011: EP can accept the amendment of Council in the context of an overall agreement. Comment: part of technical amendments
(17b) EU law does not limit the power of the Member States to organise their social security schemes. In the absence of harmonisation at EU level, it is for the legislation of each Member State to lay down the conditions	(16a) Union law does not limit the power of the Member States to organise their social security schemes. In the absence of harmonisation at Union level, it is for the legislation of each Member State to lay down the conditions under which social security	OK

Reference to the following instrument to be updated upon adoption: Council Regulation extending the provisions of Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 and Regulation (EC) No 987/200 to nationals of third countries who are not already covered by these provisions solely on the ground of their nationality.

OJ L 344, 29.12.2010, p. 1.

	under which social security benefits are granted, as well as the amount of such benefits and the period for which they are granted. However, when exercising that power, Member States should comply with EU law.	benefits are granted, as well as the amount of such benefits and the period for which they are granted. However, when exercising that power, Member States should comply with Union law.	
	(17c) Equal treatment of third country workers does not cover measures in the field of vocational training which are financed under social assistance schemes.	(17c) Equal treatment of third-country workers does not cover measures in the field of vocational training which are financed under social assistance schemes.	OK
(17) Since the objectives of the proposed action, namely determining a single application procedure for issuing a single permit for third-country nationals to work in the territory of a Member State and securing rights for third-country workers legally residing in a Member State - cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States and can therefore, by reason of the scale and effects of the action, be better achieved by the Community, the Community may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty. In accordance with the principle of proportionality as set out in that Article, this Directive does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve those objectives.	(18) Since the objectives of the proposed action, namely determining a single application procedure for issuing a single permit for third-country nationals to work in the territory of a Member State and securing rights for third-country workers legally residing in a Member State cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States and can therefore, by reason of the scale and effects of the action, be better achieved by the Union, the Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality as set out in that Article, this Directive does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve those objectives.	(17) Since the objectives of <i>this Directive</i> , namely determining a single application procedure for issuing a single permit for third-country nationals to work in the territory of a Member State and securing rights for third-country workers legally residing in a Member State cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States and can therefore, by reason of the scale and effects of the action, be better achieved at <i>Union level</i> , the <i>Union</i> may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality as set out in that Article, this Directive does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve those objectives.	OK

(18) This Directive respects the fundamental rights and observes the principles recognized by the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union and the European Convention on Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms and has to be implemented accordingly.	(19) This Directive respects the fundamental rights and observes the principles recognized by Article 6 of the Treaty on European Union and reflected by the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union.	(18) This Directive respects the fundamental rights and observes the principles recognised by <i>Article 6 of the Treaty on European Union and reflected in</i> the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union.	OK
	(20) This Directive shall apply without prejudice to the rights and principles contained in the European Social Charter of 18 October 1961 and the European Convention on the legal status of migrant workers of 24 November 1977.	(18a) This Directive should be applied without prejudice to more favourable provisions contained in Union law and international instruments.	Council suggests to insert in EP text: "applicable international instruments" in order to make it more precise. Suggestions of EP in view of trilogue 22.06.2011: EP can accept the amendment of Council in the context of an overall agreement. Comment: part of technical amendments
effect to the provisions of this Directive without discrimination on the basis of sex, race, colour, ethnic or social origin, genetic characteristics, language, religion or beliefs, political or other opinions, membership of a national minority, fortune, birth, disabilities, age or sexual orientation in particular in accordance with Council Directive 2000/43/EC of 29 June 2000 implementing the principle of equal	effect to the provisions of this Directive without discrimination on the basis of sex, race, colour, ethnic or social origin, genetic characteristics, language, religion or beliefs, political or other opinions, membership of a national minority, fortune, birth, disabilities, age or sexual orientation in particular in accordance with Council Directive 2000/43/EC of 29 June 2000 implementing the principle of equal	(19) Member States should give effect to the provisions of this Directive without discrimination on the basis of sex, race, colour, ethnic or social origin, genetic characteristics, language, religion or beliefs, political or other opinions, membership of a national minority, fortune, birth, disabilities, age or sexual orientation in particular in accordance with Council Directive 2000/43/EC of 29 June 2000 implementing the principle of equal treatment between persons irrespective	OK

treatment between persons	treatment between persons	of racial or ethnic origin ²⁶ Council	
irrespective of racial or ethnic	irrespective of racial or ethnic	Directive 2000/78/EC of 27 November	
origin ²² Council Directive	origin ²⁴ Council Directive	2000 establishing a general framework	
2000/78/EC of 27 November 2000	2000/78/EC of 27 November 2000	for equal treatment in employment and	
establishing a general framework	establishing a general framework for	occupation.	
for equal treatment in employment	equal treatment in employment and	-	
and occupation ²³ .	occupation ²⁵ .		
	(22) In accordance with paragraph		Council maintains its position
	34 of the Interinstitutional		(see also Article 16)
	agreement on better law making,		
	Member States are encouraged to		Suggestions of EP in view of
	draw up, for themselves and in the		trilogue 22.06.2011:
	interest of the Union, their own		EP maintains its position.
	tables, which will, as far as		Comment: negotiations
	possible, illustrate the correlation		pending on an
	between the Directive and the		<mark>interinstitutional level</mark>
	transposition measures and make		
	them public.		
(20) [In accordance with Articles 1	(23) In accordance with Articles 1	(20) In accordance with Articles 1 and	OK
and 2 of the Protocol on the position	and 2 of the Protocol on the position	2 of the Protocol $(N^{\bullet} 21)$ on the	
of the United Kingdom and Ireland,	of the United Kingdom and Ireland,	position of the United Kingdom and	
annexed to the Treaty on European	annexed to the Treaty on the	Ireland, annexed to the Treaty on	
Union and to the Treaty establishing	Functioning of the European	European Union and to the Treaty on	
the European Community and	Union and without prejudice to	the Functioning of the European	
without prejudice to Article 4 of the	Article 4 of the said Protocol these	Union and without prejudice to Article	
said Protocol these Member States	Member States are not participating	4 of <i>that</i> Protocol <i>those</i> Member States	
are not participating in the adoption	in the adoption of this Directive and	are <i>not taking part</i> in the adoption of	
of this Directive and are not bound	are not bound by it or subject to its	this Directive and are not bound by <i>it</i> or	

