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LIMITE

VISA 198 CODEC 853 COMIX 440

NOTE

From:	Presidency
To:	Visa Working Party
No. prev. doc.:	9697/16 VISA 177 CODEC 793 COMIX 419
No. Cion doc.:	8401/14 (COM(2014) 164 final) + ADD 1
Subject:	Draft Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Union Code on Visas (Visa Code) (recast)

With a view to the meeting of the Visa Working Party on 14 June and taken into account the outcome of the meeting of the JHA Counsellors on 6 June 2016, the Presidency suggests the compromise amendments as set out in the fourth column in the attached table.

Article 2(9) and (16), Article 3(1), (2), (5b), (5c) and (8)(b), Article 7(3), Article 8(1), (6) and (6a), Article 14a(5a), Article18(5), Article 40(2a), Article 41(12), Article 46(3) and Article 48 have been <u>amended</u>.

Furthermore, it is suggested to <u>maintain the Council position</u> in Article 2(6),(7),(8) and (12), in Article 3(3), (4), (5), (6), (7) and (8)(f), in Article 5(1) and (2), in Article 7(2), in Article 8(3), (4), (5) and (7), in Article 9(1), (2) and (3), in Article 10(1) and (2), in Article 13a/14a, (7) and (8), in Article 18(8), in Article 32(1a), in Article 43(3), in Article 49, in Article 54(1) and (4) and <u>to reject</u> Article 47a (amendment 145) as suggested by the EP.

Changes to the original Commission proposal are marked in **bold**.

Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on the Union Code on Visas (Visa Code) (recast)			
COMMISSION PROPOSAL	COUNCIL POSITION	LIBE AMENDMENTS	COMPROMISE
Proposal for a	Proposal for a	Proposal for a	
REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL establishing a Community ⊠ on the	REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL	REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL	
Union 🖾 Code on Visas (Visa Code)	on the Union Code on Visas (Visa Code) (recast)	on the Union Code on Visas (Visa Code) (recast)	
THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION ,			
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community \Box on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU) \Box particular Article $62 \Box 77 \Box(2)(a)$ and $(b)(ii)$ thereof,			
Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,			
After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national Parliaments,			
Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ ,			
Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,			



Whereas:			
TITLE I	TITLE I	TITLE I	
GENERAL PROVISIONS	GENERAL PROVISIONS	GENERAL PROVISIONS	
Article 1	Article 1	Article 1	
Objective ⊠ Subject matter ≪ and scope	Subject matter and scope	Subject matter and scope	
		Amendment 27	
 This Regulation establishes the procedures and conditions ⊠ conditions and procedures ⊠ for issuing visas for transit through or intended stays on the territory of the Member States not exceeding 90 days in any 180-day ☑ days < period. 	1. This Regulation establishes the conditions and procedures for issuing visas for intended stays on the territory of the Member States not exceeding 90 days in any 180 days period.	 This Regulation establishes the conditions and procedures for issuing visas for intended stays on the territory of the Member States not exceeding 90 days in any 180 days period. This Regulation, including the provision on an intended stay not exceeding 90 days, shall apply without prejudice to a possible application for international protection on the territory of the Member States and to the rights of refugees and persons requesting international protection, in particular as regards non- refoulement. 	

2. The provisions of this Regulation shall apply to any third-country national who must be in possession of a visa when crossing the external borders of the Member States pursuant to Council Regulation (EC) No 539/2001 <u>of 15</u> <u>March 2001 listing the third countries</u> <u>whose nationals must be in possession</u> <u>of visas when crossing the external</u> <u>borders and those whose nationals are</u> <u>exempt from that requirement</u> ¹ , without prejudice to:	2. The provisions of this Regulation shall apply to any third-country national who must be in possession of a visa when crossing the external borders of the Member States pursuant to Council Regulation (EC) No 539/2001, without prejudice to:	2. The provisions of this Regulation shall apply to any third-country national who must be in possession of a visa when crossing the external borders of the Member States pursuant to Council Regulation (EC) No 539/2001, without prejudice to:	
(a) the rights of free movement enjoyed	(a) the rights of free movement	(a) the rights of free movement	
by third-country nationals who are	enjoyed by third-country nationals	enjoyed by third-country nationals	
family members of citizens of the	who are family members of citizens	who are family members of citizens	
Union;	of the Union;	of the Union;	
(b) the equivalent rights enjoyed by	(b) the equivalent rights enjoyed by	(b) the equivalent rights enjoyed by	
third-country nationals and their family	third-country nationals and their	third-country nationals and their	
members, who, under agreements	family members, who, under	family members, who, under	
between the Union and its Member	agreements between the Union and	agreements between the Union and	
States, on the one hand, and these third	its Member States, on the one hand,	its Member States, on the one hand,	
countries, on the other, enjoy rights of	and these third countries, on the	and these third countries, on the	
free movement equivalent to those of	other, enjoy rights of free movement	other, enjoy rights of free movement	
Union citizens and members of their	equivalent to those of Union citizens	equivalent to those of Union citizens	
families.	and members of their families.	and members of their families.	

Council Regulation (EC) No 539/2001 of 15 March 2001 listing the third countries whose nationals must be in possession of visas when crossing the external borders and those whose nationals are exempt from that requirement (OJ L 81, 21.3.2001, p. 1).

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3. This Regulation also lists the third countries whose nationals are required to hold an airport transit visa by way of exception from the principle of free transit laid down in Annex 9 to the Chicago Convention on International Civil Aviation, and establishes the procedures and conditions is conditions and procedures I for issuing visas for the purpose of transit through the international transit areas of Member States' airports.	3. This Regulation lists the third countries whose nationals are required to hold an airport transit visa by way of exception from the principle of free transit laid down in Annex 9 to the Chicago Convention on International Civil Aviation, and establishes the conditions and procedures for issuing visas for the purpose of transit through the international transit areas of Member States' airports.	3. This Regulation lists the third countries whose nationals are required to hold an airport transit visa by way of exception from the principle of free transit laid down in Annex 9 to the Chicago Convention on International Civil Aviation, and establishes the conditions and procedures for issuing visas for the purpose of transit through the international transit areas of Member States' airports.	
Definitions	Definitions	Definitions	
2 01111010115	Definitions	Demintions	
For the purpose of this Regulation the following definitions shall apply:	For the purpose of this Regulation the following definitions shall apply:	For the purpose of this Regulation the following definitions shall apply:	
For the purpose of this Regulation the	For the purpose of this Regulation	For the purpose of this Regulation	

 (a) transit through or an intended stay on the territory of the Member States of a duration of no more than 90 days in any 180-day is any 180-day is days and the period; (a) transit through or an intended stay on a statement of the member of the period; (a) transit through or an intended stay on the territory of the member of the membe	(a) an intended stay on the territory of the Member States of a duration of no more than 90 days in any 180 days period; or	(a) an intended stay on the territory of the Member States of a duration of no more than 90 days in any 180 days period; or	
(b) transit through the international	(b) transit through the international	(b) transit through the international	
transit areas of airports of the Member	transit areas of airports of the	transit areas of airports of the	
States;	Member States;	Member States;	
3.'uniform visa' means a visa valid for	3.'uniform visa' means a visa valid	3.'uniform visa' means a visa valid	
the entire territory of the Member	for the entire territory of the Member	for the entire territory of the Member	
States;	States;	States;	
4. 'visa with limited territorial validity'	4. 'visa with limited territorial	4. 'visa with limited territorial	
means a visa valid for the territory of	validity' means a visa valid for the	validity' means a visa valid for the	
one or more Member States but not all	territory of one or more Member	territory of one or more Member	
Member States;	States but not all Member States;	States but not all Member States;	
5. 'airport transit visa' means a visa	5. 'airport transit visa' means a visa	5.'airport transit visa' means a visa	
valid for transit through the	valid for transit through the	valid for transit through the	
international transit areas of one or	international transit areas of one or	international transit areas of one or	
more airports of the Member States;	more airports of the Member States;	more airports of the Member States;	
		Amendment 28	

6. 'touring visa' means a visa as defined in Article 3(2) of [Regulation No/];	6. <u>['touring visa']</u> means a visa as defined in Article 3(2) of [Regulation No/];	6. 'touring visa' means an authorisation issued by a Member State with a view to an intended stay in the territory of two or more Member States for a duration of 12 months in any 15-month period, provided that the applicant does not stay for more than 90 days in any 180-day period in the territory of the same Member State;	Council position
7. 'close relatives' means the spouse, children, parents, persons exercising parental authority, grandparents and grandchildren;	7. ()	7. 'close relatives' means the spouse, children, parents, persons exercising parental authority, grandparents and grandchildren;	Council position
		Amendment 29	
8.'VIS registered applicant' means an applicant whose data are registered in the Visa Information System;	8. "VIS registered applicant" means a visa applicant whose data are registered in the Visa Information System;	8.'VIS registered <i>visa</i> applicant' means an applicant whose data are registered in the Visa Information System;	Council position
		Amendment 30	

9.'VIS registered regular traveller' means a visa applicant who is registered in the Visa Information System and who has obtained two visas within the 12 months prior to the application;	9. "VIS registered regular traveller" means a visa applicant whose data are registered in the Visa Information System and who has obtained at least three uniform visas or visas with limited territorial validity issued in accordance with Article 22(3) within the 24 months prior to the application or one multiple-entry uniform visa or visa with limited territorial validity issued in accordance with Article 22(3) valid for at least one year within the 36 months prior to the application;	9. 'VIS registered regular traveller' means a visa applicant <i>whose data</i> is registered in the Visa Information System and who has obtained <i>and</i> <i>lawfully used three</i> visas within the 30 months prior to the application <i>or</i> <i>one multiple entry visa</i> ;	 "VIS registered regular traveller" means a visa applicant whose data are registered in the Visa Information System and who has obtained at least A) 1) three uniform visas or 2) three visas with limited territorial validity issued in accordance with Article 22(3) within the 24 months prior to the application or B) 1) one multiple-entry uniform visa or 2) one visa with limited territorial validity issued in accordance with Article 22(3) within the 24 months prior to the application or
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$\frac{\underline{610}}{10}$ 'visa sticker' means the uniform format for visas as defined by Council Regulation (EC) No 1683/95 $\underline{\underline{of 29 May}}$ $\underline{\underline{1995} \underline{laying down a uniform format for}}$ $\underline{\underline{visas}}^{1}$;	10.'visa sticker' means the uniform format for visas as defined by Council Regulation (EC) No 1683/95;	10.'visa sticker' means the uniform format for visas as defined by Council Regulation (EC) No 1683/95;	
<u>711</u> . 'recognised travel document' means a travel document recognised by one or more Member States for the purpose of \Box crossing the external borders and \Box affixing visas \Box , under Decision No 1105/2011/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ²	11. 'recognised travel document' means a travel document recognised by one or more Member States for the purpose of crossing the external borders and affixing visas, under Decision No 1105/2011/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council;	11. 'recognised travel document' means a travel document recognised by one or more Member States for the purpose of crossing the external borders and affixing visas, under Decision No 1105/2011/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council;	
		Amendment 31	
12.'valid travel document' means a travel document that is not false, counterfeit or forged and the period of validity of which as defined by the issuing authority has not expired;	12. ();	12. 'valid travel document' means a travel document that is not false, counterfeit or forged, <i>which has not</i> <i>been stolen nor improperly</i> <i>obtained</i> , and the period of validity of which as defined by the issuing authority has not expired;	Council position

 <u>Council Regulation (EC) No 1683/95 of 29 May 1995 laying down a uniform format for visas (OJ L 164, 14.7.1995, p. 1)</u>.
 Decision No 1105/2011/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2011 on the list of travel documents which entitle the holder to cross the external borders and which may be endorsed with a visa and on setting up a mechanism for establishing this list (OJ L 287, 4.11.2011, p. 9).

<u>§13</u> .'separate sheet for affixing a visa' means the uniform format for forms for affixing the visa issued by Member States to persons holding travel documents not recognised by the Member State drawing up the form as defined by Council Regulation (EC) No 333/2002 of 18 February 2002 on a uniform format for forms for affixing the visa issued by Member States to persons holding travel documents not recognised by the Member States to a state of the visa issued by Member States to a state of the visa issued by Member States to a state of the visa issued by Member States to a state of the visa issued by Member States to a state of the visa issued by Member States to a state of the visa issued by the Member States to a state of the visa issued by the Member States to a state of the visa issued by the Member States to a state of the visa issued by the Member States to a state of the visa issued by the Member States to a state of the visa issued by the Member States to a state of the visa issued by the Member States to a state of the visa issued by the Member States to a state of the visa issued by the Member States to a state of the visa issued by the Member States to a state of the visa issued by the Member	13.'separate sheet for affixing a visa' means the uniform format for forms for affixing the visa issued by Member States to persons holding travel documents not recognised by the Member State drawing up the form as defined by Council Regulation (EC) No 333/2002;	13.'separate sheet for affixing a visa' means the uniform format for forms for affixing the visa issued by Member States to persons holding travel documents not recognised by the Member State drawing up the form as defined by Council Regulation (EC) No 333/2002;	
<u>914</u> . 'consulate' means a Member State's diplomatic mission or a Member State's consular post authorised to issue visas and headed by a career consular officer as defined by the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations of 24 April 1963;	14. 'consulate' means a Member State's diplomatic mission or a Member State's consular post authorised to issue visas and headed by a career consular officer as defined by the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations of 24 April 1963;	14. 'consulate' means a Member State's diplomatic mission or a Member State's consular post authorised to issue visas and headed by a career consular officer as defined by the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations of 24 April 1963;	
$\frac{1015}{100}$ (application' means an application for a visa;	15. 'application' means an application for a visa;	15. 'application' means an application for a visa;	

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Council Regulation (EC) No 333/2002 of 18 February 2002 on a uniform format for forms for affixing the visa issued by Member States to persons holding travel documents not recognised by the Member State drawing up the form (OJ L 53, 23.2.2002, p. 4).

16.'seafarer' means any person who is employed or engaged or works in any capacity on board a ship to which the Maritime Labour Convention, 2006 applies.	 16.'seafarer' means any person who is employed or engaged or works in any capacity on board a ship: to which the Maritime Labour Convention, 2006 applies or navigating in international inland waters. 	16.'seafarer' means any person who is employed or engaged or works in any capacity on board a ship to which the Maritime Labour Convention, 2006 applies.	 16.'seafarer' means any person who is employed or engaged or works in any capacity on board a ship: to which the Maritime Labour Convention, 2006 applies or who navigates in international inland waters.
TITLE II	TITLE II	TITLE II	
AIRPORT TRANSIT VISA	AIRPORT TRANSIT VISA	AIRPORT TRANSIT VISA	
<i>Article 3</i> Third-country nationals required to hold an airport transit visa	<i>Article 3</i> Third-country nationals required to hold an airport transit visa	<i>Article 3</i> Third-country nationals required to hold an airport transit visa	Note: Presidency proposes to accept a delegated act in Article 3 on the condition that this does not affect the Council position on the implementing acts in Articles 13, 24, 26, 34 and 50.
1. Nationals of the third countries listed in Annex <u>₩ III</u> shall be required to hold an airport transit visa when passing through the international transit areas of airports situated on the territory of the Member States.	1. Nationals of the third countries included in the common list referred to in paragraph 5b shall be required to hold an airport transit visa when passing through the international transit areas of airports situated on the territory of the Member States.	1. Nationals of the third countries listed in Annex III shall be required to hold an airport transit visa when passing through the international transit areas of airports situated on the territory of the Member States.	1. Nationals of the third countries included in the common list listed in Annex III shall be required to hold an airport transit visa when passing through the international transit areas of airports situated on the territory of the Member States.

2. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 48 concerning amendments to the list of the third countries set out in Annex III.Where in the case of emerging risks,	2. ()	2. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 48 concerning amendments to the list of the third countries set out in Annex III.	2. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 48 concerning amendments to the list of the third countries set out in Annex III.
imperative grounds of urgency so require, the procedure provided for in Article 49 shall apply to delegated acts adopted pursuant to this paragraph.		Where in the case of emerging risks, imperative grounds of urgency so require, the procedure provided for in Article 49 shall apply to delegated acts adopted pursuant to this paragraph.	The Commission shall amend Annex III in order to respond to a situation as a consequence of: (i) to respond to a situation of substantial influx of irregular immigrants or the risks thereto, () a substantive increase in number of non-readmitted persons or the risk thereto and the risks to the internal security of the Member States, and (ii) to take account of the notifications referred to in paragraph 5. The Commission shall at least once a year assess the need for such an amendment. Where in the case of emerging risks, imperative grounds of urgency so require, the procedure provided for in Article 49 shall
			apply to delegated acts adopted pursuant to this paragraph.

		Amendment 32	
3. In urgent cases of mass Where there is a sudden and substantial ⊠ influx of illegal ⊠ irregular ⊠ immigrants, individual Member States may require nationals of third countries other than those referred to in paragraph 1 to hold an airport transit visa when passing through the international transit areas of airports situated on their its territory. Member States shall notify the Commission of such decisions before their entry into force and of withdrawals of such an airport transit visa requirement. ⇒ The duration of such a measure shall not exceed 12 months. The scope and duration of the airport transit visa requirement shall not exceed what is strictly necessary to respond to the sudden and substantial influx of irregular immigrants.	3. Where there is a sudden and substantial influx of irregular immigrants, a substantive increase in number of non-readmitted persons or a risk to the internal security, a Member State may require nationals of third countries other than those referred to in paragraph 1 to hold an airport transit visa when passing through the international transit areas of airports situated on its territory. The duration of such a measure shall not exceed 12 months. The scope and duration of the airport transit visa requirement shall not exceed what is strictly necessary to respond to the sudden and substantial influx of irregular immigrants.	3. Where there is a sudden and substantial influx of irregular <i>migrants</i> , a Member State may require nationals of third countries other than those referred to in paragraph 1 to hold an airport transit visa when passing through the international transit areas of airports situated on its territory. The duration of such a measure shall not exceed 12 months. The scope and duration of the airport transit visa requirement shall not exceed what is strictly necessary to respond to the sudden and substantial influx of irregular <i>migrants</i> .	Council position

		Amendment 33	
 4. Where a Member State plans to introduce the airport transit visa requirement in accordance with paragraph 3, it shall as soon as possible notify the Commission, and shall provide the following information: (a) the reason for the planned airport transit visa requirement, substantiating the sudden and substantial influx of irregular immigrants; (b) the scope and duration of the planned introduction of the airport transit visa requirement. 	 5. (moved to paragraph 5) Where a Member State plans to introduce or prolong the airport transit visa requirement in accordance with paragraphs 3 and 4, it shall, as soon as possible but not later than six weeks before the prolongation takes effect, notify the Commission, and shall provide () its analysis regarding, in particular: (a) the reason for the () airport transit visa requirement, substantiating the sudden and substantial influx of irregular immigrants_or the risk thereto, the substantive increase in number of non-readmitted persons or the risk thereto,_or the risk to the internal security; (b) the scope and duration of the planned introduction or prolongation of the airport transit visa requirement. The Member State shall also notify the Commission of withdrawals of an airport transit visa requirement. 	 4. Where a Member State plans to introduce the airport transit visa requirement in accordance with paragraph 3, it shall as soon as possible notify the Commission, and shall provide the following information: (a) the reason for the planned airport transit visa requirement, substantiating <i>in detail</i> the sudden and substantial influx of irregular <i>migrants</i>; (b) the scope and duration of the planned introduction of the airport transit visa requirement. 	Council position

		Amendment 34	
5. Following the notification by the Member State concerned in accordance with paragraph 4, the Commission may issue an opinion.	()	5. Following the notification by the Member State concerned in accordance with paragraph 4, the Commission shall assess the information and whether the conditions for the introduction of an airport transit visa are fulfilled taking into account the objective of the airport transit visa of allowing certain third-country nationals to pass through the international transit areas of airports. It may issue an opinion.	Council position

5b. A common list of third countries whose nationals are required to be in possession of an airport transit visa when passing through the international transit area of airports situated on the territory of the Member States shall be established by the Commission by means of implementing acts. When establishing the common list, the Commission shall take into consideration:	(5b) in Council position to be deleted as a consequence of delegated acts procedure in (2).
 (i) A substantial influx of irregular immigrants or the risks thereto, () a substantive increase in number of non-readmitted persons or the risk thereto and the risks to the internal security of the Member States, and (ii) the notifications referred to in paragraph 5. 	

