

## **COUNCIL OF** THE EUROPEAN UNION

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8303/13

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**LIMITE** 

**MIGR** 31 SOC 230 DRS **67 CODEC 769** WTO 89 **SERVICES 18** 

## **NOTE**

from:	Presidency
to:	JHA Counsellors
on:	19 April 2013
No. prev. doc.:	6667/13 MIGR 18 SOC 115 DRS 32 CODEC 376 WTO 45 SERVICES 9
No. Cion prop.:	12211/10 MIGR 67 SOC 462 DRS 27 CODEC 691
Subject:	Proposal for a Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on conditions of entry and residence of third-country nationals in the framework of an intra-corporate transfer

Counsellors will find in Annex a comparative table concerning the above-mentioned Directive.

8303/13 VH/es DG D 1B

## 2010/0209 (COD) Proposal for a DIRECTIVE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on conditions of entry and residence of third-country nationals in the framework of an intra-corporate transfer

COM(2010) 0378	Parliament Position	Council Position	Comment
	(orientation vote 26.01.2012)	(COREPER 30 May 2012)	
THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT		THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT	Identical
AND THE COUNCIL OF THE		AND THE COUNCIL OF THE	
EUROPEAN UNION,		EUROPEAN UNION,	
Having regard to the Treaty on the		Having regard to the Treaty on the	Identical
Functioning of the European		Functioning of the European	
Union, and in particular Article		Union, and in particular	
79(2)(a) and (b) thereof,		Article 79(2)(a) and (b) thereof,	
Having regard to the proposal from		Having regard to the proposal from	Identical
the European Commission,		the European Commission,	
After transmission of the draft		After transmission of the draft	Identical
legislative act to the national		legislative act to the national	
Parliaments,		Parliaments,	
Having regard to the opinion of the		Having regard to the opinion of the	Identical
European Economic and Social		European Economic and Social	
Committee,		Committee <sup>1</sup> ,	
Having regard to the opinion of the		Having regard to the opinion of the	Identical
Committee of the Regions,		Committee of the Regions <sup>2</sup> ,	
	AM 1		
	- Having regard to the Charter of		EP will consider moving the
	Fundamental Rights of the		content of AM 1 in recital 27 (AM
	European Union, and in		29)
	particular Article 15(3), 27, 28, 31		

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OJ C , , p. .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> OJ C, , p. .

	and 33 thereof,		
Acting in accordance with the		Acting in accordance with the	Identical
ordinary legislative procedure,		ordinary legislative procedure,	
Whereas:		Whereas:	Identical
	AM 2		
(1) For the gradual establishment of an area of freedom, security and justice, the Treaty provides for measures to be adopted in the field of immigration which are fair towards third-country nationals.	(1) For the gradual establishment of an area of freedom, security and justice, the Treaty provides for measures to be adopted in the field of immigration which are fair towards third-country nationals and will help to prevent illegal immigration and all forms of illegal employment of third-country nationals and their exploitation in the Union.	(1) For the gradual establishment of an area of freedom, security and justice, the Treaty provides for measures to be adopted in the field of immigration which are fair towards third-country nationals.	Given that the content of AM 2 is not in the Treaty, EP will consider moving the amendment further in the text.
(2) The Treaty provides that the		(2) The Treaty provides that the	Identical
Union is to develop a common		Union is to develop a common	
immigration policy aimed at		immigration policy aimed at	
ensuring, at all stages, the efficient		ensuring, at all stages, the efficient	
management of migration flows		management of migration flows	
and fair treatment of third-country		and fair treatment of third-country	
nationals residing legally in		nationals residing legally in	
Member States. To that end, the		Member States. To that end, the	
European Parliament and the		European Parliament and the	
Council are to adopt measures on		Council are to adopt measures on	
the conditions of entry and		the conditions of entry and	
residence, and standards on the		residence, and standards on the	
issue by Member States of long-		issue by Member States of long-	
term visas and residence permits, as		stay visas and residence permits, as	
well as the definition of the rights		well as the definition of the rights	
of third-country nationals residing		of third-country nationals residing	
legally in a Member State,		legally in a Member State,	

including the conditions governing		including the conditions governing	
freedom of movement and of		freedom of movement and of	
residence in other Member States.		residence in other Member States.	
	AM 39		
(3) The Communication from the	(3) The Communication from the	(3) The Communication from the	
Commission entitled "Europe 2020:	Commission entitled "Europe	Commission entitled "Europe	
A strategy for smart, sustainable	2020: A strategy for smart,	2020: A strategy for smart,	
and inclusive growth sets the	sustainable and inclusive growth	sustainable and inclusive growth <sup>3</sup>	
objective of the Union becoming an	sets the objective of the Union	sets the objective of the Union	
economy based on knowledge and	becoming an economy based on	becoming an economy based on	
innovation, reducing the	knowledge and innovation,	knowledge and innovation,	
administrative burden on	reducing the administrative burden	reducing the administrative burden	
companies and better matching	on companies and better matching	on companies and better matching	
labour supply with demand.	labour supply with demand.	labour supply with demand.	
Measures to make it easier for	Measures to make it easier for	Measures to make it easier for	
third-country managers, specialists	third-country managers, specialists	third-country managers, specialists	
or graduate trainees to enter the	or <i>trainee employees</i> to enter the	or graduate trainees to enter the	
Union in the framework of an intra-	Union in the framework of an intra-	Union in the framework of an	
corporate transfer should be seen in	corporate transfer should be seen in	intra-corporate transfer should be	
this broader context.	this broader context.	seen in this broader context.	
(4) The Stockholm Programme,		(4) The Stockholm Programme,	Identical
adopted by the European Council at		adopted by the European Council	
its meeting of 10 and 11 December		at its meeting of 10 and 11	
2009, recognises that labour		December 2009, recognises that	
immigration can contribute to		labour immigration can contribute	
increased competitiveness and		to increased competitiveness and	
economic vitality and that, in the		economic vitality and that, in the	
context of the important		context of the important	
demographic challenges that will		demographic challenges that will	
face the Union in the future with an		face the Union in the future with an	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> COM(2010)2020.

increased demand for labour, flexible immigration policies will make an important contribution to the Union's economic development and performance in the longer term. It thus invites the Commission and the Council to continue to		increased demand for labour, flexible immigration policies will make an important contribution to the Union's economic development and performance in the longer term. It thus invites the Commission and the Council to continue to implement the 2005	
implement the 2005 Policy Plan on Legal Migration.		Policy Plan on Legal Migration <sup>4</sup> .	
Legai Wilgiation.	AM 3	Toney Trair on Legar Wignation .	
(5) As a result of the globalisation of business, increasing trade and the growth and spread of multinational corporations, in recent years movements of managerial and technical employees of branches and subsidiaries of multinationals, temporarily relocated for short assignments to other units of the company, have gained momentum.	(5) As a result of the globalisation of business, increasing trade and the growth and spread of multinational corporations, in recent years movements of managerial and technical employees <i>and specialists</i> of branches and subsidiaries of multinationals temporarily relocated for short assignments to other units of the company, have gained momentum.	(5) As a result of the globalisation of business, increasing trade and the growth and spread of multinational corporations, in recent years movements of managerial and technical employees of branches and subsidiaries of multinationals, temporarily relocated for short assignments to other units of the company, have gained momentum.	Presidency recommends acceptance of EP AM 3
	(5a) Third-country nationals who are authorised to work in the territories of the Member States are entitled to working conditions equivalent to those of citizens of the Union.  AM 5		Pending agreement on Article 14.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> COM(2005) 669.

(C) The second s	(C) T1	(C) T1:	ED :11
(6) These intra-corporate transfers	(6) These intra-corporate transfers	(6) These intra-corporate transfers	EP will reconsider the wording.
of key personnel result in new	of key personnel result in new	of key personnel result in new	
skills and knowledge, innovation	skills and knowledge, innovation	skills and knowledge, innovation	
and enhanced economic	and enhanced economic	and enhanced economic	
opportunities for the host	opportunities for the host	opportunities for the host	
companies, thus advancing the	companies, thus advancing the	companies, thus advancing the	
knowledge-based economy in	knowledge-based economy in	knowledge-based economy in	
Europe while fostering investment	Europe while fostering investment	Europe while fostering investment	
flows across the Union. Well-	flows across the Union. []	flows across the Union. Well-	
managed transfers from third	Transfers from third countries also	managed transfers from third	
countries also have the potential to	have the potential to facilitate	countries also have the potential to	
facilitate transfers from Union to	transfers from Union to third-	facilitate transfers from Union to	
third-country companies and to put	country companies and to put the	third-country companies and to put	
the Union in a stronger position in	Union in a stronger position in its	the Union in a stronger position in	
its relationship with international	relationship with international	its relationship with international	
partners. Facilitation of intra-	partners. Facilitation of intra-	partners. Facilitation of intra-	
corporate transfers enables	corporate transfers enables	corporate transfers enables	
multinational groups to tap their	multinational groups to tap their	multinational groups to tap their	
human resources best.	human resources best.	human resources best.	
	AM 6		
(7) The set of rules established by	(7) The set of rules established by	(7) The set of rules established by	
this Directive is also beneficial to	this Directive <i>might</i> also <i>be</i>	this Directive is also beneficial to	
the migrants' countries of origin as	beneficial to the migrants'	the migrants' countries of origin as	
this temporary migration fosters	countries of origin as this	this temporary migration fosters	
transfers of skills, knowledge,	temporary migration <i>could under</i>	transfers of skills, knowledge,	
technology and know-how.	well-established conditions foster	technology and know-how.	
	transfers of skills, knowledge,		
	technology and know-how.		
	AM 7 + AM 39		
(8) This Directive should be	(8) This Directive should be	(8) This Directive should be	joint LIBE-EMPL competence
applied without prejudice to the	applied without prejudice to the	applied without prejudice to the	First part amendment related to
principle of Union preference as	principle of Union preference as	principle of Union preference as	AM 60.
regards access to Member States'	regards access to Member States'	regards access to Member States'	

labour market as expressed in the relevant provisions of Acts of Accession. According to that principle, the Member States should, during any period when national measures or those resulting from bilateral agreements are applied, give preference to workers who are nationals of the Member States over workers who are nationals of third-countries as regards access to their labour market.

labour market as expressed in the relevant provisions of Acts of Accession. According to that principle, the Member States should, during any period when national measures or those resulting from bilateral agreements are applied, give preference to workers who are nationals of the Member States over workers who are nationals of third-countries as regards access to their labour market. *In particular, as regards* access to the labour market for young third-country trainee employees employed by the host entity or by host entities of a Member State, the number of such trainees should not be greater than that of trainee employees who are nationals of the Member States. In the process, there should be mandatory compliance benefitting both citizens of the Union and third-country nationals, with national minimum pay levels and the minimum standards of the State of employment (place-of-employment principle). While the principle of Union preference should be safeguarded, it may not be used to deviate from the principle of equal

labour market as expressed in the relevant provisions of Acts of Accession. According to that principle, the Member States should, during any period when national measures or those resulting from bilateral agreements are applied, give preference to workers who are nationals of the Member States over workers who are nationals of third-countries as regards access to their labour market.

Presidency expressed doubts about the first part of the amendment because it seems to encroach upon national competences for the national labour market, because it could result in barriers to trade and because it would be difficult to apply in practice.

Second part amendment related to Article 14

EP will provide clarification on its AM.

Un The ing free wing distance of the control of full full full full full full full	ay for equal work, as regards finion and third-country workers. his Directive should be applied a full respect of the principle of reedom of movement for workers ithin the Union, eradicating any iscrimination based on ationality as regards apployment, remuneration and ther conditions of work and apployment.  AM 8  Ba) This Directive should set conditions and rights for third-country workers in the framework of an intra-corporate transfer in all respect of the relevant conventions of the International		Related to AM 29.  EP will consider if AM 8 and AM 29 could be merged.
	abour Organisation (ILO).	(8a) This Directive should be	Pending agreement on Article 2(3).
		without prejudice to the right of Member States to issue residence permits other than an intracorporate transferee permit for any purpose of employment if a third-country national does not meet the conditions to be admitted as an intra-corporate transferee under the terms and conditions of this Directive or does not fall under the scope of this Directive.	Language recital and Article need to be aligned.

	AM 9		
(9) This Directive establishes a	(9) This Directive establishes a	(9) This Directive establishes a	EP will consider deleting
transparent and simplified	transparent and simplified	transparent and simplified	"legality".
procedure for admission of intra-	procedure for admission of intra-	procedure for admission of intra-	
corporate transferees, based on	corporate transferees, based on	corporate transferees, based on	Presidency will seek clarification
common definitions and	common definitions and	common definitions and	as regards "technical formalities".
harmonised criteria.	harmonised criteria and ensures	harmonised criteria. These set of	
	legal certainty, legality and fair	rules should be applied without	
	and equal treatment of third-	prejudice to Member States	
	country workers.	having the right to decide upon	
		the technical formalities relating	
		to the application.	
		(9a) This Directive and the	Related to AM 13 and Article 8.
		permits that are issued on its	
		basis should not affect or prevent	Presidency will inquire whether
		the application of Member	Member States agree on the
		States' labour law provisions	deletion of "and the permits that
		having - in accordance with	are issued on its basis".
		Union law - as their objective the	
		control of compliance with the	
		working conditions as set out in	
		Article 14(1).	
		(9b) The possibility for a	Related to Article 8 that refers to
		Member State to impose, on the	"host entity".
		basis of national law (in	
		conformity with Union law),	Presidency and Commission will
		sanctions against an ICT's	verify whether this recital covers
		employer established in a third	national provisions on enforcement
		country in the case of non-	against parties in third countries.
		compliance with the terms and	
		conditions of employment within	
		the meaning of Article 14(1) of	
		this Directive should remain	

		unaffected.	
	<i>AM 10 + AM 39</i>		
(10) For the purpose of this	(10) For the purpose of this	(10) For the purpose of this	joint LIBE-EMPL competence
Directive, intra-corporate	Directive, intra-corporate	Directive, intra-corporate	
transferees encompass managers,	transferees encompass managers,	transferees encompass managers,	Related to recitals (10a) and (14).
specialists and graduate trainees	specialists and <i>trainee employees</i>	specialists and graduate trainees	EP will check its AM.
with a higher education	with a higher education	with a higher education	
qualification. Their definition	qualification and higher	qualification. Their definition	Presidency will discuss with
builds on specific commitments of	professional qualifications. Intra-	builds on specific commitments of	Member States whether reference
the Union under the General	corporate transferees are to be	the Union under the General	solely to the European
Agreement on Trade in Services	employed in highly-qualified	Agreement on Trade in Services	Qualifications Framework would
(GATS) and bilateral trade	employment. Their definition is	(GATS) and bilateral trade	be acceptable.
agreements. Those commitments	linked to the European	agreements. Those commitments	
undertaken under the General	Qualifications Framework, which	undertaken under the General	
Agreement on Trade in Services do	sets out a European reference	Agreement on Trade in Services do	
not cover conditions of entry, stay	framework to assess qualifications	not cover conditions of entry, stay	
and work. Therefore, this Directive	in a comparable and transparent	and work. Therefore, this Directive	
complements and facilitates the	manner while being compatible	complements and facilitates the	
application of those commitments.	with the General Agreement on	application of those commitments.	
However, the scope of the intra-	Trade in Services (GATS) and	However, the scope of the intra-	
corporate transfers covered by this	bilateral trade agreements [].	corporate transfers covered by this	
Directive is broader than that		Directive is broader than that	
implied by trade commitments, as		implied by trade commitments, as	
the transfers do not necessarily take		the transfers do not necessarily	
place within the services sector and		take place within the services	
may originate in a third country		sector and may originate in a third	
which is not party to a trade		country which is not party to a	
agreement.		trade agreement. The criterion set	
		out in the definition of specialists	
		is in line with the definition of	
		professional qualifications in	
		Directive 2005/36/EC of the	
		European Parliament and of the	

		Council of 7 September 2005 on the recognition of professional qualifications.	
	AM 11		
	(10a) To assess the qualification		Related to recitals (10) and (14).
	of intra-corporate transferees,		
	Member States should make use		EP will check its AM.
	of their national coordination		Presidency will discuss with
	points set up pursuant to the		Member States whether reference
	European Qualifications		solely to the European
	Framework which establishes a		Qualifications Framework would
	European reference framework		be acceptable.
	for the assessment of		
	qualifications in a comparable		
	and transparent manner.		
		(10a) For the purpose of this	Related to recitals (10) and (14).
		Directive, in order to evaluate if	
		the third-country national	
		concerned possesses higher	Presidency will seek clarification
		education qualifications,	on reference to ISCED, and more
		reference may be made to	specifically the reference to level 6)
		ISCED (International Standard	and discuss with Member States
		Classification of Education) 2011	whether reference solely to the
		level 6.	European Qualifications
			Framework would be acceptable.
-	AM 12		
(11) Intra-corporate transferees	(11) Intra-corporate transferees	(11) Intra-corporate transferees	exclusive EMPL competence
should benefit from the same	should benefit from the same	should benefit from the same	
working conditions as posted	working conditions as <i>local</i>	working conditions as posted	Pending agreement on Article 14.
workers whose employer is	workers. Intra-corporate	workers whose employer is	
established on the territory of the	transferees should be given equal	established on the territory of the	
European Union, as defined by	treatment at the same workplace	European Union, as defined by	
Directive 96/71/EC of the	with nationals of the host Member	Directive 96/71/EC of the	

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<i>employment</i> . That requirement is	concerning the posting of workers	
intended to protect workers and	in the framework of the provision	
guarantee fair competition between	of services <sup>5</sup> . That requirement is	
undertakings established in a	intended to protect workers and	
Member State and those	guarantee fair competition between	
established in a third country, and	undertakings established in a	
in particular to avoid social	Member State and those	
dumping. Particular attention	established in a third country, as it	
should be paid to consistency with	ensures that the latter will not be	
relevant Union legislation.	able to benefit from lower labour	
	standards to take any competitive	
	advantage.	
AM 13		
(11a) Member States should	(cf Council Recital 9a)	Text needs to be adapted in light of
ensure that appropriate checks		Article 8.
and effective inspections are		
carried out in order to guarantee		
the proper enforcement of this		Presidency suggests following
Directive. To that end, it is		compromise text:
necessary for Member States to		
grant their competent authorities		(11a) Member States should
sufficient powers and resources.		ensure that appropriate checks
The results of such inspections		and effective inspections are
should be collated in a report and		carried out in order to guarantee
should be used to improve		the proper enforcement of this
enforcement of this Directive.		Directive.
	guarantee fair competition between undertakings established in a Member State and those established in a third country, and in particular to avoid social dumping. Particular attention should be paid to consistency with relevant Union legislation.  AM 13  (11a) Member States should ensure that appropriate checks and effective inspections are carried out in order to guarantee the proper enforcement of this Directive. To that end, it is necessary for Member States to grant their competent authorities sufficient powers and resources. The results of such inspections should be collated in a report and should be used to improve	Council of 16 December 1996 concerning the posting of workers in the framework of the provision guarantee fair competition between undertakings established in a Member State and those established in a third country, and in particular to avoid social dumping. Particular attention should be paid to consistency with relevant Union legislation.  AM 13  (11a) Member States should ensure that appropriate checks and effective inspections are carried out in order to guarantee the proper enforcement of this Directive. To that end, it is necessary for Member States to grant their competent authorities sufficient powers and resources. The results of such inspections should be used to improve  Council of 16 December 1996 concerning the posting of workers in the framework of the provision of services <sup>5</sup> . That requirement is intended to protect workers and guarantee fair competition between undertakings established in a Member State and those established in a third country, as it ensures that the latter will not be able to benefit from lower labour standards to take any competitive advantage.  (cf Council Recital 9a)  (cf Council Recital 9a)

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> OJ L 18, 21.1.1997, p. 1.