OJ L 180, 19.7.2000, p. 22. OJ L 303,2.12.2000, p. 16 OJ L 180, 19.7.2000, p. 22. OJ L 303,2.12.2000, p. 16 OJ L 180, 19.7.2000, p. 22.

by or subject to its application.]	application.	subject to its application.]	
(21) In accordance with Article 1 and 2 of the Protocol on the position of Denmark, annexed to the Treaty on European Union and the Treaty establishing the European Community, Denmark is not participating in the adoption of this Directive and is not bound by it or subject to its application.	(24) In accordance with Article 1 and 2 of the Protocol on the position of Denmark, annexed to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union , Denmark is not participating in the adoption of this Directive and is not bound by it or subject to its application.	(21) In accordance with Articles 1 and 2 of the Protocol (N° 22) on the position of Denmark, annexed to the Treaty on European Union and to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, Denmark is not taking part in the adoption of this Directive and is not bound by it or subject to its application,	OK
HAS ADOPTED THIS IRECTIVE	HAVE ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE	HAVE ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE	
Chapter I		Chapter I	
General provisions		General provisions	
Article 1	Article 1	Article 1	
Purpose	Purpose	Purpose	
The purpose of this Directive is to determine:	The purpose of this Directive is to determine:	The purpose of this Directive is to determine:	
(a) a single application procedure for issuing a single permit for third country nationals to reside and work in the territory of a Member State, in order to simplify their admission and to facilitate the control of their status and;	(a) a single application procedure for issuing a single permit for third country nationals to reside for the purpose of work in the territory of a Member State, in order to simplify the procedures for their admission and to facilitate the control of their status and;	(a) a single application procedure for issuing a single permit for third-country nationals to reside <i>for the purpose of</i> work in the territory of a Member State, in order to simplify <i>the procedures for</i> their admission and to facilitate the control of their status; and	OK
(b) a common set of rights to third country workers legally residing in a Member State.	(b) a common set of rights to third country workers legally residing in a Member State, based on equal treatment with nationals of this Member State.	(b) a common set of rights to third-country workers legally residing in a Member State, irrespective of the purposes for which they were initially admitted to the territory of that Member State, based on equal treatment with nationals of that	OK

		Member State.	
	This Directive does not affect the	This Directive is without prejudice to	OK
	competence of the Member States	the Member States' powers concerning	
	with respect to the admission of	the admission of third-country	
	third-country nationals to their	nationals to their labour markets.	
	labour markets.		
Article 2	Article 2	Article 2	
Definition	Definition	Definitions	
For the purposes of this Directive:	For the purposes of this Directive:	For the purposes of this Directive:	
(a) "third-country national" means	(a) "third-country national" means	(a) "third-country national" means any	OK
any person who is not a citizen of	any person who is not a citizen of	person who is not a citizen of the Union	
the Union within the meaning of	the Union within the meaning of	within the meaning of Article $20(1)$ of	
Article 17(1) of the Treaty;	Article 20(1) of the Treaty on the	the Treaty on the Functioning of the	
	Functioning of the European	European Union;	
	Union;		
(b) "third-country worker" means	(b) "third-country worker" means	(b) "third-country worker" means any	Council prefers its text as it is
any third-country national who has	any third-country national who has	third-country national who has been	more precise
been admitted to the territory of a	been admitted to the territory of a	admitted to the territory of a Member	
Member State and is allowed to	Member State, is legally resident	State, <i>is legally resident</i> and is allowed	Suggestions of EP in view of
work legally in that Member State;	and is allowed to work in the	to work under national law and/or in	<u>trilogue 22.06.2011:</u>
	context of a paid relationship	accordance with national practice in	EP can accept the amendment
	under national law and/or in	that Member State;	of Council in the context of an
	accordance with national practice		overall agreement.
	in that Member State;		Comment: part of technical amendments.
(c) "single permit" means any	(c) "single permit" means a	(c) "single permit" means <i>a residence</i>	OK
authorisation issued by the	residence permit issued by the	<i>permit</i> issued by the authorities of a	
authorities of a Member State	authorities of a Member State	Member State allowing a third-country	
allowing a third-country national to	allowing a third-country national to	national to stay legally in its territory <i>in</i>	
stay and work legally in its	reside legally in its territory for	order to work there;	
territory;	the purpose of work;	,	
(d) "single application procedure"	(d) "single application procedure"	(d) "single application procedure"	OK
means any procedure leading, on	means any procedure leading, on the	means any procedure leading, on the	
the basis of one application for the	basis of one application for the	basis of a single application made by a	

authorisation of a third-country national's residence and work in the territory of a Member State, to a decision on the single permit for that third-country national.	authorisation of a third-country national's residence and work in the territory of a Member State, to a decision on the application for a single permit for that third-country national.	third-country national, or by his or her employer, for the authorisation of residence and work in the territory of a Member State, to a decision ruling on that application for the single permit.	
Article 3 Scope	Article 3 Scope	Article 3 Scope	
1. This Directive shall apply:	1. This Directive shall apply:	1. This Directive shall apply:	
(a) to third-country nationals seeking to reside and work in the territory of a Member State, and	(a) to third-country nationals who apply to reside for the purpose of work in the territory of a Member State,	(a) to third-country nationals seeking to reside in the territory of a Member State in order to work there;	Council prefers its text as it is more precise Suggestions of EP in view of trilogue 22.06.2011: EP can accept the amendment of Council in the context of an overall agreement. Comment: part of technical amendments.
(b) to third-country workers legally residing in a Member State.	(b) to third-country nationals who have been admitted for purposes other than work under national or Union rules, are allowed to work and are issued a residence permit in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002; and	(b) to third-country nationals who have been admitted for purposes other than work under national or Union law, are allowed to work and are issued a residence permit in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002; and	OK
	(c) to third-country nationals who have been admitted for the purpose of work under national or Union rules.	(ba) to third-country nationals who have been admitted for the purpose of work under national or Union law.	OK
2. This Directive shall not apply to third-country nationals:	2. This Directive shall not apply to third-country nationals:	2. This Directive shall not apply to third-country nationals:	OK
(a) who are family members of Union citizens who have exercised,	(a) who are family members of Union citizens who have exercised,	(a) who are family members of citizens of the Union who have exercised, or are	OK