	5c. The Commission shall by means of implementing acts amend the common list referred to in paragraph (5b) in order to respond to a situation or risks referred to in point (i) of paragraph (5b) or to take into account the notifications referred to in point (ii) of paragraph (5b). The Commission shall at least yearly assess the need for such an amendment.	Amendment 35	(5c) in Council position to be deleted as a consequence of delegated acts procedure in (2).
6. The Member State may prolong the application of the airport transit visa requirement only once where the lifting of the requirement would lead to a substantial influx of irregular migrants. Paragraph 3 shall apply to such prolongation	4. (moved to paragraph 4) The Member State may prolong the () airport transit visa requirement () where the lifting of the requirement would create a risk of substantial influx of irregular immigrants, a risk of a substantive increase in number of non-readmitted persons or a risk to the internal security. Any subsequent prolongations shall not exceed 12 months.	6. The Member State may prolong the application of the airport transit visa requirement only <i>twice</i> where the lifting of the requirement would lead to a substantial influx of irregular migrants. <i>Paragraphs</i> 3, 4 <i>and</i> 5 shall apply to such prolongation.	Council position
		Amendment 36	

		6a. Where a substantial influx of irregular migrants in a Member State persists even after the prolongation referred to in paragraph 6, the Member State concerned shall request the Commission to modify Annex III.	Council position
		Amendment 37	
7. The Commission shall, on an annual basis, inform the European Parliament and the Council about the implementation of this Article.	7. The Commission shall, on an annual basis, inform the European Parliament and the Council about the implementation of this Article.	deleted	Council position. See Article 54(4a) in EP text.
<u>58</u> . The following categories of persons shall be exempt from the requirement to hold an airport transit visa provided for in paragraphs 1 and 3:	8. The following categories of persons shall be exempt from the requirement to hold an airport transit visa provided for in paragraphs 1 and 3:	8. The following categories of persons shall be exempt from the requirement to hold an airport transit visa provided for in paragraphs 1 and 3:	
 (a) holders of a valid uniform visa, ⇒ touring visa, ⇔ national long-stay visa or residence permit issued by a Member State; 	(a) holders of a valid uniform visa, [touring visa], national long-stay visa or residence permit issued by a Member State;	(a) holders of a valid uniform visa, touring visa, national long-stay visa or residence permit issued by a Member State;	

(b) third-country nationals holding a valid residence permit issued by a Member State which does not take part in the adoption of this Regulation or by a Member State which does not yet apply the provisions of the Schengen <i>acquis</i> in full, or third-country nationals holding one of the valid residence permits listed in Annex ¥ IV issued by Andorra, Canada, Japan, San Marino or the United States of America guaranteeing the holder's unconditional readmission ⇒, or holding a residence permit for the Caribbean parts of the Kingdom of the Netherlands (Aruba, Curaçao, Sint Maarten, Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba)	(b) third-country nationals holding a valid residence permit issued by a Member State which does not take part in the adoption of this Regulation or by a Member State which does not yet apply the provisions of the Schengen acquis in full, or third country nationals holding one of the valid residence permits listed in the implementing act referred to in paragraph 9 issued by Andorra, Canada, Japan, San Marino or the United States of America guaranteeing the holder's unconditional readmission, or holding a residence permit for the Caribbean parts of the Kingdom of the Netherlands (Aruba, Curaçao, Sint Maarten, Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba);	(b) third-country nationals holding a valid residence permit issued by a Member State which does not take part in the adoption of this Regulation or by a Member State which does not yet apply the provisions of the Schengen acquis in full, or third country nationals holding one of the valid residence permits listed in Annex IV issued by Andorra, Canada, Japan, San Marino or the United States of America guaranteeing the holder's unconditional readmission, or holding a residence permit for the Caribbean parts of the Kingdom of the Netherlands (Aruba, Curaçao, Sint Maarten, Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba);	(b) third-country nationals holding a valid residence permit issued by a Member State which does not take part in the adoption of this Regulation or by a Member State which does not yet apply the provisions of the Schengen acquis in full, or third country nationals holding one of the valid residence permits listed in Annex IV issued by Andorra, Canada, Japan, San Marino or the United States of America guaranteeing the holder's unconditional readmission, or holding a residence permit for the Caribbean parts of the Kingdom of the Netherlands (Aruba, Curaçao, Sint Maarten, Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba);
(c) third-country nationals holding a valid visa for a Member State which does not take part in the adoption of this Regulation, \boxtimes or \bigotimes for a Member State which does not yet apply the provisions of the Schengen <i>acquis</i> in full, \rightleftharpoons or for a country party to the Agreement on the European Economic Area, \Leftrightarrow or for Canada, Japan or the United States of America, \rightleftharpoons or holders of a valid visa for \Leftrightarrow the Caribbean parts of the Kingdom of \Rightarrow the Netherlands	(c) third-country nationals holding a valid visa for a Member State which does not take part in the adoption of this Regulation, or for a Member State which does not yet apply the provisions of the Schengen <i>acquis</i> in full, or for a country party to the Agreement on the European Economic Area, or for Canada, Japan or the United States of America, or holders of a valid visa for the Caribbean parts of the Kingdom of	(c) third-country nationals holding a valid visa for a Member State which does not take part in the adoption of this Regulation, or for a Member State which does not yet apply the provisions of the Schengen <i>acquis</i> in full, or for a country party to the Agreement on the European Economic Area, or for Canada, Japan or the United States of America, or holders of a valid visa for the Caribbean parts of the Kingdom of	

(Aruba, Curaçao, Sint Maarten, Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba), when travelling to the issuing country or to any other third country, or when, having used the visa, returning from the issuing country;	the Netherlands (Aruba, Curaçao, Sint Maarten, Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba), when travelling to the issuing country or to any other third country, or when, having used the visa, returning from the issuing country;	the Netherlands (Aruba, Curaçao, Sint Maarten, Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba), when travelling to the issuing country or to any other third country, or when, having used the visa, returning from the issuing country;	
(d) family members of citizens of the Union as referred to in Article 1(2)(a) ⇒ 3 of Directive 2004/38/EC ⇐;	(d) family members of citizens of the Union as referred to in Article 3 of Directive 2004/38/EC;	(d) family members of citizens of the Union as referred to in Article 3 of Directive 2004/38/EC;	
(e) holders of diplomatic ⇒, service, official or special ⇔ passports;	(e) holders of diplomatic () passports;	(e) holders of diplomatic, service, official or special passports;	
(f) flight crew members who are nationals of a contracting Party to the Chicago Convention on International Civil Aviation.	(f) flight crew members who are nationals of a contracting Party to the Chicago Convention on International Civil Aviation.	(f) flight crew members who are nationals of a contracting Party to the Chicago Convention on International Civil Aviation.	
		Amendment 38	
		(fa) persons in need of international protection;	Council position

9. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 48 concering the amendmens to the list of valid residence permits entitling the holder to transit through the airports of Member States without being required to hold an airport transit visa, set out in Annex IV.	9. A list of valid residence permits entitling the holder to transit through the airports of Member States without being required to hold an airport transit visa shall be established and amended by the Commission by means of implementing act.	9. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 48 concerning the amendments to the list of valid residence permits entitling the holder to transit through the airports of Member States without being required to hold an	9. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 48 concerning the amendments to the list of valid residence permits entitling the holder to transit through the airports of Member States without being required to
		airport transit visa, set out in Annex IV.	hold an airport transit visa, set out in Annex IV.
	10. The implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 5b, 5c and 9 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 51(2). ()		

TITLE III	TITLE III	TITLE III	
PROCEDURES AND CONDITIONS	CONDITIONS AND PROCEDURES FOR	CONDITIONS AND PROCEDURES FOR	
ISSUING VISAS	ISSUING VISAS	ISSUING VISAS	
CHAPTER I	CHAPTER I	CHAPTER I	
AUTHORITIES TAKING PART IN THE PROCEDURES RELATING TO APPLICATIONS	AUTHORITIES TAKING PART IN THE PROCEDURES RELATING TO APPLICATIONS	AUTHORITIES TAKING PART IN THE PROCEDURES RELATING TO APPLICATIONS	
Article 4	Article 4	Article 4	
Authorities competent for taking part in the procedures relating to applications	Authorities competent for taking part in the procedures relating to applications	Authorities competent for taking part in the procedures relating to applications	
1. Applications shall be examined and decided on by consulates.	1. Applications shall be examined and decided on by consulates.	1. Applications shall be examined and decided on by consulates.	
2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, applications may be examined and decided on at the external borders of the Member States by the authorities responsible for checks on persons, in accordance with Articles $\frac{2532}{2532} \Rightarrow$, 33 \Leftrightarrow and $\frac{2634}{2534}$.	2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, applications may be examined and decided on at the external borders of the Member States by the authorities responsible for checks on persons, in accordance with Articles 32 () and 34.	2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, applications may be examined and decided on at the external borders of the Member States by the authorities responsible for checks on persons, in accordance with Articles 32, 33 and 34.	
3. In the non-European overseas territories of Member States, applications may be examined and decided on by the authorities designated by the Member State concerned.	3. In the non-European overseas territories of Member States, applications may be examined and decided on by the authorities designated by the Member State concerned.	3. In the non-European overseas territories of Member States, applications may be examined and decided on by the authorities designated by the Member State concerned.	

4. A Member State may require the involvement of authorities other than the ones designated ⊠ referred to ≪ in paragraphs 1 and 2 in the examination of and decision on applications.	4. A Member State may require the involvement of authorities other than the ones referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 in the examination of and decision on applications.	4. A Member State may require the involvement of authorities other than the ones referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 in the examination of and decision on applications.	
5. A Member State may require to be	5. A Member State may require to be	5. A Member State may require to be	
consulted or informed by another	consulted or informed by another	consulted or informed by another	
Member State in accordance with	Member State in accordance with	Member State in accordance with	
Articles $\underline{2219}$ and $\underline{3428}$.	Articles 19 and 28.	Articles 19 and 28.	

Article 5	Article 5	Article 5	
Member State competent for examining and deciding on an application	Member State competent for examining and deciding on an application	Member State competent for examining and deciding on an application	
1. The Member State competent for examining and deciding on an application for a uniform visa shall be:	1. The Member State competent for examining and deciding on an application for a uniform visa shall	1. The Member State competent for examining and deciding on an application for a uniform visa shall	Council position
 (a) the Member State whose territory constitutes the sole destination of the visit(s); (b) if the exist in charles were there are a start of the sole of the	be:(a) the Member State whose territory constitutes the sole destination of the visit(s);	be:(a) the Member State whose territory constitutes the sole destination of the visit(s);	
 (b) if the visit includes more than one destination, ⇒ or if several separate visits are to be carried out within a period of two months, ⇔ the Member State whose territory constitutes the main destination of the visit(s) in terms of the length or purpose of stay ⇒, counted in days ⇔ ; or (c) if no main destination can be 	(b) if the visit includes more than one destination, or if several separate visits are to be carried out within a period of two months, the Member State whose territory constitutes the main destination of the visit(s) in terms of the length or purpose of stay ();	(b) if the visit includes more than one destination, or if several separate visits are to be carried out within a period of two months, the Member State whose territory constitutes the main destination of the visit(s) in terms of the length of stay, counted in days; or	
determined, the Member State whose external border the applicant intends to cross in order to enter the territory of the Member States.	(c) if no main destination can be determined, the Member State whose external border the applicant intends to cross in order to enter the territory of the Member States.	(c) if no main destination can be determined, the Member State whose external border the applicant intends to cross in order to enter the territory of the Member States.	
		Amendment 39	
<u>42</u> . Member States shall cooperate to prevent a situation in which an application cannot be examined and decided on because \boxtimes If \boxtimes the	2. If the Member State that is competent in accordance with paragraph 1 (b) or (c) () is neither present nor represented in	2. If the Member State that is competent in accordance with paragraph 1, point (a) or (b), is neither present nor represented in the	Council position

Member State that is competent in accordance with paragraphs $1 \ddagger 0 \Rightarrow 0$, point (a) or (b), \Leftrightarrow is neither present nor represented in the third country where the applicant lodges the application in accordance with Article $6_{\pm} \Rightarrow$ the applicant is entitled to lodge the application: \Leftrightarrow	accordance with Article 39 in the third country where the applicant legally_resides or is legally present as referred to in Article 6, the applicant is entitled to lodge the application at the consulate of one of the Member States of destination, in order of planned	third country where the applicant lodges the application in accordance with Article 6, the applicant is entitled to lodge the application: a) at the consulate of one of the Member States of destination of the envisaged visit,	
a) at the consulate of one of the Member States of destination of the envisaged visit,	travel itinerary.	b) at the consulate of the Member State of first entry, if point a) is not applicable,	
b) at the consulate of the Member State of first entry, if point a) is not applicable,		c) in all other cases at the consulate of any of the Member States that are present in the country concerned.	
c) in all other cases at the consulate of any of the Member States that are present in the country concerned.		If the consulate of the Member State that is competent in accordance with paragraph 1, or the consulate of the Member State referred to in the first subparagraph of this paragraph, is located more than 500 km from the place of residence of the applicant or if a return journey by public transport from the applicant's place of residence would require an overnight stay, and if the consulate of another Member State is located closer, the applicant is entitled to lodge the application at the consulate of that Member State.	

		Amendment 40	
		2a. If the Member State that is competent in accordance with paragraph 1 or paragraph 2 has, in accordance with Article 39, concluded a representation agreement with another Member State for the purpose of considering applications and issuing visas on its behalf, the applicant must submit his or her application to the consulate of the Member State acting as a representative.	Council position
3. The Member State competent for examining and deciding on an application for an airport transit visa shall be:	3. The Member State competent for examining and deciding on an application for an airport transit visa shall be:	3. The Member State competent for examining and deciding on an application for an airport transit visa shall be:	
(a) in the case of a single airport transit, the Member State on whose territory the transit airport is situated; or(b) in the case of double or multiple	(a) in the case of a single airport transit, the Member State on whose territory the transit airport is situated; or	(a) in the case of a single airport transit, the Member State on whose territory the transit airport is situated; or	
airport transit, the Member State on whose territory the first transit airport is situated.	(b) in the case of double or multiple airport transit, the Member State on whose territory the first transit airport is situated.	(b) in the case of double or multiple airport transit, the Member State on whose territory the first transit airport is situated.	
<i>Article 6</i> Consular territorial competence	<i>Article 6</i> Consular territorial competence	<i>Article 6</i> Consular territorial competence	

1. An application shall be examined and decided on by the consulate of the competent Member State in whose jurisdiction the applicant legally resides.	1. An application shall be examined and decided on by the consulate of the competent Member State in whose jurisdiction the applicant legally resides.	1. An application shall be examined and decided on by the consulate of the competent Member State in whose jurisdiction the applicant legally resides.	
2. A consulate of the competent Member State shall examine and decide on an application lodged by a third- country national legally present but not residing in its jurisdiction, if the applicant has provided justification for lodging the application at that consulate.	2. A consulate of the competent Member State shall examine and decide on an application lodged by a third-country national legally present but not residing in its jurisdiction, if the applicant has provided justification for lodging the application at that consulate.	2. A consulate of the competent Member State shall examine and decide on an application lodged by a third-country national legally present but not residing in its jurisdiction, if the applicant has provided justification for lodging the application at that consulate.	
		Amendment 41	
		2a. Where the conditions referred to in paragraph 1 and 2 are not met, a consulate shall decide to examine and decide on an application when it considers it necessary on humanitarian grounds, for reasons of national interest or because of international obligations incumbent on it, particularly under the 1951	

Article 7	Article 7	Article 7	
Competence to issue visas to third- country nationals legally present within the territory of a Member State	Competence to issue visas to third- country nationals legally present within the territory of a Member State	Competence to issue visas to third- country nationals legally present within the territory of a Member State	
<u>1.</u> Third-country nationals who are legally present in the territory of a Member State and who are required to hold a visa to enter the territory of one or more other Member States shall apply for a visa at the consulate of the Member State that is competent in accordance with Article $5(1) \text{ or } (2)$.	1. Third-country nationals who are legally present in the territory of a Member State and who are required to hold a visa to enter the territory of one or more other Member States shall apply for a visa at the consulate of the Member State that is competent in accordance with Article 5.	1. Third-country nationals who are legally present in the territory of a Member State and who are required to hold a visa to enter the territory of one or more other Member States shall apply for a visa at the consulate of the Member State that is competent in accordance with Article 5.	
		Amendment 42	
2. Third-country nationals who have lost their travel document, or from whom this document has been stolen, while staying in the territory of a Member State, may leave that territory on the basis of a valid travel document entitling them to cross the border issued by a consulate of their country of nationality without any visa or other authorisation.	2. Third-country nationals who have lost their travel document, or from whom this document has been stolen, while staying in the territory of a Member State, may leave that territory, without any visa or other authorisation, on the basis of a valid travel document entitling them to cross the border issued by a consulate of their country of nationality and the presentation of a declaration of loss or theft of the travel document holding the visa issued by the competent authorities ().	2. Third-country nationals who have lost their travel document, or from whom this document has been stolen, while staying in the territory of a Member State, may leave that territory on the basis of a valid travel document entitling them to cross the border issued by a consulate of their country of nationality <i>and on</i> <i>production of the notification of</i> <i>theft or loss</i> without any visa or other authorisation.	Council position



		Amendment 43	
3. Where the third-country national, referred to in paragraph 2, intends to continue travelling in the Schengen area, the authorities in the Member State where he declares the loss or theft of his travel document, shall issue a visa with a duration of validity and period of allowed stay identical to the original visa on the basis of the data registered in the VIS.	3. Where the third-country national, referred to in paragraph 2, intends to continue travelling in the Schengen area, he shall apply for a visa at the authorities in the Member State where he declares the loss or theft of his travel document (). The period of validity of the visa and the length of the authorized stay shall be based on the intended stay and the data registered in the VIS, while taking account of the validity of the new travel document referred to in paragraph 2. The consultation of central authorities, referred to in Article 19, shall not apply.	3. Where the third-country national, referred to in paragraph 2, intends to continue travelling in the Schengen area, the authorities in the Member State where he declares the loss or theft of his travel document, shall issue a visa with a duration of validity and period of allowed stay identical to the original visa on the basis of the data registered in the VIS <i>and on production of the notification of theft or loss</i> .	3. Where the third-country national, referred to in paragraph 2, intends to continue travelling in the Schengen area, he shall apply for a visa at the authorities in the Member State where he declares the loss or theft of his travel document. Those authorities shall issue a visa in an accelerated procedure, taking into account the assessment made in the earlier examination procedure (). The period of validity of the visa and the length of the authorized stay shall be based on the intended stay and the data registered in the VIS, while taking account of the validity of the new travel document referred to in paragraph 2. The consultation of central authorities, referred to in Article 19, shall not apply.
	3a. Member States shall notify to the Commission the authorities competent for processing visa applications in the cases referred to in paragraph 3.		

CHAPTER II Application	CHAPTER II Application	CHAPTER II Application	
Article <u>98</u>	Article 8	Article 8	
Practical modalities for lodging an application	Practical modalities for lodging an application	Practical modalities for lodging an application	
		Amendment 44	
1. Applications shall ⇒ may ⇔ be lodged no more than three ⇒ six ⇔ months before ⇒ and no later than 15 calendar days before ⇔ the start of the intended visit. Holders of a multiple- entry visa may lodge the application before the expiry of the visa valid for a period of at least six months.	1. Applications shall be lodged no more than 9 months for seafarers in the performance of their duties and no more than six months for other applicants before and, as a rule, no later than 15 calendar days before the start of the intended visit.	 1. Applications may be lodged <i>nine</i> months before and no later than 15 calendar days before the start of the intended visit. <i>In justified individual cases of urgency, including when it is necessary on professional grounds, on humanitarian grounds, for reasons of national interest or because of international obligations, the consulate may waive the latter time limit.</i> 	 Applications shall be lodged no more than 9 months for seafarers in the performance of their duties and no more than six months for other applicants before and no later than 15 calendar days before the start of the intended visit. In justified individual cases of urgency, including when it is necessary on professional grounds, for reasons of national interest or because of international obligations, the consulate may waive the latter time limit.