	AM 14		
	(11b) The term ''working		Pending agreement on Article 14.
	conditions" in this Directive is to		
	be understood as including pay		
	and dismissal, health and safety at		
	the workplace, working time and		
	leave, family and professional life,		
	taking into account any collective		
	agreements in force.		
	AM 15		
(12) In order to ensure that the	(12) In order to ensure that the	(12) In order to ensure that the	Pending agreement on Article
skills of the intra-corporate	skills of the intra-corporate	skills of the intra-corporate	5(1)(b) EP text / Article 5(6)
transferee are specific to the host	transferee are specific to the host	transferee are specific to the host	Council text
entity, Member States may require	entity, Member States should	entity, [] the transferee should	
the transferee to have been	require the transferee to have been	have been employed within the	
employed within the same group of	employed within the same group of	same group of undertakings <b>from</b>	
undertakings for at least 12 months	undertakings for at least <i>nine</i>	at least 6 months up to 12 months	
prior to the transfer.	uninterrupted months for	prior to the transfer in the case of	
	managers and specialists and for	managers and specialists and	
	at least three uninterrupted	from at least 3 months up to 12	
	months for trainee employees,	months in the case of graduate	
	prior to the transfer.	trainees.	
		(12a) As intra-corporate	Pending agreement on Article 10A
		transfers constitute temporary	
		migration, the maximum	
		duration of one transfer to the	
		European Union, including	
		mobility between Member States,	
		should not exceed three years for	
		managers and specialists and one	
		year for graduate trainees after	
		which they should return to a	
		third country unless they obtain	

		a residence permit on another	
		basis in accordance with national	
		or Union legislation. The	
		duration of the intra-corporate	
		transferee permits reflects the	
		duration of the transfer	
		irrespective of the periods of	
		absence of the holder from the	
		territory of the Member States.	
		A subsequent transfer to the	
		European Union might take	
		place after the return of the	
		third-country national to a third	
		country.	
		(12b) In order to ensure the	Pending agreement on Article 10A
		temporary character of an intra-	Tenuing agreement on Article ToA
		corporate transfer and prevent	
		the perpetual transfer of third-	
		country nationals Member States	
		should be able to require a	
		certain period of time to pass	
		between the end of one transfer	
		and another application	
		concerning the same third-	
		country national for the purposes	
		of this Directive.	
	AM 16	VA VALID AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	
(13) As intra-corporate transfers	(13) As intra-corporate transfers	(13) As intra-corporate transfers	second and third sentences: joint
consist of temporary migration, the	are linked to a limited residence	consist of temporary secondment,	LIBE-EMPL competence
applicant should provide evidence	and work permit in a particular	the applicant should provide	r
that the third-country national will	Member State, the applicant should	evidence that the third-country	Pending agreement on definitions
be able to transfer back to an entity	provide evidence that the third-	national will be able to transfer	and Article 5(1)(c) on work
belonging to the same group and	country national will transfer back	back to an entity belonging to the	contract / assignment letter. recital

established in a third country at the	to an entity belonging to the same	same group and established in a	will be aligned accordingly.
end of the assignment. That	group and established in a third	third country at the end of the	
evidence may consist of the	country at the end of the	assignment. That evidence may	
relevant provisions under the work	assignment, in accordance with	consist of the relevant provisions	
contract. An assignment letter	that person's contract with the	under the work contract. An	
should be produced providing	<i>group</i> . That evidence <i>must</i> consist	assignment letter should be	
evidence that the third-country	of the relevant provisions under the	produced providing evidence that	
national manager or specialist	work contract. An assignment letter	the third-country national manager	
possesses the professional	<i>must</i> be produced providing	or specialist possesses the	
qualifications needed in the	evidence that the third-country	professional qualifications needed	
Member State to which they have	national manager or specialist	in the Member State to which they	
been admitted to occupy the post or	possesses the <i>higher education</i>	have been admitted to occupy the	
the regulated profession.	qualification, higher professional	post or the regulated profession.	
	qualifications and the professional		
	<i>experience</i> needed in the Member		
	State to which they have been		
	admitted to occupy the post or the		
	regulated profession.		
	AM 17 + AM 39		
(14) Third-country nationals who	(14) Third-country nationals who	(14) Third-country nationals who	Related to recitals (10) and (10a).
apply to be admitted as graduate	apply to be admitted as <i>trainee</i>	apply to be admitted as graduate	
trainees should provide evidence of	<i>employees</i> should provide evidence	trainees should provide evidence of	
the higher education qualifications	of the higher education	the higher education qualifications	Pending agreement on Article 3(h)
required, namely of any diploma,	qualifications required, namely of a	required, namely of any diploma,	and on the "training agreement
certificate or other evidence of	diploma, certificate or [] evidence	certificate or other evidence of	
formal qualifications attesting the	of formal qualifications attesting	formal qualifications attesting the	
successful completion of a post-	the successful completion of a post-	successful completion of a []	
secondary higher education	secondary higher education	bachelor's degree or equivalent	
programme of at least three years.	programme of at least three years.	tertiary education. In addition,	
In addition, they must present a	In addition, they must present a	they [] should, if required,	
training agreement, including a	training agreement, including a	present a training agreement,	
description of the training	description of the training	including a description of the	
programme, its duration and the	programme, its duration and the	training programme, its duration	

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conditions in which the trainees	conditions in which the <i>trainee</i>	and the conditions in which the	
will be supervised, proving that	<i>employees</i> will be supervised,	<b>graduate</b> trainees will be	
they will benefit from genuine	proving that they will benefit from	supervised, proving that they will	
training and not be used as normal	genuine training and not be used as	benefit from genuine training and	
workers.	normal workers.	not be used as normal workers.	
		(14a) Graduate trainee, as	Pending
		referred to in this Directive, is an	
		employee in training for career	Redundant with Article 3(g)
		development purposes or in	
		order to obtain training in	
		business techniques or methods.	
		This directive does, therefore,	
		not cover third-country nationals	
		who are admitted as full-time	
		students or who are undergoing	
		a short-term supervised practical	
		training as part of their studies.	
	AM 18	g 1	
(15) Unless this condition conflicts	(15) Unless this condition conflicts	deleted	joint LIBE-EMPL competence
with the principle of Union	with the principle of Union		
preference as expressed in the	preference [], no labour market		Pending
relevant provisions of the Acts of	test should be required [].		
Accession, no labour market test			
should be required, since this			
criterion would be in contradiction			
with the purpose of setting up a			
transparent and simplified scheme			
for admission of intra-corporate			
transferees.			

(16) In order to facilitate checks, if the transfer involves several		(15) Member States should be able to retain restrictions on access to regulated professions, in cases where, in accordance with existing national or Union law, these activities are reserved to nationals, Union citizens or EEA citizens.  (16) In order to facilitate checks, if the transfer involves several	Presidency will discuss with Member States whether this issue is technical or political.  Identical
locations in different Member States, the competent authorities of the Member States where the ancillary host entities are located must be provided with the relevant information by the applicant.	AM 19	locations in different Member States, the competent authorities of the Member States where the ancillary host entities are located must be provided with the relevant information by the applicant.	
(17) This Directive should be without prejudice to the right of the Member States to determine the volumes of admission of third-country nationals entering their territory for the purposes of intra-corporate transfer and not to grant residence permits for employment in general or for certain professions, economic sectors or regions.	(17) <i>Pursuant to Article 79(5) TFEU</i> , this Directive <i>is</i> without prejudice to the right of the Member States to determine the volumes of admission of third-country nationals entering their territory for the purposes of intracorporate transfer and not to grant residence permits for employment in general or for certain professions, economic sectors or regions.	(17) This Directive should be without prejudice to the right of the Member States to determine the volumes of admission of third-country nationals entering their territory for the purposes of intracorporate transfer [] as specified in the Treaty.	Pending agreement on Article 5A
	cf AM 22 on Recital 20a	(17a) Member States should have the opportunity to avoid and oppose the abuse of this Directive by refusing, withdrawing or non-	Given Presidency suggestion in trilogue 27/2 in relation to Article 5(1)(a) EP text and 6(1)(c) Council text, Presidency proposes to merge

renewing a residence permit when the host entity was established for the sole purpose of facilitating the entry of intracorporate transferees. A group of undertakings within which a third-country national may be temporarily transferred should have a genuine activity and should not serve only the purpose of transferring workers.	recital 17a (Council text) and recital 20a (EP text):  (17a) Member States should have the opportunity to avoid and oppose the abuse of this Directive by requiring evidence that a group of undertakings within which a third-country national may be temporarily transferred should have a genuine activity and should not serve only for the purpose of transferring workers. Where such requirement would place an undue burden on the third-country national, the host entity should provide that evidence.
(17b) Where intra-corporate transferees have exercised their right to short-term mobility, the second Member State should under the requirements of Article 16(4) be in a position to take steps against the intra-corporate transferee's activities if it turns out that the permit is used for purposes other than that for which it was issued. This should for instance be possible if it is proven that the intra-corporate transferee is not a manager, specialist or graduate	Mobility-related

	4.17.00	trainee or that the host entity was only set up to make the transfer possible.	
(18) Member States should provide	(18) Member States should provide	(18) Member States should provide	Related to Article 8.
for appropriate penalties, such as financial penalties, to be imposed in the event of failure to comply with the conditions laid down in this Directive. The penalties could be imposed on the host entity.	for appropriate penalties, such as financial penalties, to be imposed in the event of failure to comply with the conditions laid down in this Directive or of the falsification of evidence or documents. The penalties could be imposed on the host entity.	for [] effective, proportionate and dissuasive sanctions, such as financial penalties, to be imposed in the event of failure to comply with the conditions laid down in this Directive. The [] sanctions could be imposed on the host entity.	Technical group suggests the compromise text below:  (18) Member States should provide for effective, proportionate and dissuasive sanctions, such as financial penalties, to be imposed in the event of failure to comply with the provisions of this Directive. Those should be consistent with the provisions of could consist of sanctions as provided for in Article 7 of Directive 2009/52/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2009 providing for minimum standards on sanctions and measures against employers of illegally staying third-country nationals. The
			sanctions could be imposed on the host entity.
(19) Provision for a single procedure leading to one combined title, encompassing both residence		(19) Provision for a single procedure leading to one combined title, encompassing both residence	Identical

and work permit, should contribute		and work permit, should contribute	
to simplifying the rules currently		to simplifying the rules currently	
applicable in Member States.		applicable in Member States.	
	AM 21		
(20) A fast-track procedure may be	(20) A fast-track procedure may be	(20) A fast-track procedure may be	Presidency will verify whether
set up for groups of undertakings	set up for groups of undertakings	set up for groups of undertakings	Council text reflects Council's
which have been recognised for	which have been recognised for	which have been recognised for	position on simplified procedures .
that purpose. Recognition should	that purpose in accordance with	that purpose. Recognition should	EP will check its reference to the
be granted on the basis of objective	Directive 2009/38/EC of the	be granted on the basis of objective	2009 Directive.
criteria made publicly available by	European Parliament and of the	criteria made publicly available by	
the Member State and ensuring	Council of 6 May 2009 on the	the Member State and ensuring	<i>Cf Art 10(7) Council and 10(7) -</i>
equal treatment between applicants.	establishment of a European	equal treatment between applicants.	(10)) EP/Cion
It should be granted for a maximum	Works Council or a procedure in	It should be granted for a maximum	
of three years, as the criteria need	Community-scale undertakings	of three years, as the criteria need	
to be reassessed on a regular basis.	and Community-scale groups of	to be reassessed on a regular basis.	
Such recognition should be	undertakings for the purposes of	Such recognition should be	
restricted to transnational	informing and consulting	restricted to transnational	
corporations presenting credentials	<i>employees</i> ( <i>recast</i> ) <sup>1</sup> . Recognition	corporations presenting credentials	
showing their ability to comply	shall be granted on the basis of	showing their ability to comply	
with their obligations and	objective criteria made publicly	with their obligations and	
supplying information about the	available by the Member State and	supplying information about the	
expected intra-corporate transfers.	ensuring equal treatment between	expected intra-corporate transfers.	
Any major change affecting the	applicants. It should be granted for	Any major change affecting the	
ability of the corporation to meet	a maximum of three years, as the	ability of the corporation to meet	
those obligations and any	criteria need to be reassessed on a	those obligations and any	
complementary information on	regular basis. Such recognition	complementary information on	
future transfers should be reported	should be restricted to transnational	future transfers should be reported	
without delay to the relevant	corporations presenting credentials	without delay to the relevant	
authority. Appropriate sanctions	showing their ability to comply	authority. Appropriate sanctions	
such as financial sanctions, the	with their obligations and	such as financial sanctions, the	
possibility of withdrawing	supplying information about the	possibility of withdrawing	
recognition, and rejections of future	expected intra-corporate transfers.	recognition, and rejections of future	
applications for permit should be	Any major change affecting the	applications for permit should be	