or are exercising their right to free movement within the Community;	or are exercising their right to free movement within the Union, in conformity with Directive 2004/38/EC;	exercising their right to free movement within the Union in accordance with Directive 2004/38/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on the right of citizens of the Union and their family members to move and reside freely within the territory of the Member States;	
	(b) who, as well as their family members and whatever their nationality, enjoy rights of free movement equivalent to those of Union citizens under agreements between the Union and its Member States, on the one hand, and third-countries, on the other hand;	(aa) who, together with their family members, and irrespective of their nationality, enjoy rights of free movement equivalent to those of citizens of the Union under agreements either between the Union and the Member States or between the Union and third countries;	OK
(b) covered by Directive 96/71/EC as long as they are posted;	(c) who are posted as long as they are posted;	(b) who are posted as long as they are posted;	OK
(c) entering a Member State under commitments contained in an international agreement facilitating the entry and temporary stay of certain categories of trade and investment-related natural persons in particular to intra-corporate transferees, contractual service suppliers and graduate trainees under the European Community's GATS commitments;	(d) who have applied for admission or have been admitted to the territory of a Member State to work as intra-corporate transferees;	(c) who have applied for admission or have been admitted to the territory of a Member State to work as intracorporate transferees;	OK
(d) who have been admitted to the territory of a Member State for a period not exceeding six months in	(e) who have applied for admission or have been admitted to the territory of a Member State as a	(d) who <i>have applied for admission or</i> have been admitted to the territory of a Member State <i>as</i> seasonal <i>workers or</i>	OK

any 12 month period to work on a	seasonal worker or as an au pair;	au pairs;	
seasonal basis;			
(e) who have applied for	deleted	(e) deleted	OK
recognition as refugees and whose			
application has not yet given rise to			
a final decision;			
	(g) who are authorised to reside in	(da) who are authorised to reside in a	OK
	a Member State on the basis of	Member State on the basis of	
	temporary protection or have	temporary protection, or who have	
	applied for authorisation to reside	applied for authorisation to reside	
	on that basis and are awaiting a	there on that basis and are awaiting a	
	decision on their status;	decision on their status;	

			1
	(f) who are beneficiaries of	(db) who are beneficiaries of	OK
	international protection under	international protection under Council	
	Council Directive 2004/83/EC of	Directive 2004/83/EC of 29 April 2004	
	29 April 2004 on minimum	on minimum standards for the	
	standards for the qualification and	qualification and status of third-	
	status of third-country nationals	country nationals or stateless persons	
	or stateless persons as refugees or	as refugees or as persons who	
	as persons who otherwise need	otherwise need international	
	international protection and the	protection and the content of the	
	content of the protection granted ¹	protection granted ²⁷ or have applied	
	or have applied for international	for international protection under that	
	protection under that Directive	Directive and whose application has	
	and whose application has not yet	not yet given rise to a final decision;	
	given rise to a final decision;		
	(h) who are beneficiaries of	(dc) who are beneficiaries of	OK
	protection in accordance with	protection in accordance with national	
	national law, international	law, international obligations or the	
	obligations or practice of the	practice of the Member State or have	
	Member State or have applied for	applied for protection in accordance	
	protection in accordance with	with national law, international	
	national law, international	obligations or the practice of the	
	obligations or practice of the	Member State and whose application	
	Member State and whose	has not given rise to a final decision;	
	application has not given rise to a		
	final decision.		
(f) staying in a Member State as	deleted	deleted	OK
applicants for international			
protection or under temporary			
protection schemes;			

(g) who have acquired long-term	(i) who are EC long-term residents	(g) who have acquired long-term	OK
resident status in accordance with	in accordance with Directive	resident status in accordance with	
Directive 2003/109/EC;	2003/109/EC;	Directive 2003/109/EC;	
(h) whose expulsion has been	(i) whose removal has been	(h) whose <i>removal</i> has been suspended	OK
suspended for reasons of fact or	suspended for reasons of fact or law;	for reasons of fact or law;	
law.	sorp some serious serious serious,		
	(k) who have applied for	(ha) who have applied for admission	OK
	admission or have been admitted	or have been admitted to the territory	
	to the territory of a Member State	of a Member State as self-employed	
	as self-employed;	workers;	
	(l) who have applied for admission	(hb) who have applied for admission	OK
	or have been admitted as seafarer	or have been admitted as seafarers for	
	for employment or work in any	employment or work in any capacity	
	capacity on board of a ship	on board of a ship registered in or	
	registered in a Member State and	sailing under the flag of a Member	
	sailing under the flag of a Member	State.	
	State.		
	3. Member States may decide that	2a. Member States may decide that	OK
	Articles 4 to 11 shall not apply to	Chapter II of this Directive does not	
	third-country nationals who have	apply to third-country nationals who	
	been authorised to work on the	have been either authorised to work on	
	territory of a Member State for a	the territory of a Member State for a	
	period not exceeding six months	period not exceeding six months or	
	and to third-country nationals	admitted for the purpose of study.	
	who have been admitted for the		
	purpose of study.		
	4. The provisions of Articles 4 to	2b. Chapter II of this Directive shall	Council prefers its text as it is
	11 do not apply to third country	not apply to third-country nationals	more precise.
	nationals who are allowed to work	who are authorised to work on the	Suggestions of EP in view of
	on the basis of a visa.	basis of a visa.	trilogue 22.06.2011:
			EP can accept the amendment
			of Council in the context of an
			overall agreement.
			Comment: part of technical