2. Applicants \boxtimes Consulates \bigotimes may be required \boxtimes applicants \bigotimes to obtain an appointment for the lodging of an application. The appointment shall, as a rule, take place within a period of two weeks from the date when the appointment was requested.	2. Consulates may require applicants to obtain an appointment for the lodging of an application. The appointment shall, as a rule, take place within a period of two weeks from the date when the appointment was requested.	2. Consulates may require applicants to obtain an appointment for the lodging of an application. The appointment shall, as a rule, take place within a period of two weeks from the date when the appointment was requested.	
		Amendment 45	
 3. The consulate shall allow to lodge the application either without prior appointment or with an immediate appointment to close relatives of Union citizens who: (a) intend to visit their Union citizen close relatives residing in the Member State of their nationality; (b) intend to travel, together with their Union citizen close relatives residing in a third country, to the Member State of which the Union citizen has the nationality. 	3. ()	 3. The consulate shall allow <i>direct</i> access to it and to lodge the application either without prior appointment or with an appointment arranged without delay to close relatives of Union citizens who: (a) intend to visit their Union citizen close relatives residing in the Member State of their nationality; (b) intend to travel, together with their Union citizen close relatives residing in a third country, to the Member State of which the Union citizen has the nationality. 	Council position
		Amendment 46	

4. The consulate shall allow to lodge the application either without prior appointment or with an immediate appointment to family members of Union citizens as referred to in Article 3 of Directive 2004/38/EC.	4. The consulate shall allow to lodge the application either without prior appointment or with an () appointment arranged as soon as possible to family members of Union citizens as referred to in Article 3 of Directive 2004/38/EC.	4. The consulate shall allow <i>direct</i> <i>access to it and</i> to lodge the application either without prior appointment or with an appointment <i>arranged without delay</i> to family members of Union citizens as referred to in Article 3 of Directive 2004/38/EC.	Council position
		Amendment 47	
5. In justified cases of urgency, the consulate may shall allow applicants to lodge their applications either without appointment, or an immediate appointment shall be given immediately.	5. In justified cases of urgency, the consulate may allow applicants to lodge their applications either without appointment, or an immediate appointment shall be given.	5. In justified cases of urgency, the consulate shall allow applicants to lodge their applications either without appointment, or an appointment <i>arranged without delay</i> shall be given.	Council position
		Amendment 48	
 <u>6</u>. Applications may □, without prejudice to Article 12, □ be lodged: at the consulate (a) by the applicant or (b) by an □ accredited commercial □ intermediary referred to in Article 43 □ intermediaries, as provided for in Article 45(1), without prejudice to Article 13, or in accordance with Article 42 or 43. □ (c) a professional, cultural, sports or educational association or institution. □ 	 6. Applications may, without prejudice to Article 12, be lodged by: (a) () the applicant; (b) () an accredited commercial intermediary referred to in Article 43 or (c) a professional, cultural, sports or educational association or institution on behalf of their members. 	 6. Applications may, without prejudice to Article 12, be lodged by <i>the applicant. Consulates may also accept that applications are lodged</i>: (a) by an accredited commercial intermediary referred to in Article 43, or (b) a professional, cultural, sports or educational association or institution. 	 6. Applications may, without prejudice to Article 12, be lodged by the applicant. Consulates may also accept that applications are lodged: (a) by an accredited commercial intermediary referred to in Article 43, or (b) a professional, cultural, sports or educational association or institution on behalf of their members.

		Amendment 49	
		6a. Without prejudice to Article 12, consulates may provide for the possibility of lodging an application online and of sending travel document, as well as supporting documents in case the original is required according to Article 13(6), by mail.	6a. Without prejudice to articles 9(1), 9(2) and 12, consulates may provide for the possibility of lodging an application online and of sending the travel document and supporting documents in case the original is required according to Article 13(6), by mail.
		Amendment 50	
➢ 7. An applicant shall not be required to appear in person at more than one location in order to lodge an application	7. An applicant shall not be required to appear in person at more than one location in order to lodge an application.	7. An applicant shall not be required to appear in person at more than one location in order to lodge <i>a visa</i> application.	Council position
		Amendment 51	
		7a. Without prejudice to Article 18(3) and Article 18(10), applicants shall be required to appear in person for the collection of fingerprints, in accordance with Article 12(2) and (3).	Council position
		Amendment 52	

		7b. Without prejudice to Article 18(3) and Article 18(10), VIS registered applicants shall not be required to appear in person when lodging an application, where their biometric identifiers have been entered into the VIS in accordance with Article 12 less than 59 months before.	Council position
		Amendment 53	
		7c. Where a Member State cooperates with an external service provider, that Member State shall maintain the possibility for applicants to lodge their applications directly at its own consulates, except where security considerations do not allow for such a possibility.	Council position
		Amendment 54	
Article <u>109</u>	Article 9	Article 9	Council position
General rules for lodging an application	General rules for lodging an application	<i>Elements required</i> for lodging an application	
		Amendment 55	

1. Without prejudice to the provisions of Articles 13, 42, 43 and 45, <u>aA</u> pplicants shall appear in person when lodging an application \Rightarrow for the collection of fingerprints, in accordance with Article 12 (2) and (3) \Leftarrow .	1. Applicants shall appear in person when lodging an application for the collection of fingerprints, in accordance with Article 12 (2) (3) and (7)(b).	deleted	Council position
		Amendment 56	
2. VIS registered applicants shall not be required to appear in person when lodging an application, where their fingerprints have been entered into the VIS less than 59 months before.	2. VIS registered applicants shall not be required to appear in person when lodging an application, where either their fingerprints have been entered into the VIS less than 59 months before or the information on their permanent impossibility to deliver fingerprints has been registered in the VIS less than 59 months before .	deleted	Council position
3. When lodging the application, the applicant shall:	3. When lodging the application, the applicant shall:	3. When lodging the application, the applicant shall:	Council position
(a) present an application form in accordance with Article $\underline{110}$;	(a) present an application form in accordance with Article 10;	(a) present an application form in accordance with Article 10;	
(b) present a travel document in accordance with Article $\frac{1211}{2}$;	(b) present a travel document in accordance with Article 11;	(b) present a travel document in accordance with Article 11;	
(c) present a photograph in accordance with the standards set out in Regulation (EC) No 1683/95 or, where the VIS is operational pursuant to Article 48 of the VIS Regulation \boxtimes (EC) No 767/2008 \bigotimes , in accordance with the	(c) present a photograph in accordance with the standards set out in Regulation (EC) No 1683/95 or, where the VIS is operational pursuant to Article 48 of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008, in accordance	(c) present a photograph in accordance with the standards set out in Regulation (EC) No 1683/95 or, where the VIS is operational pursuant to Article 48 of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008, in accordance	

standards set out in Article $\frac{1312}{1312}$ of this Regulation;	with the standards set out in Article 12 of this Regulation;	with the standards set out in Article 12 of this Regulation;	
(d) allow the collection of his fingerprints in accordance with Article $\frac{1312}{1}$, where applicable;	(d) allow the collection of his fingerprints in accordance with Article 12, where applicable;	(d) allow the collection of his fingerprints in accordance with Article 12, where applicable;	
(e) pay the visa fee in accordance with Article $\frac{1614}{2}$;	(e) pay the visa fee in accordance with Article 14;	(e) pay the visa fee in accordance with Article 14;	
(f) provide supporting documents in accordance with Article $\frac{14}{14}$ and Annex II $\frac{1}{2}$.	(f) provide supporting documents in accordance with Article 13 and Annex II.	(f) provide supporting documents in accordance with Article 13 and Annex II.	
(g) where applicable, produce proof of possession of adequate and valid travel medical insurance in accordance with Article 15.	(g) where applicable, produce proof of possession of adequate and valid travel medical insurance in accordance with Article 14a.		
Article <u>#10</u>	Article 10	Article 10	
Application form	Application form	Application form	
		Amendment 57	

 Each applicant shall submit a Imanually or electronically Imanually or electronically	1. Each applicant shall submit a manually or electronically completed and signed application form, as set out in Annex I. Persons included in the applicant's travel document shall submit a separate application form. Minors shall submit an application form signed by a person exercising permanent or temporary parental authority or legal guardianship	 Each applicant shall submit an application form, as set out in Annex I, completed manually or electronically and signed manually or, where possible for the applicant and the consulate, electronically. Persons included in the applicant's travel document shall submit a separate application form. Minors shall submit an application form signed by a person exercising permanent or temporary parental authority or legal guardianship. 	Council position
2. The content of the electronic version of the application form, if applicable, shall be as set out in Annex I.	2. The content of the electronic version of the application form, if applicable, shall be as set out in Annex I.	Amendment 58 2. The application form shall be available in electronic form and the content of the electronic version of the application form shall be as set out in Annex I.	Council position
23. Consulates shall make the application form widely available and easily accessible to applicants free of charge.	3. Consulates shall make the application form widely available and easily accessible to applicants free of charge.	3. Consulates shall make the application form widely available and easily accessible to applicants free of charge.	

 <u>34</u>. The form shall ⇒ as a minimum ⇒ be available in the following languages: (a) the official language(s) of the Member State for which a visa is 	4. The form shall as a minimum be available in the following languages:(a) the official language(s) of the Member State for which a visa is	4. The form shall as a minimum be available in the following languages:(a) the official language(s) of the Member State for which a visa is	
 requested;	requested; and (b) the official language(s) of the host country.	requested; and (b) the official language(s) of the host country.	
(c) the official language(s) of the host country and the official language(s) of the Member State for which a visa is requested; or (d) in case of representation, the official language(s) of the representing Member State.	In addition to the language(s) referred to in point (a), the form may be made available in any other official language(s) of the institutions of the European Union.	In addition to the language(s) referred to in point (a), the form may be made available in any other official language(s) of the institutions of the European Union.	
In addition to the language(s) referred to in point (a), the form may be made available in another ⊠ any other ⊠ official language ⊠ language(s) ⊠ of the institutions of the European Union.			
		Amendment 59	
<u>45</u> . If the application form is not available in the official language(s) of the host country, a translation of it into that/those language(s) shall be made available separately to applicants.	5. ().	deleted	

56. A ⊠ The ⊠ translation of the application form into the official language(s) of the host country shall be produced under local Schengen cooperation provided for ⊠ as set out ⊠ in Article <u>4846</u> .	6. The translation of the application form into the official language(s) of the host country shall be produced under local Schengen cooperation as set out in Article 46.	6. The translation of the application form into the official language(s) of the host country shall be produced under local Schengen cooperation as set out in Article 46.	
$\underline{\underline{67}}$. The consulate shall inform applicants of the language(s) which may be used when filling in the application form.	7. The consulate shall inform applicants of the language(s) which may be used when filling in the application form.	7. The consulate shall inform applicants of the language(s) which may be used when filling in the application form.	
Article <u>+⊋11</u> Travel document	Article 11 Travel document	Article 11 Travel document	
The applicant shall present a valid travel document satisfying the following criteria:	The applicant shall present a () travel document satisfying the following criteria:	The applicant shall present a () travel document satisfying the following criteria:	
(a) its validity shall extend \boxtimes without prejudice to Article 21(2), it shall be valid for \bigotimes at least three months after the intended date of departure from the territory of the Member States or, in the case of several visits, after the last intended date of departure from the territory of the Member States. However, in a justified case of emergency, this obligation may be waived;	(a) without prejudice to Article 21(2), it shall be valid for at least three months after the intended date of departure from the territory of the Member States or, in the case of several visits, after the last intended date of departure from the territory of the Member States. However, in a justified case of emergency, this obligation may be waived;	(a) without prejudice to Article 21(2), it shall be valid for at least three months after the intended date of departure from the territory of the Member States or, in the case of several visits, after the last intended date of departure from the territory of the Member States. However, in a justified case of emergency, this obligation may be waived;	

(b) it shall contain at least $\frac{1}{1000}$ \Rightarrow one \Leftrightarrow blank \Rightarrow double \Leftrightarrow pages \Rightarrow , and if several applicants are covered by the same travel document it shall contain one blank double page per applicant \Leftrightarrow ;	(b) it shall contain at least () two consecutive blank () pages, and if several applicants are covered by the same travel document it shall contain () two consecutive blank () pages per applicant;	(b) it shall contain at least one blank double page, and if several applicants are covered by the same travel document it shall contain one blank double page per applicant;	
(c) it shall have been issued within the previous 10 years.	(c) it shall have been issued within the previous 10 years.	(c) it shall have been issued within the previous 10 years.	
Article <u>1312</u>	Article 12	Article 12	
Biometric identifiers	Biometric identifiers	Biometric identifiers	
1. Member States shall collect biometric identifiers of the applicant comprising a photograph of him and his 10 fingerprints in accordance with the safeguards laid down in the Council of Europe's Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, in the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union and in the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child.	1. Member States shall collect biometric identifiers of the applicant comprising a photograph of him and his 10 fingerprints in accordance with the safeguards laid down in the Council of Europe's Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, in the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union and in the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child.	1. Member States shall collect biometric identifiers of the applicant comprising a photograph of him and his 10 fingerprints in accordance with the safeguards laid down in the Council of Europe's Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, in the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union and in the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child.	
		Amendment 60	

2. At the time of submission of the first application, the applicant shall be	2. At the time of submission of the first application, the following	2. At the time of submission of the first application, the following	
required to appear in person. At that	biometric identifiers of the applicant	biometric identifiers of the applicant	
time, the following biometric identifiers	shall be collected:	shall be collected:	
of the applicant shall be collected:	– a photograph, scanned or taken at	– a photograph, scanned or taken at	
– a photograph, scanned or taken at the	the time of application, and	the time of application, and	
time of application, and	– his 10 fingerprints taken flat and	– his 10 fingerprints taken flat and	
– his 10 fingerprints taken flat and	collected digitally.	collected digitally.	
collected digitally.		After the collection of the biometric	
		identifiers, the applicant shall be	
		issued with a receipt.	

3. Where fingerprints collected from the applicant as part of an earlier	3. Where fingerprints collected from the applicant as part of an earlier	3. Where fingerprints collected from the applicant as part of an earlier	
application \Rightarrow for a short stay visa or a touring visa \Leftrightarrow were entered in the VIS for the first time less than 59 months before the date of the new application, they shall be copied to the subsequent application.	application for a short stay visa or a [touring visa] were entered in the VIS for the first time less than 59 months before the date of the new application, they shall be copied to the subsequent application.	application for a short stay visa or a touring visa were entered in the VIS for the first time less than 59 months before the date of the new application, they shall be copied to the subsequent application.	
However, where there is reasonable doubt regarding the identity of the applicant, the consulate shall collect fingerprints within the period specified in the first subparagraph.	However, where there is reasonable doubt regarding the identity of the applicant, the consulate shall collect fingerprints within the period specified in the first subparagraph.	However, where there is reasonable doubt regarding the identity of the applicant, the consulate shall collect fingerprints within the period specified in the first subparagraph.	
Furthermore, if at the time when the application is lodged, it cannot be immediately confirmed that the fingerprints were collected within the period specified in the first subparagraph, the applicant may request that they be collected.	Furthermore, if at the time when the application is lodged, it cannot be immediately confirmed that the fingerprints were collected within the period specified in the first subparagraph, the applicant may request that they be collected.	Furthermore, if at the time when the application is lodged, it cannot be immediately confirmed that the fingerprints were collected within the period specified in the first subparagraph, the applicant may request that they be collected.	
		Amendment 61	

4. In accordance with Article 9(5) of the VIS Regulation ▷ (EC) No 767/2008 ⊲ , the photograph attached to each application shall be entered in the VIS. The technical requirements for the photograph shall be in accordance with the international standards as set out in the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) document 9303 Part 1, 6th edition.	 4. In accordance with Article 9(5) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008, the photograph attached to each application shall be entered in the VIS. The technical requirements for the photograph shall be in accordance with the international standards as set out in the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) document 9303 Part 1, 6th edition. 	
5. Fingerprints shall be taken in accordance with ICAO standards and Commission Decision 2006/648/EC ¹ .	5. Fingerprints shall be taken in accordance with ICAO standards and Commission Decision 2006/648/EC.	

¹ Commission Decision 2006/648/EC of 22 September 2006 laying down the technical specifications on the standards for biometric features related to the development of the Visa Information System, OJ L 267, 27.9.2006, p. 41.

6. The biometric identifiers shall be	6. The biometric identifiers shall be	
collected by qualified and duly authorised staff of the authorities	collected by qualified and duly authorised staff of the authorities	
competent in accordance with Article	competent in accordance with Article	
4(1), (2) and (3). Under the supervision	4(1), (2) and (3). Under the	
of the consulates, the biometric	supervision of the consulates, the	
identifiers may also be collected by	biometric identifiers may also be	
qualified and duly authorised staff of an	collected by qualified and duly	
honorary consul as referred to in Article	authorised staff of an honorary	
42 40 or of an external service provider	consul as referred to in Article 40 or	
as referred to in Article 4341 . The	of an external service provider as	
Member State(s) concerned shall, where	referred to in Article 41. The	
there is any doubt, provide for the	Member State(s) concerned shall,	
possibility of verifying at the consulate	where there is any doubt, provide for	
fingerprints which have been taken by	the possibility of verifying at the	
the external service provider.	consulate fingerprints which have	
	been taken by the external service	
	provider.	

 7. The following applicants shall be exempt from the requirement to give fingerprints: (a) children under the age of 12; (b) persons for whom fingerprinting is physically impossible. If the fingerprinting of fewer than 10 fingers is possible, the maximum number of fingerprints shall be taken. However, should the impossibility be temporary, 	 7. The following applicants shall be exempt from the requirement to give fingerprints: (a) children under the age of 12; (b) persons for whom fingerprinting is physically impossible. If the fingerprinting of fewer than 10 fingers is possible, the maximum number of fingerprints shall be taken. However, should the 	 7. The following applicants shall be exempt from the requirement to give fingerprints: (a) children under the age of 12; (b) persons for whom fingerprinting is physically impossible. If the fingerprinting of fewer than 10 fingers is possible, the maximum number of fingerprints shall be taken. However, should the 	
the applicant shall be required to give the fingerprints at the following application. The authorities competent in accordance with Article 4(1), (2) and (3) shall be entitled to ask for further clarification of the grounds for the temporary impossibility. Member States shall ensure that appropriate procedures guaranteeing the dignity of the applicant are in place in the event of there being difficulties in enrolling; (c) heads of State or government and members of a national government with	impossibility be temporary, the applicant shall be required to give the fingerprints at the following application. The authorities competent in accordance with Article 4(1), (2) and (3) shall be entitled to ask for further clarification of the grounds for the temporary impossibility. Member States shall ensure that appropriate procedures guaranteeing the dignity of the applicant are in place in the event of there being difficulties in enrolling;	impossibility be temporary, the applicant shall be required to give the fingerprints at the following application. The authorities competent in accordance with Article 4(1), (2) and (3) shall be entitled to ask for further clarification of the grounds for the temporary impossibility. Member States shall ensure that appropriate procedures guaranteeing the dignity of the applicant are in place in the event of there being difficulties in enrolling;	
accompanying spouses, and the members of their official delegation when they are invited by Member States' governments or by international organisations for an official purpose;	(c) heads of State or government and members of a national government with accompanying spouses, and the members of their official delegation when they are invited by Member States' governments or by international organisations for an official purpose;	(c) heads of State or government and members of a national government with accompanying spouses, and the members of their official delegation when they are invited by Member States' governments or by international organisations for an official purpose;	

(d) sovereigns and other senior	(d) sovereigns and other senior	(d) sovereigns and other senior	
members of a royal family, when they	members of a royal family, when	members of a royal family, when	
are invited by Member States'	they are invited by Member States'	they are invited by Member States'	
governments or by international	governments or by international	governments or by international	
organisations for an official purpose.	organisations for an official purpose.	organisations for an official purpose.	
 8. In the cases referred to in paragraph 7, the entry 'not applicable' shall be introduced in the VIS in accordance with Article 8(5) of the VIS Regulation I (EC) No 767/2008 ≤ . 	8. In the cases referred to in paragraph 7, the entry 'not applicable' shall be introduced in the VIS in accordance with Article 8(5) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008.	8. In the cases referred to in paragraph 7, the entry 'not applicable' shall be introduced in the VIS in accordance with Article 8(5) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008.	