11.10	1.11. 0.1	.1.10	<u> </u>
provided for.	ability of the corporation to meet	provided for.	
	those obligations and any		
	complementary information on		
	future transfers should be reported		
	without delay to the relevant		
	authority. Appropriate sanctions		
	such as financial sanctions, the		
	possibility of withdrawing		
	recognition, and rejections of future		
	applications for permit should be		
	provided for.		
	<sup>1</sup> OJ L 122, 16.5.2009, p. 28.		
	AM 22		
	(20a) A group of undertakings	(cf Council Recital 17a)	Given Presidency suggestion in
	within which a third-country		relation to Article 5(1)(a)EP text
	national may be temporarily		and $6(1)(c)$ in trilogue 27/2, the
	transferred should have a genuine		Presidency proposes to merge
	activity and should not serve only		recital 17a (Council text) and 20a
	for the purpose of transferring		(EP text)
	workers.		
	AM 23		
(21) Once a Member State has	(21) Once a Member State has	(21) Once a Member State has	EP will check its AM
decided to admit a third-country	decided to admit a third-country	decided to admit a third-country	
national fulfilling the criteria laid	national fulfilling the criteria laid	national fulfilling the criteria laid	
down in this Directive, the third-	down in this Directive, the third-	down in this Directive, the third-	
country national should receive a	country national should receive a	country national should receive a	
specific residence permit (an intra-	specific residence permit (an intra-	specific residence permit (an intra-	
corporate transferee permit)	corporate transferee permit)	corporate transferee permit)	
allowing the holder to carry out,	allowing the holder to carry out,	allowing the holder to carry out,	
under certain conditions, their	under certain conditions, their	under certain conditions, their	
assignment in diverse entities	assignment in diverse entities	assignment in diverse entities	
belonging to the same transnational	belonging to the same transnational	belonging to the same transnational	

corporation, including entities located in another Member State.	corporation, including entities located in another Member State, provided that this Member State does not reject the application on grounds that the employer or the host entity has been sanctioned in conformity with national law for undeclared work, illegal employment and/or non-observance of obligations of an employer by the national labour and social regulations, or on grounds of volumes of admission of third-country nationals.	corporation, including entities located in another Member State.	
		(21a) This Directive should be	Commission and Council to clarify
		applied without prejudice to the	whether reference to the Schengen
		relevant Schengen acquis	acquis is necessary here (NB
		instruments, such as the	situation different from that in
		<b>Convention Implementing the</b>	SWD and Blue Card Directive) and
		Schengen Agreement of 14 June	if recital (22a) would not suffice.
		1985 between the Governments	
		of the States of the Benelux	Clarification required from
		Economic Union, the Federal	Council on the last sentence:
		Republic of Germany and the	
		French Republic on the gradual	Member States outside the
		abolition of checks at their	Schengen area are entitled to
		common borders (the Schengen	perform the necessary checks at
		Convention), Regulation (EC) No	their borders and deny intra-
		562/2006 of the European	corporate transferees the entry
		Parliament and of the Council of	should there be a reason to do so.
		15 March 2006 establishing a	
		Community Code on the rules	
		governing the movement of	

persons across borders	
, <del>-</del>	
(Schengen Borders Code) and,	
when necessary, the Directive	
2008/115/EC of the European	
Parliament and of the Council of	
16 December 2008 on common	
standards and procedures in	
Member States for returning	
illegally staying third-country	
nationals. Member States outside	
the Schengen area are entitled to	
perform the necessary checks at	
their borders and deny intra-	
corporate transferees the entry	
should there be a reason to do so.	
(21b) The provisions of this	Depending on outcome discussion
Directive should not prevent	on Article 11(5), the Presidency
Member States from issuing an	proposes an adaptation in light of
additional paper document in	Article 11(6):
order to be able to give more	, ,
precise information on the	(21b) The provisions of this
employment activity during the	Directive should not prevent
intra-corporate transfer, such as	Member States from issuing an
the name and address of the host	additional paper document in
entity, place of work, name and	order to be able to give more
address of the client, type of	precise information on the
work, working hours,	employment activity during the
remuneration for which the	intra-corporate transfer, such as
format of the residence permit	the name and address of the host
leaves insufficient space. Such	entity, place of work, () type of
documents should not prevent	work, working hours,
intra-corporate transferees from	remuneration for which the
<u> </u>	
exercising specific employment	format of the residence permit

		activities at the sites of clients within the same Member State as the host entity but can serve to prevent the exploitation of third-country nationals and combat illegal employment. The issuance of such documents should be optional for Member States and should not serve as a substitute for a work permit thereby compromising the concept of the single application procedure. Technical possibilities offered by Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002 and point (a)16 of the Annex thereto can also be used to store such information in an electronic format.	leaves insufficient space. Such documents should not prevent intra-corporate transferees from exercising specific employment activities at the sites of clients within the same Member State as the host entity but can serve to prevent the exploitation of third-country nationals and combat illegal employment. The issuance of such documents should be optional for Member States and should not serve as a substitute for a work permit thereby compromising the concept of the single application procedure. Technical possibilities offered by Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002 and point (a)16 of the Annex thereto can also be used to store such information in an electronic format.
	AM 24		
(22) This Directive should not affect conditions for the provision of services in the framework of Article 56 of the Treaty. In particular, this Directive should not affect the terms and conditions of employment which, pursuant to Directive 96/71/EC, apply to workers posted by an undertaking established in a Member State to	deleted	(22) This Directive should not affect conditions for the provision of services in the framework of Article 56 of the Treaty. In particular, this Directive should not affect the terms and conditions of employment which, pursuant to Directive 96/71/EC, apply to workers posted by an undertaking established in a Member State to	EMPL competence for exclusions linked to labour market and social security, LIBE competence for exclusions linked to admission and civil rights

provide a service in the territory of		provide a service in the territory of	
another Member State. This		another Member State. This	
Directive does not apply to third-		Directive does not apply to third-	
country nationals posted by		country nationals posted by	
undertakings established in a		undertakings established in a	
Member State in the framework of		Member State in the framework of	
a provision of services in		a provision of services in	
accordance with Directive		accordance with Directive	
96/71/EC. As a result, third-country		96/71/EC. Third-country nationals	
nationals holding an intra-corporate		holding an intra-corporate	
transferee permit cannot avail		transferee permit cannot avail	
themselves of the provisions of		themselves of the provisions of	
Directive 96/71/EC of the		Directive 96/71/EC of the	
European Parliament and of the		European Parliament and of the	
Council of 16 December 1996		Council of 16 December 1996	
concerning the posting of workers		concerning the posting of workers	
in the framework of the provision		in the framework of the provision	
of services. This Directive should		of services. This Directive should	
not give undertakings established in		not give undertakings established	
a third country any more		in a third country any more	
favourable treatment than		favourable treatment than	
undertakings established in a		undertakings established in a	
Member State, in line with Article		Member State, in line with	
1(4) of Directive 96/71/EC.		Article 1(4) of Directive 96/71/EC.	
	AM 25		
	(22a) Member States may require		Council cannot accept EP AM 25
	the employers of intra-corporate		considering the payment of costs as
	transferees to pay for the cost of		this is something that should be
	travel from their place of origin to		agreed between the employer and
	their place of work in the Member		the intra corporate transferee
	State concerned and the return		without involvement of MS.
	journey; the visa fee and, if		
	applicable, any service fees related		cf. Article 12A .

insur	e visa and the cost of sickness cance referred to in this		
Direc	ctive.		
		(22a) Third-country nationals	
		who are in possession of a valid	
		travel document and an intra-	
		corporate transferee permit	
		issued by a Member State	
		applying the Schengen acquis in	
		full, should be allowed to enter	
		into and move freely within the	
		territory of the Member States	
		applying the Schengen acquis in	
		full, for a period up to 90 days in	
		any 180-day period in accordance	
		with Regulation (EC) No	
		562/2006 of the European	
		Parliament and of the Council of	
		15 March 2006 establishing a	
		Community Code on the rules	
		governing the movement of	
		persons across borders	
		(Schengen Borders Code) and	
		Article 21 of the Convention	
		implementing the Schengen	
		Agreement of 14 June 1985	
		between the Governments of the	
		States of the Benelux Economic	
		Union, the Federal Republic of	
		Germany and the French	
		Republic on the gradual abolition	
		of checks at their common	
		borders (Schengen Implementing	

		<b>Convention</b> ) subject to	
		restrictions set out notably in	
		Article 25 of this Convention.	
	AM 26		
(23) Equal treatment should be	(23) Adequate social security	(23) Equal treatment should be	EMPL exclusive competence
granted under national law in	coverage for intra-corporate	granted under national law in	
respect of those branches of social	transferees and their family	respect of those branches of social	
security defined in Article 3 of	members is a key element of this	security defined in Article 3 of	
Regulation (EC) No 883/04 of the	Directive and is important for	Regulation (EC) No 883/04 of the	
European Parliament and of the	ensuring decent working and	European Parliament and of the	
Council of 29 April 2004 on the	living conditions while staying in	Council of 29 April 2004 on the	
coordination of social security	the Union. Equal treatment should	coordination of social security	
systems. Since this Directive is	be granted to intra-corporate	systems <sup>6</sup> . <b>The Directive does not</b>	
without prejudice to provisions	transferees. Particular attention	harmonise the social security	
included in bilateral agreements,	should be paid to ensuring equal	legislation of Member States. It is	
the social security rights enjoyed	treatment as regards social	limited to applying the principle	
by third country national intra-	security under national law in	of equal treatment in the field of	
corporate transferees on the basis	respect of those branches of social	social security to the persons	
of a bilateral agreement concluded	security defined in Article 3 of	falling under its personal scope.	
between the Member State to	Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 of	The right to equal treatment in	
which the person has been admitted	the European Parliament and of the	the field of social security applies	
and his or her country of origin	Council of 29 April 2004 on the	to third-country nationals who	
could be strengthened compared to	coordination of social security	fulfil the objective and non-	
the social security rights which	systems. Without prejudice to	discriminatory conditions laid	
would be granted to the transferee	bilateral agreements <i>providing</i>	down by the legislation of the	
under national law. This Directive	better social security coverage, this	host Member State with regard	
should not confer more rights than	Directive should establish	to affiliation and entitlement to	
those already provided for in	mechanisms which ensure the	social security benefits. In many	
existing Union legislation in the	effective coverage under social	Member States the right to	
field of social security for third-	security during the stay and the	family benefits is conditional	
country nationals who have cross-	mechanisms for exporting	upon a certain attachment to	

OJ L 166, 30.4.2004, p. 1.

border interests between Member States.

acquired rights where applicable. Any restrictions to the equal treatment in the field of social security under this Directive should be without prejudice to the rights conferred in application of Regulation (EU) No1231/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 November 2010 extending Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 and Regulation (EC) No 987/2009 on nationals of third countries who are not already covered by these Regulations solely on the ground of their nationality1 <sup>1</sup> OJ L 344, 29.12.2010, p.1.

that Member State since the benefits are designed to support a positive demographic development in order to secure the future work force in that Member State. Therefore. this Directive does not affect the right of Member States to restrict equal treatment in respect of family benefits as the intra-corporate transferee and the accompanying family are staying temporarily in a Member **State.** Since this Directive is without prejudice to provisions included in bilateral agreements, the social security rights enjoyed by third country national intracorporate transferees on the basis of a bilateral agreement concluded between the Member State to which the person has been admitted and his or her country of origin could be strengthened compared to the social security rights which would be granted to the transferee under national law. This Directive should not confer more rights than those already provided for in existing Union legislation in the field of social security for third-country nationals who have cross-border interests

		between Member States. It should	
		be granted without prejudice to	
		provisions in national legislation	
		and/or bilateral agreements	
		providing for the application of	
		the social security legislation of	
		the country of origin. This	
		Directive does not grant rights in	
		relation to situations which lie	
		outside the scope of EU	
		legislation such as, for example,	
		to family members residing in a	
		third country. This should not,	
		however, affect the right of	
		survivors who derive rights from	
		the intra-corporate transferee to	
		receive survivor's pensions when	
		residing in a third country.	
	AM 27		
	(23a Within the principle of equal		EMPL exclusive competence
	treatment as regards social		
	security provisions, cases of		
	double coverage of intra-corporate		
	transferees should be avoided and		
	Member States should ensure that		
	this occurs in compliance with the		
	relevant Union law.		
	AM 28		
(24) In order to make the specific	(24) In order to make the specific	(24) In order to make the specific	
set of rules put in place by this	set of rules put in place by this	set of rules put in place by this	
Directive more attractive and to	Directive more attractive and to	Directive more attractive and to	
allow it to produce all expected	allow it to produce all expected	allow it to produce all expected	
benefits for competitiveness of	benefits for competitiveness of	benefits for competitiveness of	

1		<u> </u>	
business in the Union, third-	business in the Union, third-	business in the Union, third-	
country national intra-corporate	country national intra-corporate	country national intra-corporate	
transferees should be granted	transferees should be granted	transferees should be granted	
favourable conditions for family	favourable conditions for family	favourable conditions for family	
reunification in the Member State	reunification in the Member State	reunification in the Member State	
which first grants the residence	which first grants the residence	which first grants the residence	
permit on the basis of this	permit on the basis of this	permit on the basis of this	
Directive. This right would indeed	Directive. This right would indeed	Directive. This right would indeed	
remove an important obstacle to	remove an important obstacle to	remove an important obstacle to	
potential intra-corporate transferees	potential intra-corporate transferees	potential intra-corporate transferees	
for accepting an assignment. In	for accepting an assignment. In	for accepting an assignment. In	
order to preserve family unity,	order to preserve family unity,	order to preserve family unity,	
family members should be able to	family members should be able to	family members should be able to	
join the intra-corporate transferee	join the intra-corporate transferee	join the intra-corporate transferee	
in another Member State under the	in another Member State under the	in another Member State under the	
conditions determined by the	conditions determined by the	conditions determined by the	
national law of such Member State.	national law of such Member State,	national law of such Member State.	
	and their access to the labour		
	market should be facilitated.		
		(24a) In order to facilitate the	
		fast processing of application	
		Member States should give	
		preference to exchanging	
		information and transmitting	
		relevant documents	
		electronically, unless technical	
		difficulties occur or essential	
		interests require otherwise.	
		(24b) The collection and	
		transmission of files and data	
		should be carried out in	
		compliance with the relevant	
		data protection and security	

	rules.	
(25) This Directive should not	(25) This Directive should not	Identical
apply to third-country nationals	apply to third-country nationals	
who apply to reside in a Member	who apply to reside in a Member	
State as researchers in order to	State as researchers in order to	
carry out a research project, as they	carry out a research project, as they	
fall within the scope of Council	fall within the scope of Council	
Directive 2005/71/EC of 12	Directive 2005/71/EC of 12	
October 2005 on a specific	October 2005 on a specific	
procedure for admitting third-	procedure for admitting third-	
country nationals for the purposes	country nationals for the purposes	
of scientific research.	of scientific research <sup>7</sup> .	
(26) Since the objectives of a	(26) Since the objectives of a	Identical
special admission procedure and	special admission procedure and	
the adoption of conditions of entry	the adoption of conditions of entry	
and residence for the purpose of	and residence for the purpose of	
intra-corporate transfers of third-	intra-corporate transfers of third-	
country nationals cannot be	country nationals cannot be	
achieved sufficiently by Member	achieved sufficiently by Member	
States and, therefore, by reason of	States and, therefore, by reason of	
the scale and effects of the action,	the scale and effects of the action,	
can be better achieved at Union	can be better achieved at Union	
level, the Union may adopt	level, the Union may adopt	
measures in accordance with the	measures in accordance with the	
principle of subsidiarity as set out	principle of subsidiarity as set out	
in Article 5 of the Treaty on	in Article 5 of the Treaty on	
European Union. In accordance	European Union. In accordance	
with the principle of proportionality	with the principle of	
as set out in that Article, this	proportionality as set out in that	
Directive does not go beyond what	Article, this Directive does not go	
is necessary in order to achieve	beyond what is necessary in order	

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OJ L 289, 3.11.2005, p. 15.

those objectives.		to achieve those objectives.	
	AM 29		
(27) This Directive respects the fundamental rights and observes the principles recognised in particular by the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union.	(27) This Directive respects the fundamental rights and observes the principles recognised in particular by the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union, the European Social Charter adopted by the Council of Europe on 18 October 1961 and revised on 3 May 1996, and the relevant ILO Conventions, such as Convention 102 on Social Security (Minimum Standards), Convention 118 on Equality of treatment (Social Security), Convention 143 on Migrant Workers and Convention 97 on Migration for Employment of the International Labour Organisation.	(27) This Directive respects the fundamental rights and observes the principles recognised in particular by the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union.	
		(27a) [In accordance with the Joint Political Declaration of Member States and the Commission on explanatory documents of 28 September 2011, Member States have undertaken to accompany, in justified cases, the notification of their transposition measures with one or more documents explaining the relationship between the components of a	

	directive and the corresponding	
	parts of national transposition	
	instruments. With regard to this	
	Directive, the legislator considers	
	the transmission of such	
	documents to be justified.]	
(28) [In accordance with Articles 1	(28) In accordance with Articles 1	Identical
and 2 of Protocol No 21 on the	and 2 of Protocol No 21 on the	
position of the United Kingdom	position of the United Kingdom	
and Ireland in respect of the Area	and Ireland in respect of the Area	
of Freedom, Security and Justice,	of Freedom, Security and Justice,	
annexed to the Treaty on European	annexed to the Treaty on European	
Union and to the Treaty on the	Union and to the Treaty on the	
Functioning of the European	Functioning of the European	
Union, and without prejudice to	Union, and without prejudice to	
Article 4 of that Protocol, those	Article 4 of that Protocol, those	
Member States are not taking part	Member States are not taking part	
in the adoption of this Directive,	in the adoption of this Directive,	
and are not bound by or subject to	and are not bound by or subject to	
its application.]	its application.	
(29) In accordance with Articles 1	(29) In accordance with Articles 1	Identical
and 2 of Protocol No 22 on the	and 2 of Protocol No 22 on the	
position of Denmark annexed to the	position of Denmark annexed to	
Treaty on European Union and the	the Treaty on European Union and	
Treaty on the Functioning of the	the Treaty on the Functioning of	
European Union, Denmark is not	the European Union, Denmark is	
taking part in the adoption of this	not taking part in the adoption of	
Directive, and is not bound by it or	this Directive, and is not bound by	
subject to its application,	it or subject to its application,	
HAVE ADOPTED THIS	HAVE ADOPTED THIS	Identical
DIRECTIVE:	DIRECTIVE:	