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Chapter II Single application procedure and single permit Article 4	Article 4	Chapter II Single application procedure and single permit Article 4	
Single application procedure	Single application procedure	Single application procedure	
1. An application to reside and work in the territory of a Member State shall be submitted in a single application procedure.	1. An application for a single permit shall be submitted in a single application procedure. Member States shall determine whether applications for a single permit are to be made by the third-country national or by his/her employer. Member States may decide to allow an application from either the third-country national or by his/her employer. If the application is to be submitted by the third-country national, Member States shall allow the application to be introduced from a third country or, if provided for by national law, on the territory of the Member State in which he or she is already legally present.	1. An application for a single permit shall be submitted in a single application procedure. Member States shall determine whether applications for a single permit are to be made by the third-country national or by his/her employer. Member States may also decide to allow an application from either of the two. If the application is to be submitted by the third-country national, Member States shall allow the application to be introduced from a third country or, if provided for by national law, on the territory of the Member State in which he or she is already legally present.	OK
2. Member States shall examine the application and adopt a decision to grant, to modify or to renew the single permit if the applicant fulfils the requirements specified in national law. The decision granting, modifying or renewing the single permit shall constitute one combined title encompassing both residence and work permit within	2. Member States shall examine the application and adopt a decision to grant, to modify or to renew the single permit if the applicant fulfils the requirements specified in Union or national law. The decision granting, modifying or renewing the single permit shall constitute one combined title encompassing both residence and work permit within	2. Member States shall examine the application and adopt a decision to grant, to modify or to renew the single permit if the applicant fulfils the requirements specified by national or Union law. The decision granting, modifying or renewing the single permit shall constitute a single administrative act combining a residence permit and a work permit.	OK

one administrative act	one administrative act.		
	3. The single application	2a. The single application procedure	OK
	procedure is without prejudice to	shall be without prejudice to the visa	
	the visa procedure which may be	procedure which may be required for	
	required for initial entry.	initial entry.	
	4. Member States shall issue a	2b. Member States shall issue a single	OK
	single permit, when the conditions	permit, where the conditions provided	
	provided for are met, to those	for are met, to third-country nationals	
	third-country nationals who apply	who apply for admission and to third-	
	for admission, and to those third-	country nationals already admitted	
	country nationals already	who apply to renew or modify their	
	admitted and who apply to renew	residence permit after the entry into	
	or modify their residence permit	force of the national implementing	
	after the entry into force of the	provisions.	
	implementing national provisions.		
Article 5	Article 5	Article 5	
Competent authority	Competent authority	Competent authority	
1. Member States shall designate	1. Member States shall designate the	1. Member States shall designate the	OK
the authority competent to receive	authority competent to receive the	authority competent to receive the	
the application and to issue the	application and to issue the single	application and to issue the single	
single permit.	permit.	permit.	
2. The designated authority shall	2. The competent authority shall	2. The <i>competent</i> authority shall	Council maintains its position.
process the application and adopt a	adopt a decision on the complete	process the application and adopt a	
decision on the application as soon	application as soon as possible and	decision on the application as soon as	Suggestions of EP in view of
as possible and in any event no later	no later than four months from the	possible and in any event no later than	<u>trilogue 22.06.2011:</u>
than three months from the date on	date on which the application was	three months from the date on which	EP can accept the amendment
which the application was lodged.	lodged.	the application was lodged.	of Council in the context of an
			overall agreement.
The time limit referred to in the first	The time limit referred to in the first	The time limit referred to in the first	OK
subparagraph may be extended in	subparagraph may be extended in	subparagraph may be extended in	
exceptional circumstances, linked to	exceptional circumstances linked to	exceptional circumstances, linked to the	
the complexity of the examination	the complexity of the examination of	complexity of the examination of the	
of the application.	the application.	application.	
	Any consequence of no decision	Any consequence of no decision being	OK

	being taken by the end of the period provided for in this provision shall be determined by national law of the relevant Member State.	taken by the end of the period provided for in this provision shall be determined by national law of the relevant Member State.	
3. The designated authority shall notify shall notify the decision to the applicant in writing in accordance with the notification procedures laid down in the relevant legislation.	3. The competent authority shall notify the decision to the applicant in writing in accordance with the notification procedures laid down in the relevant national law .	3. The <i>competent</i> authority shall notify the decision to the applicant in writing in accordance with the notification procedures laid down in the relevant <i>national law</i> .	OK
4. If the information supporting the application is inadequate, the designated authority shall notify the applicant of the additional information that is required. The period referred to in paragraph 2 shall be suspended until the authorities have received the additional information required.	4. If the information or documents supporting the application are incomplete according to the criteria specified in national law, the competent authority shall notify the applicant in writing of the additional information or documents required and may set a reasonable deadline to provide them. The period referred to in paragraph 2 shall be suspended until the authorities have received the additional information required. If additional information or documents have not been provided within the deadline, the application may be rejected.	4. If the information or documents supporting the application are incomplete according to the criteria specified in national law, the competent authority shall notify the applicant in writing of the additional information or documents required and may set a reasonable deadline to provide them. The period referred to in paragraph 2 shall be suspended until the authorities have received the additional information required. If additional information or documents have not been provided within the deadline, the application may be rejected.	OK

	Single permit		
Article 6 Single permit 1. Member States shall issue the single permit using the uniform format as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002 and shall indicate the information relating to the permission to work in accordance with its Annex, a, 7.5-9.	Article 6 Single permit 1. Member States shall issue the single permit using the uniform format as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002 and shall indicate the information relating to the permission to work in accordance with its Annex, a, 7.5-9. Member States may issue an additional document to the single permit holding all relevant information on the specific right and conditions to work. Such an additional document shall complement the single permit and may be updated or withdrawn when the labour market position of the holder of the residence permit changes.	Article 6 Single permit 1. Member States shall issue the single permit using the uniform format as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002 and shall indicate the information relating to the permission to work in accordance with its Annex, a, 7.5-9.	Council suggests the following compromise text: 1. Member States shall issue the single permit using the uniform format as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002 and shall indicate the information relating to the permission to work in accordance with its Annex, a, 7.5-9. Member States may indicate additional information related to the employment relationship of the third-country national (such as the name and address of the employer, place of work, type of work, working hours, remuneration) in paper format, or store such data in electronic format as referred to in Article 4 of Regulation (EC) 1030/2002 and point 16 of its Annex I as amended by Regulation (EC) 380/2008.