<i>Article</i> <u><i>1413</i></u>	Article 13	Article 13
Supporting documents	Supporting documents	Supporting documents



1. When applying for a uniform visa, the applicant shall present:	1. When applying for a uniform visa, the applicant shall present:	1. When applying for a uniform visa, the applicant shall present:	
(a) documents indicating the purpose of the journey;	(a) documents indicating the purpose of the journey;	(a) documents indicating the purpose of the journey;	
 (b) documents in relation to accommodation, or proof of sufficient means to cover his accommodation; (c) documents indicating that the applicant possesses sufficient means of subsistence both for the duration of the intended stay and for the return to his country of origin or residence, or for the transit to a third country into which he is certain to be admitted, or that he is in a position to acquire such means lawfully, in accordance with Article 5(1)(c) and (3) of the Schengen Borders Code S Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹ ⟨⊠; (d) information enabling an assessment of the applicant's intention to leave the territory of the Member States before the expiry of the visa applied for. 	 (b) documents in relation to accommodation, or proof of sufficient means to cover his accommodation; (c) documents indicating that the applicant possesses sufficient means of subsistence both for the duration of the intended stay and for the return to his country of origin or residence, or for the transit to a third country into which he is certain to be admitted, or that he is in a position to acquire such means lawfully, in accordance with Article 5(1)(c) and (3) of Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council; (d) information enabling an assessment of the applicant's intention to leave the territory of the Member States before the expiry of 	 (b) documents in relation to accommodation, or proof of sufficient means to cover his accommodation; (c) documents indicating that the applicant possesses sufficient means of subsistence both for the duration of the intended stay and for the return to his country of origin or residence, or for the transit to a third country into which he is certain to be admitted, or that he is in a position to acquire such means lawfully, in accordance with Article 5(1)(c) and (3) of Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council; (d) information enabling an assessment of the applicant's intention to leave the territory of the Member States before the expiry of 	
	the visa applied for.	the visa applied for.	

Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2006 establishing a Community Code on the rules governing the movement of persons across borders (Schengen Borders Code) (OJ L 105, 13.4.2006, p. 1).

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		Amendment 62	
2. Points (b), (c) and (d) of paragraph 1	2. Points (b) and (c) () of	2. Without prejudice to Article 18(3)	
do not apply to applicants who are VIS	paragraph 1 shall not apply to	and (10), points (b), (c) and (d) of	
registered regular travellers and who	applicants who are VIS registered	paragraph 1 do not apply to	
have lawfully used the two previously	regular travellers, who have lawfully	applicants who are VIS registered	
obtained visas.	used the () visas and are	regular travellers as defined in	
	nationals of countries included in	Article 2(9) and who have lawfully	
	the common list of third countries	used the previously obtained visas	
	that cooperate on readmission with	and whose last visa was issued less	
	regard to the criteria set out in	than 12 months prior to the	
	paragraph 2a.	application.	

2a. A list of countries that cooperate on readmission whose nationals shall benefit of the procedural facilitations referred to in paragraph 2 and Articles 14(3)(d), 18(2) and 21(3) and (4) shall be adopted by the Commission by means of an implementing act at the latest one year after the entry into force of	
this Regulation. When establishing the list, the Commission shall take into consideration:	
(a) Existence of EU Readmission Agreements and practical experiences of Member States in the implementation of these agreements,	
(b) Existence of bilateral readmission agreements and practical experiences of Member States in the implementation of these agreements,	
(c) Practical experiences of Member States in their cooperation with third country authorities in view of	
(i) timely identification of persons subject of a return decision;	

(ii) recognition of the European travel document for the return of illegally staying third-country nationals (EU Laissez Passer);	
(iii) timely delivery of the necessary travel documents;	
(iv) timely fulfilment of other administrative requirements;	
(v) organising and agreeing swiftly on practical modalities for effective readmission;	
(vi) the acceptance of charter flights and joint return flights.	
2b. A Member State may suspend the application of the procedural facilitations referred to in Articles 13(2), 14(3)(d), 18(2) and 21(3) and (4) to nationals of a country included in the list referred to in paragraph 2a, if such Member State experiences practical	
problems with that country with regard to at least one of the criteria referred to in paragraph 2a(c). The suspension shall not exceed 12 months.	

2c. When suspending the application of Articles 13(2), 14(3)(d), 18(2) and 21(3) and (4), the Member State shall immediately notify the Commission. The Commission shall without delay inform the Member States thereof.	
The Commission shall, by means of implementing act, swiftly remove a third country from the list if the Commission has been notified within the last 12 months at least by four Member States representing more than 35% of th population of the Member States or representing more than 35% of the return decisions issued to the nationals of that third country [based on available statistics of all Members States for the last 12 months]. The Commission shall in any event assess the need for amending the list at least on a yearly basis.	
2d. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 2a and 2d shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 51(2).	2

 3. Close relatives of Union citizens referred to in Article 8(3) shall provide only documentary evidence proving the family relationship with the Union citizen, and that they visit or travel together with the Union citizen. Family members of Union citizens as referred to in Article 3 of Directive 2004/38/EC shall provide only documentary evidence proving that they travel to accompany or join the Union citizen and the family relationship with the Union citizen as referred to in Article 2(2) or the other circumstances referred to in Article 3(2) of that Directive. 	3. () Family members of Union citizens as referred to in Article 3 of Directive 2004/38/EC shall () submit documentary evidence proving that they travel to accompany or join the Union citizen and the family relationship with the Union citizen as referred to in Article 2(2) or the other circumstances referred to in Article 3(2) of that Directive. Family members of Union citizens as referred to in Article 3 of Directive 2004/38/EC may be requested to submit originals of those documents.	 3. Close relatives of Union citizens referred to in Article 8(3) shall provide only documentary evidence proving the family relationship with the Union citizen, and that they visit or travel together with the Union citizen. Family members of Union citizens as referred to in Article 3 of Directive 2004/38/EC shall provide only documentary evidence proving that they travel to accompany or join the Union citizen and the family relationship with the Union citizen as referred to in Article 2(2) or the other circumstances referred to in Article 3(2) of that Directive. 	
<u>34</u> . A \boxtimes The \bigotimes non-exhaustive list of supporting documents which the consulate may request \boxtimes be requested \bigotimes from the applicant in order to verify the fulfilment of the conditions listed in paragraphs 1 and 2 is set out in Annex II.	4. The list of supporting documents which may be requested from the applicant in order to verify the fulfilment of the conditions listed in paragraph 1 is set out in Annex II.	4. The list of supporting documents which may be requested from the applicant in order to verify the fulfilment of the conditions listed in paragraph 1 is set out in Annex II.	

 <u>47</u>. Member States may require applicants to present a proof of sponsorship and/or private accommodation by completing a form drawn up by each Member State. That form shall indicate in particular: (a) whether its purpose is proof of 	7. Member States may require applicants to present a proof of sponsorship and/or private accommodation by completing a form drawn up by each Member State. That form shall indicate in particular:	7. Where applicants receive financial support or intend to stay with a host, consulates may require those applicants to present a proof of sponsorship and/or private accommodation by completing a form. That form shall indicate:	
 (a) whether his purpose is proof of sponsorship and/or of ∞ private ∞ accommodation; (b) whether the host 	(a) whether its purpose is proof of sponsorship and/or of private accommodation;	(a) whether its purpose is proof of sponsorship and/or of private accommodation;	
 (b) whether the most is sponsor/inviting person ⊠ is an individual, a company or an organisation; 	(b) whether the sponsor/inviting person is an individual, a company or an organisation;	(b) whether the sponsor/inviting person is an individual, a company or an organisation;	
(c) the host's identity and contact details \boxtimes of the sponsor/inviting person \bigotimes ;	(c) the identity and contact details of the sponsor/inviting person;	(c) the identity and contact details of the sponsor/inviting person;	
(d) the <i>invited</i> applicant(s);			
(e) the address of the accommodation;	(d) the applicant(s);	(d) the applicant(s);	
(f) the length and purpose of the stay;(g) possible family ties with the	(e) the address of the accommodation;	(e) the address of the accommodation;	
$host.$ \boxtimes sponsor/inviting person \bigotimes .	(f) the length and purpose of the stay;	(f) the length and purpose of the stay;	
(h) the information required pursuant to Article 37(1) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008;	(g) possible family ties with the sponsor/inviting person;	(g) possible family ties with the sponsor/inviting person;	
In addition to the Member State's official language(s), the form shall be drawn up in at least one other official	(h) the information required pursuant to Article 37(1) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008.	(h) the information required pursuant to Article 37(1) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008.	
language of the institutions of the	In addition to the Member State's official language(s), the form shall be	The Commission shall by means of implementing acts adopt that form.	



European Union. The form shall provide the person signing it with the information required pursuant to Article 37(1) of the VIS Regulation. A specimen of the form shall be notified to the Commission.	drawn up in at least one other official language of the institutions of the Union. A specimen of the form shall be notified to the Commission.	Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 51(2).	
 <u>28</u>. When applying for an airport transit visa, the applicant shall present: (a) documents in relation to the onward journey to the final destination after the intended airport transit; (b) information enabling an assessment of the applicant's intention not to enter the territory of the Member States. 	 8. When applying for an airport transit visa, the applicant shall present: (a) documents in relation to the onward journey to the final destination after the intended airport transit; (b) information enabling an assessment of the applicant's intention not to enter the territory of the Member States. 	 8. When applying for an airport transit visa, the applicant shall present: (a) documents in relation to the onward journey to the final destination after the intended airport transit; (b) information enabling an assessment of the applicant's intention not to enter the territory of the Member States. 	
<u>59</u> . Within local Schengen cooperation the need to complete and harmonise the lists of supporting documents shall be assessed \boxtimes prepared \ll in each jurisdiction in order to take account of local circumstances.	9. (moved to paragraph 6) Within local Schengen cooperation lists of supporting documents shall be prepared in each jurisdiction in order to take account of local circumstances.	9. Within local Schengen cooperation lists of supporting documents shall be prepared in each jurisdiction in order to take account of local circumstances.	
10. Without prejudice to paragraph 1, Member States may provide exemptions from the list of supporting documents referred to in paragraphs 4 and 9 in the case of applicants attending major international events organised in their	10. Without prejudice to paragraph 1, Member States may provide exemptions from the list of supporting documents referred to in paragraphs 4 and 9 in the case of applicants attending major	10. Without prejudice to paragraph 1, Member States may provide exemptions from the list of supporting documents referred to in paragraphs 4 and 9 in the case of applicants attending major	

territory that are considered particularly important due to their tourism and/or cultural impact	international events organised in their territory that are considered particularly important due to their tourism and/or cultural impact.	international events organised in their territory that are considered particularly important due to their tourism and/or cultural impact.	
11. The Commission shall by means of implementing acts adopt the lists of supporting documents to be used in each jurisdiction in order to take account of local circumstances. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 51(2).	11. The Commission shall by means of implementing acts adopt the lists of supporting documents to be used in each jurisdiction in order to take account of local circumstances. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 51(2).	11. The Commission shall by means of implementing acts adopt the lists of supporting documents to be used in each jurisdiction in order to take account of local circumstances. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 51(2).	
		Amendment 65	

Article 13a Travel medical insurance	
1. Persons to whom a uniform visa for one or two entries is to be issued shall, at the time of collecting their passport with the issued visa, prove 	Article 14a Council text

2. Persons to whom a uniform visa for more than two entries (multiple entries) is to be issued shall, at the time of collecting their passport with the issued visa, prove that they are in possession of adequate and valid travel medical insurance covering the period of their first intended visit.	Article 14a Council text
Failure to present a valid travel medical insurance shall lead to the revocation of the visa in accordance with Article 31.	
In addition, such persons shall sign a statement, set out in the application form, declaring that they are aware of the need to be in possession of travel medical insurance for subsequent stays.	

3. The insurance shall be valid throughout the territory of the Member States and cover the entire period of the person's intended stay or transit. The minimum coverage shall be EUR 30 000.	Article 14a Council text
When a visa with limited territorial validity covering the territory of more than one Member State is issued, the insurance cover shall be valid at least in the Member States concerned.	
4. Persons to whom a uniform visa is to be issued shall, in principle, take out insurance in their country of residence. Where this is not possible, they shall seek to obtain insurance in any other country.	Article 14a Council text
Where another person takes out insurance in the name of the person to whom a uniform visa is to be issued, the conditions set out in paragraph 3 shall apply.	
5. When assessing whether the insurance cover is adequate, consulates shall ascertain whether claims against the insurance company would be recoverable in the Member State in question.	Article 14a Council text

		6. The insurance requirement may be considered to have been met where it is established that an adequate level of insurance may be presumed in light of the person's professional situation. The exemption from presenting proof of travel medical insurance may concern particular professional groups, such as seafarers, who are already covered by travel medical insurance as a result of their professional activities.	Article 14a Council text
		7. Holders of diplomatic passports shall be exempt from the requirement to hold travel medical insurance.	Article 14a Council text
<i>Article</i> <u>1614</u>	Article 14	Article 14	
Visa fee	Visa fee	Visa fee	
1. Applicants shall pay a visa fee of EUR 60.	1. Applicants shall pay a visa fee of EUR 60.	1. Applicants shall pay a visa fee of EUR 60.	
		Amendment 66	

		 1a. The following applicants shall pay a visa fee of EUR 40: (a) visa applicants whose data is registered in the VIS and whose biometric identifiers have been collected in accordance with Article 12; (b) nationals of third countries with which the European Union has signed a readmission agreement. 	
$\frac{2}{2}$. The visa fee shall be revised regularly in order to reflect the administrative costs.	 Children from the age of six years and below the age of 12 years shall pay a visa fee of EUR 35. 2a. The visa fee shall be revised regularly in order to reflect the administrative costs. 	2. The visa fee shall be revised regularly in order to reflect the administrative costs.	
		Amendment 67	
43. The visa fee shall be waived for applicants belonging to one of the following categories ⊠ shall pay no visa fee $<$:	3. The following categories shall pay no visa fee:	3. The following categories shall pay no visa fee:	
(a) children under six years ⇔ minors under the age of eighteen years ⇔ ;	(a) children under the age of six years;	(a) minors under the age of eighteen years;	

(b) school pupils, students, postgraduate students and accompanying teachers who undertake stays for the purpose of study or educational training;	(b) school pupils, students, postgraduate students and accompanying teachers who undertake stays for the purpose of study or educational training;	(b) school pupils, students, postgraduate students and accompanying teachers who undertake stays for the purpose of study or educational training;	
(c) researchers from third countries \Rightarrow , as defined in Council Directive 2005/71/EC ¹ , \Leftrightarrow travelling for the purpose of carrying out scientific research <u>£28 September 2005 to</u> <u>facilitate the issue by the Member</u> <u>States of uniform short-stay visas for</u> <u>researchers from third countries</u> <u>travelling within the Community for the</u> <u>purpose of carrying out scientific</u> <u>research</u> \Rightarrow or participating in a scientific seminar or conference \Leftarrow ;	(c) researchers from third countries, as defined in Council Directive 2005/71/EC, travelling for the purpose of carrying out scientific research or participating in a scientific seminar or conference;	(c) researchers from third countries, as defines in Council Directive 2005/71/EC ³ , travelling for the purpose of carrying out scientific research or participating in a scientific seminar or conference;	
(d) holders of diplomatic and service passports;	(d) holders of diplomatic and service passports issued by countries listed in the common list referred to in Article 13(2a) ;	deleted	
$(\underline{dc}) \xrightarrow{\text{representatives of non-profit}} \\ \underline{\text{organisations}} \boxtimes \text{ participants} & \exists \text{ aged} \\ 25 \text{ years or less } \xrightarrow{\text{participating}} \text{ in} \\ \text{seminars, conferences, sports, cultural} \\ \text{or educational events organised by non-profit organisations} \\ \underline{\underline{z}} \\ \underline{z} \\ \underline{z}$	(e) participants aged 25 years or less in seminars, conferences, sports, cultural or educational events organised by non-profit organisations;	(e) participants aged <i>30</i> years or less participating in seminars, conferences, sports, cultural or educational events organised by non- profit organisations;	

Council Directive 2005/71/EC of 12 October 2005 on a specific procedure for admitting third-country nationals for the purpose of scientific research (OJ L 289, 3.11.2005, p. 15).

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(f) close relatives of the Union citizens	(f) ()	(f) close relatives of the Union	
referred to in Article 8(3).		citizens referred to in Article 8(3).	
(g) family members of Union citizens as referred to in Article 3 of Directive	(g) family members of Union citizens as referred to in Article 3 of	(g) family members of Union citizens as referred to in Article 3 of	
2004/38/EC in accordance with Article 5(2) of that Directive.	Directive 2004/38/EC in accordance with Article 5(2) of that Directive.	Directive 2004/38/EC in accordance with Article 5(2) of that Directive.	
		Amendment 68	
		(ga) recipients of a visa with limited territorial validity issued on humanitarian grounds, for reasons	
		of national interest or because of international obligations as well as beneficiaries of a Union	
		resettlement or relocation programme pursuant to Article 22.	
		Amendment 69	
<u>64</u> . ▷ Member States may,	4. Member States may, in individual cases, waive or reduce the amount of the visa fee to be charged when to do so this serves to promote cultural or sporting interests as well as interests in the field of foreign policy, development policy and other areas of vital public interest or for	4. Member States may, in individual cases, waive or reduce the amount of the visa fee to be charged when this serves to promote cultural or sporting interests as well as interests in the field of foreign policy, development policy and other areas of vital public interest or for humanitarian reasons	
areas of vital public interest or for humanitarian reasons.	humanitarian reasons.	or because of international obligations.	



	4a. The visa fee may be waived for children from the age of six years and below the age of 12 years.		
<u>75</u> . The visa fee shall be charged in euro, in the national currency of the third country or in the currency usually used in the third country where the application is lodged, and shall not be refundable except in the cases referred to in Articles <u>1816</u> (2) and <u>1917</u> (3).	5. The visa fee shall be charged in euro, in the national currency of the third country or in the currency usually used in the third country where the application is lodged, and shall not be refundable except in the cases referred to in Articles 16(2) and 17(3).	5. The visa fee shall be charged in euro, in the national currency of the third country or in the currency usually used in the third country where the application is lodged, and shall not be refundable except in the cases referred to in Articles 16(2) and 17(3).	
	When charged in a currency other than euro, the amount of the visa fee charged in that currency shall be determined and regularly reviewed in application of the euro foreign exchange reference rate set by the European Central Bank. The amount charged may be rounded up and consulates shall ensure under local Schengen cooperation that they charge equivalent fees.		
	When charged in a currency other than euro, the amount of the visa fee charged in that currency shall be determined and regularly reviewed in application of the euro foreign exchange reference rate set by the European Central Bank. The amount charged may be rounded up and consulates shall ensure under local		



$\frac{\underline{\$6}}{\underline{\$6}}$. The applicant shall be given a receipt for the visa fee paid.	Schengen cooperation that they charge equivalent fees.6. The applicant shall be given a receipt for the visa fee paid.	6. The applicant shall be given a receipt for the visa fee paid.	
	Article 14a		
	Travel medical insurance		
	1. Applicants for a uniform visa for one entry shall prove that they are in possession of adequate and valid travel medical insurance to cover any expenses which might arise in connection with repatriation for medical reasons, urgent medical attention and/or emergency hospital treatment or death, during their stay(s) on the territory of the Member States.		Council position
	2. Applicants for a uniform visa for () multiple entries shall prove that they are in possession of adequate and valid travel medical insurance covering the period of their first intended visit.		Council position
	In addition, such applicants shall sign the statement, set out in the application form, declaring that they are aware of the need to be in possession of travel medical insurance for subsequent stays.		

concerned.