CHAPTER I		CHAPTER I	Identical
GENERAL PROVISIONS		GENERAL PROVISIONS	Identical
Article 1		Article 1	Identical
Subject-matter		Subject-matter	
This Directive determines:		This Directive determines:	Identical
(a) the conditions of entry to and		(a) the conditions of entry to and	Agreement on the Council text
residence for more than three		residence for more than [] 90	(first trilogue)
months in the territory of the		days in the territory of the Member	
Member States of third-country		States, <b>and the rights</b> , of third-	
nationals and of their family		country nationals and of their	
members in the framework of an		family members in the framework	
intra-corporate transfer;		of an intra-corporate transfer;	
	AM 30		
(b) the conditions of entry to and	(b) the conditions of entry to and	(b) the conditions of entry to and	Agreement on Council text.
residence for more than three	residence for more than three	residence [], and the rights, of	
months of third-country nationals,	months of third-country <i>national</i>	third-country nationals, referred to	
referred to in point (a), in Member	workers, referred to in point (a), in	in point (a), in Member States	
States other than the Member State	Member States other than the	other than the Member State which	
which first grants the third-country	Member State which first grants the	first grants the third-country	
national a residence permit on the	third-country national worker a	national a residence permit on the	
basis of this Directive.	residence permit on the basis of this	basis of this Directive.	
	Directive.		
Article 2		Article 2	
Scope		Scope	
1. This Directive shall apply to		1. This Directive shall apply to	Pending on elements
third-country nationals who reside		third-country nationals who reside	
outside the territory of a Member		outside the territory of a Member	Agreement on compromise text
State and apply to be admitted to		State and apply to be admitted <b>or</b>	below, with a reservation from the
the territory of a Member State in		who have been admitted to the	EP on the word "initial" which is
the framework of an intra-corporate		territory of a Member State, under	linked to the mobility scheme:
transfer.		the terms of this Directive, in the	
		framework of an intra-corporate	1. This Directive shall apply to
		transfer.	third-country nationals who reside

			outside the territory of the Member States at the time of the [initial] application and apply to be admitted or who have been admitted to the territory of a Member State, under the terms of this Directive, in the framework of an intra-corporate transfer.
2. This Directive shall not apply to:		2. This Directive shall not apply to third-country nationals:	Agreement on Council text.
(a) third-country nationals who apply to reside in a Member State as researchers, within the meaning of Directive 2005/71/EC, in order to carry out a research project;		(a) [] who apply to reside in a Member State as researchers, within the meaning of Directive 2005/71/EC, in order to carry out a research project;	Agreement on Council text.
(b) third-country nationals who, under agreements between the Union and its Member States and third countries, enjoy rights of free movement equivalent to those of citizens of the Union or are employed by an undertaking established in those third countries;		(b) [] who, under agreements between the Union and its Member States and third countries, enjoy rights of free movement equivalent to those of citizens of the Union or are employed by an undertaking established in those third countries;	Agreement on Council text.
(c) third-country nationals carrying	AM 31 deleted	(c) [] who are posted in the	Pending
out activities on behalf of undertakings established in another Member State in the framework of a provision of services within the meaning of Article 56 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, including those posted by		framework of Directive 96/71/EC;	EMPL competence for exclusions linked to labour market and social security, LIBE competence for exclusions linked to admission and civil rights

undertakings established in a Member State in the framework of a provision of services in accordance with Directive 96/71/EC.	AM 32 (ca) third-country nationals carrying out activities as self- employed workers;		EP is against linking the ICT Directive to Directive 96/71/EC. EP finds that the latter should be reviewed as it has been interpreted to provide for minimum rules of protection only. In light of the Laval case, MS would not be able to require working conditions going beyond the minimum protection provided in Directive 96/71/EC. However, EP is not against excluding EU posted workers from the scope of the ICT Directive and is considering the Council text for this provision.  Agreement on the following text: (ca) carrying out activities as self- employed workers;
	AM 33  (cb) third-country nationals working for and being assigned by employment agencies, temporary work agencies or any other undertakings engaged in making available labour to work under the supervision and direction of another undertaking except regularly employed members of the management.	(d) being assigned by temporary work agencies or any other undertakings engaged in making available labour to work under the supervision and direction of another undertaking.	Agreement on compromise text below:  (cb) being assigned by employment agencies, temporary work agencies or any other undertakings engaged in making available labour to work under the supervision and direction of another undertaking.  Pending  Council suggests following

		compromise:  (e) who are admitted as full-time students or who are undergoing a short-term supervised practical training as part of their studies;"
		EP can agree if "trainee employee" is used throughout the text instead of "graduate trainee". Presidency recommends acceptance of this
	3. This Directive shall be without prejudice to the right of Member	compromise proposal.  Pending
	States to issue residence permits other than the intra-corporate transferee permit regulated by	EP could not support Council's amendment considering it goes against harmonisation at EU level.
	this Directive for any purpose of employment for third-country nationals who fall outside the scope of the Directive or do not	By way of a compromise, and considering the national permits a complementary scheme and not an
	apply for admission under this Directive or do not meet the criteria set out in this Directive.	alternative scheme to ICT permits, <u>Council</u> suggests:
	222222	This Directive shall be without prejudice to the right of Member States to issue residence permits other than the intra-corporate
		transferee permit regulated by this Directive for any purpose of employment for third-country nationals who fall outside the scope of the Directive or do not
		apply for admission under this

			Directive or do not meet the criteria set out in this Directive."
			The EP can agree with the first part but not with the last part.
			Presidency would like to ask Member States to provide precise reasons for this provision.
Article 3 Definitions		Article 3 Definitions	
For the purposes of this Directive, the following definitions shall apply:		For the purposes of this Directive, the following definitions shall apply:	Identical
(a) 'third-country national' means any person who is not a citizen of the Union, within the meaning of Article 20(1) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union;		(a) 'third-country national' means any person who is not a citizen of the Union, within the meaning of Article 20(1) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union;	Identical
	AM 34		
(b) 'intra-corporate transfer' means the temporary secondment of a	(b) 'intra-corporate transfer' means the temporary secondment <i>for</i>	(b) 'intra-corporate transfer' means the temporary secondment of a	Pending on elements
third-country national from an undertaking established outside the	occupational or training purposes of a third-country national who is	third-country national from an undertaking established outside the	joint LIBE-EMPL competence
territory of a Member State and to	not resident within the territory of	territory of a Member State and to	Agreement on compromise text
which the third-country national is	the Member States from an	which the third-country national is	below, with a reservation from the
bound by a work contract, to an	undertaking established outside the	bound by a work contract during	EP on the word "initial" which is
entity belonging to the undertaking	territory of a Member State and to	the transfer, to an entity belonging	linked to the mobility scheme:
or to the same group of	which the third-country national is bound by a work contract, to an	to the undertaking or to the same	(b) lintra comporate transfer! mans
undertakings which is established inside this territory;	entity belonging to the undertaking	group of undertakings which is established inside this territory;	(b) 'intra-corporate transfer' means the temporary secondment <i>for</i>
more uno territory,	or to the same group of	ostationed morae and territory,	occupational or training purposes

	undertakings which is established in that Member State;  AM 35		of a third-country national who resides outside the territory of the Member States at the time of the [initial] application from an undertaking established outside the territory of a Member State and to which the third-country national is bound by a work contract prior to and during the transfer, to an entity belonging to the undertaking or to the same group of undertakings which is established in that Member State;
(c) 'intra-corporate transferee' means any third-country national subject to an intra-corporate transfer;	(c) 'intra-corporate transferee' means any third-country national worker who is not resident within the territory of the Member States and who is subject to an intra-corporate transfer;	(c) 'intra-corporate transferee' means any third-country national subject to an intra-corporate transfer;	Pending on elements  joint LIBE-EMPL competence  Agreement on compromise text below, with a reservation from the EP on the word "initial" which is linked to the mobility scheme:  (c) 'intra-corporate transferee' means any third-country national who resides outside the territory of the Member States at the time of the [initial] application and who is subject to an intra-corporate transfer;

	AM 36		
(d) 'host entity' means the entity, regardless of its legal form, established in the territory of a	(d) 'host entity' means the entity to which the third-country national is transferred, regardless of its legal	(d) 'host entity' means the entity, regardless of its legal form, established, in accordance with	Agreement on compromise text below:
Member State to which the third-country national is transferred;	form, established in the territory of a Member State, and which has a genuine activity, justified by appropriate human or financial resources;	national law, in the territory of a Member State to which the third-country national is transferred;	(d) 'host entity means the entity to which the third-country national is transferred, regardless of its legal form, established, in accordance with national law, in the territory of a Member State concerned;
	AM 37		
(e) 'manager' means any person working in a senior position, who	(e) 'manager' means any person holding, in the hierarchy of the	(e) 'manager' means [] a person working in a senior position, who	joint LIBE-EMPL competence
principally directs the management	undertaking, a senior position,	principally directs the management	Pending including as regards
of the host entity, receiving general supervision or direction principally from the board of directors or stockholders of the business or	who <i>primarily</i> directs the management of the host entity <i>or the establishment</i> , receiving general supervision or <i>guidance</i>	of the host entity, receiving general supervision or direction principally from the board of directors or stockholders of the business or	specific reference to project managers in the scope of the Directive.
equivalent; this position includes: directing the host entity or a department or sub-division of the host entity, supervising and controlling the work of other supervisory, professional or managerial employees, having the	principally from the board of directors or stockholders of the business or equivalent; this position includes: directing the host entity or a department or sub-division of the host entity, supervising and controlling work of other	equivalent; this position includes: directing the host entity or a department or sub-division of the host entity, supervising and controlling the work of other supervisory, professional or managerial employees, having the	Council: Project manager is not included in the GATS definition.
authority personally to hire and dismiss or recommend hiring,	supervisory, professional or managerial employees <i>or being</i>	authority personally to hire and dismiss or recommend hiring,	
dismissing or other personnel	responsible for a project of	dismissing or other personnel	
actions;	significant size and, in that	actions;	
	capacity, having appropriate		
	human or financial resources at		
	his or her disposal;		

	AM 38		
(f) 'specialist' means any person	(f) 'specialist' means any person	(f) 'specialist' means [] a person	joint LIBE-EMPL competence
possessing uncommon knowledge	who is transferred for highly	possessing uncommon knowledge	
essential and specific to the host	qualified employment, possessing	essential and specific to the host	Council considers that "uncommon
entity, taking account not only of	specific knowledge and technical,	entity's areas of activity,	knowledge" covers broader concept
knowledge specific to the host	professional or scientific skills	techniques or management,	than "highly qualified
entity, but also of whether the	essential to the host entity, <i>having</i>	taking <b>also</b> account of [] whether	employment". Furthermore, "highly
person has a high level of	higher professional qualifications	the person has a high level of	qualified employment" is not
qualification referring to a type of	or adequate professional	qualification referring to a type of	included in the GATS definition
work or trade requiring specific	experience, including, where	work or trade requiring specific	and could also lead to confusion in
technical knowledge;	relevant, membership of an	technical knowledge, including	relation to the Blue Card Directive.
	accredited profession;	membership of an accredited	
		profession;	Further scrutiny as regards
			inclusion of "professional
	43520		experience".
	AM 39		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(g) 'graduate trainee' means any	(g) 'trainee <i>employee</i> ' means any	(g) 'graduate trainee means [] a	joint LIBE-EMPL competence
person with a higher education	person with a higher education	person with a higher education	
qualification who is transferred to	qualification, who is bound to the	qualification who is transferred []	As a compromise, <u>Council</u>
broaden his/her knowledge of and	company by a contract for at least	for career development purposes	suggests:
experience in a company in	one year and transferred to a host entity to broaden his/her	or in order to obtain training in	'graduate trainee' means <b>a</b> person
preparation for a managerial	knowledge in preparation for a	business techniques or methods. This definition does not cover	with a higher education qualification who is transferred <b>to a</b>
position within the company;	managerial position and to carry		host entity for career
	out paid work within that	third-country nationals who are admitted as full-time students or	development purposes or in
	-	who are undergoing a short-term	order to obtain training in
	company; (This amendment applies	supervised practical training as	business techniques or methods
	throughout the text. Adopting it will	part of their studies;	and is paid during the transfer;
	necessitate corresponding changes	part of their studies,	and is paid during the transfer,
	throughout.)		EP can accept this compromise
	oughour,		(and related provisions in Article
			2(2)(e) and Article $5(3)$ ) if the
			Council agrees to use the term
			comment agrees to tise the term

	"trainee employee" instead of "graduate trainee" throughout the text. Presidency recommends acceptance of this compromise proposal.
AM 40	
<ul> <li>(ga) 'highly qualified employment' means the employment of a person who:</li> <li>(i) in the Member State concerned, is protected as an</li> </ul>	Related to the definition of a specialist
employee under national employment law and/or in accordance with national practice, irrespective of the legal relationship, for the purpose of	
exercising genuine and effective work for, or under the direction of, someone else, (ii) is paid, and,	
(ii) is paid, and, (iii) has the required adequate and specific competence, as proven by higher professional	
qualifications;	
AM 41	
(gb) 'higher professional qualifications' means qualifications attested by evidence of higher education qualifications or, by way of derogation, when provided for by national law,	Related to the definition of a specialist

	attested by at least five years of professional experience of a level comparable to higher education qualifications and which is relevant in the profession or sector specified in the work contract or binding job offer;  AM 42		
	(gc) 'professional experience' means the actual and lawful pursuit of the profession concerned;		Related to the definition of a specialist
(h) 'higher education qualification' means any diploma, certificate or other evidence of formal qualifications issued by a competent authority attesting the successful completion of a post-secondary higher education programme of at least three years, namely a set of courses provided by an educational establishment recognised as a higher education institution by the State in which it is situated;		(h) 'higher education qualification' means any diploma, certificate or other evidence of formal qualifications issued by a competent authority attesting the successful completion of a [] bachelor's degree or equivalent tertiary education [], namely a set of courses provided by an educational establishment recognised as a higher education institution by the State in which it is situated;	agreement on Council text (first trilogue)
(i) 'family members' means the third-country nationals referred to in Article 4(1) of Council Directive 2003/86/EC;		(i) 'family members' means the third-country nationals referred to in Article 4(1) of Council Directive 2003/86/EC <sup>8</sup> ;	Identical
(j) 'intra-corporate transferee permit' means any authorisation		(j) 'intra-corporate transferee permit' means any authorisation	Identical

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> OJ L 251, 3.10.2003, p. 12.

bearing the words 'intra-corporate transferee' entitling its holder to reside and work in the territory of a Member State under the terms of this Directive;		bearing the words 'intra-corporate transferee' entitling its holder to reside and work in the territory of a Member State under the terms of this Directive;	
	AM 43		
(k) 'single application procedure' means the procedure leading, on the basis of one application for the authorisation of a third-country national's residence and work in the territory of a Member State, to a decision on the application;	(k) 'single application procedure' means the procedure leading, on the basis of one application <i>made</i> by a third-country national, or by the host entity, for the authorisation of residence and work in the territory of a Member State, to a decision ruling on that application for an intra-corporate transferee permit;	(k) 'single application procedure' means the procedure leading, on the basis of one application for the authorisation of a third-country national's residence and work in the territory of a Member State, to a decision on <b>that</b> application;	Agreement on compromise text below:  (k) 'single application procedure' means the procedure leading, on the basis of one application for the authorisation of a third-country national's residence and work in the territory of a Member State, to a decision on that application;
	AM 44		
(l) 'group of undertakings' for the	(l) 'group of undertakings' for the	(l) 'group of undertakings' for the	technical point
purposes of this Directive means	purposes of this Directive means	purposes of this Directive means	
two or more undertakings	two or more undertakings	two or more undertakings	EP will propose an amended text.
recognised as linked in the	recognised as linked [] under	recognised as linked in the	
following ways under national law:	national law where an undertaking,	following ways under national law:	
an undertaking, in relation to	in relation to another undertaking,	an undertaking, in relation to	
another undertaking directly or	holds a further undertaking	another undertaking directly or	
indirectly: holds a majority of that	directly or indirectly; holds a	indirectly: holds a majority of that	
undertaking's subscribed capital; or	majority of that undertaking's	undertaking's subscribed capital; or	
controls a majority of the votes	subscribed capital; or controls a	controls a majority of the votes	
attached to that undertaking's	majority of the votes attached to	attached to that undertaking's	
issued share capital; or can appoint	that undertaking's issued share	issued share capital; or can appoint	
more than half of the members of	capital; can appoint more than half	more than half of the members of	
that undertaking's administrative,	of the members of that	that undertaking's administrative,	
management or supervisory body;	undertaking's administrative,	management or supervisory body;	
	management or supervisory body;	or both undertakings are	

	or, in case of undertakings controlled jointly by two or more undertakings, where the control is	managed on a unified basis by the parent undertaking;	
	given by contracts which assign the possibility to exercise a decisive influence on the activities of a controlled undertaking;		
(m) 'first Member State' means the	of we come and an analysis and a	(m) 'first Member State' means the	
Member State which first grants a		<b>host</b> Member State which first	
third-country national a residence		grants a third-country national <b>an</b>	
permit on the basis of this		intra-corporate transferee permit	
Directive;		on the basis of this Directive;	
		(n) 'second Member State' means	Related to the mobility scheme.
		any host Member State in which	·
		the intra-corporate transferee	
		intends to exercise or exercises	
		the right of mobility within the	
		meaning of this Directive, other	
		than the first Member State;	
	AM 45		
(n) 'universally applicable	deleted	deleted	EMPL exclusive competence
collective agreement' means a			
collective agreement which must be			Identical
observed by all undertakings in the			
geographical area and in the			
profession or industry concerned.			
In the absence of a system for			
declaring collective agreements of			
universal application, Member			
States may base themselves on			
collective agreements which are			
generally applicable to all similar			
undertakings in the geographical			

and and in the marfaction on		
area and in the profession or		
industry concerned, and/or		
collective agreements which have		
been concluded by the most		
representative employers and		
labour organisations at national		
level and which are applied		
throughout national territory.		
	(o) 'regulated profession' means	Agreement on Council text (first
	a regulated profession as defined	trilogue)
	in Article 3(1)(a) of Directive	
	2005/36/EC.	
Article 4	Article 4	
More favourable provisions	More favourable provisions	
1. This Directive shall apply	1. This Directive shall apply	Identical
without prejudice to more	without prejudice to more	
favourable provisions of:	favourable provisions of:	
(a) Union law, including bilateral	(a) Union law, including bilateral	Identical
and multilateral agreements	and multilateral agreements	
concluded between the Union and	concluded between the Union and	
its Member States on the one hand	its Member States on the one hand	
and one or more third countries on	and one or more third countries on	
the other;	the other;	
(b) bilateral or multilateral	(b) bilateral or multilateral	Identical
agreements concluded between one	agreements concluded between one	
or more Member States and one or	or more Member States and one or	
more third countries.	more third countries.	
2. This Directive shall not affect	2. This Directive shall not affect	joint LIBE-EMPL competence
the right of Member States to adopt	the right of Member States to adopt	-
or retain more favourable	or retain more favourable	Identical
provisions for persons to whom it	provisions for persons to whom it	
applies in respect of Articles 3 (i),	applies in respect of Articles 3 (i),	
12, 14 and 15.	12, 14 and 15.	