			overall agreement
			o return agreement
2. Member States shall not issue any additional permits, in particular work permits of any kind as proof of the access given to the labour market. Article 7	2. When issuing the single permit Member States shall not issue any additional permits [] as proof of the access given to the labour market. Article 7	2. When issuing the single permit Member States shall not issue any additional permits as proof of the access given to the labour market. Article 7	OK
Residence permit issued for purposes other than work	Residence permits issued for purposes other than work	Residence permits issued for purposes other than work	
1. When issuing residence permits in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002 Member States shall indicate the information relating to the permission to work irrespective of the type of the permit.	1. When issuing residence permits in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002 Member States shall indicate the information relating to the permission to work irrespective of the type of the permit. Member States may issue an additional document to the residence permit holding all relevant information on the specific right and conditions to work. Such an additional document shall complement the residence permit and may be updated or withdrawn when the labour market position of the holder of the residence permit changes.	1. When issuing residence permits in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002 Member States shall indicate the information relating to the permission to work irrespective of the type of the permit.	Council suggests the following compromise text: 1. When issuing residence permits in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002 Member States shall indicate the information relating to the permission to work irrespective of the type of the permit. Member States may indicate additional information related to the employment relationship of the third-country national (such as the name and address of the employer, place of work, type of work, working hours, remuneration) in paper format, or store such data in

			to in Article 4 of Regulation (EC) 1030/2002 and point 16 of its Annex I as amended by Regulation (EC) 380/2008. Suggestions of EP in view of trilogue 22.06.2011: EP can accept the amendment of Council in the context of an overall agreement
2. Member States shall not issue any additional permits, in particular work permits of any kind as proof of the access given to the labour market.	2. When issuing residence permits in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002, Member States shall not issue any additional permits as proof of the access given to the labour market.	2. When issuing residence permits in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002, Member States shall not issue any additional permits as proof of authorisation to access the labour market.	OK
Article 8 Remedies	Article 8 Procedural guarantees	Article 8 Remedies	The heading of the Article should be changed to correspond to the content Suggestions of EP in view of trilogue 22.06.2011: EP can accept the amendment of Council in the context of an overall agreement Comment: part of technical amendments
1. Reasons shall be given in the written notification for a decision rejecting the application, not granting, not modifying or not renewing, suspending or	1. Reasons shall be given in the written notification for a decision rejecting an application for a single permit, not granting, not modifying or not renewing [] or withdrawing	1. Reasons shall be given in the written notification for a decision rejecting the application <i>for a single permit</i> , not modifying or not renewing <i>the single permit</i> , or withdrawing the single	OK

withdrawing the single permit on	the single permit on the basis of	permit on the basis of criteria <i>provided</i>	
the basis of criteria specified in	criteria specified in national or	for by national or Union law.	
	Union law.	for by national of Union law.	
national or community law.		2 4 1	OV.
2. Any decision rejecting the	Any decision rejecting the	2. Any decision rejecting the	OK
application, not granting, modifying	application, not granting, not	application, not modifying or <i>not</i>	
or renewing, suspending or	modifying or not renewing [] or	renewing or withdrawing a single	
withdrawing a single permit shall be	withdrawing a single permit shall be	permit shall be open to <i>a legal</i>	
open to challenge before the courts	open to a legal challenge in the	challenge <i>in</i> the Member State	
of the Member State concerned.	Member State concerned, in	concerned, in accordance with	
The written notification shall	accordance with national law. The	<i>national law.</i> The written notification	
specify the possible redress	written notification shall specify the	shall specify the <i>court or</i>	
procedures available and the time-	court or administrative authority	administrative authority where the	
limit for taking action.	where the person concerned may	person concerned may lodge an appeal	
	lodge an appeal and the time-limit	and the time-limit for <i>the appeal</i> .	
	for the appeal.		
	2. An application may be	2a. An application may be considered	OK
	considered as inadmissible on the	as inadmissible on the grounds of	
	grounds of volumes of admission	volumes of admission of third-country	
	of third-country nationals coming	nationals coming for employment and	
	for employment and therefore has	therefore has not to be processed.	
	not to be processed.		
Article 9	Article 9	Article 9	
Access to information	Information	Access to information	
Member States shall take the	Member States shall provide upon	Member States shall <i>provide</i> , <i>upon</i>	OK
necessary measures to inform the	request adequate information to	request, adequate information to the	
third-country national and the future	the third-country national and the	third-country national and the future	
employer on all the documentary	future employer on the documents	employer on the documents required to	
evidence they need in order to	required to complete the	make a complete application.	
complete the application.	application.	1 11	
Article 10	Article 10	Article 10	
Fees	Fees	Fees	
Member States may request	Member States may request	Member States may request applicants	OK
applicants to pay fees for handling	applicants to pay fees []. Where	to pay fees . Where appropriate,	
applications in accordance with this	appropriate, these fees are	these fees are collected for handling	
approations in accordance with this	appropriate, these rees are	mese jees are conceied for nandfing	