4. Applicants shall, in principle, take out insurance in their country of residence. Where this is not possible, they shall seek to obtain insurance in another country of the consular jurisdiction of the competent consulate as referred to in Article 6(1) and (2), in the Member State of destination, or another Member State.	Council position
When ()-a third party takes out insurance in the name of the applicant, the conditions set out in the previous paragraph shall apply. In the case of sponsorship and/or private accommodation as referred to in Article 13(7), the third party may take out insurance in the name of the applicant in the third party's country of residence.	
5. When assessing whether the insurance cover is adequate, consulates shall ascertain whether claims against the insurance company would be recoverable in a Member State.	Council position

	5a. Member States within local Schengen cooperation shall assess whether the insurances offered locally comply with the provisions set out in this article. Furthermore, they shall draw up a non-exhaustive list of insurance companies providing adequate travel medical insurance, including allowing for reimbursement of the costs of the travel medical assurance to applicants whose application for a visa has been refused. This list shall be revised regularly and be made public.
6. The insurance requirement may be considered to have been met where it is established that an adequate level of insurance may be presumed in the light of the applicant's professional situation. The exemption from presenting proof of travel medical insurance may concern particular professional groups, such as seafarers, who are already covered by travel medical insurance as a result of their professional activities.	Council position

	7. Holders of diplomatic passports shall be exempt from the requirement to hold travel medical insurance.		Council position
	8. Personal data contained in the travel medical insurance shall be processed in accordance with Regulation XXX.		Council position
<i>Article</i> <u>1715</u>	Article 15	Article 15	
Service fee	Service fee	Service fee	
1. An additional service fee may be charged by an external service provider referred to in Article <u>4341</u> . The service fee shall be proportionate to the costs incurred by the external service provider while performing one or more of the tasks referred to in Article <u>4341</u> (6).	1. A service fee may be charged by an external service provider referred to in Article 41. The service fee shall be proportionate to the costs incurred by the external service provider while performing one or more of the tasks referred to in Article 41(6).	1. A service fee may be charged by an external service provider referred to in Article 41. The service fee shall be proportionate to the costs incurred by the external service provider while performing one or more of the tasks referred to in Article 41(6).	
2. The service fee shall be specified in the legal instrument referred to in Article $\frac{4341}{(2)}$.	2. The service fee shall be specified in the legal instrument referred to in Article 41(2).	2. The service fee shall be specified in the legal instrument referred to in Article 41(2).	
		Amendment 70	

43. The service fee shall not exceed half of the amount of the visa fee set out in Article $1614(1)$, irrespective of the possible reductions in or exemptions from the visa fee as provided for in Article $1614(2)$, (4), (5) and (6) \Rightarrow (3) and (4) \Leftarrow .	3. The service fee shall not exceed half of the amount of the visa fee set out in Article 14(1), irrespective of the possible reductions in or exemptions from the visa fee as provided for in Article 14(2), (3), (4) and (4a).	3. The service fee shall not exceed half of the amount of the visa fee set out in Article 14(1), irrespective of the possible reductions in or exemptions from the visa fee as provided for in Article 14 (3) and (4). <i>It shall include all costs related</i> <i>to the submission of the visa</i> <i>application including the</i> <i>transmission of the application and</i> <i>the travel document from the</i> <i>external service provider to the</i> <i>consulate and the return of the</i> <i>travel document to the external</i> <i>service provider.</i>	
		Amendment 71	
		<i>3a. The applicant shall be given a receipt for the service fee paid.</i>	
CHAPTER III	CHAPTER III	CHAPTER III	
EXAMINATION OF AND DECISION ON AN APPLICATION	Examination of and decision on an application	Examination of and decision on an application	
Article <u>1816</u>	Article 16	Article 16	
Verification of consular competence	Verification of consular competence	Verification of consular competence	

1. When an application has been lodged, the consulate shall verify whether it is competent to examine and decide on it in accordance with the provisions of Articles 5 and 6.	1. When an application has been lodged, the consulate shall verify whether it is competent to examine and decide on it in accordance with the provisions of Articles 5 and 6.	1. When an application has been lodged, the consulate shall verify whether it is competent to examine and decide on it in accordance with the provisions of Articles 5 and 6.	
2. If the consulate is not competent, it shall, without delay, return the application form and any documents submitted by the applicant, reimburse the visa fee, and indicate which consulate is competent.	2. If the consulate is not competent, it shall, without delay, return the application form and any documents submitted by the applicant, reimburse the visa fee, and indicate which consulate is competent.	2. If the consulate is not competent, it shall, without delay, return the application form and any documents submitted by the applicant, reimburse the visa fee, and indicate which consulate is competent.	
Article <u>#17</u>	Article 17	Article 17	
Admissibility	Admissibility	Admissibility	
	rumissionity	Admissionity	
1. The competent consulate shall verify whether:	1. The competent consulate shall verify whether:	1. The competent consulate shall verify whether:	
1. The competent consulate shall verify	1. The competent consulate shall	1. The competent consulate shall	
 1. The competent consulate shall verify whether: (a) the application has been lodged within the period referred to in Article 	 The competent consulate shall verify whether: (a) the application has been lodged within the period referred to in 	 The competent consulate shall verify whether: (a) the application has been lodged within the period referred to in 	
1. The competent consulate shall verify whether:(a) the application has been lodged within the period referred to in Article $\underline{98}(1)$,(b) the application contains the items	 The competent consulate shall verify whether: (a) the application has been lodged within the period referred to in Article 8(1), (b) the application contains the items 	 The competent consulate shall verify whether: (a) the application has been lodged within the period referred to in Article 8(1), (b) the application contains the items 	

2. Where the competent consulate finds that the conditions referred to in paragraph 1 have been fulfilled, the application shall be admissible and the consulate shall:	2. Where the competent consulate finds that the conditions referred to in paragraph 1 have been fulfilled, the application shall be admissible and the consulate shall:	2. Where the competent consulate finds that the conditions referred to in paragraph 1 have been fulfilled, the application shall be admissible and the consulate shall:	
(a) follow the procedures described in Article 8 of the VIS Regulation ⊠ (EC) No 767/2008 ≪ , and	(a) follow the procedures described in Article 8 of (EC) No 767/2008, and	(a) follow the procedures described in Article 8 of (EC) No 767/2008, and	
(b) further examine the application.	(b) further examine the application.	(b) further examine the application.	
Data shall be entered in the VIS only by duly authorised consular staff in accordance with Articles $6(1)$, 7, 9(5) and 9(6) of the VIS Regulation \boxtimes (EC) No 767/ \bigotimes 2008.	Data shall be entered in the VIS only by duly authorised consular staff in accordance with Articles 6(1), 7, 9(5) and 9(6) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008.	Data shall be entered in the VIS only by duly authorised consular staff in accordance with Articles 6(1), 7, 9(5) and 9(6) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008.	
		Amendment 72	
3. Where the competent consulate finds that the conditions referred to in paragraph 1 have not been fulfilled, the application shall be inadmissible and the consulate ⊠ without delay ⊠ shall without delay:	3. Where the competent consulate finds that the conditions referred to in paragraph 1 have not been fulfilled, the application shall be inadmissible and the consulate without delay shall:	3. Where the competent consulate finds that the conditions referred to in paragraph 1 have not been fulfilled, <i>it shall notify the applicant,</i> <i>indicate the deficiencies and allow</i> <i>the applicant to correct them. If the</i> <i>deficiencies are not corrected,</i> the application shall be inadmissible and the consulate without delay shall:	

		Amendment 74	
Verification of entry conditions and risk assessment	Verification of entry conditions and risk assessment	Verification of entry conditions and risk assessment	
<i>Article</i> <u>218</u>	Article 18	Article 18	
4. By way of derogation, an application that does not meet the requirements set out in paragraph 1 may be considered admissible on humanitarian grounds or for reasons of national interest.	4. By way of derogation, an application that does not meet the requirements set out in paragraph 1 may be considered admissible on humanitarian grounds or for reasons of national interest.	4. By way of derogation, an application that does not meet the requirements set out in paragraph 1 <i>shall</i> be considered admissible <i>when</i> <i>the Member State concerned</i> <i>considers it necessary</i> on humanitarian grounds, for reasons of national interest <i>or because of</i> <i>international obligations</i> .	
		Amendment 73	
	(d) not examine the application.	(d) not examine the application.	
(<u>d</u>) not examine the application.	(c) reimburse the visa fee, and	(c) reimburse the visa fee, and	
(c) reimburse the visa fee, and	(b) destroy the collected biometric data,	(b) destroy the collected biometric data,	
 (a) return the application form and any documents submitted by the applicant, (b) destroy the collected biometric data, 	(a) return the application form and any documents submitted by the applicant,	(a) return the application form and any documents submitted by the applicant,	

1. In the examination of an application for a uniform visa, it shall be ascertained whether the applicant fulfils the entry conditions set out in Article 5(1)(a), (c), (d) and (e) of the Schengen Borders Code	1. In the examination of an application for a uniform visa, it shall be ascertained whether the applicant fulfils the entry conditions set out in Article 5(1)(a), (c), (d) and (e) of Regulation (EC) No 562/2006, and particular consideration shall be given to assessing whether the applicant presents a risk of irregular immigration or a risk to the security of the Member States and whether the applicant intends to leave the territory of the Member States before the expiry of the visa applied for.	1. In the examination of an application for a uniform visa, it shall be ascertained whether the applicant fulfils the entry conditions set out in Article 5(1)(a), (c), (d) and (e) of Regulation (EC) No 562/2006, and particular consideration shall be given to assessing whether the applicant presents a risk of irregular immigration or a risk to the security of the Member States.	
		Amendment 75	
2. In the examination of an application for a uniform visa lodged by a VIS registered regular traveller who has lawfully used the two previously obtained visas, it shall be presumed that the applicant fulfils the entry conditions regarding the risk of irregular immigration, a risk to the security of the Member States, and the possession of sufficient means of subsistence.	2. In the examination of an application for a uniform visa lodged by a VIS registered regular traveller who has lawfully used the visas obtained within the respective time-limits referred to in Article 2(9) and who is a national of a country listed in the common list referred to in Article 13(2a), it shall be presumed that the applicant fulfils the entry conditions () regarding the possession of sufficient means of subsistence.	2. In the examination of an application for a uniform visa lodged by a VIS registered regular traveller <i>as defined in Article 2(9)</i> who has lawfully used the previously obtained visas <i>and whose last visa</i> <i>was issued less than 12 months</i> <i>prior to the application</i> , it shall be presumed that the applicant fulfils the entry conditions regarding the risk of irregular immigration, a risk to the security of the Member States, and the possession of sufficient means of subsistence.	

		Amendment 76	
3. The presumption referred to in paragraph 2 shall not apply where the consulate has reasonable doubts about the fulfilment of these entry conditions based on information stored in the VIS, such as decisions annulling a previous visa, or in the passport, such as entry and exit stamps. In such cases, the consulates may carry out an interview and request additional documents.	3. The presumption referred to in paragraph 2 shall not apply where the consulate has reasonable doubts about the fulfilment of these entry conditions based on information stored in the VIS, such as decisions annulling a previous visa, or in the passport, such as entry and exit stamps or any other relevant information. In such cases, the consulates may carry out an interview and request additional documents as referred to in paragraph 10.	3. The presumption referred to in paragraph 2 shall not apply where the consulate has reasonable doubts about the fulfilment of these entry conditions based on information stored in the VIS, such as decisions annulling a previous visa, or in the passport, such as entry and exit stamps, <i>or in the SIS II</i> . In such cases, the consulates may carry out an interview and request additional documents <i>as set out in Annex II</i> .	
		Amendment 77	
		3a. Applications of close relatives of the Union citizens referred to in Article 8(3) and of family members of Union citizens as referred to in Article 3(1) of Directive 2004/38/EC shall be assessed taking into account the right to respect for private and family life as expressed in the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union.	

 24. In respect of each application, the VIS shall be consulted in accordance with Articles 8(2) and 15 of the VIS Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 (S). Member States shall ensure that full use is made of all search criteria pursuant to Article 15 of the VIS Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 (S) in order to avoid false rejections and identifications. 	4. In respect of each application, the VIS shall be consulted in accordance with Articles 8(2) and 15 of (EC) No 767/2008. Member States shall ensure that full use is made of all search criteria pursuant to Article 15 of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 in order to avoid false rejections and identifications.	4. In respect of each application, the VIS shall be consulted in accordance with Articles 8(2) and 15 of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008. Member States shall ensure that full use is made of all search criteria pursuant to Article 15 of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 in order to avoid false rejections and identifications.	
		Amendment 78	
$\underline{\underline{35}}$. \boxtimes Without prejudice to paragraph 2, \boxtimes $\underline{\underline{Ww}}$ hile checking whether the applicant fulfils the entry conditions, the consulate shall verify:	5. Without prejudice to paragraph 2, while checking whether the applicant fulfils the entry conditions, the consulate shall verify:	5. Without prejudice to paragraph 2, while checking whether the applicant fulfils the entry conditions, the consulate shall verify:	5. Without prejudice to paragraph 2, while checking whether the applicant fulfils the entry conditions, the consulate
(a) that the travel document presented is not false, counterfeit or forged;	(a) that the travel document presented is not false, counterfeit or forged;	(a) that <i>the applicant presents a valid travel document</i> ;	shall verify:(a) that the travel documentpresented is not false, counterfeitor forged;
 (b) the applicant's justification for the purpose and conditions of the intended stay, and that he has sufficient means of subsistence, both for the duration of the intended stay and for the return to his country of origin or residence, or for the transit to a third country into which he is certain to be admitted, or is in a position to acquire such means lawfully; (c) whether the applicant is a person for whom an alert has been issued in the Schengen Information System (SIS) for 	 (b) the applicant's justification for the purpose and conditions of the intended stay, and that he has sufficient means of subsistence, both for the duration of the intended stay and for the return to his country of origin or residence, or for the transit to a third country into which he is certain to be admitted, or is in a position to acquire such means lawfully; (c) whether the applicant is a person 	 (b) the applicant's justification for the purpose and conditions of the intended stay, and that he has sufficient means of subsistence, both for the duration of the intended stay and for the return to his country of origin or residence, or for the transit to a third country into which he is certain to be admitted, or is in a position to acquire such means lawfully; (c) whether the applicant is a person 	(b) the applicant's justification for the purpose and conditions of the intended stay, and that he has sufficient means of subsistence, both for the duration of the intended stay and for the return to his country of origin or residence, or for the transit to a third country into which he is certain to be admitted, or is in a position to acquire such means lawfully;

the purpose of refusing entry;	for whom an alert has been issued in	for whom an alert has been issued in	(c) whether the applicant is a
	the Schengen Information System	the Schengen Information System II	person for whom an alert has been
	(SIS) for the purpose of refusing	(SIS <i>II</i>) for the purpose of refusing	issued in the Schengen
	entry;	entry as provided for in Regulation	Information System II (SIS II) for
(d) that the applicant is not considered		(EC) No 1987/2006 of the European	the purpose of refusing entry as
to be a threat to public policy, internal		Parliament and the Council^{1a};	provided for in Regulation (EC)
security or public health as defined in			No 1987/2006 of the European
Article 2(19) of the Schengen Borders		(d) that the applicant is not	Parliament and the Council ^{1a} ;
Affile 2(19) of the senengen borders Code \boxtimes Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 \bigotimes or to the international relations of any of the Member States, in particular where no alert has been issued in Member States' national databases for the purpose of refusing entry on the same grounds $\frac{1}{24}$.	 (d) that the applicant is not considered to be a threat to public policy, internal security or public health as defined in Article 2(19) of Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 or to the international relations of any of the Member States, in particular where no alert has been issued in Member States' national databases for the purpose of refusing entry on the same grounds. (e) that the applicant is in possession of adequate and valid travel medical insurance, where applicable. 	considered to be a threat to public policy, internal security or public health as defined in Article 2(19) of Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 or to the international relations of any of the Member States, in particular where no alert has been issued in Member States' national databases for the purpose of refusing entry on the same grounds. ^{1a} Regulation (EC) No 1987/2006 of the European Parliament and the Council of 20 December 2006 on the establishment, operation and use of the second generation Schengen Information System (SIS II) (OJ L 381 28.12.2006, p. 4).	 (d) that the applicant is not considered to be a threat to public policy, internal security or public health as defined in Article 2(19) of Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 or to the international relations of any of the Member States, in particular where no alert has been issued in Member States' national databases for the purpose of refusing entry on the same grounds. (e) that the applicant is in possession of adequate and valid travel medical insurance, where applicable.

<u>46</u> . The consulate shall, where applicable, verify the length of previous and intended stays in order to verify that the applicant has not exceeded the maximum duration of authorised stay in the territory of the Member States, irrespective of possible stays authorised under \Rightarrow a touring visa, \Leftarrow a national long-stay visa or a residence permit issued by another Member State.	6. The consulate shall, where applicable, verify the length of previous and intended stays in order to verify that the applicant has not exceeded the maximum duration of authorised stay in the territory of the Member States, irrespective of possible stays authorised under a [touring visa], a national long-stay visa or a residence permit.	6. The consulate shall, where applicable, verify the length of previous and intended stays in order to verify that the applicant has not exceeded the maximum duration of authorised stay in the territory of the Member States, irrespective of possible stays authorised under a touring visa, a national long-stay visa or a residence permit.	
57. The means of subsistence for the intended stay shall be assessed in accordance with the duration and the purpose of the stay and by reference to average prices in the Member State(s) concerned for board and lodging in budget accommodation, multiplied by the number of days stayed, on the basis of the reference amounts set by the Member States in accordance with Article 34(1)(c) of the Schengen Borders Code ⊠ Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 $<$ Proof of sponsorship and/or private accommodation may also constitute evidence of sufficient means of subsistence.	7. The means of subsistence for the intended stay shall be assessed in accordance with the duration and the purpose of the stay and by reference to average prices in the Member State(s) concerned for board and lodging in budget accommodation, multiplied by the number of days stayed, on the basis of the reference amounts set by the Member States in accordance with Article 34(1)(c) of Regulation (EC) No 562/2006. Proof of sponsorship and/or private accommodation may also constitute evidence of sufficient means of subsistence.	7. The means of subsistence for the intended stay shall be assessed in accordance with the duration and the purpose of the stay and by reference to average prices in the Member State(s) concerned for board and lodging in budget accommodation, multiplied by the number of days stayed, on the basis of the reference amounts set by the Member States in accordance with Article 34(1)(c) of Regulation (EC) No 562/2006. Proof of sponsorship and/or private accommodation may also constitute evidence of sufficient means of subsistence.	
		Amendment 79	

 <u>68</u>. In the examination of an application for an airport transit visa, the consulate shall in particular verify: (a) that the travel document presented is not false, counterfeit or forged; (b) the points of departure and destination of the third-country national concerned and the coherence of the intended itinerary and airport transit; (c) proof of the onward journey to the final destination. 	 8. In the examination of an application for an airport transit visa, the consulate shall in particular verify: (a) that the travel document presented is not false, counterfeit or forged; (b) the points of departure and destination of the third-country national concerned and the coherence of the intended itinerary and airport transit; (c) proof of the onward journey to the final destination. 	 8. In the examination of an application for an airport transit visa, the consulate shall in particular verify: (a) that <i>the applicant presents a valid travel document</i>; (b) the points of departure and destination of the third-country national concerned and the coherence of the intended itinerary and airport transit; (c) proof of the onward journey to the final destination. 	Council position
<u>79</u> . The examination of an application shall be based notably on the authenticity and reliability of the documents submitted and on the veracity and reliability of the statements made by the applicant.	9. The examination of an application shall be based notably on the authenticity and reliability of the documents submitted and on the veracity and reliability of the statements made by the applicant.	9. The examination of an application shall be based notably on the authenticity and reliability of the documents submitted and on the veracity and reliability of the statements made by the applicant.	
		Amendment 80	
<u>\$10</u> . During the examination of an application, consulates may in justified cases call the applicant for \Rightarrow carry out \Leftrightarrow an interview and request additional documents.	10. During the examination of an application, consulates may in justified cases carry out an interview and request additional documents.	10. During the examination of an application, consulates may in justified cases carry out an interview and request additional documents <i>as set out in Annex II</i> .	