CHAPTER II		CHAPTER II	
CONDITIONS OF ADMISSION		CONDITIONS OF ADMISSION	
Article 5		Article 5	
Criteria for admission		Criteria for admission	
	AM 46		
1. Without prejudice to Article 10,	1. [] A third-country national who	1. Without prejudice to Article 10,	Agreement on Council text.
a third-country national who	applies to be admitted under the	a third-country national who	
applies to be admitted under the	terms of this Directive may be	applies to be admitted under the	
terms of this Directive shall:	granted admission, if he or she	terms of this Directive <b>or the host</b>	
	and/or his or her employer fulfils the following conditions:	entity shall:	
	AM 47		
(a) provide evidence that the host entity and the undertaking established in a third country	(a) provide evidence that the host entity and the undertaking established in a third country	(a) Provide evidence that the host entity and the undertaking established in a third country	Council has included the idea of genuine activity in Articles 6(1)(c) as a ground for rejection thus
belong to the same undertaking or group of undertakings;	belong to the same undertaking or group of undertakings and have a genuine activity;	belong to the same undertaking or group of undertakings;	putting the burden of proof on the authorities. EP's aim was to put the burden of proof on enterprises.
			To accommodate the above positions, the technical group suggests the following compromise text:
			(a) provide evidence that the host entity and the undertaking established in a third country belong to the same undertaking or group of undertakings
			(aa) provide evidence that the host entity has a genuine activity,

			which has a purpose other than being established for the sole purpose of facilitating entry of intra-corporate transferees, unless that would place undue burden on the third-country national
			In addition, the Presidency recommends to delete Article 6(1)(c) and suggests a compromise on recital 17a which, merges recitals (17a) and (20a).
	AM 48		
(b) provide evidence of employment within the same group of undertakings, for at least 12 months immediately preceding the date of the intra-corporate transfer, if required by national legislation, and that he or she will be able to transfer back to an entity belonging to that group of undertakings and established in a third country at the end of the assignment;	(b) provide evidence of <i>a</i> employment <i>contract</i> within the same group of undertakings for at least <i>nine uninterrupted</i> months <i>for managers and specialists and for at least three uninterrupted months for trainee employees</i> immediately preceding the date of the intra-corporate transfer [] and that he or she will transfer back to an entity belonging to that group of undertakings and established in a third country at the end of the assignment;	In Article 5(6) and Article 5(1)(b)(v)	EP insists on a uniform previous work experience period "at least" should not be understood as providing for an open-ended period.  Council insists on a flexible period.  Related to the mobility scheme.
(c) present an assignment letter	-	(b) present an assignment letter	Pending on elements.
from the employer including:		from the employer and/or a work	A consequent on communical testers
		contract, from the employer	Agreement on compromise below

		including:	on c), (i), (ii) with some reservations:
			(c) present a work contract and, if necessary, an assignment letter from the employer providing:
		(i) evidence of employment with the undertaking established in a third country;	
(i) the duration of the transfer and the location of the host entity or entities of the Member State concerned;		(ii) the duration of the transfer and the location of the host entity [];	(i) <i>details of</i> the duration of the transfer and the location of the host entity;
concerned,			[reservation of the EP on deletion of the rest of the text, depending on the mobility scheme]
	AM 39		
(ii) evidence that he or she is taking	(ii) evidence that he or she is taking	(iii) evidence that [] the third-	(ii) evidence that <i>the third country</i>
a position as a manager, specialist	a position as a manager, specialist	country national is taking a	national is taking a position as a
or graduate trainee in the host	or trainee employee in the host	position as a manager, specialist or	manager, specialist or trainee
entity or entities in the Member	entity or entities in the Member	graduate trainee in the host entity	employee in the host entity or
State concerned;	State concerned;	or entities in the Member State	entities in the Member State
	175.40	concerned;	concerned
	AM 49		
(iii) the remuneration granted	(iii) the remuneration and all other	(iv) the remuneration [] as well	[(iii) to be dealt with at political
during the transfer;	terms and conditions of	as other terms and conditions of	level together with Article 14]
	employment, including benefits, as	employment;	
	laid down by collective		Council is of the opinion that
	agreements, and granted during the		workers posted from third- countries should be treated in the
	transfer, which shall correspond to		
	those attributed for equivalent		same manner as workers posted
	activities in the host Member		within the EU. EP is opposed to
	State;		linking the ICT Directive and

			Directive 96/71/EC.
			EP: Why did Council delete "granted during the transfer"?
	cf AM 48 on Article 5(1)(b) and AM 54 on Article 5(1)(ha)	(v) evidence that the third- country national will be able to transfer back to an entity belonging to that group of undertakings and established in a third country at the end of the assignment.	(v) Council text: on hold, depends on b and AM 54
	AM 50 + AM 39		
(d) provide evidence that he or she has the professional qualifications	(d) provide evidence that he or she has the professional qualifications	(c) provide evidence that the third- country national has the	joint LIBE-EMPL competence
needed in the Member State to which he or she has been admitted	and experience needed in the Member State to which he or she	professional qualifications needed in the [] host entity to which he	Pending on elements.
for the position of manager or specialist or, for graduate trainees, the higher education qualifications	has been admitted for the position of manager or specialist or, for <i>trainee employees</i> , the higher	or she [] is to be transferred as manager or specialist or, in the case of a graduate trainee, the	Agreement on compromise below (reservation on "and experience")
required;	education qualifications required;	higher education qualifications required;	(c) provide evidence that the third- country national has the
			professional qualifications [and experience] needed in the host
			entity to which he or she is to be transferred as manager or
			specialist or, in the case of a
			trainee employee the higher education qualifications required;
	AM 51		caucation quantications required,
(e) present documentation	(e) present documentation	(d) present documentation	Agreement on compromise below:
certifying that he or she fulfils the	certifying that he or she fulfils the	certifying that [] the third-	
conditions laid down under national	conditions laid down under national	country national fulfils the	(d) present documentation
legislation for citizens of the Union	legislation for citizens of the Union	conditions laid down under national	certifying that <i>the third-country</i>

to exercise the regulated profession which the transferee will work in;	to exercise the regulated profession which the transferee will work in, and as set out in the Directive 2005/36/EC of the European	legislation of the Member State in which the host entity is established for citizens of the Union to exercise the regulated	national fulfils the conditions laid down under national legislation of the Member State concerned for citizens of the Union to exercise the
	Parliament and of the Council of 7 September 2005 on the recognition of professional qualifications <sup>1</sup> ;	profession which the [] intra- corporate transferee is applying to work in;	regulated profession to which the application relates;
(f) present a valid travel document, as determined by national law, and an application for a visa or a visa, if	of professional qualifications,	(e) present a valid travel document of the third-country national, as determined by national law, and an	Agreement on compromise below:  (e) present a valid travel document
required;		application for a visa or a visa, if required; Member States may require the period of validity of the travel document to cover at	of the third-country national, as determined by national law, and an application for a visa or a visa, if required; Member States may
		least the initial duration of the residence permit;	require the period of validity of the travel document to cover at least the initial duration of the intracorporate transferee permit;
	AM 52		
(g) without prejudice to existing	(g) without prejudice to existing	(f) without prejudice to existing	on hold depends on Article 14.
bilateral agreements, present	bilateral agreements and	bilateral agreements, present	
evidence of having or, if provided	notwithstanding the provisions of	evidence [] that the third-	Correction in EP text: should refer
for by national law, having applied	Article 14(2)(e) in regard to	country national has or is	to Article 14(4)
for sickness insurance for all the	sickness benefits, present evidence	entitled to have by virtue of the	
risks normally covered for	of having or, if provided for by	application of national law, a	
nationals of the Member State	national law, having applied for sickness insurance for all the risks	sickness insurance for all the risks	
concerned for periods where no such insurance coverage and	normally covered for nationals of	normally covered for nationals of the Member State concerned for	
corresponding entitlement to	the Member State concerned for	periods where no such insurance	
benefits are provided in connection	periods where no such insurance	coverage and corresponding	
with, or as a result of, the work	coverage and corresponding	entitlement to benefits are provided	
contract;	entitlement to benefits are provided	in connection with, or as a result	
•	in connection with, or as a result of,	of, the work [] carried out in the	

	the work contract;	Member State concerned;	
	AM 53		
(h) be considered not to pose a threat to public policy, public security or public health.	(h) be considered not to pose a threat to public policy, public security, public health or other valid interests of the host Member States, if provided for in national law.		Agreement on Council text in Article 5(5). Therefore, agreement to delete this point.
	AM 54		
	(ha) provide a declaration undertaking to leave the Union at the end of the intra-corporate transfer.	Cf Article $5(1)(b)(v)$	Pending
		1a. Member States may require	Agreement on Council text.
		the applicant to present the	
		documents listed in paragraphs 1	
		(a)-(d) and (f) in the language of	
		the Member State concerned.	
		1b. Member States may require	· ·
		the applicant to provide the	
		address of the third-country	EP expressed doubts regarding this
		national concerned in the	provision as the person concerned
		territory of the Member State.	is unlikely to know his/her address beforehand.
			Council draws attention to the "may" clause in this provision.
			Presidency recommends the
			following text:
			1b. Member States may require
			the applicant to provide, at the
			latest at the time of the issuance of

			the intra-corporate transferee permit, the address of the third-country national concerned in the territory of the Member State.
	AM 55		
2. Member States shall require that all conditions in the law, regulations or administrative provisions and/or universally applicable collective agreements applicable to posted workers in a similar situation in the relevant occupational branches are met with regard to the remuneration granted during the transfer.	2. Member States shall require that all <i>terms and</i> conditions in the law, regulations or administrative provisions and [] applicable collective agreements applicable [] in the relevant occupational branches are met [] during the transfer.	2. Member States shall require that [] the terms and conditions of employment set out in Article 5 (1)(b)(iv) which will be granted to the third-country national during the transfer are in line with the provisions of Article 3 of Directive 96/71/EC.	Pending  joint LIBE-EMPL competence  Council is of the opinion that workers posted from third-countries should be treated in the same manner as workers posted within the EU. EP, on the other hand, is opposed to linking the ICT Directive and Directive 96/71/EC.
	AM 56  Member States may require that the remuneration granted during the transfer and other terms and conditions of employment are not worse than for comparable employees of the Member States.	2a. Member States may require that the remuneration which will be granted to the third-country national during the transfer is not less favourable than the remuneration granted for employees in the host Member State concerned occupying comparable positions.	EP correction: it should be a shall-clause.
		2b. Member States may require that the intra-corporate transferee will have sufficient resources during his/her stay to maintain him/herself and his/her	Presidency requests clarification from the Member States of the meaning of "social benefits including the social assistance system".

		family members without having recourse to social benefits including the social assistance system of the Member State	
		concerned.	
	AM 57		
In the absence of a system for	deleted	deleted	Identical.
declaring collective agreements to			
be of universal application,			
Member States may, if they so			
decide, base themselves on			
collective agreements which are			
generally applicable to all similar			
undertakings in the geographical			
area and in the profession or			
industry concerned, and/or			
collective agreements which have			
been concluded by the most			
representative employers' and			
labour organisations at national			
level and which are applied			
throughout national territory.			
	AM 39		
3. In addition to the evidence	3. In addition to the evidence	3. In addition to the evidence	Council suggests as a compromise:
stipulated in paragraphs 1 and 2,	stipulated in paragraphs 1 and 2,	stipulated in paragraphs 1 and 2,	
any third-country national who	any third-country national who	any third-country national who	3. In addition to the evidence
applies to be admitted as a graduate	applies to be admitted as a <i>trainee</i>	applies to be admitted as [] an	stipulated in paragraphs 1 and 2,
trainee shall present a training	employee shall present a training	employee in training may be	any third-country national who
agreement, including a description	agreement, including a description	required to present a training	applies to be admitted as a trainee
of the training programme, its	of the training programme, its	agreement, related to the	employee may be required to
duration and the conditions under	duration and the conditions under	preparation for his/her future	present a training agreement,
which the applicant is supervised	which the applicant is supervised	position within the group of	related to the preparation for
during the programme.	during the programme.	undertakings, including a	his/her future position within the

		description of the training programme, which demonstrates that the purpose of stay is to train the employee for career development purposes in order to obtain training in business techniques or methods, its duration and the conditions under which the applicant is supervised during the programme.	group of undertakings, including a description of the training programme, which demonstrates that the purpose of stay is to train the employee for career development purposes or in order to obtain training in business techniques or methods, its duration and the conditions under which the applicant is supervised during the programme.  EP can accept this compromise (and related provisions in Article 2(2)(e) and Article 3(g)) if the Council agrees to use the term "trainee employee" instead of "graduate trainee" throughout the text.  Presidency recommends acceptance of this compromise proposal.
4. Where the transfer concerns host entities located in several Member States, any third-country national who applies to be admitted under the terms of this Directive shall present evidence of the notification required pursuant to Article 16(1)(b).	AM 58	deleted	mobility-related provision
5. Any modification that affects the	5. Any modification <i>during the</i>	4. Any modification that affects the	Suggestions below to be further
conditions for admission set out in	stay that affects the conditions for	conditions for admission set out in	discussed in technical group:

this Article shall be notified to the competent authorities of the Member State concerned.	admission set out in this Article shall be notified to the competent authorities of the Member State concerned and shall be in compliance with Article 5 (1) to (4) and Article 14.	this Article shall be notified by the host entity to the competent authorities of the Member State concerned.	5. Any modification during the application procedure that affects the conditions for admission set out in this Article shall be notified by the applicant to the competent authorities of the Member State concerned.  Council and EP agree that changes during both application procedure and stay should be notified.  PRES suggests to insert a new paragraph 12(4a): (4a) Any modification during the stay that affects the conditions for admission set out in this Article shall be notified by the applicant to the competent authorities of the Member State concerned.
	cf AM 53 on Article 5(1)(h)	5. [] Third-country nationals who are considered to pose a threat to public policy, public security or public health shall not be admitted for the purposes of this Directive.	Agreement on Council text.  Related to Article 7(2)(b)
	cf AM 48 on Article 5(1)(b)	6. Member States shall require the third-country national to provide evidence of employment within the same group of undertakings, from at least 6	Pending Cf comments regarding AM 48.

1 12 1	
months up to 12 months	
immediately preceding the date of	
the intra-corporate transfer [] in	
the case of managers and	
specialists, and from at least 3 up	
to 12 months in the case of	
graduate trainees.	
7. Member States may, if	Presidency seeks clarification from
provided for by national law,	the Member States on what
require the host entity to provide	constitutes the statement of
a statement of financial	financial responsibility?
responsibility to ensure that:	
	EP regards this requirement as an
	additional burden and considers it
	unnecessary in view of all the other
	admission conditions set out in this
	Article.
(a) The intra-corporate	Presidency seeks clarification from
transferee will be guaranteed the	the Member States on how the host
required level of remuneration	entity would prove this in practice.
and rights as specified under	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Article 14, in particular that	
she/he and his/her family	
members will not have recourse	
to the social assistance system of	
the Member States concerned;	
(b) All expenses that could be	Pending
related to the return of the intra-	
corporate transferee in case of	
illegal stay are covered. The	
financial responsibility of the	
host entity shall end at the latest	
12 months after the termination	

	cf AM 60 on Article 6(3)	of the assignment in the Member State concerned.  Article 5A Volumes of admission  1. This Directive shall not affect the right of a Member State to determine the volumes of admission of third-country nationals entering its territory.	Pending  Council suggests alignment with wording Article 5a of its text in the Seasonal Workers Directive:  1. This Directive shall not affect the right of a Member State to determine the volumes of
			admission of third-country nationals entering its territory in the framework of an intracorporate transfer. On this basis and for the purposes of this Directive, an application for an intra-corporate transferee permit may be considered inadmissible.
		2. An application for admission to a Member State for the purposes of this Directive may be considered inadmissible on the grounds set out in paragraph 1.	Presidency seeks clarification from the Member States on whether it is feasible to keep this both as a ground for inadmissibility and as a ground for rejection.
Article 6 Grounds for refusal		Article 6 Grounds for refusal	
1. Member States shall reject an application where the conditions set out in Article 5 are not met or where the documents presented		1. Member States shall reject an application [] in the following cases:	Agreement on Council text.

have been fraudulently acquired,			
falsified or tampered with.		(a) where the [] criteria set out in Article 5 are not met;	Agreement on Council text.
		or	Agreement on Council text.
		(b) where the documents presented have been fraudulently acquired, falsified or tampered with;	Agreement on Council text.
		or	Agreement on Council text.
	cf AM 47 on Article 5(1)(a)	(c) where the host entity was established for the sole purpose of facilitating the entry of intracorporate transferees;	Presidency recommends to delete Article 6(1)(c) in light of the compromise suggestion on Article 5(1)(a) EP/Cion text and recitals (17a) and (20a).
		or	D. II
		(d) where the maximum duration	Pending
		of stay as defined in Article 10A has been reached.	To be considered in the context of discussions on Article 10A.
	AM 59		
2. Member States shall reject an application if the employer or the host entity has been sanctioned in conformity with national law for	2. Member States shall reject an application if the employer or the host entity has been sanctioned in conformity with national law for	<ul><li>2. Member States [] may reject an application if:</li><li>(a) the employer or the host entity has been sanctioned in conformity</li></ul>	<u>EP</u> considers this as a serious ground that should give rise to rejection.
undeclared work and/or illegal employment.	undeclared work, illegal employment <i>and/or non</i>	with national law for undeclared work and/or illegal employment <b>or</b>	Council suggests that this should not be an automatic ground for
	observance of obligations laid down in the national labour or	does not meet the legal obligations regarding social	rejection but rather something that should be considered on a case by
	social law or collective agreements.	security and/or taxation set out in national law or has filed for	case basis.
		bankruptcy or is otherwise	

		insolvent or if no economic	
		activity is taking place;	
		or	
		(b) the terms and conditions of	<u>Presidency</u> seeks clarification from
		employment according to	the Member States on how this
		applicable laws, collective	provision relates to Article 5(2)
		agreements or practices in the	which is a shall-clause and where
		Member State where the host	reference is made to Art 3 of
		entity is established are not met;	Directive 96/71/EC through Article
			14(1).
		or	
		(c) the intent or effect of	<u>Presidency</u> seeks clarification from
		temporary presence of the intra-	the Member States of the meaning
		corporate transferee is to	of this provision.
		interfere with, or otherwise affect	
		the outcome of, any labour	
		management dispute or	
		negotiation;	
		(d) the host entity within the 12	<u>Presidency</u> seeks clarification from
		months immediately preceding	the Member States on how this
		the date of the application, has	would work in practice.
		eliminated, by means of a null or	
		unfair dismissal, the positions	
		he/she is trying to fill through the	
	177.60	new application.	
	AM 60		
3. Member States may reject an	3. This Directive shall not affect	(3) Member States may reject an	<u>Presidency</u> seeks the views of
application on the grounds of	the right of Member States to set	application for admission to a	Member States on EP amendment.
volumes of admission of third-	limits on the number of intra-	Member State for the purposes	
country nationals.	corporate transferees in general	of this Directive on the ground []	
	and or for certain professions,	set out in Article 5A(1) or Article	
	economic sectors or regions.	10A(2).	