Directive. The level of fees must be proportionate and may be based on the principle of the service actually provided.	collected for handling applications in accordance with this Directive. In such cases, the level of fees shall be proportionate and may be based on the principle of the services actually provided for the processing of applications and issuing of permits.	applications in accordance with this Directive. <i>In such cases</i> , the level of fees <i>shall</i> be proportionate and <i>may</i> be based on the principle of the <i>services</i> actually provided <i>for the processing of applications and issuing of permits</i> .	
Article 11	Article 11	Article 11	
Rights on the basis of the single permit	Rights on the basis of the single permit	Rights on the basis of the single permit	
During the period of its validity, the single permit shall entitle its holder as a minimum to:	Where a single permit has been issued under national law and during its period of validity, it shall entitle its holder as a minimum to:	Where a single permit has been issued in accordance with national law and during its period of validity, it shall authorise its holder as a minimum to:	OK
(a) enter, re-enter and stay in the territory of the Member State issuing the single permit;	(a) enter [] and stay in the territory of the Member State issuing the single permit provided that he/she meets all admission requirements in accordance with national law;	(a) enter and stay in the territory of the Member State issuing the single permit, provided that he or she meets all admission requirements in accordance with national law;	OK
(b) passage through other Member States in order to exercise the rights under point (a);	deleted	deleted	OK
(c) have free access to the entire territory of the Member State issuing the single permit within the limits provided for by national legislation for reasons of security;	(b) have free access to the entire territory of the Member State issuing the single permit within the limits provided for by national law [];	(c) have free access to the entire territory of the Member State issuing the single permit within the limits provided for by national legislation;	OK
(d) exercise of the activities authorised under the single permit;	(c) exercise the concrete employment activity authorised under the single permit in accordance with national law;	(d) exercise of the <i>specific professional activity</i> authorised under the single permit <i>in accordance with national law</i> ;	Council prefers its text as it is more precise. Suggestions of EP in view of trilogue 22.06.2011: EP can accept the amendment

			of Council in the context of an overall agreement. Comment: part of technical amendments.
(e) be informed about his/her own rights linked to the permit conferred by this Directive or by national legislation.	(d) be informed about his/her own rights linked to the permit conferred by this Directive and/ or by national law.	(e) be informed about his/her own rights linked to the permit conferred by this Directive <i>and</i> /or by national legislation.	OK
Chapter III Right to equal treatment		Chapter III Right to equal treatment	
Article 12	Article 12 Right to equal treatment	Article 12	
1. Third-country workers shall enjoy equal treatment with nationals at least with regard to:	1. Third-country workers as referred to in paragraph 1(b) and (c) of Article 3 shall enjoy equal treatment with nationals of the Member State where they reside with regard to:	1. Third-country workers as referred to in paragraph 1(b) and (c) of Article 3 shall enjoy equal treatment with nationals of the Member State where they reside with regard to:	OK
(a) working conditions, including pay and dismissal as well as health and safety at the workplace;	(a) working conditions, including pay and dismissal as well as health and safety at the workplace;	(a) working conditions, including pay and dismissal as well as health and safety at the workplace;	OK
(b) freedom of association and affiliation and membership of an organization representing workers or employers or of any organization whose members are engaged in a specific occupation, including the benefits conferred by such organizations, without prejudice to the national provisions on public policy and public security;	(b) freedom of association and affiliation and membership of an organization representing workers or employers or of any organization whose members are engaged in a specific occupation, including the benefits conferred by such organizations, without prejudice to the national provisions on public policy and public security;	(b) freedom of association and affiliation and membership of an organization representing workers or employers or of any organization whose members are engaged in a specific occupation, including the benefits conferred by such organizations, without prejudice to the national provisions on public policy and public security;	OK
(c) education and vocational training;	(c) education and vocational training;	(c) education and vocational training;	OK
(d) recognition of diplomas,	(d) recognition of diplomas,	(d) recognition of diplomas, certificates	OK

certificates and other professional qualifications in accordance with the relevant national procedures; (e) branches of social security, as defined in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1408/71 of 14 June 1971 on the application of social security schemes to employed persons, to self-employed persons and to members of their families moving within the Community. Regulation (EEC) No 859/2003, extending the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 1408/71 and its implementing Regulation (EEC) No 574/72 to nationals of third countries who are not already covered by these	certificates and other professional qualifications in accordance with the relevant national procedures; (e) branches of social security, as defined in Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council;	and other professional qualifications in accordance with the relevant national procedures; (e) branches of social security, as defined in <i>Regulation (EC) No 883/2004</i> ;	OK
provisions solely on the ground of their nationality shall apply accordingly;			
(f) payment of acquired pensions when moving to a third country;	deleted	deleted	OK
(g) tax benefits;	(f) tax benefits, in so far as the worker is deemed to be resident for tax purposes in the Member State concerned;	(g) tax benefits, in so far as the worker is deemed to be resident for tax purposes in the Member State concerned;	OK
(h) access to goods and services and the supply of goods and services made available to the public including procedures for obtaining housing and the assistance afforded by employment offices	(g) access to goods and services and the supply of goods and services made available to the public including procedures for obtaining housing [] as provided by national law. This paragraph is without prejudice to the freedom of contract in accordance with	(h) access to goods and services and the supply of goods and services made available to the public including procedures for obtaining housing and the assistance and advice services afforded by employment offices as provided by national law. This paragraph is without prejudice to the	Council maintains its position as it would like: 1) to replace, for the sake of clarity, assistance services by advice services afforded by employment offices and

Union and national law;	freedom of contract in accordance with Union and national law;	2) to refer to advice services in a separate point so that the limitation in Article 12.2 (c) (only third-country workers who are in employment) would not apply to these services. Suggestions of EP in view of trilogue 22.06.2011:
		EP can accept the amendments of Council in the context of an overall agreement.
		The text of point h) reads then: (h) access to goods and services and the supply of goods and services made available to the public including procedures for obtaining housing [] as provided by national law. This paragraph is without prejudice to the freedom of contract in accordance with Union and national law;
(h) advice services afforded by employment offices.		Council maintains its position (see explanation above). Suggestions of EP in view of trilogue 22.06.2011: EP can accept the amendments of Council in the context of an overall agreement The text of the new point ha)