<u>911</u> . A previous visa refusal shall not lead to an automatic refusal of a new application. A new application shall be assessed on the basis of all available information.	11. A previous visa refusal shall not lead to an automatic refusal of a new application. A new application shall be assessed on the basis of all available information.	11. A previous visa refusal shall not lead to an automatic refusal of a new application. A new application shall be assessed on the basis of all available information.	
		Amendment 81	
		11a. In the assessment of an application for a European humanitarian visa in accordance with Article 22(5a), only the provisions of paragraphs 4, 9, 10 and 11 of this Article shall apply.	
Article 22 19	Article 19	Article 19	
Prior consultation of central authorities of other Member States	Prior consultation of central authorities of other Member States	Prior consultation of central authorities of other Member States	
		Amendment 82	
1. A Member State may require the central authorities of other Member States to consult its central authorities during the examination of applications lodged by nationals of specific third countries or specific categories of such nationals. Such consultation shall not apply to applications for airport transit visas.	1. A Member State may require the central authorities of other Member States to consult its central authorities during the examination of applications lodged by nationals of specific third countries or specific categories of such nationals. Such consultation shall not apply to applications for airport transit visas.	1. A Member State may require the central authorities of other Member States to consult its central authorities during the examination of applications lodged by nationals of specific third countries or specific categories of such nationals. Such consultation <i>may</i> not apply to applications for airport transit visas <i>or to visas with limited territorial</i> <i>validity</i> .	
		Amendment 83	



2. The central authorities consulted shall reply definitively within seven ⇒ five ⇔ calendar days after being consulted. The absence of a reply within this deadline shall mean that they have no grounds for objecting to the issuing of the visa.	2. The central authorities consulted shall reply definitively as soon as possible but not later than within seven calendar days after being consulted. The absence of a reply within this deadline shall mean that they have no grounds for objecting to the issuing of the visa.	2. The central authorities consulted shall reply definitively within five <i>working</i> days after being consulted. The absence of a reply within this deadline shall mean that they have no grounds for objecting to the issuing of the visa.	
3. Member States shall notify the Commission of the introduction or withdrawal of the requirement of prior consultation ⇒ at the latest 15 calendar days ⇔ before it becomes applicable. This information shall also be given within local Schengen cooperation in the jurisdiction concerned.	3. Member States shall notify the Commission of the introduction or withdrawal of the requirement of prior consultation, as a rule , at the latest 15 calendar days before it becomes applicable. This information shall also be given within local Schengen cooperation in the jurisdiction concerned.	3. Member States shall notify the Commission of the introduction or withdrawal of the requirement of prior consultation at the latest 15 calendar days before it becomes applicable. This information shall also be given within local Schengen cooperation in the jurisdiction concerned.	
		Amendment 84	
4. The Commission shall inform Member States of such notifications.	4. The Commission shall inform Member States of such notifications.	4. The Commission shall <i>publish</i> such notifications.	
Article <u>23</u> 20	Article 20	Article 20	
Decision on the application	Decision on the application	Decision on the application	
		Amendment 85	

1. Applications shall be decided on within $\frac{15}{15} \Rightarrow 10 \Leftrightarrow$ calendar days of the date of the lodging of an application which is admissible in accordance with Article $\frac{1917}{19}$.	1. Applications shall be decided on within 15 calendar days of the date of the lodging of an application which is admissible in accordance with Article 17.	1. Applications shall be decided on within 10 calendar days of the date of the lodging of an application which is admissible in accordance with Article 17.	
		Applications shall be decided on without delay in justified individual cases of urgency, including when it is necessary on professional grounds, on humanitarian grounds, for reasons of national interest or because of international obligations.	
		Applications made by VIS registered regular travellers who have lawfully used the previously obtained visas in accordance with Article 2(9) and whose most recent visas have been issued less than 12 months previously shall be decided upon within 5 calendar days of the date of the lodging of the application.	
		Amendment 86	
2. That period may be extended up to a maximum of 20 calendar days in individual cases, notably when further scrutiny of the application is needed or in cases of representation where the authorities of the represented Member State are consulted.	2. That period may be extended up to a maximum of 45 calendar days in individual cases, notably when further scrutiny of the application is needed.	2. <i>The periods referred to in</i> <i>paragraph 1</i> may be extended up to a maximum of 20 calendar days in individual cases, notably when further scrutiny of the application is needed.	



3. Applications of close relatives of the Union citizens referred to in Article 8(3) and of family members of Union citizens as referred to in Article 3(1) of Directive 2004/38/EC shall be decided on within 5 calendar days of the date of the lodging of an application. That period may be extended up to a maximum of 10 calendar days in individual cases, notably when further scrutiny of the application is needed.	3. Applications of () family members of Union citizens as referred to in Article 3(1) of Directive 2004/38/EC shall be decided on within 12 calendar days of the date of the lodging of an application. () In individual cases, notably when further scrutiny of the application is needed, that period may be extended up to a maximum of 25 calendar days.	3. Applications of close relatives of the Union citizens referred to in Article 8(3) and of family members of Union citizens as referred to in Article 3(1) of Directive 2004/38/EC shall be decided on within 5 calendar days of the date of the lodging of an application. That period may be extended up to a maximum of 10 calendar days in individual cases, notably when further scrutiny of the application is needed.	
		Amendment 87	
4. The deadlines provided for in paragraph 3 shall apply as a maximum to family members of Union citizens as referred to in Article 3 of Directive 2004/38/EC, in accordance with Article 5(2) of that Directive.	4. ()	deleted	
 5. Unless the application has been withdrawn, a decision shall be taken to: (a) issue a uniform visa in accordance with Article <u>2421</u>; (b) issue a visa with limited territorial validity in accordance with Article <u>2522</u>; (c) issue an airport transit visa in accordance with Article 23; or 	 5. Unless the application has been withdrawn, a decision shall be taken to: (a) issue a uniform visa in accordance with Article 21; (b) issue a visa with limited territorial validity in accordance with Article 22; (c) issue an airport transit visa in accordance with Article 23; or 	 5. Unless the application has been withdrawn, a decision shall be taken to: (a) issue a uniform visa in accordance with Article 21; (b) issue a visa with limited territorial validity in accordance with Article 22; (c) issue an airport transit visa in accordance with Article 23; or 	

(d) refuse a visa in accordance with Article $\frac{3229_{\frac{2}{2}}}{3229_{\frac{2}{2}}}$. OF The fact that fingerprinting is physically impossible, in accordance with Article $\frac{1312}{7}(7)(b)$, shall not influence the issuing or refusal of a visa.	(d) refuse a visa in accordance with Article 29. The fact that fingerprinting is physically impossible, in accordance with Article 12(7)(b), shall not influence the issuing or refusal of a visa.	(d) refuse a visa in accordance with Article 29. The fact that fingerprinting is physically impossible, in accordance with Article 12(7)(b), shall not influence the issuing or refusal of a visa.	
CHAPTER IV	CHAPTER IV	CHAPTER IV	
Issuing of the visa	Issuing of the visa	Issuing of the visa	
<i>Article 2421</i>	Article 21	Article 21	
Issuing of a uniform visa	Issuing of a uniform visa	Issuing of a uniform visa	
		Amendment 88	
		-1. Applicants for whom the consulates considers that the entry conditions are fulfilled and for whom no grounds for refusal as referred to Article 29 exist shall be issued a visa in accordance with this Article.	
1. The period of validity of a visa and the length of the authorised stay shall be based on the examination conducted in accordance with Article $\frac{2+18}{2}$.	1. The period of validity of a visa and the length of the authorised stay shall be based on the examination conducted in accordance with Article 18.	1. The period of validity of a visa and the length of the authorised stay shall be based on the examination conducted in accordance with Article 18.	
		Amendment 89	

2. A visa may be issued for one, two or multiple entries. The period of validity ⇒ of a multiple entry visa ⇔ shall not exceed five years. ⇒ The period of validity of a multiple entry visa may extend beyond the period of validity of the passport to which the visa is affixed. ⇔	2. A visa may be issued for one or multiple entries. The period of validity of a multiple entry visa shall not exceed five years. The period of validity of a multiple entry visa may extend beyond the period of validity of the passport to which the visa is affixed.	2. A visa may be issued for one or multiple entries. The period of validity of a multiple entry visa shall not exceed five years.	
In the case of transit, the length of the authorised stay shall correspond to the time necessary for the purpose of the transit.			
Without prejudice to Article $\frac{1211}{(a)}$, the period of validity of the \Rightarrow a single entry \Leftrightarrow visa shall include an additional 'period of grace' of 15 days. Member States may decide not to grant such a period of grace for reasons of public policy or because of the international relations of any of the Member States.	Without prejudice to Article 11(a), the period of validity of a single entry visa shall include a 'period of grace' of 15 days. Member States may decide not to grant such a period of grace for reasons of public policy or because of the international relations of any of the Member States.	Without prejudice to Article 11(a), the period of validity of a single entry visa shall include a 'period of grace' of 15 days. Member States may decide not to grant such a period of grace for reasons of public policy or because of the international relations of any of the Member States.	
		Amendment 90	

3. VIS registered regular travellers who have lawfully used the two previously obtained visas shall be issued a multiple entry visa valid for at least three years.	3. VIS registered regular travellers who are nationals of countries listed in the common list referred to in Article 13(2a) and have lawfully used the () visas shall be issued a multiple-entry visa valid for at least three years.	3. Provided they fulfil the entry conditions as laid down in Article 18 and without prejudice to Article 29, VIS registered regular travellers who have lawfully used the previously obtained visas in accordance with Article 2(9) and whose most recent visa has been issued within the 12 months prior to the application shall be issued a multiple entry visa valid for at least three years.	
		Amendment 91	
4. Applicants referred to in paragraph 3 who have lawfully used the multiple entry visa valid for three years shall be issued a multiple entry visa valid for five years provided that the application is lodged no later than one year from the expiry date of the multiple entry visa valid for three years.	4. Applicants () who have lawfully used the multiple entry visa () issued pursuant to paragraph 3 and who are nationals of countries listed in the common list referred to in Article 13(2a) shall be issued a multiple-entry visa valid for five years provided that the application is lodged no later than one year from the expiry date of the multiple entry visa valid for three years.	4. Provided they fulfil the entry conditions as laid down in Article 18 and without prejudice to Article 29, applicants who have previously obtained a multiple entry visa valid for three years or longer and who have lawfully used this multiple entry visa shall be issued a multiple entry visa valid for five years provided that the application is lodged no later than one year after the expiry date of the multiple entry visa valid most recently obtained.	

4a. Paragraphs 3 and 4 shall not apply where VIS registered travellers have requested a shorter period of validity of a multiple- entry visa or where the consulate has reasonable grounds to grant a visa with a shorter period of validity.		
	Amendment 92	

 25. Without prejudice to Article 12(a), A ≤ multiple-entry visas ⇒ valid for up to 5 years may ⇔ shall be issued with a period of validity between six months and five years, where the following conditions are met: (a) the ≥ to an ≤ applicant ⇒ who ≤ proves the need or justifies the intention to travel frequently and/or regularly, in particular due to his occupational or family status, such as business persons, civil servants engaged in regular official contacts with Member States and EU institutions, representatives of civil society organisations travelling for the purpose of educational training, seminars and conferences, family members of citizens of the Union, family members of third-country nationals legally residing in Member States and seafarers; and. (b) ⇒ provided that ⇔ the applicant proves his integrity and reliability, in particular the lawful use of previous uniform visas or visas with limited territorial validity, his economic situation in the country of origin and his genuine intention to leave the territory of the Member States before the expiry of the visa ≥ for which he has ≤ applied for. 	the visa for which he has applied.	5. A multiple-entry visa valid for up to 5 years <i>shall also</i> be issued to <i>a</i> <i>family member of a Union citizen as</i> <i>referred to in Article 3(1) of</i> <i>Directive 2004/38/EC as well as to</i> an applicant who proves the need or justifies the intention to travel frequently and/or regularly, <i>including for professional reasons,</i> provided that the applicant proves his integrity and reliability, in particular the lawful use of previous uniform visas, or visas with limited territorial validity, <i>national long-stay visas or</i> <i>residence permits issued by a</i> <i>Member State,</i> his economic situation in the country of origin and his genuine intention to leave the territory of the Member States before the expiry of the visa for which he has applied.	
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<u>36</u> . The data set out in Article 10(1) of the VIS Regulation \boxtimes (EC) No 767/2008 \bigotimes shall be entered into the VIS when a decision on issuing such a visa has been taken.	6. The data set out in Article 10(1) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 shall be entered into the VIS when a decision on issuing such a visa has been taken.	6. The data set out in Article 10(1) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 shall be entered into the VIS when a decision on issuing such a visa has been taken.	
Article <u>2522</u> Issuing of a visa with limited territorial validity	<i>Article 22</i> Issuing of a visa with limited territorial validity	<i>Article 22</i> Issuing of a visa with limited territorial validity	
1. A visa with limited territorial validity	1. A visa with limited territorial	Amendment 93 1. A visa with limited territorial	
shall be issued exceptionally, in the following cases:	validity shall be issued exceptionally, in the following cases:	validity shall be issued in the following cases:	
		Amendment 94	
(a) when the Member State concerned considers it necessary on humanitarian grounds, for reasons of national interest or because of international obligations,	(a) when the Member State concerned considers it necessary on humanitarian grounds, for reasons of national interest or because of international obligations,	(a) when the Member State concerned considers it necessary on humanitarian grounds, for reasons of national interest or because of international obligations, <i>in</i> <i>particular when it is necessary in</i> <i>order to ensure the international</i> <i>protection of the person concerned</i> <i>in accordance with the United</i> <i>Nations Convention relating to the</i> <i>Status of Refugees of 1951 or other</i> <i>relevant Union and international</i> <i>instruments,</i>	

(i) to derogate from the principle that	(i) to derogate from the principle that	(i) to derogate from the principle that	
the entry conditions laid down in Article	the entry conditions laid down in	the entry conditions laid down in	
5(1)(a), (c), (d) and (e) of the Schengen	Article 5(1)(a), (c), (d) and (e) of	Article 5(1)(a), (c), (d) and (e) of	
Borders Code \boxtimes Regulation (EC) No	Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 must	Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 must	
$562/2006 \ll$ must be fulfilled;	be fulfilled;	be fulfilled;	
(ii) to issue a visa despite an objection by the Member State consulted in accordance with Article $\frac{22}{22}$ 19 to the issuing of a uniform visa; or	 (ii) to issue a visa despite an objection by the Member State consulted in accordance with Article 19 to the issuing of a uniform visa; or 	 (ii) to issue a visa despite an objection by the Member State consulted in accordance with Article 19 to the issuing of a uniform visa; or 	
(iii) to issue a visa for reasons of urgency, although the prior consultation in accordance with Article 22 19 has not been carried out; or	 (iii) to issue a visa for reasons of urgency, although the prior consultation in accordance with Article 19 has not been carried out; or 	 (iii) to issue a visa for reasons of urgency, although the prior consultation in accordance with Article 19 has not been carried out; or 	
(b) when for reasons deemed justified	(b) when for reasons deemed	(b) when for reasons deemed	
by the consulate, a new visa is issued	justified by the consulate, a new visa	justified by the consulate, a new visa	
for a stay during the same 180-day	is issued for a stay during the same	is issued for a stay during the same	
period to an applicant who, over this	180-day period to an applicant who,	180-day period to an applicant who,	
180-day period, has already used a	over this 180-day period, has already	over this 180-day period, has already	
uniform visa or a visa with limited	used a uniform visa or a visa with	used a uniform visa or a visa with	
territorial validity allowing for a stay of	limited territorial validity allowing	limited territorial validity allowing	
90 days.	for a stay of 90 days.	for a stay of 90 days.	
2. A visa with limited territorial validity	2. A visa with limited territorial	2. A visa with limited territorial	
shall be valid for the territory of the	validity shall be valid for the	validity shall be valid for the	
issuing Member State. It may	territory of the issuing Member	territory of the issuing Member	
exceptionally be valid for the territory	State. It may exceptionally be valid	State. It may exceptionally be valid	
of more than one Member State, subject	for the territory of more than one	for the territory of more than one	
to the consent of each such Member	Member State, subject to the consent	Member State, subject to the consent	
State.	of each such Member State.	of each such Member State.	

3. If the applicant holds a travel document that is not recognised by one or more, but not all Member States, a visa valid for the territory of the Member States recognising the travel document shall be issued. If the issuing Member State does not recognise the applicant's travel document, the visa issued shall only be valid for that Member State.	3. If the applicant holds a travel document that is not recognised by one or more, but not all Member States, a visa valid for the territory of the Member States recognising the travel document shall be issued. If the issuing Member State does not recognise the applicant's travel document, the visa issued shall only be valid for that Member State.	3. If the applicant holds a travel document that is not recognised by one or more, but not all Member States, a visa valid for the territory of the Member States recognising the travel document shall be issued. If the issuing Member State does not recognise the applicant's travel document, the visa issued shall only be valid for that Member State.	
4. When a visa with limited territorial validity has been issued in the cases described in paragraph 1(a), the central authorities of the issuing Member State shall circulate the relevant information to the central authorities of the other Member States without delay, by means of the procedure referred to in Article 16(3) of the VIS Regulation \boxtimes (EC) No 767/2008 \bigotimes .	4. When a visa with limited territorial validity has been issued in the cases described in paragraph 1(a), the central authorities of the issuing Member State shall circulate the relevant information to the central authorities of the other Member States without delay, by means of the procedure referred to in Article 16(3) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008.	4. When a visa with limited territorial validity has been issued in the cases described in paragraph 1(a), the central authorities of the issuing Member State shall circulate the relevant information to the central authorities of the other Member States without delay, by means of the procedure referred to in Article 16(3) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008.	
5. The data set out in Article 10(1) of the VIS Regulation ⊠ (EC) No 767/2008 ≪I shall be entered into the VIS when a decision on issuing such a visa has been taken.	5. The data set out in Article 10(1) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 shall be entered into the VIS when a decision on issuing such a visa has been taken.	5. The data set out in Article 10(1) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 shall be entered into the VIS when a decision on issuing such a visa has been taken. Amendment 95	

5a. Persons seeking international protection may apply for a European humanitarian visa directly at any consulate or embassy of the Member States. Once granted following an assessment, such a humanitarian visa shall allow its holder to enter the territory of the Member State issuing the visa for the sole purpose of lodging in that Member State an application for international protection, as defined in Article 2(a) of Directive 2011/95/EU.
The relevant provisions of Title III of this Regulation shall apply with the exception of Articles 11, 13a, 15 and 27.
The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 48 concerning the specific conditions and procedures for issuing such visas, supplementing or amending Articles 9, 10, 13, and 20 of this Regulation insofar as it is necessary in order to take into consideration the particular circumstances of persons seeking international protection and of consulates and embassies of Member States.

		Amendment 96 Article 22a Exemption from standard period of visa validity	
		When issuing a visa on humanitarian or international protection grounds, Member States shall grant an exemption from the standard '90 days in any 180 days' period of validity, for a period of 12 months, renewable, based on an assessment of the situation in the country of origin or of residence of the third-country national, awarding special attention to the circumstances of persons requesting international protection.	
Article 26 23	Article 23	Article 23	
Issuing of an airport transit visa	Issuing of an airport transit visa	Issuing of an airport transit visa	
1. An airport transit visa shall be valid for transiting through the international transit areas of the airports situated on the territory of Member States.	1. An airport transit visa shall be valid for transiting through the international transit areas of the airports situated on the territory of Member States.	1. An airport transit visa shall be valid for transiting through the international transit areas of the airports situated on the territory of Member States.	