	Member States may use such limits to entirely rule out the possibility of admitting third-country nationals as intracorporate transferees. When appropriate alternatives for trainee employees can be found nationally, they have preference.		
4. Where the transfer concerns host entities located in several Member States, the Member State where the application is lodged shall limit the geographical scope of validity of the permit to the Member States where the conditions set out in Article 5 are met.		deleted	Mobility-related provision
Article 7 Withdrawal or non-renewal of the permit		Article 7 Withdrawal or non-renewal of the permit	Agreement on the structure of the Council text (to separate withdrawal and non-renewal in two paragraphs).
1. Member States shall withdraw or refuse to renew an intra-corporate transferee permit in the following cases:		1. Member States shall withdraw [] an intra-corporate transferee permit in the following cases:	Agreement on Council text.
(a) where it has been fraudulently acquired, or has been falsified, or tampered with;		(a) where it has been fraudulently acquired, or has been falsified, or tampered with;	Agreement on Council text.
(b) where the holder is residing for purposes other than those for which he/she was authorised to reside.		or (b) where the [] intra-corporate transferee is residing for purposes other than those for which he/she was authorised to reside.  or	Agreement on Council text.

	(c) where the host entity was	See Presidency suggestion Article
	established for the sole purpose	5(1)(a).
	of facilitating the entry of intra-	3(1)(u).
	corporate transferees.	
	2. Member States shall refuse to	Agreement on Council text.
	renew an intra-corporate	ngreement on Council text.
	transferee permit in the following	
	cases:	
	(a) where it has been	Agreement on Council text.
	fraudulently acquired, or has	118/cement on Council text.
	been falsified, or tampered with;	
	or	Agreement on Council text.
	(b) where the intra-corporate	Agreement on Council text.
	transferee is residing for	Agreement on Council text.
	purposes other than those for	
	which he/she was authorised to	
	reside;	
	or	
	(c) where the host entity was	See Presidency suggestion Article
	established for the sole purpose	5(1)(a).
	of facilitating the entry of intra-	
	corporate transferees;	
	or	
	(d) where the maximum duration	Pending
	of stay as defined in Article 10A	
	has been reached.	
2. Member States may withdraw or	<b>3.</b> Member States may withdraw or	Identical
refuse to renew an intra-corporate	refuse to renew an intra-corporate	
transferee permit in the following	transferee permit in the following	
cases;	cases;	
(a) wherever the conditions laid	(a) wherever the [] criteria laid	Pending
down in Article 5 were not met or	down in Article 5 were not met or	
are no longer met;	are no longer met;	

or	or	
(b) for reasons of public policy,	deleted (as it is covered by Article	Agreement on Council text given
public security or public health.	5)	agreement on Article 5(5) Council
		text.
	(b) where the employer or the	Presidency seeks Member States'
	host entity has been sanctioned	views if Council could accept the
	in conformity with national law	EP suggestion " or has been
	for undeclared work and/or	<u>declared bankrupt</u> " instead?
	illegal employment or does not	
	meet the legal obligations	
	regarding social security and/or	
	taxation set out in national law	
	or has filed for bankruptcy or is	
	otherwise insolvent or if no	
	economic activity is taking place;	
	or	
	(c) where the terms and	(See comments on Article $6(2)(b)$ ).
	conditions of the employment	
	according to applicable laws,	
	collective agreements or	
	practices in the Member State	
	where the host entity is	
	established are not met;	
	or	
	(d) where the intra-corporate	
	transferee has abused the short-	
	term mobility rules set out in	
	Article 16;	
	or	
	(e) when the intra-corporate	Pending
	transferee applies for social	
	assistance, provided that the	
	appropriate written information	

Article 8 Penalties		concerning this consequence has been provided to him/her in advance by the Member State concerned.  Article 8 Sanctions	
Member States may hold the host entity responsible and provide for penalties for failure to comply with the conditions of admission. Those penalties shall be effective, proportionate and dissuasive.	Member States may hold the host entity responsible and provide for penalties for failure to comply with the conditions of admission laid down in this Directive and the obligations arising out of the work contract. Those penalties shall be effective, proportionate and dissuasive and shall be consistent with the provisions foreseen in Article 7 of Directive 2009/52/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2009 providing for minimum standards on sanctions and measures against employers of illegally staying third-country nationals <sup>1</sup> . Member States shall lay down monitoring, assessment and periodic inspection procedures to prevent and penalise possible abuses.	Member States may, if provided for in national law, hold the host entity responsible and provide for [] sanctions for failure to comply with the conditions of admission and stay or to comply with administrative and information requirements. Those [] sanctions shall be effective, proportionate and dissuasive.	Related to recitals (11a) EP text and (18) Council text.  Technical group suggests the following compromise text:  Member States may hold the host entity responsible. In such cases, they and shall provide for sanctions for failure to comply with the conditions of admission and stay laid down in this Directive[ and the obligations arising out of the work contract]. Those sanctions shall be effective, proportionate and dissuasive.  Member States shall lay down measures aimed at preventing and penalising possible abuses in accordance with national law, which may shall include in particular monitoring, assessment and inspection measures.

CHAPTER III		CHAPTER III	Council cannot accept the reference to the "obligations arising out of the work contract" on the ground that the Directive would be impeding on private arrangements. Further, such sanctions could raise problems of jurisdiction in respect of contracts concluded between worker and entity in third countries.  Furthermore. Presidency recommends its suggestion for a new recital (11a).
PROCEDURE AND PERMIT		PROCEDURE AND PERMIT	
Article 9 Access to information		Article 9 Access to information	Pending on elements.  Agreement on the compromise text below for the paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article 9, with reservations of the Council on the deletion of "first" in paragraph 2 and a
			reservation of Parliament on the reference to Article 16(4)(b), since it is linked to the mobility scheme.
	AM 62		
Member States shall take the	Member States shall take the	1. Member States shall [] make	1. Member States shall make <i>easily</i>
necessary measures to make	necessary measures to ensure	available information on entry and	accessible to applicants all
available information on entry and	access to information on entry and	residence, including rights, and all	documentary evidence needed for
residence, including rights, and all	residence, including <i>the</i> rights <i>of</i>	documentary evidence needed for	an application and information on

documentary evidence needed for an application.	the intra-corporate transferee and of his/her family members and all documentary evidence needed for an application, as well as rights regarding working conditions, social security and enforcement and complaints procedures to all applicants and admitted intra-corporate transferees in the host country.	an application.	entry and residence, including all the rights of the intra-corporate transferee and of their family members.
		2. The first Member State makes available information to the host entity on the right of Member	2. [] Member States shall make available information to the host entity on the right of Member
		States to impose sanctions in	States to impose sanctions in
		accordance with Article 8 and/or	accordance with Article 8 [and/or
4 . 1 . 10		Article 16(5).	Article 16(4)(b)].
Article 10		Article 10	
Applications for admission		Applications for admission	
1. Member States shall determine		1. Member States shall determine	Agreement on the compromise
whether an application is to be		whether an application is to be	below:
made by the third-country national		made by the third-country national	1 Manufacture shall data made
or by the host entity.		and/or by the host entity.	1. Member States shall determine whether an application is to be submitted by the third country national or by the host entity.  Member States may also decide to allow an application from either of the two.
2. The application shall be		2. The application shall be []	Agreement on Council text.
considered and examined only		<b>submitted</b> when the third-country	
when the third-country national is		national is residing outside the	
residing outside the territory of the		territory of the Member State to	
Member State to which admission		which admission is sought.	

is sought.			
	AM 63		
3. The application shall be lodged to the authorities of the Member	3. The application shall be lodged to the <i>competent</i> authorities of the	deleted	mobility-related
State where the intra-corporate transfer mainly takes place.	Member State where the intra- corporate transfer mainly takes place. In the circumstances governed by Article 16, the competent authority, as referred to in paragraph 4 of this Article, shall be that of the Member State in which the host entity where the intra-corporate transferee carries out his/her work is situated. Where it is impossible to anticipate with certainty in which Member State the intra-corporate transferee will mainly be located, the application shall be lodged to the competent authorities of the first Member State of entry.		Agreement to replace "lodged" by "submitted"
	AM 64		
4. Member States shall designate the authority competent to receive the application and to issue the	4. Member States shall designate the authority competent to receive the application and to issue the	3. Member States shall designate the <b>authorities</b> competent to receive the application and to issue	Pending technical point
intra-corporate transferee permit.	intra-corporate transferee permit, and shall notify the Commission and the Member States thereof.	the intra-corporate transferee permit.	Council has following concerns on EP AM:  - Text needs to be adapted as more authorities than a single authority can be competent for receiving and issuing ICT permits.  - Notification to Cion and MS is

5. The application shall be submitted in a single application procedure.	AM 65	4. The application shall be submitted in a single application procedure.	administrative burden Possibly notification to contact points.  Identical
6. The Member State concerned shall grant third-country nationals whose application for admission has been accepted every facility to obtain the requisite visa.	6. The Member State concerned shall grant <i>the</i> third-country <i>national</i> whose application for admission has been accepted [] the requisite visa, <i>provided that all necessary conditions under national and Union law are met</i> .	In Article 11(7)	Technical group suggests to transfer the provision to Article 11(7) since it is directly related to the issuance of the ICT permit.  However, substance is to be further discussed.  EP AM not acceptable for Council because: - Formulation Commission proposal is used in other legal instruments (art 7 Blue Card directive; art 5(2) Citizenship directive) and has been validated by ECJ (C-503/03 Commission vs Spain) It implies regulating visa policy which surpasses the legal basis of the ICT Directive. Moreover, long-term visa are not even covered by art 77 TFEU which only refers to short term visas.
7. Simplified procedures may be		5. Simplified procedures <b>related to</b>	Pending

made available to groups of undertakings that have been recognised for that purpose by Member States in accordance with their national legislation or administrative practice.		the issuance of intra-corporate transferee permits, and permits granted to family members of an intra-corporate transferee as well as visas may be made available to entities or to groups of undertakings that have been recognised for that purpose by Member States in accordance with their national legislation or administrative practice.  Recognition shall be regularly reassessed and appropriate penalties provided for, in accordance with national law.	EP insists that there should be some harmonised rules on the simplified procedures across Member States.  Council considers that simplified procedures can best be dealt with at national level also because national simplified procedures would be more beneficial to applicants than a harmonised procedure at EU level.
Recognition shall be granted for a maximum of three years on the basis of the following information:		deleted	Pending
(a) information relating to the financial standing of the group of undertakings aiming to ensure that the intra-corporate transferee will be guaranteed the required level of remuneration and rights as provided for in Article 14;	AM 66  (a) information relating to the financial standing of the group of undertakings aiming to ensure that the intra-corporate transferee will be guaranteed at least the level of remuneration and rights as provided for in Article 14;	deleted	Pending
(b) evidence that the conditions of admission regarding prior transfers have been complied with;	(b) evidence provided by the competent authority that the conditions of admission regarding prior transfers have been complied with;	deleted	Pending

(c) evidence that tax law and regulations have been complied with in the host country;		deleted	Pending
with in the nost country,	AM 68		
(d) information related to forthcoming transfers.	(d) information, <i>provided in a timely manner</i> , <i>relating</i> to forthcoming transfers.	deleted	Pending
8. The simplified procedures provided for in paragraph 7 shall consist of:		deleted	Pending
(a) exempting the applicant from presenting the documents referred to in Article 5 where they have been previously provided and are still valid;		deleted	Pending
	AM 69		
(b) a fast-track admission procedure allowing intra-corporate transferee permits to be issued within a shorter time than specified in Article 12(1);	(b) a fast-track admission procedure allowing intra-corporate transferee permits to be issued within <i>half the</i> time specified in Article 12(1);	deleted	Pending
or		deleted	
(c) specific facilitations for visas.		deleted	Pending
	AM 70		
9. A group of undertakings that has been recognised in accordance with paragraph 7 shall notify to the relevant authority any modification affecting the conditions for recognition.	9. A group of undertakings that has been recognised in accordance with paragraph 7 shall notify to the relevant authority any modification affecting the conditions for recognition, in a timely manner and, in any event, within no more than 30 days.	deleted	Pending

	AM 71		
10. Member States shall provide for appropriate penalties, including revocation of recognition, in the event of failure to provide the evidence and information referred	10. Member States shall provide for appropriate penalties, including revocation of recognition, in the event of failure to provide the evidence and information referred	deleted	Pending
to in paragraph 7.	to in paragraph 7, or in the event of failure to notify the authority, as laid down in paragraph 9.		
		Article 10A	
		Duration of an intra-corporate	
		transfer	
Cf Article 16(3).	Cf AM 39 on Article 16(3).	1. The maximum duration of the transfer to the European Union	EP could accept to add the last part of the Council's text.
		shall not exceed three years for	
		managers and specialists and one	
		year for graduate trainees after	
		which they shall return to a third	
		country unless they obtain a residence permit on another	
		basis in accordance with national	
		or Union legislation.	
		2. Member States may require a	Council understands the end of the
		certain time period of up to 3	intra corporate transfer as the end
		years to pass between the end of	of the maximum period of the ICT
		a transfer and another	permit.
		application concerning the same	1
		third-country national for the	Related to recitals (12a) and (12b)
		purposes of this Directive in the	
		same Member State.	
		3. An application for admission	
		to a Member State for the	
		purposes of this Directive may be	

		considered inadmissible if the	
		time period set in accordance	
		with paragraph 2 has not passed.	
Article 11		Article 11	
Intra-corporate transferee permit		Intra-corporate transferee permit	
1. Intra-corporate transferees who		1. Intra-corporate transferees who	Identical
fulfil the admission criteria set out		fulfil the admission criteria set out	
in Article 5 and for whom the		in Article 5 and for whom the	
competent authorities have taken a		competent authorities have taken a	
positive decision shall be issued		positive decision shall be issued	
with an intra-corporate transferee		with an intra-corporate transferee	
permit.		permit.	
	AM 39		
2. The period of validity of the	2. The period of validity of the	2. The period of validity of the	
intra-corporate transferee permit	intra-corporate transferee permit	intra-corporate transferee permit	
shall be at least one year or the	shall be at least one year or the	shall be at least one year or the	
duration of the transfer to the	duration of the transfer to the	duration of the transfer to the	
territory of the Member State	territory of the Member State	territory of the Member States	
concerned, whichever is shorter,	concerned, whichever is shorter,	concerned, whichever is shorter,	
and may be extended to a	and may be extended to a	and may be extended to a	
maximum of three years for	maximum of three years for	maximum of three years for	
managers and specialists and one	managers and specialists and one	managers and specialists and one	
year for graduate trainees.	year for <i>trainee employees</i> .	year for graduate trainees.	
3. The intra-corporate transferee		3. The intra-corporate transferee	Pending
permit shall be issued by the		permit shall be issued by the	
competent authorities of the		competent authorities of the	
Member State using the uniform		Member State using the uniform	
format as laid down in Council		format as laid down in Council	
Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002 . In		Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002 <sup>9</sup> .	
accordance with point (a) 7.5-9 of		[] (moved to point 6)	
the Annex to that Regulation,			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> OJ L 157, 15.6.2002, p. 1.