2. Member States may restrict equal treatment with nationals:	2. Member States may restrict equal treatment with nationals:	2. Member States may restrict equal treatment with nationals:	would read then: (ha) [] advice services afforded by employment offices Comment: the Council text is more favourable.
(a) by requiring proof of appropriate language proficiency for access to education and training. Access to university may be subject to the fulfilment of specific educational prerequisites;	 (a) under paragraph 1 (c): In respect to those third-country workers who have been admitted to their territory in conformity with Council Directive 2004/114/EC; To those third-country workers who are in employment; In respect to study and maintenance grants and loans or other grants and loans. Access to university and post-secondary education and to vocational training which is not directly linked to the concrete employment activity, may be subject to the fulfilment of specific prerequisites including language proficiency and the payment of tuition fees, according to national law; 	 (a) under paragraph 1(c): by limiting its application to those third-country workers who are in employment or have been employed; by excluding those third-country workers who have been admitted to their territory in conformity with Council Directive 2004/114/EC; by excluding study and maintenance grants and loans or other grants and loans; by laying down specific prerequisites including language proficiency and the payment of tuition fees, in accordance with national law, with respect to access to university and post-secondary education and to vocational training which is not directly linked to the concrete 	OK although Council maintains its position regarding the first subparagraph in the EP amendment thus wishing to limit access to education and vocational training only to those who are in employment. Suggestions of EP in view of trilogue 22.06.2011: EP maintains its position on §2 (a), first indent, but could as a way of compromise and in the context of an overall agreement accept the following text: - by limiting its application to those third-country workers who are in employment or who have been employed and who are registered as unemployed;

		employment activity;	
(b) by restricting the rights conferred under paragraphs 1(c) in respect to study grants;	moved to point a)	(b) deleted	OK
(c) by restricting the rights conferred under paragraphs 1(h) in respect to public housing to cases where the third-country national has been staying or who has the right to stay in its territory for at least three years;	 (b) under paragraph 1 (g): to those third-country workers who are in employment and in respect to housing. 	 (c) under paragraph 1(h): by limiting its application to those third-country workers who are in employment; by restricting access to housing; 	OK
(d) by restricting the rights conferred under paragraphs 1(a), (b) and (g) to those third-country workers who are in employment;	deleted	(d) deleted	OK
(e) by restricting the rights conferred under paragraphs 1(e) to third-country workers who are in employment except for unemployment benefits.	(c) as regards the rights conferred under paragraph 1 (e) for third-country workers, but shall not restrict such rights for third-country workers who are in employment or who have been employed for a minimum period of 6 months and who are registered as unemployed. In addition, Member States may decide that paragraph 1 (e) with regard to family benefits shall not apply to third-country nationals who have been authorised to work on the territory of a Member State for a period not exceeding six months, to third-country nationals who have been admitted for the	(e) by limiting the rights conferred under paragraph 1(e) for third-country workers, but shall not restrict such rights for third-country workers who are in employment or who have been employed for a minimum period of 6 months and who are registered as unemployed. In addition, Member States may decide that paragraph 1 (e) with regard to family benefits shall not apply to third-country nationals who have been authorised to work on the territory of a Member State for a period not exceeding six months, to third-country nationals who have been admitted for the purpose of study or to third-	OK

purpose of study or to third- country nationals who are allowed to work on the basis of a visa.	country nationals who are allowed to work on the basis of a visa.	
(d) under paragraph 1 (f) in respect to tax benefits to cases where the registered or usual place of residence of the family members of the third-country worker for whom he/she claims benefits, lies within the territory of the Member State concerned.	(ea) under paragraph 1 (g) with respect to tax benefits by limiting its application to cases where the registered or usual place of residence of the family members of the third-country worker for whom he/she claims benefits, lies within the territory of the Member State concerned.	OK
3. The right to equal treatment as laid down in paragraph 1 is without prejudice to the right of the Member State to withdraw or to refuse to renew the residence permit issued under this Directive, the residence permit issued for purposes other than work, or any other authorisation to work in a Member State.	2a. The right to equal treatment as laid down in paragraph 1 is without prejudice to the right of the Member State to withdraw or to refuse to renew the residence permit issued under this Directive, the residence permit issued for purposes other than work, or any other authorisation to work in a Member State.	OK
4. Third-country workers moving to a third-country, or the survivors of such a worker residing in third-countries as they	2b. Third-country workers moving to a third country, or the survivors of such workers residing in a third-country deriving rights from the worker, shall	Council maintains its position but suggests the following technical modification:
derive their rights from the worker, shall receive, in relation to old-age, invalidity and death, statutory pensions based on the worker's previous employment and acquired in accordance with	receive, in relation to old-age, invalidity and death, statutory pensions based on the workers' previous employment and acquired in accordance with the legislation set out in Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No	Third-country workers moving to a third-country, or the survivors of such a worker residing in third- countries as they derive their rights from the worker, shall
the legislation set out in Article 3	883/2004, under the same conditions	receive, in relation to

	of Regulation (EC) No 883/2004, under the same conditions and at the same rates as the nationals of the Member States concerned when they move to a third-country. Member States may make the application of this provision conditional to the existence of bilateral agreements in which the reciprocal export of pensions is acknowledged and a technical cooperation established.	and at the same rates as the nationals of the Member States concerned when they move to a third country.	acquired old-age, invalidity and death, statutory pensions based on the worker's previous employment in accordance with Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 883/2004, under the same conditions and at the same rates as the nationals of the Member States concerned when they move to a third-country. Member States may make the application of this provision conditional to the existence of bilateral agreements in which the reciprocal export of pensions is acknowledged and a technical cooperation established. Suggestions of EP in view of trilogue 22.06.2011: EP maintains its position.
Article 13	Article 13	Article 13	
More favourable provisions 1. This Directive shall apply	More favourable provisions 1. This Directive shall apply without	More favourable provisions 1. This Directive shall apply without	
without prejudice to more	prejudice to more favourable	prejudice to more favourable provisions	
favourable provisions of:	provisions of:	of:	
(a) Community legislation,	(a) Union legislation, including	(a) <i>Union</i> legislation, including	OK
including bilateral and multilateral	bilateral and multilateral agreements	bilateral and multilateral agreements	
agreements between the	between the Union , or the Union	between the <i>Union</i> , or the <i>Union</i> and	
Community, or the Community and	and its Member States, on the one	its Member States, on the one hand and	
its Member States, on the one hand	hand and one or more third countries	one or more third countries on the	