2. Without prejudice to Article $\frac{1211}{(a)}$, the period of validity of the visa shall include an additional 'period of grace' of 15 days.	2. Without prejudice to Article 11(a), the period of validity of the visa shall include a 'period of grace' of 15 days.	2. Without prejudice to Article 11(a), the period of validity of the visa shall include a 'period of grace' of 15 days.	
Member States may decide not to grant such a period of grace for reasons of public policy or because of the international relations of any of the Member States.	Member States may decide not to grant such a period of grace for reasons of public policy or because of the international relations of any of the Member States.	Member States may decide not to grant such a period of grace for reasons of public policy or because of the international relations of any of the Member States.	
3. Without prejudice to Article $\frac{1211}{(a)}$, multiple airport transit visas may be issued with a period of validity of a maximum six months.	3. Without prejudice to Article 11(a), multiple airport transit visas may be issued with a period of validity of a maximum six months.	3. Without prejudice to Article 11(a), multiple airport transit visas may be issued with a period of validity of a maximum six months.	
4. The following criteria in particular are relevant for taking the decision to issue multiple airport transit visas:	4. The following criteria in particular are relevant for taking the decision to issue multiple airport transit visas:	4. The following criteria in particular are relevant for taking the decision to issue multiple airport transit visas:	
(a) the applicant's need to transit frequently and/or regularly; and	(a) the applicant's need to transit frequently and/or regularly; and	(a) the applicant's need to transit frequently and/or regularly; and	
(b) the integrity and reliability of the applicant, in particular the lawful use of previous uniform visas, visas with limited territorial validity or airport transit visas, his economic situation in his country of origin and his genuine intention to pursue his onward journey.	(b) the integrity and reliability of the applicant, in particular the lawful use of previous uniform visas, visas with limited territorial validity or airport transit visas, his economic situation in his country of origin and his genuine intention to pursue his onward journey.	(b) the integrity and reliability of the applicant, in particular the lawful use of previous uniform visas, visas with limited territorial validity or airport transit visas, his economic situation in his country of origin and his genuine intention to pursue his onward journey.	

5. If the applicant is required to hold an airport transit visa in accordance with the provisions of Article 3(2), the airport transit visa shall be valid only for transiting through the international transit areas of the airports situated on the territory of the Member State(s) concerned.	5. If the applicant is required to hold an airport transit visa in accordance with the provisions of Article 3(2), the airport transit visa shall be valid only for transiting through the international transit areas of the airports situated on the territory of the Member State(s) concerned.	5. If the applicant is required to hold an airport transit visa in accordance with the provisions of Article 3(2), the airport transit visa shall be valid only for transiting through the international transit areas of the airports situated on the territory of the Member State(s) concerned.	
6. The data set out in Article 10(1) of the VIS Regulation ▷ (EC) No 767/2008 ≤ shall be entered into the VIS when a decision on issuing such a visa has been taken.	6. The data set out in Article 10(1) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 shall be entered into the VIS when a decision on issuing such a visa has been taken.	6. The data set out in Article 10(1) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 shall be entered into the VIS when a decision on issuing such a visa has been taken.	
<i>Article</i> <u>2724</u>	Article 24	Article 24	
Filling in the visa sticker	Filling in the visa sticker	Filling in the visa sticker	
		Amendment 97	
1. When the visa sticker is filled in, the mandatory entries set out in Annex VII shall be inserted and the machine- readable zone shall be filled in, as provided for in ICAO document 9303, Part 2.	1. When the visa sticker is filled in the machine-readable zone shall be filled in, as provided for in ICAO document 9303, Part 2.	1. When the visa sticker is filled in, <i>the mandatory entries set out in</i> <i>Annex Va shall be inserted and</i> the machine-readable zone shall be filled in, as provided for in ICAO document 9303, Part 2.	
		Amendment 98	

2. The Commission shall by means of implementing acts adopt the details for filling in the visa sticker. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 51(2).	2. The Commission shall by means of implementing acts adopt the details for filling in the visa sticker. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 51(2).	deleted	
		Amendment 99	
2 <u>3</u> . Member States may add national entries in the 'comments' section of the visa sticker, which shall not \bowtie neither	3. Member States may add national entries in the 'comments' section of the visa sticker, which shall not duplicate the mandatory entries established in accordance with the procedure referred to in paragraph 2 ().	3. Member States may add national entries in the 'comments' section of the visa sticker, which shall neither duplicate the <i>mandatory</i> entries <i>in</i> <i>Annex Va</i> nor indicate a specific travel purpose.	
$\frac{34}{2}$. All entries on the visa sticker shall be printed, and no manual changes shall be made to a printed visa sticker.	4. All entries on the visa sticker shall be printed, and no manual changes shall be made to a printed visa sticker.	4. All entries on the visa sticker shall be printed, and no manual changes shall be made to a printed visa sticker.	
4 <u>5</u> . \boxtimes A \boxtimes ¥visa stickers \Rightarrow for a single entry visa \Leftrightarrow may be filled in manually only in case of technical force majeure. No changes shall be made to a manually filled in visa sticker.	5. A visa sticker for a single entry visa may be filled in manually only in case of technical force majeure. No changes shall be made to a manually filled in visa sticker.	5. A visa sticker for a single entry visa may be filled in manually only in case of technical force majeure. No changes shall be made to a manually filled in visa sticker.	

$\frac{56}{6}$. When a visa sticker is filled in manually in accordance with paragraph 4 of this Article, this information shall be entered into the VIS in accordance with Article 10(1)(k) of the VIS Regulation \boxtimes (EC) No 767/2008 \bigotimes .	6. When a visa sticker is filled in manually in accordance with paragraph 4 of this Article, this information shall be entered into the VIS in accordance with Article 10(1)(k) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008.	6. When a visa sticker is filled in manually in accordance with paragraph 4 of this Article, this information shall be entered into the VIS in accordance with Article 10(1)(k) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008.	
Article <u>2825</u>	Article 25	Article 25	
Invalidation of a completed visa sticker	Invalidation of a completed visa sticker	Invalidation of a completed visa sticker	
1. If an error is detected on a visa sticker which has not yet been affixed to the travel document, the visa sticker shall be invalidated.	1. If an error is detected on a visa sticker which has not yet been affixed to the travel document, the visa sticker shall be invalidated.	1. If an error is detected on a visa sticker which has not yet been affixed to the travel document, the visa sticker shall be invalidated.	
2. If an error is detected after the visa sticker has been affixed to the travel document, the visa sticker shall be invalidated by drawing a cross with indelible ink on the visa sticker \Rightarrow , the optically variable device shall be destroyed \Leftrightarrow and a new visa sticker shall be affixed to a different page.	2. If an error is detected after the visa sticker has been affixed to the travel document, the visa sticker shall be invalidated by drawing a cross with indelible ink on the visa sticker, the optically variable device shall be destroyed and a new visa sticker shall be affixed to a different page.	2. If an error is detected after the visa sticker has been affixed to the travel document, the visa sticker shall be invalidated by drawing a cross with indelible ink on the visa sticker, the optically variable device shall be destroyed and a new visa sticker shall be affixed to a different page.	
3. If an error is detected after the relevant data have been introduced into the VIS in accordance with Article 10(1) of the VIS Regulation \boxtimes (EC) No 767/2008 \bigotimes , the error shall be corrected in accordance with Article 24(1) of that Regulation.	3. If an error is detected after the relevant data have been introduced into the VIS in accordance with Article 10(1) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008, the error shall be corrected in accordance with Article 24(1) of that Regulation.	3. If an error is detected after the relevant data have been introduced into the VIS in accordance with Article 10(1) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008, the error shall be corrected in accordance with Article 24(1) of that Regulation.	

Article 29 26	Article 26	Article 26	
Affixing a visa sticker	Affixing a visa sticker	Affixing a visa sticker	
		Amendment 100	
1. The printed visa sticker containing the data provided for in Article $\frac{27}{24}$ $\frac{24}{24}$ and Annex <u>VII</u> shall be affixed to the travel document in accordance with the provisions set out in Annex <u>VIII</u> .	1. The printed visa sticker containing the data provided for in Article 24 shall be affixed to the travel document.	1. The printed visa sticker containing the data provided for in Article 24 <i>and Annex Va</i> shall be affixed to the travel document <i>in accordance with</i> <i>the provisions set out in Annex Vb</i> .	
		Amendment 101	
2. The Commission shall by means of implementing acts adopt the details for affixing the visa sticker. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 51(2).	2. The Commission shall by means of implementing acts adopt the details for affixing the visa sticker. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 51(2).	deleted	
3. Where the issuing Member State does not recognise the applicant's travel document, the separate sheet for affixing a visa shall be used.	3. Where the issuing Member State does not recognise the applicant's travel document, the separate sheet for affixing a visa shall be used.	3. Where the issuing Member State does not recognise the applicant's travel document, the separate sheet for affixing a visa shall be used.	
4. When a visa sticker has been affixed to the separate sheet for affixing a visa, this information shall be entered into the VIS in accordance with Article $10(1)(j)$ of the VIS Regulation \boxtimes (EC) No 767/2008 \ll .	4. When a visa sticker has been affixed to the separate sheet for affixing a visa, this information shall be entered into the VIS in accordance with Article 10(1)(j) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008.	4. When a visa sticker has been affixed to the separate sheet for affixing a visa, this information shall be entered into the VIS in accordance with Article 10(1)(j) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008.	

5. Individual visas issued to persons	5. Individual visas issued to persons	5. Individual visas issued to persons	
who are included in the travel document	who are included in the travel	who are included in the travel	
of the applicant shall be affixed to that	document of the applicant shall be	document of the applicant shall be	
travel document.	affixed to that travel document.	affixed to that travel document.	
6. Where the travel document in which	6. Where the travel document in	6. Where the travel document in	
such persons are included is not	which such persons are included is	which such persons are included is	
recognised by the issuing Member	not recognised by the issuing	not recognised by the issuing	
State, the individual stickers shall be	Member State, the individual stickers	Member State, the individual stickers	
affixed to the separate sheets for	shall be affixed to the separate sheets	shall be affixed to the separate sheets	
affixing a visa.	for affixing a visa.	for affixing a visa.	
Article <u>3027</u>	Article 27	<i>Article 27</i>	
Rights derived from an issued visa	Rights derived from an issued visa	Rights derived from an issued visa	
Mere possession of a uniform visa or a visa with limited territorial validity shall not confer an automatic right of entry.	Mere possession of a uniform visa or a visa with limited territorial validity shall not confer an automatic right of entry.	Mere possession of a uniform visa or a visa with limited territorial validity shall not confer an automatic right of entry.	
Article <u>3+28</u> Information of ⊠ Informing ≪ central authorities of other Member States	<i>Article 28</i> Informing central authorities of other Member States	<i>Article 28</i> Informing central authorities of other Member States	
1. A Member State may require that its	1. A Member State may require that	1. A Member State may require that	
central authorities be informed of visas	its central authorities be informed of	its central authorities be informed of	
issued by consulates of other Member	visas issued by consulates of other	visas issued by consulates of other	
States to nationals of specific third	Member States to nationals of	Member States to nationals of	
countries or to specific categories of	specific third countries or to specific	specific third countries or to specific	
such nationals, except in the case of	categories of such nationals, except	categories of such nationals, except	
airport transit visas.	in the case of airport transit visas.	in the case of airport transit visas.	

2. Member States shall notify the Commission of the introduction or withdrawal of the requirement for such information ⇒ at the latest 15 calendar days ⇔ before it becomes applicable. This information shall also be given within local Schengen cooperation in the jurisdiction concerned.	2. Member States shall notify the Commission of the introduction or withdrawal of the requirement for such information at the latest 15 calendar days before it becomes applicable. This information shall also be given within local Schengen cooperation in the jurisdiction concerned.	2. Member States shall notify the Commission of the introduction or withdrawal of the requirement for such information at the latest 15 calendar days before it becomes applicable. This information shall also be given within local Schengen cooperation in the jurisdiction concerned.	
		Amendment 102	
3. The Commission shall inform Member States of such notifications.	3. The Commission shall inform Member States of such notifications.	3. The Commission shall <i>publish</i> such notifications.	
Article 32 29	Article 29	Article 29	
Refusal of a visa	Refusal of a visa	Refusal of a visa	
		Amendment 103	
1. Without prejudice to Article $\frac{2522}{(1)}$, a visa shall be refused:	1. Without prejudice to Article 22(1), a visa shall be refused:	1. Without prejudice to Article 22, a visa shall be refused:	
a visa shall be refused:	a visa shall be refused:	visa shall be refused:	
a visa shall be refused:(a) if the applicant:(i) presents a travel document which is	a visa shall be refused:(a) if the applicant:(i) presents a travel document which	 visa shall be refused: (a) if the applicant: (i) <i>does not present</i> a <i>valid</i> travel 	

country into which he is certain to be	to a third country into which he is	to a third country into which he is	
admitted, or is not in a position to	certain to be admitted, or is not in a	certain to be admitted, or is not in a	
acquire such means lawfully;	position to acquire such means	position to acquire such means	
(iv) has already stayed for 90 days	lawfully;	lawfully;	
during the current 180-day period on the	(iv) has already stayed for 90 days	(iv) has already stayed for 90 days	
territory of the Member States on the	during the current 180-day period on	during the current 180-day period on	
basis of a uniform visa or a visa with	the territory of the Member States on	the territory of the Member States on	
limited territorial validity;	the basis of a uniform visa or a visa	the basis of a uniform visa or a visa	
(v) is a person for whom an alert has	with limited territorial validity;	with limited territorial validity;	
been issued in the SIS for the purpose of	(v) is a person for whom an alert has	(v) is a person for whom an alert has	
refusing entry;	been issued in the SIS for the	been issued in the SIS for the	
(vi) is considered to be a threat to public	purpose of refusing entry;	purpose of refusing entry;	
policy, internal security or public health	(vi) is considered to be a threat to	(vi) is considered to be a threat to	
as defined in Article $2(19)$ of the	public policy, internal security or	public policy, internal security or	
Schengen Borders Code 🖾 Regulation	public health as defined in Article	public health as defined in Article	
6	-	1	
(EC) No $562/2006 \otimes$ or to the	2(19) of Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 or to the international	2(19) of Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 or to the international	
international relations of any of the			
Member States, in particular where an	relations of any of the Member	relations of any of the Member	
alert has been issued in Member States'	States, in particular where an alert	States, in particular where an alert	
national databases for the purpose of	has been issued in Member States'	has been issued in Member States'	
refusing entry on the same grounds; or	national databases for the purpose of	national databases for the purpose of	
(vii) does not provide proof of holding	refusing entry on the same grounds;	refusing entry on the same grounds;	
adequate and valid travel medical	(vii) does not provide proof of	Or	
insurance, where applicable;	holding adequate and valid travel		
	medical insurance, where		
or	applicable;		
	or		

2. A decision on refusal and the reasons on which it is based shall be notified to the applicant by means of the standard form set out in Annex $\underline{\Psi} \underline{V}$.	2. A decision on refusal and the reasons on which it is based shall be notified to the applicant by means of the standard form set out in Annex V.	2. A decision on refusal and the reasons on which it is based shall be notified to the applicant by means of the standard form set out in Annex V <i>in a language which the applicant</i> <i>understands or may reasonably be</i> <i>supposed to understand</i> .	
(b) if there are reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of the supporting documents submitted by the applicant or the veracity of their contents, the reliability of the statements made by the applicant or his intention to leave the territory of the Member States before the expiry of the visa applied for.	(b) if there are reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of the supporting documents submitted by the applicant or the veracity of their contents, the reliability of the statements made by the applicant or his intention to leave the territory of the Member States before the expiry of the visa applied for.	(b) if there are reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of the supporting documents submitted by the applicant or the veracity of their contents, the reliability of the statements made by the applicant or his intention to leave the territory of the Member States before the expiry of the visa applied for. <i>Amendment 104</i>	

	 2a. Refusals of applications of close relatives of the Union citizens referred to in Article 8(3) and of family members of Union citizens as referred to in Article 3(1) of Directive 2004/38/EC shall be justified in a detailed way and in writing in addition to the use of the standard form set out in Annex V. Refusals of applications of family members of Union citizens as referred to in Article 3(1) of Directive 2004/38/EC are subject to the provisions of that Directive. A family member may be refused a visa exclusively on the following grounds: (a) the national authorities demonstrate that the visa applicant is a genuine, present and 	
	s a genuine, present and sufficiently serious threat to public policy, public security or public health; or	
	(b) the national authorities demonstrate that there was abuse or fraud.	
	Amendment 106	

 3. Applicants who have been refused a visa shall have the right to appeal. Appeals shall be conducted ⇒ instituted <> against the Member State that has taken the final decision on the application and in accordance with the national law of that Member State. Member States shall provide applicants with ⇒ detailed <> information regarding the procedure to be followed in the event of an appeal, as specified in Annex ¥ ⊻. 	3. Applicants who have been refused a visa shall have the right to appeal. Appeals shall be instituted against the Member State that has taken the () decision on the application and in accordance with the national law of that Member State. Member States shall provide applicants with detailed information regarding the procedure to be followed in the event of an appeal, as specified in Annex V.	3. Applicants who have been refused a visa shall have the right to appeal <i>including the right to a judicial</i> <i>remedy</i> . Appeals shall be instituted against the Member State that has taken the final decision on the application and in accordance with the national law of that Member State. <i>Where a decision is</i> <i>overturned on appeal, the applicant</i> <i>shall be given the possibility to</i> <i>claim compensation in accordance</i> <i>with national law and the</i> <i>information in the VIS shall be</i> <i>corrected immediately</i> . Member States shall provide applicants with detailed information regarding the procedure to be followed in the event of an appeal, as specified in Annex V, <i>in a language which the</i> <i>applicant understands or may</i> <i>reasonably be supposed to</i> <i>understand</i> .	
$\frac{54}{2}$. Information on a refused visa shall	4. Information on a refused visa shall	4. Information on a refused visa shall	
be entered into the VIS in accordance	be entered into the VIS in accordance	be entered into the VIS in accordance	
with Article 12 of the VIS Regulation	with Article 12 of Regulation (EC)	with Article 12 of Regulation (EC)	
\bowtie (EC) No 767/2008 ≪ .	No 767/2008.	No 767/2008.	

CHAPTER V	CHAPTER V	CHAPTER V	
Modification of an issued visa	Modification of an issued visa	Modification of an issued visa	
Article <u>3330</u>	Article 30	Article 30	
Extension	Extension	Extension	
		Amendment 107	

1. The period of validity and/or the duration of stay of an issued visa shall be extended where the competent authority of a Member State considers that a visa holder has provided proof of force majeure or humanitarian reasons preventing him from leaving the territory of the Member States before the expiry of the period of validity of or the duration of stay authorised by the visa. Such an extension shall be granted free of charge.	1. The period of validity and/or the duration of stay of an issued visa shall be extended where the competent authority of a Member State considers that a visa holder has provided proof of force majeure or humanitarian reasons preventing him from leaving the territory of the Member States before the expiry of the period of validity of or the duration of stay authorized by the visa. Such an extension shall be granted free of charge.	 The period of validity and/or the duration of stay of an issued visa shall be extended where the competent authority of a Member State considers that: (a) a visa holder has provided proof of force majeure preventing him from leaving the territory of the Member States before the expiry of the period of validity of or the duration of stay authorised by the visa; (b) a visa holder has provided proof of humanitarian reasons preventing him from leaving the territory of the Member States before the expiry of the period of validity of or the duration of stay authorised by the visa; (c) international obligations assumed by that Member State require such extension. Such an extension shall be granted free of charge. 	
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2. The period of validity and/or the	2. The period of validity and/or the	2. The period of validity and/or the	
duration of stay of an issued visa may	duration of stay of an issued visa	duration of stay of an issued visa	
be extended if the visa holder provides	may be extended if the visa holder	may be extended if the visa holder	
proof of serious personal reasons	provides proof of serious personal	provides proof of serious personal	
justifying the extension of the period of	reasons justifying the extension of	reasons justifying the extension of	
validity or the duration of stay. A fee of	the period of validity or the duration	the period of validity or the duration	
EUR 30 shall be charged for such an	of stay. A fee of EUR 30 shall be	of stay. A fee of EUR 30 shall be	
extension.	charged for such an extension.	charged for such an extension.	