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Member States shall indicate on the residence permit information related to the permission to work under the conditions laid down in Article 13.	AM 72		
4. Under the heading 'type of permit', the Member States shall enter 'intra-corporate transferee' and the name of the group of undertakings concerned. Member States shall issue to the holder of an intra-corporate transferee permit an additional document containing a list of the entities authorised to host the third-country national and revise it whenever that list is modified.	4. The residence title must indicate that it is a residence permit for intra-corporate transferees.  Member States may issue to the holder of an intra-corporate transferee permit an additional document containing a list of the entities authorised to host the third-country national and revise it whenever that list is modified.	4. Under the heading []  'remarks', in accordance with point (a) 7.5-9 of the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002, the Member States shall enter 'intra-corporate transferee' [].	Pending  Council plans to have further discussion at technical level with expert advice.  The second sentence is under reservation from the Parliament (linked to mobility scheme).
5. Member States shall not issue any additional permits, in particular work permits of any kind.	AM 73 5. The residence permit for intra- corporate transfers shall be a single document. Member States may issue additional documents.	5. Member States shall not issue any additional permits, in particular work permits of any kind.  6. Member States may indicate	EP will check its AM and come back at technical level.
		6. Member States may indicate additional information related to the employment activity during intra-corporate transfer of the third-country national (such as the name and address of the host entity, place of work, name and address of the client, type of work, working hours, remuneration) in paper format,	Depending on the decision on paragraph 5, technical group suggests on the following text, as it is the same text as in the Single Permit.  6. Member States may indicate additional information related to the employment activity during intra-corporate transfer of the

		and/or store such data in electronic format as referred to in Article 4 of Regulation (EC) 1030/2002 and point (a)16 of its Annex thereto.	third-country national (such as the name and address of the host entity, place of work, type of work, working hours, remuneration) in paper format, and/or store such data in electronic format as referred to in Article 4 of Regulation (EC) 1030/2002 and point (a)16 of its Annex thereto.  Recital (21b) has been adapted accordingly.
		7. The Member State concerned shall grant third-country nationals whose application for admission has been accepted every facility to obtain the requisite visa.	Pending  Technical group suggests to transfer the provision from 10(6)  EP and Commission text to Article 11(7) since it is directly related to the issuance of the ICT permit.
Article 12 Procedural safeguards		Article 12 Procedural safeguards	
1 / occasi ai sayeguaras	AM 74	1 roccan an sayeguan as	
1. The competent authorities of the Member State concerned shall adopt a decision on the application for admission to a Member State as an intra-corporate transferee or for	1. The competent authorities of the Member State concerned shall adopt a decision on the application for admission to a Member State as an intra-corporate transferee or for	1. The competent authorities of the Member State concerned shall adopt a decision on the application for [] an intra-corporate transferee permit or a renewal of	EP cannot accept the deadline of 90 days suggested by Council considering this deadline particularly long.
revision of the additional document provided for in Article 11(4) and notify the applicant in writing, in accordance with the notification procedures laid down in the national law of the Member State	revision of the additional document provided for in Article 11(4) and notify the applicant in writing, in accordance with the notification procedures laid down in the national law of the Member State	it and notify the applicant in writing, in accordance with the notification procedures laid down in the national law of the Member State concerned, [] as soon as possible but no later than 90 days	Council prefers single time limit for applications above period for normal applications and extension for complex applications. Single time limit would be consistent with other legal instruments in the field

		<u></u>	<u></u>
concerned, within 30 days of the	concerned, within 30 days of the	of the complete application being	of mobility such as the Blue Card
complete application being lodged.	complete application being lodged.	lodged. []	directive.
In exceptional cases involving	In exceptional cases involving		A longer time limit is needed inter
complex applications including	complex applications including		alia because, in case of an ICT
applications concerning host	applications concerning host		permit, employment and
entities in several Member States,	entities in several Member States,		immigration authorities need to
the deadline may be extended for a	the deadline may be extended for a		coordinate.
maximum of a further 60 days.	maximum of a further 30 days.		
,	National law of the relevant	National law of the relevant	Technical group suggests to take
	Member State shall determine any	Member State shall determine	Council text but Commission
	consequence of a decision not	any consequence of a decision not	expressed certain doubts about
	having been taken by the end of	having been taken by the end of	appropriateness of this provisions.
	the period provided.	the period provided for in this	
		paragraph.	
	AM 75		
2. Where the information supplied	2. Where the information supplied	2. Where the information supplied	EP would like to provide for a
in support of the application is	in support of the application is	in support of the application is	specific period rather than leave it
inadequate, the competent	inadequate, the competent	inadequate, the competent	open.
authorities shall notify the applicant	authorities shall notify the	authorities shall notify the	
within a reasonable period of the	applicant within 30 days of the	applicant within a reasonable	
additional information that is	additional information that is	period of the additional	
required and set a reasonable	required and set a reasonable	information that is required and set	
deadline for providing it.	deadline for providing it.	a reasonable deadline for providing	
		it.	
	In the circumstances referred to in	The period referred to in	
	the first paragraph, the competent	paragraph 1 shall be suspended	
	authorities shall make a decision	until the authorities have	
	within 30 days of receipt of the	received the additional	
	requested supplementary	information or documents	
	information.	required. If additional	
		information or documents have	
		not been provided within the	
		deadline, the application may be	

	AM 76	rejected.  3. Reasons for a decision rejecting an application for an intra-corporate transferee permit, refusing modification or renewal shall be given in writing to the applicant. Reasons for a decision withdrawing an intra-corporate residence permit shall be given in writing to the intra-corporate transferee and, when the application for the intra-corporate transferee permit was lodged by the host entity, to the applicant.	Agreement on text below:  3. Reasons for a decision rejecting an application for an intracorporate transferee permit or refusing renewal shall be given in writing to the applicant. Reasons for a decision withdrawing an intra-corporate transferee permit shall be given in writing to both the intra-corporate transferee and the host entity.
3. Any decision rejecting an application or any decision not to renew or to withdraw intracorporate transferee permits, shall be notified in writing to the applicant and shall be open to a legal challenge in the Member State concerned, in accordance with national law. The notification shall specify the reasons for the decision, the possible redress procedures available and the time limit for taking action.	3. Any decision rejecting an application or any decision not to renew or to withdraw intracorporate transferee permits, shall be notified in writing to the applicant and shall be open to a [] challenge by means of administrative or judicial redress in the Member State concerned, in accordance with national law. The notification shall specify the reasons for the decision, the possible redress procedures available and the time limit for taking action.	4. Any decision rejecting the application, refusing renewal, or withdrawing an intra-corporate transferee permit shall be open to a legal challenge in the Member State concerned, in accordance with national law. The written notification shall specify the [] court and/or administrative authority where an appeal may be lodged and the time-limit for lodging the appeal.	Agreement on Council text which is in line with Article 8(2) of the Single Permit Directive.

		5. Within the period referred to	EP pointed out that the deadline for
		in Article 11(2) an applicant shall	deciding on renewal should be
		be allowed to lodge an	shorter than for the initial
		application for renewal before	application.
		the expiry of the intra-corporate	application.
		transferee permit. Member	Possibly clarification needed
		States may set a maximum	between time limit for submission
		deadline of 90 days prior to the	and time limit for processing the
		expiry of the intra-corporate	request for renewal.
		transferee permit for submitting	request for renewat.
		an application for renewal.	
		6. If the intra-corporate	This provision is important for
		transferee permit expires during	
		<b>1</b> 9	Council because of cases of appeal
		the procedure, Member States	against a negative decision where
		may issue, if required by national	applicants have not submitted the
		law, national temporary	application within the deadline.
		residence permits or equivalent	The issuance of a temporary
		authorisations, allowing the	residence permit enables the
		applicant to continue to stay	applicant to remain in the MS
		legally on its territory until a	territory until the appeal procedure
		decision on the application has	is completed.
		been taken by the competent	
		authorities.	
		Article 12A	
		Fees	
cfAM	25 on Recital 22a	Member States may require	Technical group suggests following
		applicants to pay fees for	compromise text:
		handling applications in	
		accordance with this Directive.	Member States may require
		The level of such fees shall be	[employers / applicants] to pay
		proportionate and may be based	fees for handling applications in
		on the services actually provided	accordance with this Directive.
		for the processing of applications	The level of such fees shall <u>not be</u>

	and the issuance of permits.	excessive or disproportionate proportionate and may be based on the services actually provided for the processing of applications and the issuance of permits.
		Payment by employer or by applicant still pending.
		Council considers that employer and applicant should agree among themselves about costs for fees without involvement of MS.
CHAPTER IV	CHAPTER IV	
RIGHTS	RIGHTS	
Article 13	Article 13	
Rights on the basis of the intra-	Rights on the basis of the intra-	
corporate transferee permit	corporate transferee permit	
During the period of validity of an	During the period of validity of an	Identical
intra-corporate transferee permit,	intra-corporate transferee permit,	
the holder shall enjoy at least the	the holder shall enjoy at least the	
following rights:	following rights:	
1. the right to enter and stay in the	1. the right to enter and stay in the	Identical
territory of the Member State	territory of the Member State	
issuing the permit;	issuing the permit;	
2. free access to the entire territory	2. free access to the entire territory	Identical
of the Member State issuing the	of the Member State issuing the	
permit within the limits provided	permit within the limits provided	
for by national law;	for by national law;	

2 41	T	2 4	<u> </u>
3. the right to exercise the specific		3. the right to exercise the specific	
employment activity authorised		employment activity authorised	Pending
under the permit in accordance		under the permit in accordance	
with national law in any other		with national law in any host entity	
entity belonging to the group of		belonging to the group of	
undertakings listed in the additional		undertakings [] in the Member	
document provided for in Article		State issuing the permit and in	
11(4) in accordance with Article		second Member States in	
16;		accordance with Article 16 as long	
		as the employment relationship is	
		maintained with an undertaking	
		established in a third country.	
	AM 77		
4. the right to carry out his/her	4. the right to carry out his/her	deleted	Council does not support AM 77 as
assignment at the sites of clients of	assignment at the sites of clients		it enlarges the scope of the
the entities belonging to the group	and potential business partners of	See Recital 21b in the Council text.	directive.
of undertakings listed in the	the entities belonging to the group		
additional document provided for	of undertakings listed in the		Council considers that addition of
in Article 11 (4), as long as the	additional document provided for		phrase "potential business
employment relationship is	in Article 11 (4), as long as the		partners" is sufficiently addressed
maintained with the undertaking	employment relationship is		in recital (21b).
established in a third country.	maintained with the undertaking		
	established in a third country.		
Article 14		Article 14	exclusive EMPL competence on
Rights		Right to equal treatment	whole Article (except last
			paragraph)
	AM 78		
Whatever the law applicable to the	Whatever the law applicable to the	1. Whatever the law applicable to	EP insists on equal treatment with
employment relationship, intra-	employment relationship, intra-	the employment relationship, intra-	nationals of the host MS.
corporate transferees shall be	corporate transferees shall be	corporate transferees [] admitted	
entitled to:	entitled to <i>equal treatment with</i>	under this Directive shall enjoy	Council considers that workers
1. the terms and conditions of	nationals of the host Member	equal treatment with persons	posted from third countries should
employment applicable to posted	State as regards:	covered by Directive 96/71/EC	be treated in the same manner as

workers in a similar situation, as	1. the terms and conditions of	with regard to the terms and	workers posted within the EU.
laid down by law, regulation or	employment [] as laid down by	conditions of employment	
administrative provision and/or	law, regulation or administrative	applicable to posted workers in a	EP is against linking the ICT
universally applicable collective	provision and/or <i>arbitration</i>	similar situation in accordance	Directive to Directive 96/71/EC.
agreements in the Member State to	awards and collective agreements	with Article 3 of Directive	EP finds that the latter should be
which they have been admitted	applicable at the workplace in the	96/71/EC in the Member State	reviewed as it has been interpreted
pursuant to this Directive.	Member State <i>in</i> which they <i>are</i>	where the work is carried out;	to provide for minimum rules of
	currently working.		protection only.
In the absence of a system for	[]	deleted	Identical
declaring collective agreements to			
be of universal application,			
Member States may, if they so			
decide, base themselves on			
collective agreements which are			
generally applicable to all similar			
undertakings in the geographical			
area and in the profession or			
industry concerned, and/or			
collective agreements which have			
been concluded by the most			
representative employers' and			
labour organisations at national			
level and which are applied			
throughout national territory.			
2. equal treatment with nationals of	[]	2. Intra-corporate transferees	
the host Member State as regards:		shall enjoy equal treatment with	
		nationals of the host Member State	
		as regards:	
(a) freedom of association and	2. freedom of association and	(a) freedom of association and	EP has included a similar
affiliation and membership of an	affiliation and membership of an	affiliation and membership of an	amendment in art 16 SWD where it
organisation representing workers	organisation representing workers	organisation representing workers	adds a clarification of what is
or employers or of any organisation	or employers or of any organisation	or employers or of any	meant by "rights": " inter alia the
whose members are engaged in a	whose members are engaged in a	organisation whose members are	right to negotiate and conclude

specific occupation, including the benefits conferred by such organisations, without prejudice to the national provisions on public policy and public security;	specific occupation, including the benefits <i>and rights</i> conferred by such organisations, without prejudice to the national provisions on public policy and public security;	engaged in a specific occupation, including the benefits conferred by such organisations, without prejudice to the national provisions on public policy and public security;	collective agreements and the right to strike and take industrial action, in accordance with the host Member State's national law and practices".  Council could accept EP AM subject to redrafting.
(b) recognition of diplomas, certificates and other professional qualifications in accordance with the relevant national procedures;	3. recognition of diplomas, certificates and other professional qualifications in accordance with the relevant national procedures.	(b) recognition of diplomas, certificates and other professional qualifications in accordance with the relevant national procedures;	Identical as for substance
(c) without prejudice to existing bilateral agreements, provisions in national law regarding the branches of social security defined in Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 883/04. In the event of mobility between Member States and without prejudice to existing bilateral agreements, Council Regulation (EC) No 859/2003 shall apply accordingly;	4. branches of social security as defined in Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 without prejudice to existing bilateral agreements providing for better conditions. Each Member State remains responsible, in the absence of harmonisation at Union level, for laying down in its legislation, in compliance with Union law, the non-discriminatory rules governing the granting of social security benefits, as well as the amount and duration of such benefits. In the event of mobility between Member States Regulation (EC) No 1231/2010 or, where still applicable, Council Regulation (EC) No 859/2003 of 14 May 2003 extending the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No	(c) [] provisions in national law regarding the branches of social security defined in Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 883/04, with the exception of family benefits, unless the legislation of the country of origin applies by virtue of bilateral agreements or the national legislation of the host Member State, ensuring that the intra-corporate transferee is covered by the social security legislation in one of these countries. In the event of mobility between Member States [] Council Regulation (EC) No [] 1231/2010 shall apply accordingly;	EP cannot support the exclusion of family benefits from the scope of this Article.

(d) without prejudice to Regulation (EC) No 859/2003 and to existing bilateral agreements, payment of statutory pensions based on the worker's previous employment when moving to a third country;	1408/71 and Regulation (EEC) No 574/72 to nationals of third countries who are not already covered by those provisions solely on the ground of their nationality shall apply accordingly, without prejudice to existing bilateral agreements providing for better conditions;  Third-country workers moving to a third country, or the survivors of such workers residing in a third-country deriving rights from the worker, shall receive, in relation to old-age, invalidity and death, statutory pensions based on the workers' previous employment and acquired in accordance with the legislation set out in Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 883/2004, under the same conditions and at	(d) without prejudice to []  Council Regulation (EC)  1231/2010 and to existing bilateral agreements, payment of statutory pensions based on the worker's previous employment and acquired in accordance with the legislation referred to in Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 883/2004, under the same conditions and the same rates as the nationals of the Member States concerned	Council cannot accept EP AM.  Council refers to survivors' pensions in Recital 23.
	the same rates as the nationals of the Member States concerned when they move to a third country;	when moving to a third country;	
(e) access to goods and services and the supply of goods and services made available to the public, except public housing and counselling services afforded by employment services.	5. access to goods and services and the supply of goods and services made available to the public, except public housing and <i>public</i> employment services.	(e) access to goods and services and the supply of goods and services made available to the public, except [] procedures for obtaining housing as provided for by national law, without prejudice to the freedom of contract in accordance with Union and national law, and []	Technical meeting discussed the following text:  (e) access to goods and services and the supply of goods and services made available to the public, except [] procedures for obtaining housing as provided for by national law, without prejudice to the freedom of

		services afforded by employment offices.	contract in accordance with Union and national law, and [] services afforded by public employment offices.
The right to equal treatment laid down in paragraph 2 shall be without prejudice to the right of the Member State to withdraw or to refuse to renew the permit in accordance with Article 7.	The right to equal treatment laid down in <i>this Article</i> shall be without prejudice to the right of the Member State to withdraw or to refuse to renew the permit in accordance with Article 7.	3. [] This Article shall be without prejudice to the right of the Member State to withdraw or to refuse to renew the permit in accordance with Article 7.	exclusive competence LIBE  Council maintains position considering that "This Article" better covers the right to equal treatment and the exceptions to that right laid down in Article 14.
Article 15 Family members	<sup>1</sup> OJ L 124, 20.5.2003, p. 1.	Article 15 Family members	
1. Council Directive 2003/86/EC shall apply, subject to the derogations laid down in this Article.		1. Council Directive 2003/86/EC shall apply in the Member States which issued the intra-corporate transferee permit, subject to the derogations laid down in this Article.	Pending
2. By way of derogation from Articles 3(1) and 8 of Directive 2003/86/EC, family reunification in the first Member State shall not be made dependent on the requirement that the holder of the permit issued on the basis of this Directive must have reasonable prospects of obtaining the right of permanent residence and have a minimum period of residence.	AM 79  2. By way of derogation from Articles 3(1) and 8 of Directive 2003/86/EC, family reunification [] shall not be made dependent on the requirement that the holder of the permit issued on the basis of this Directive must have reasonable prospects of obtaining the right of permanent residence and have a minimum period of residence.	2. By way of derogation from Articles 3(1) and 8 of Directive 2003/86/EC, family reunification in the [] Member State shall not be made dependent on the requirement that the holder of the permit issued by that Member State on the basis of this Directive must have reasonable prospects of obtaining the right of permanent residence and have a minimum period of residence.	In the view of EP, family reunification should be possible in any of the MS to which the ICT is transferred. The issue is linked to different mobility schemes proposed by each of the Institutions.