and one or more third countries on	on the other.	other.	
the other.			
(b) bilateral or multilateral	(b) bilateral or multilateral	(b) bilateral or multilateral agreements	OK
agreements between one or more	agreements between one or more	between one or more Member States	
Member States and one or more	Member States and one or more	and one or more third countries;	
third countries;	third countries;		
2. This Directive shall be without	2. This Directive shall be without	2. This Directive shall be without	OK
prejudice to the right of Member	prejudice to the right of Member	prejudice to the right of Member States	
States to adopt or maintain	States to adopt or maintain	to adopt or maintain provisions that are	
provisions that are more favourable	provisions that are more favourable	more favourable to the persons to	
to the persons to whom it applies.	to the persons to whom it applies.	whom it applies.	
Chapter IV		Chapter IV	
Final provisions		Final provisions	
Article 14	Article 14	Article 14	
	Information to the general public	Information to the general public	
Each Member State shall ensure	Each Member State shall make	Each Member State shall <i>make</i>	OK
that a regularly updated set of	available to the general public a	available to the general public a	
information, concerning the	regularly updated set of information,	regularly updated set of information	
conditions of third-country	concerning the conditions of third-	concerning the conditions of third-	
nationals' entry into and stay in its	country nationals' entry into and stay	country nationals' entry into and stay in	
territory for the purpose of work, is	in its territory for the purpose of	its territory in order to work there.	
made available to the general	work.	,	
public.			
Article 15	Article 15	Article 15	
Reporting	Reporting	Reporting	
1. Periodically, and for the first time	1. Periodically, and for the first time	1. Periodically, and for the first time no	OK
no later than three years after the	no later than three years after the	later than three years after the date	
date specified in Article 16, the	date specified in Article 16, the	specified in Article 16, the Commission	
Commission shall report to the	Commission shall report to the	shall <i>present a</i> report to the European	
European Parliament and the	European Parliament and the	Parliament and the Council on the	
Council on the application of this	Council on the application of this	application of this Directive in the	
Directive in the Member States and	Directive in the Member States and	Member States and shall propose any	
shall propose any amendments	shall propose any amendments	amendments <i>it deems</i> necessary.	
deemed necessary.	deemed necessary.		

2. Annually, and for the first time no later than 1 April of [one year after the date of transposition of this Directive], Member States shall communicate to the Commission and the other Member States through the network established by Decision 2006/688/EC statistics on the volumes of third-country nationals who have been granted, renewed or withdrawn a single permit during the previous calendar year, indicating their nationality and their occupation. Statistics on admitted family members shall be communicated likewise.	2. Annually, and for the first time no later than 1 July of [one year after the date of transposition of this Directive], Member States shall communicate to the Commission [] statistics on the volumes of third-country nationals who have been granted [] a single permit during the previous calendar year, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council on Community statistics on migration and international protection.	2. Annually, and for the first time no later than 1 July*, Member States shall communicate to the Commission statistics on the volumes of third-country nationals who have been granted a single permit during the previous calendar year, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 July 2007 on Community statistics on migration and international protection. * One year after the deadline for transposition of this Directive.	OK
	A .: 1 1C	A: -1 - 1.C	
Article 16	Article 16	Article 16	
Transposition	Transposition	Transposition	
1. Member States shall bring into	1. Member States shall bring into	1. Member States shall bring into force	Council maintains its position
force the laws, regulations and	force the laws, regulations and	the laws, regulations and administrative	regarding correlation tables
administrative provisions necessary	administrative provisions necessary	provisions necessary to comply with	and insists on the
to comply with this Directive by	to comply with this Directive by	this Directive by at the latest. They	transposition deadline of two
at the latest. They shall	(two years after the entry into	shall forthwith communicate to the	years.
forthwith communicate to the	force at the latest. They shall	Commission the text of those	Suggestions of EP in view of
Commission the text of those	forthwith communicate to the Commission the text of those	provisions and a correlation table	trilogue 22.06.2011:
provisions and a correlation table between those provisions and this	provisions [].	between those provisions and this Directive.	EP maintains its position on the correlation tables
Directive.	provisions [].	Difective.	(negotiations pending on an
Directive.			interinstitutional level),
			but agrees on the transposition
			deadline (technical).

^{*} One year after the deadline for transposition of this Directive.

When Member States adopt these	When Member States adopt these	When Member States adopt these	OK
measures, they shall contain a	measures, they shall contain a	measures, they shall contain a reference	
reference to this Directive or shall	reference to this Directive or shall be	to this Directive or shall be	
be accompanied by such a reference	accompanied by such a reference on	accompanied by such a reference on the	
on the occasion of their official	the occasion of their official	occasion of their official publication.	
publication. The methods of making	publication. The methods of making	The methods of making such reference	
such reference shall be laid down	such reference shall be laid down by	shall be laid down by Member States.	
by Member States.	Member States.		
2. Member States shall	2. Member States shall communicate	2. Member States shall communicate to	OK
communicate to the Commission	to the Commission the text of the	the Commission the text of the main	
the text of the main provisions of	main provisions of national law	provisions of national law which they	
national law which they adopt in the	which they adopt in the field covered	adopt in the field covered by this	
field covered by this Directive.	by this Directive.	Directive.	
Article 17	Article 17	Article 17	
Entry into force	Entry into force	Entry into force	
This Directive shall enter into force	This Directive shall enter into force	This Directive shall enter into force on	OK
on the twentieth day following that	on the twentieth day following that	the twentieth day following that of its	
of its publication in the Official	of its publication in the Official	publication in the Official Journal of	
Journal of the European Union.	Journal of the European Union.	the European Union.	
Article 18	Article 18	Article 18	
Addressees	Addressees	Addressees	
This Directive is addressed to the	This Directive is addressed to the	This Directive is addressed to the	OK
Member States.	Member States	Member States in accordance with the	
		Treaties.	
Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,	Done at	
For the Council	For the Council	For the European Parliament For the	
The President	The President	Council	
		The President The	
		President	