3. By way of derogation from the last subparagraph of Article 4(1) and from Article 7(2) of Directive 2003/86/EC, the integration measures referred to therein may be applied by the first Member State only after the persons concerned have been granted family reunification.  4. By way of derogation from the first subparagraph of Article 5(4) of Directive 2003/86/EC, residence permits for family members shall be granted by the first Member State, if the conditions for family reunification are fulfilled, at the latest within two months from the date on which the application was lodged.	AM 80  4. By way of derogation from the first subparagraph of Article 5(4) of Directive 2003/86/EC, residence permits for family members shall be granted by the first Member State, if the conditions for family reunification are fulfilled. The competent authority of the first Member State shall process the residence permit application for the intra-corporate transferee's family members at the same time as the intra-corporate transferee permit application. In more complex cases, the procedure shall be completed at the latest within two months from the date on which the application was lodged.	3. By way of derogation from the last subparagraph of Article 4(1) and from Article 7(2) of Directive 2003/86/EC, the integration measures referred to therein may be applied by the [] Member State only after the persons concerned have been granted family reunification.  4. By way of derogation from the first subparagraph of Article 5(4) of Directive 2003/86/EC, residence permits for family members shall be granted by the Member State, if the conditions for family reunification are fulfilled, [] within [] 90 days from the date on which the complete application was lodged. The procedural safeguards laid down in Article 12 apply accordingly.	EP and Council agree that application of ICT and permit for family member should be processed in parallel.
5. By way of derogation from Article 13(2) and (3) of Directive 2003/86/EC, the duration of validity of the residence permits of family members in the first		5. By way of derogation from Article 13(2) [] of Directive 2003/86/EC, the duration of validity of the residence permits of family members in the [] Member	Council can agree to redraft the provision to clarify that permits for family members should not exceed the duration of ICT permits.

Member State shall be the same as that of the intra-corporate transferee permit, insofar as the period of validity of their travel documents allows.		State [] may be the same as that of the intra-corporate transferee permit [].	
	AM 81 5a. By way of derogation from Article 14(2) of Directive 2003/86/EC and without prejudice to the principle of Union preference, the family members of an intra-corporate transferee who have been granted family reunification shall be entitled to take up employment or selfemployment in the territory of the Member State which issued the intra-corporate transferee permit for the same duration as the transferee.	6. By way of derogation from Article 14(1)(b) of Directive 2003/86/EC the family members of the intra-corporate transferee who have been granted family reunification shall be entitled to have access to employment and self-employed activity, in the territory of the Member State which issued the intra-corporate transferee permit.	EP insists on the derogation from Article 14(2) of Directive 2003/86/EC which allows MS to impose a time limit before access to the labour market is granted to family members.  Council can accept EP AM 81 subject to redrafting as regards the principle of Community preference in alignment with art 6 (2) SWD).  " without prejudice to the principle of Union Preference as expressed in the relevant provisions of the Act of Accession of 2005".
CHAPTER V MOBILITY BETWEEN MEMBER STATES		CHAPTER V MOBILITY BETWEEN MEMBER STATES	
Article 16 Mobility between Member States		Article 16 <b>Provisions governing short-term</b> mobility	EP cannot support the scheme proposed by the Council which it finds overly complex. It encourages the Council to agree on a simpler solution that is based on mutual trust between MS.

	AM 82		
1. Third-country nationals who have been granted an intracorporate transferee permit in a first Member State, who fulfil the criteria for admission as set out in Article 5 and who apply for an intra-corporate transferee permit in another Member State shall be allowed to work in any other entity established in that Member State and belonging to the same group of undertakings and at the sites of clients of that host entity if the conditions set out in Article 13(4) are fulfilled, on the basis of the residence permit issued by the first Member State and the additional document provided for in Article 11(4), provided that:	1. Third-country nationals who have been granted an intracorporate transferee permit in a first Member State [] shall be allowed to work in any other entity established in <i>another</i> Member State and belonging to the same group of undertakings and at the sites of clients of that host entity if the conditions set out in Article 13(4) are fulfilled, on the basis of the residence permit issued by the first Member State and the additional document provided for in Article 11(4) [].	deleted	(Correction in EP text: " if the conditions set out in Article 13(3) are fulfilled").
(a) the duration of the transfer in the other Member State(s) does not exceed twelve months;	2. The duration of the transfer in the other Member State(s) does not exceed half of the overall duration of the intra-corporate transferee permit.		
(b) the applicant has submitted to the competent authority of the other Member State, before his or her transfer to that Member State, the documents referred to in Article 5(1) (2) and (3) relating to the transfer to that Member State and has provided evidence of such	3. The intra-corporate transferee shall notify the competent authority of the first Member State and the host entity in the other Member State shall notify the competent authority of that other Member States.	deleted	

submission to the first Member State.			
2. If the duration of the transfer in the other Member State exceeds twelve months-, the other Member State may require a new application for a residence permit as an intracorporate transferee in that Member State.	4. Within 30 days of notification, that other Member State may refuse mobility in addition to the provisions referred to in Article 6(3), if the host entity was established for the sole purpose of facilitating the entry of intracorporate transferees, if the intracorporate transferee has committed a serious breach of legal provisions or a crime, or if the intra-corporate transferee is considered to pose a threat to public policy, public security or public health.	deleted	Clarification by EP: the ICT can move straight after notification but the MS concerned has 30 days to refuse mobility.
Where the relevant legislation requires a visa or residence permit for exercising mobility, such visas or permits shall be granted in a timely manner within a period that does not hamper pursuit of the assignment, whilst leaving the competent authorities sufficient time to process the applications.	5. In the event of mobility of the intra-corporate transferee in accordance with this Article, the host country principle shall be applied.	deleted	Clarification by EP: "the host country principle" means that the legislation of the host MS applies.
Member States shall not require intra-corporate transferees to leave their territory in order to submit applications for visas or residence permits.		deleted	

	AM 39		
3. The maximum duration of the	3. The maximum duration of the	Cf Article 10A(1)	
transfer to the European Union	transfer to the European Union		
shall not exceed three years for	shall not exceed three years for		
managers and specialists and one	managers and specialists and one		
year for graduate trainees.	year for trainee employees.		
		1. When the intra-corporate	
		transferee intends to work in the	
		same group of undertakings and	
		in the same position in a second	
		Member State for a period of up	
		to 90 days in any 180-day period,	
		the transfer may take place on	
		the basis of the intra-corporate	
		transferee permit issued by the	
		first Member State during its	
		validity under the conditions set	
		out in paragraphs 2 and 3.	
		2. The host entity of the second	
		Member State shall notify the	
		competent authorities of the first	
		Member State and the second	
		Member State before the	
		transfer. This notification shall	
		take place at least 20 days prior	
		to the intended transfer by	
		sending in the documentation	
		required by the second Member	
		State if paragraph 3(b) is	
		applicable. The second Member	
		State may determine which	
		documents have to be presented	
		proving the fulfilment of the	

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criteria set out in paragraph 3(b).
3. The second Member State shall
choose either to:
a) decide in accordance with
national law that the transfer can
be initiated immediately after the
notification has taken place or;
b) based on the notification,
examine the documentation
within 20 days from having
received it. If the second Member
State does not react within that
time period, the transfer may be
initiated. The second Member
State may reject the transfer in
accordance with national law by
informing the host entity within
20 days from having received the
documentation if:
i. the intra-corporate transferee
is considered to pose a threat to
public policy, public security or
public health in the second
Member State,
ii. the terms and conditions of
employment set out in Article
5(1)(a), 5(2) and (2a) in the
second Member State are not
fulfilled,
iii. where the documents
presented have been fraudulently
acquired, falsified or tampered
with;
WILLI,

iv. the time period, which a
Member State may require in
accordance with Article 10A(2),
has not expired in the second
Member State or,
v. the volumes of admission of
third-country nationals entering
the territory of the second
Member State have been
exhausted.
4. If the second Member State
has not been notified in
accordance with paragraph 2, or
the grounds set out in paragraph
1 or 3(b) are no longer complied
with, or if the intra-corporate
transferee permit is used for
purposes other than that for
which it was issued, or the
transfer has been initiated before
the expiry of the notification
period or in spite of the rejection
from the second Member State,
the second Member State may
take the following measures:
(a) by national legislation require
that the intra-corporate
transferee and or the host entity
in the second Member State has
to apply for an intra-corporate
transferee permit with the
competent authorities of that
second Member State, and that

the employment activity must
stop until a final decision has
been made in accordance with
Article 16A and/or,
(b) impose effective,
proportionate and dissuasive
sanctions against the host entity
and/or,
(c) inform the authorities of the
first Member State accordingly.
5. Where the relevant legislation
provides for the requirement for
a visa for exercising short-term
mobility, such a visa shall be
granted in a timely manner
within a period that does not
hamper the transfer.
6. The second Member State may
require registrations to be
carried out in accordance with
national law when the intra-
corporate transferee enters the
territory of the second Member
State with the purpose of work.
The second Member State may
indicate additional information
specified under Article 11(6) as
proof of such registration.
7. In case the intra-corporate
transferee permit is renewed by
the first Member State within the
maximum duration, the renewed
intra-corporate transferee

permit continues to authorise its
holder to work in the second
Member State(s) notified.
8. In case the first Member State
withdraws the intra-corporate
transferee permit, the authorities
of the second Member State(s)
shall be informed by the
authorities of the first Member
State host entity or the intra-
corporate transferee
immediately.
Article 16A
Provisions governing long-term
mobility
1. If the third-country national
who intends to work in a second
Member State for more than 90
days within any 180-day period,
an application for a new intra-
corporate transferee permit shall
be lodged to the authorities of the
second Member State and
present all the documents
proving the fulfilment of the
criteria set out in Article 5.
The application may be
presented to the competent
authorities of the second Member
State outside the territories of the
European Union or while
residing in the territory of the
first or the second Member State.

2. If the third-country national
has already been granted an
intra-corporate transferee
permit the second Member State
may decide not to verify certain
criteria for admission and/or
may allow the intra-corporate
transferee to work until a
positive decision on the
application has been taken by its
competent authority.
3. In cases where long-term
mobility in Article 16A has been
initiated and the intra-corporate
transferee subsequently intends
to use the provisions of short-
term mobility set out in Article
16 "the second Member State" in
accordance with Article 16A
shall be understood as "the first
Member State" in accordance
with Article 16.
4. The second Member State
issuing or withdrawing a new
intra-corporate transferee
permit shall inform the first
Member State, in cases where the
intra-corporate transferee
permit issued by the first
Member State is still valid.
5. Articles 5A, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 10A,
11, 12 and 12A shall apply
accordingly.

CHAPTER VI		CHAPTER VI	
final provisions		final provisions	
Article 17		Article 17	Agreement on the following text
Statistics		Statistics	
	AM 39		
1. Member States shall	1. Member States shall	1. Member States shall, <b>in</b>	1. Member States shall
communicate to the Commission	communicate to the Commission	accordance with Regulation (EC)	communicate to the Commission
statistics on the number of	statistics on the number of	No 862/2007, communicate to the	statistics on the number of <i>intra</i> -
residence permits issued for the	residence permits issued for the	Commission statistics on the	corporate transferee permits issued
first time or renewed and, as far as	first time or renewed and, as far as	number of [] third-country	for the first time and, as far as
possible, on the number of	possible, on the number of	nationals who have been granted	possible, on the number of <i>intra</i> -
residence permits withdrawn for	residence permits withdrawn for	an intra-corporate transferee	corporate transferees whose
the purpose of intra-corporate	the purpose of intra-corporate	<b>permits and</b> , as far as possible, on	permit has been extended,
transfer to persons who are third-	transfer to persons who are third-	the number of [] third-country	renewed or withdrawn. These
country nationals, disaggregated by	country nationals, disaggregated by	nationals whose intra-corporate	statistics shall be disaggregated by
citizenship, age and sex, by	citizenship, age and sex, by	transferee permit has been	citizenship, the length of validity of
transferee position (manager,	transferee position (manager,	renewed or withdrawn, []	the permit and, as far as possible,
specialist and graduate trainee), by	specialist and <i>trainee employee</i> ),	during the previous calendar	by the economic sector <i>and</i>
length of validity of the permit and	by length of validity of the permit	year, indicating their nationality	transferee position.
by economic sector.	and by economic sector.	and, as far as possible, their	
		transferee position according to	
		this Directive.	
2. The statistics referred to in		deleted	2. The statistics refereed to
paragraph 1 shall be communicated			paragraph 1 shall relate to reference
in accordance with Regulation (EC)			periods of one calendar year and
No 862/2007 .			shall be <i>communicated</i> to the
			Commission within six months of
			the end of the reference year. The
			first reference year shall be [the
			year following the point of time
			referred to in Article 20(1)].

2 The statistics referred to in	3. The statistics referred to in
	paragraph 1 shall be communicated
1 0 1	
	in accordance with Regulation (EC)
	No 862/2007 of the European
	Parliament and of the Council.
•	
Article 18	
Reports	
By [three years after the date of	Identical
transposition of this Directive] at	
the latest and every three years	
thereafter, the Commission shall	
submit a report to the European	
Parliament and the Council on the	
application of this Directive in the	
Member States including any	
necessary proposal.	
Article 19	Pending on elements.
[] Cooperation on information	
	Agreement on the following text,
	with a reservation of the
	Parliament on the reference to
	Article 16A
	·
	Article 19
	Cooperation between contact
	points
	By [three years after the date of transposition of this Directive] at the latest and every three years thereafter, the Commission shall submit a report to the European Parliament and the Council on the application of this Directive in the Member States including any necessary proposal.

1. Member States shall appoint	1. Member States shall appoint	Member States shall appoint
contact points which shall be	contact points which shall be	contact points which shall
responsible for receiving and	responsible for receiving and	cooperate effectively and be
		responsible for receiving and
transmitting the information needed	transmitting the information needed	1 1
to implement Article 16.	to implement Article 16 and 16A.	transmitting the information needed
	Member States shall give	to implement Article 16 [and 16A].
	preference to exchange of	Member States shall give
	information via electronic means.	preference to exchange of
	2.26 1 2 2 1 1	information via electronic means.
2. Member States shall provide	2. Member States shall provide	-
appropriate cooperation on	appropriate cooperation on	
exchanges of the information and	exchanges of the information and	
documentation referred to in	documentation referred to in	
paragraph 1.	paragraph 1. Such procedural	
	cooperation shall be effectively	
	carried out especially when the	
	application has not been lodged	
	with the designated authorities of	
	the Member State having	
	competence within the meaning	
	of this Directive.	
Article 20	Article 20	
Transposition	Transposition	
1. Member States shall bring into	1. Member States shall bring into	EP wants transposition deadline of
force the laws, regulations and	force the laws, regulations and	two years after the entry into force
administrative provisions necessary	administrative provisions necessary	pointing to the Single Permit and
to comply with this Directive by	to comply with this Directive by	the Blue Card Directives.
[two years after the entry into	[[] three years after the entry into	
force] at the latest. They shall	force] at the latest. They shall	
forthwith communicate to the	forthwith communicate to the	
Commission the text of those	Commission the text of those	
provisions and a correlation table	provisions [].	
between those provisions and this		

Directive.	
When Member States adopt those	When Member States adopt those
provisions, they shall contain a	provisions, they shall contain a
reference to this Directive or be	reference to this Directive or be
accompanied by such reference on	accompanied by such reference on
the occasion of their official	the occasion of their official
publication. Member States shall	publication. Member States shall
determine how such reference is to	determine how such reference is to
be made.	be made.
2. Member States shall	2. Member States shall
communicate to the Commission	communicate to the Commission
the text of the main provisions of	the text of the main provisions of
national law which they adopt in	national law which they adopt in
the field covered by this Directive.	the field covered by this Directive.
Article 21	Article 21
Entry into force	Entry into force
This Directive shall enter into force	This Directive shall enter into force
on the [] day following that of its	on the [] day following that of its
publication in the Official Journal	publication in the Official Journal
of the European Union.	of the European Union.
Article 22	Article 22
Addressees	Addressees
This Directive is addressed to the	This Directive is addressed to the
Member States in accordance with	Member States in accordance with
the Treaty on the Functioning of	the Treaty on the Functioning of
the European Union.	the European Union.
Done at Brussels, [ ]	Done at Brussels, [ ]
For the European Parliament For	For the European Parliament For
the Council	the Council
The President The President	The President The President

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