3. Unless otherwise decided by the authority extending the visa, the territorial validity of the extended visa shall remain the same as that of the original visa.	3. Unless otherwise decided by the authority extending the visa, the territorial validity of the extended visa shall remain the same as that of the original visa.	3. Unless otherwise decided by the authority extending the visa, the territorial validity of the extended visa shall remain the same as that of the original visa.	
4. The authority competent to extend the visa shall be that of the Member State on whose territory the third- country national is present at the moment of applying for an extension.	4. The authority competent to extend the visa shall be that of the Member State on whose territory the third- country national is present at the moment of applying for an extension.	4. The authority competent to extend the visa shall be that of the Member State on whose territory the third- country national is present at the moment of applying for an extension.	
5. Member States shall notify to the Commission the authorities competent for extending visas.	5. Member States shall notify to the Commission the authorities competent for extending visas.	5. Member States shall notify to the Commission the authorities competent for extending visas.	
6. Extension of visas shall take the form of a visa sticker.	6. Extension of visas shall take the form of a visa sticker.	6. Extension of visas shall take the form of a visa sticker.	
 7. Information on an extended visa shall be entered into the VIS in accordance with Article 14 of the VIS Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 ≤ . 	7. Information on an extended visa shall be entered into the VIS in accordance with Article 14 of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008.	7. Information on an extended visa shall be entered into the VIS in accordance with Article 14 of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008.	
Article <u>3431</u> Annulment and revocation	Article 31 Annulment and revocation	Article 31 Annulment and revocation	

1. A visa shall be annulled where it becomes evident that the conditions for issuing it were not met at the time when it was issued, in particular if there are serious grounds for believing that the visa was fraudulently obtained. A visa shall in principle be annulled by the competent authorities of the Member State which issued it. A visa may be annulled by the competent authorities of another Member State, in which case the authorities of the Member State that issued the visa shall be informed of such annulment.	1. A visa shall be annulled where it becomes evident that the conditions for issuing it were not met at the time when it was issued, in particular if there are serious grounds for believing that the visa was fraudulently obtained. A visa shall in principle be annulled by the competent authorities of the Member State which issued it. A visa may be annulled by the competent authorities of another Member State, in which case the authorities of the Member State that issued the visa shall be informed of such annulment.	1. A visa shall be annulled where it becomes evident that the conditions for issuing it were not met at the time when it was issued, in particular if there are serious grounds for believing that the visa was fraudulently obtained. A visa shall in principle be annulled by the competent authorities of the Member State which issued it. A visa may be annulled by the competent authorities of another Member State, in which case the authorities of the Member State that issued the visa shall be informed of such annulment.	
2. A visa shall be revoked where it	2. A visa shall be revoked where it	2. A visa shall be revoked where it	
becomes evident that the conditions for	becomes evident that the conditions	becomes evident that the conditions	
issuing it are no longer met. A visa shall	for issuing it are no longer met. A	for issuing it are no longer met. A	
in principle be revoked by the	visa shall in principle be revoked by	visa shall in principle be revoked by	
competent authorities of the Member	the competent authorities of the	the competent authorities of the	
State which issued it. A visa may be	Member State which issued it. A visa	Member State which issued it. A visa	
revoked by the competent authorities of	may be revoked by the competent	may be revoked by the competent	
another Member State, in which case	authorities of another Member State,	authorities of another Member State,	
the authorities of the Member State that	in which case the authorities of the	in which case the authorities of the	
issued the visa shall be informed of	Member State that issued the visa	Member State that issued the visa	
such revocation.	shall be informed of such revocation.	shall be informed of such revocation.	
3. A visa may be revoked at the request	3. A visa may be revoked at the	3. A visa may be revoked at the	
of the visa holder. The competent	request of the visa holder. The	request of the visa holder. The	
authorities of the Member States that	competent authorities of the Member	competent authorities of the Member	
issued the visa shall be informed of	States that issued the visa shall be	States that issued the visa shall be	
such revocation.	informed of such revocation.	informed of such revocation.	

		Amendment 108	
6. A decision on annulment or	6. A decision on annulment or	6. A decision on annulment or	
revocation of a visa and the reasons on	revocation of a visa and the reasons	revocation of a visa and the reasons	
which it is based shall be notified to the	on which it is based shall be notified	on which it is based shall be notified	
applicant by means of the standard form	to the applicant by means of the	to the applicant by means of the	
set out in Annex $\underline{\forall \underline{4}} \underline{V}$.	standard form set out in Annex V.	standard form set out in Annex V.	
5. If a visa is annulled or revoked, a	5. If a visa is annulled or revoked, a	5. If a visa is annulled or revoked, a	
stamp stating 'ANNULLED' or	stamp stating 'ANNULLED' or	stamp stating 'ANNULLED' or	
'REVOKED' shall be affixed to it and	'REVOKED' shall be affixed to it	'REVOKED' shall be affixed to it	
the optically variable feature of the visa	and the optically variable feature of	and the optically variable feature of	
sticker, the security feature 'latent	the visa sticker, the security feature	the visa sticker, the security feature	
image effect' as well as the term 'visa'	'latent image effect' as well as the	'latent image effect' as well as the	
shall be invalidated by being crossed	term 'visa' shall be invalidated by	term 'visa' shall be invalidated by	
out.	being crossed out.	being crossed out.	
4. Failure of the visa holder to produce,	4. Failure of the visa holder to	4. Failure of the visa holder to	
at the border, one or more of the	produce, at the border, one or more	produce, at the border, one or more	
supporting documents referred to in	of the supporting documents referred	of the supporting documents referred	
Article $\frac{1413}{(4)}$, shall not automatically	to in Article 13(4), shall not	to in Article 13(4), shall not	
lead to a decision to annul or revoke the	automatically lead to a decision to	automatically lead to a decision to	
visa.	annul or revoke the visa.	annul or revoke the visa.	

7. A visa holder whose visa has been annulled or revoked shall have the right to appeal, unless the visa was revoked at his request in accordance with paragraph 3. Appeals shall be conducted against the Member State that has taken the decision on the annulment or revocation and in accordance with the national law of that Member State. Member States shall provide applicants with information regarding the procedure to be followed in the event of an appeal, as specified in Annex $\underline{\Psi} \underline{V}$.	7. A visa holder whose visa has been annulled or revoked shall have the right to appeal, unless the visa was revoked at his request in accordance with paragraph 3. Appeals shall be conducted against the Member State that has taken the decision on the annulment or revocation and in accordance with the national law of that Member State. Member States shall provide applicants with information regarding the procedure to be followed in the event of an appeal, as specified in Annex V.	7. A visa holder whose visa has been annulled or revoked shall have the right to appeal <i>including the right to</i> <i>a judicial remedy</i> , unless the visa was revoked at his request in accordance with paragraph 3. Appeals shall be conducted against the Member State that has taken the decision on the annulment or revocation and in accordance with the national law of that Member State. <i>Where a decision is</i> <i>overturned on appeal, the applicant</i> <i>shall be given the possibility to</i> <i>claim compensation in accordance</i> <i>with national law and the</i> <i>information in the VIS shall be</i> <i>corrected immediately.</i> Member States shall provide applicants with information regarding the procedure to be followed in the event of an appeal, as specified in Annex V, in a <i>language which the applicant</i> <i>understands or may reasonably be</i> <i>supposed to understand</i> .	
8. Information on an annulled or a revoked visa shall be entered into the VIS in accordance with Article 13 of the VIS Regulation \boxtimes (EC) No 767/2008 \bigotimes .	8. Information on an annulled or a revoked visa shall be entered into the VIS in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008.	8. Information on an annulled or a revoked visa shall be entered into the VIS in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008.	
CHAPTER VI	CHAPTER VI	CHAPTER VI	



VISAS ISSUED AT THE EXTERNAL BORDERS	VISAS ISSUED AT THE EXTERNAL BORDERS	VISAS ISSUED AT THE EXTERNAL BORDERS	
<i>Article</i> <u>3532</u>	Article 32	Article 32	
Visas applied for ⊠ exceptionally ⊠ at the external border	Visas applied for exceptionally at the external border	Visas applied for exceptionally at the external border	
1. In exceptional cases, visas may be issued at border crossing points if the following conditions are satisfied:	1. In exceptional cases, visas may be issued at border crossing points if the following conditions are satisfied:	1. In exceptional cases, visas may be issued at border crossing points if the following conditions are satisfied:	
 (a) the applicant fulfils the conditions laid down in Article 5(1)(a), (c), (d) and (e) of the Schengen Borders Code ☑> Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 < ; 	(a) the applicant fulfils the conditions laid down in Article 5(1)(a), (c), (d) and (e) of Regulation (EC) No 562/2006;	(a) the applicant fulfils the conditions laid down in Article 5(1)(a), (c), (d) and (e) of Regulation (EC) No 562/2006;	
		Amendment 109	
		(aa) on humanitarian grounds;	
(b) the applicant has not been in a position to apply for a visa in advance and submits, if required, supporting documents substantiating unforeseeable and imperative reasons for entry; and	(b) the applicant has not been in a position to apply for a visa in advance and submits, if required, supporting documents substantiating unforeseeable and imperative reasons for entry; and	(b) the applicant has not been in a position to apply for a visa in advance and submits, if required, supporting documents substantiating unforeseeable and imperative reasons for entry; and	
(c) the applicant's return to his country of origin or residence or transit through States other than Member States fully implementing the Schengen <i>acquis</i> is assessed as certain.	(c) the applicant's return to his country of origin or residence or transit through States other than Member States fully implementing the Schengen acquis is assessed as certain.	(c) the applicant's return to his country of origin or residence or transit through States other than Member States fully implementing the Schengen acquis is assessed as certain.	

10026/16	
ANNEX	

2. Where a visa is applied for at the external border, the requirement that the applicant be in possession of travel medical insurance may be waived when such travel medical insurance is not available at that border crossing point or for humanitarian reasons.	1a. Where a visa is applied for at the external border, the requirement that the applicant be in possession of travel medical insurance may be waived when such travel medical insurance is not available at that border crossing point or for humanitarian reasons.		Council position
		Amendment 110	
		1a. When a family member of a Union citizen as referred to in Article 3(1) of Directive 2004/38/EC arrives at the border without holding the necessary visa, the Member State concerned must, before turning him back, give the person concerned every reasonable opportunity to obtain the necessary documents or have them brought to him within a reasonable period of time to corroborate or prove by other means that he is covered by the right of free movement. If he succeeds in doing so and if there is no evidence that he poses a risk to the public policy, public security or public health requirements, the visa must be issued to him without delay at the border, while taking into account the provisions of Directive	

		2004/38/EC.	
		Amendment 111	
		1b. Where a visa is applied for at the external border in accordance with this Article or Article 33, the requirement that the applicant be in possession of travel medical insurance may be waived when such travel medical insurance is not available at that border crossing point or for humanitarian reasons.	See paragraph 1a in Council text
32. A visa issued at the external border shall be a uniform visa, entitling the holder to stay for a maximum duration of 15 days, depending on the purpose and conditions of the intended stay. In the case of transit, the length of the authorised stay shall correspond to the time necessary for the purpose of the transit.	2. A visa issued at the external border shall be a uniform visa, entitling the holder to stay for a maximum duration of 15 days, depending on the purpose and conditions of the intended stay. ()	2. A visa issued at the external border shall be a uniform visa, entitling the holder to stay for a maximum duration of 15 days, depending on the purpose and conditions of the intended stay. In the case of transit, the length of the authorised stay shall correspond to the time necessary for the purpose of the transit.	

<u>43</u> . Where the conditions laid down in	3. Where the conditions laid down in	3. Where the conditions laid down in	
Article 5(1)(a), (c), (d) and (e) of the	Article 5(1)(a), (c), (d) and (e) of	Article 5(1)(a), (c), (d) and (e) of	
Schengen Borders Code \boxtimes Regulation	Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 are	Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 are	
(EC) No 562/2006 \bigotimes are not fulfilled,	not fulfilled, the authorities	not fulfilled, the authorities	
the authorities responsible for issuing	responsible for issuing the visa at the	responsible for issuing the visa at the	
the visa at the border may issue a visa	border may issue a visa with limited	border may issue a visa with limited	
with limited territorial validity, in	territorial validity, in accordance	territorial validity, in accordance	
accordance with Article <u>2522</u> (1)(a) of	with Article 22(1)(a) of this	with Article 22(1)(a) of this	
this Regulation, for the territory of the	Regulation, for the territory of the	Regulation, for the territory of the	
issuing Member State only.	issuing Member State only.	issuing Member State only.	
<u>54</u> . A third-country national falling	4. A third-country national falling	4. A third-country national falling	
within a category of persons for whom	within a category of persons for	within a category of persons for	
prior consultation is required in	whom prior consultation is required	whom prior consultation is required	
accordance with Article <u>22</u> <u>19</u> shall, in	in accordance with Article 19 shall,	in accordance with Article 19 shall,	
principle, not be issued a visa at the	in principle, not be issued a visa at	in principle, not be issued a visa at	
external border.	the external border.	the external border.	
However, a visa with limited territorial validity for the territory of the issuing Member State may be issued at the external border for such persons in exceptional cases, in accordance with Article $\frac{2522}{(1)(a)}$.	However, a visa with limited territorial validity for the territory of the issuing Member State may be issued at the external border for such persons in exceptional cases, in accordance with Article 22(1)(a).	However, a visa with limited territorial validity for the territory of the issuing Member State may be issued at the external border for such persons in exceptional cases, in accordance with Article 22(1)(a).	
<u>65</u> . In addition to the reasons for	5. In addition to the reasons for	5. In addition to the reasons for	
refusing a visa as provided for in Article	refusing a visa as provided for in	refusing a visa as provided for in	
<u>$3229(1)$</u> a visa shall be refused at the	Article 29(1) a visa shall be refused	Article 29(1) a visa shall be refused	
border crossing point if the conditions	at the border crossing point if the	at the border crossing point if the	
referred to in paragraph 1(b) of this	conditions referred to in paragraph	conditions referred to in paragraph	
Article are not met.	1(b) of this Article are not met.	1(b) of this Article are not met.	

<u>$\neq6$</u> . The provisions on justification and notification of refusals and the right of appeal set out in Article <u>$3229(3)$</u> and Annex <u>$\forall4 \cdot V$</u> shall apply.	6. The provisions on justification and notification of refusals and the right of appeal set out in Article 29(3) and Annex V shall apply.	6. The provisions on justification and notification of refusals and the right of appeal set out in Article 29(3) and Annex V shall apply.	
		Amendment 112	
Article 33	(deleted)	Article 33	
Visas applied for at the external border under a temporary scheme		Visas applied for at the external border under a temporary pilot scheme	
		Amendment 113	
1. In view of promoting short term tourism, a Member State may decide to temporarily issue visas at the external border to persons fulfilling the conditions set out in Article 32 (1) (a) and (c).	(deleted)	1. In view of promoting short term tourism, a Member State may <i>exceptionally</i> decide to temporarily issue visas at the external border to persons fulfilling the conditions set out in Article 32 (1) (a) and (c) <i>provided reliable measures are in</i> <i>place to ensure the respect of the</i> <i>visa issuing conditions including</i> <i>the assessment of the applicants</i> <i>intention to return</i> .	
2. The duration of such a scheme shall be limited to 5 months in any calendar year and the categories of beneficiaries shall be clearly defined.	(deleted)	2. The duration of such a scheme shall be limited to 5 months in any calendar year and the categories of beneficiaries shall be clearly defined.	

3. By way of derogation from Article 22(1), a visa issued under such a scheme shall be valid only for the territory of the issuing Member State and shall entitle the holder to stay for a maximum duration of 15 calendar days, depending on the purpose and conditions of the intended stay.	(deleted)	3. By way of derogation from Article 22(1), a visa issued under such a scheme shall be valid only for the territory of the issuing Member State and shall entitle the holder to stay for a maximum duration of 15 calendar days, depending on the purpose and conditions of the intended stay.	
4. Where the visa is refused at the external border, the Member State cannot impose the obligations set out in Article 26 of the Convention Implementing the Schengen Agreement on the carrier concerned.	(deleted)	4. Where the visa is refused at the external border, the Member State cannot impose the obligations set out in Article 26 of the Convention Implementing the Schengen Agreement on the carrier concerned.	
		Amendment 114	
5. Member States shall notify the envisaged schemes to the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission at the latest three months before the start of their implementation. The notification shall define the categories of beneficiaries, the geographical scope, the organisational modalities of the scheme and the	(deleted)	5. Member States shall notify the envisaged schemes to the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission at the latest <i>four</i> months before the start of their implementation. The notification shall <i>include</i> the categories of beneficiaries, the geographical scope, the organisational modalities of the scheme and the measures envisaged	
measures envisaged to ensure the verification of the visa issuing conditions.		to ensure the verification of the visa issuing conditions.	



		Amendment 115	
		5a. The Commission shall assess the information provided in the notification and whether the conditions for the temporary pilot scheme are fulfilled. It may issue an opinion.	
6. Three months after the end of the scheme, the Member State concerned shall submit a detailed implementation report to the Commission. The report shall contain information on the number of visas issued and refused (including citizenship of the persons concerned); duration of stay, return rate (including citizenship of persons not returning).	(deleted)	6. Three months after the end of the scheme, the Member State concerned shall submit a detailed implementation report to the Commission. The report shall contain information on the number of visas issued and refused (including citizenship of the persons concerned); duration of stay, return rate (including citizenship of persons not returning).	
		Amendment 116	
		6a. Three years after this Article becomes applicable, the Commission shall produce an evaluation of its application. On the basis of this evaluation, the Commission shall submit, if necessary, appropriate proposals with a view to amending this Regulation.	

Article 36 34	Article 34	Article 34	
Visas issued to seafarers in transit at the external border	Visas issued to seafarers at the external border	Visas issued to seafarers at the external border	
		Amendment 117	
 1. A seafarer who is required to be in possession of a visa when crossing the external borders of the Member States may be issued with a visa for the purpose of transit at the border where: (a) he fulfils the conditions set out in Article <u>3532</u>(1); and (b) he is crossing the border in question in order to embark on, re-embark on or disembark from a ship on which he will work or has worked as a seafarer. 	 A seafarer who is required to be in possession of a visa when crossing the external borders of the Member States may be issued with a visa at the border where: (a) he fulfils the conditions set out in Article 32(1); and (b) he is crossing the border in question in order to embark on, re- embark on or disembark from a ship on which he will work or has worked as a seafarer. 	 A seafarer who is required to be in possession of a visa when crossing the external borders of the Member States <i>shall</i> be issued with a visa for the purpose of transit at the border where: (a) he fulfils the conditions set out in Article 32(1); and (b) he is crossing the border in question in order to embark on, re- embark on or disembark from a ship on which he will work or has worked as a seafarer. 	
		Amendment 118	
2. Before issuing a visa at the border to a seafarer in transit, the competent national authorities shall comply with the rules set out in Annex <u>IX</u> , Part 1, and make sure that the necessary information concerning the seafarer in question has been exchanged by means of a duly completed form for seafarers in transit, as set out in Annex <u>IX</u> , Part 2.	2. Before issuing a visa at the border to a seafarer, the competent national authorities make sure that the necessary information concerning the seafarer in question has been exchanged.	2. Before issuing a visa at the border to a seafarer <i>in transit</i> , the competent national authorities shall <i>comply</i> <i>with the rules set out in Part 1 of</i> <i>Annex Vc and</i> make sure that the necessary information concerning the seafarer in question has been exchanged <i>by means of a duly</i> <i>completed form for seafarers in</i> <i>transit, as set out in Part 2 of Annex</i> <i>Vc.</i>	

		Amendment 119	
3. The Commission shall by means of implementing acts adopt operational instructions for issuing visas at the border to seafarers. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 51(2).	3. The Commission shall by means of implementing acts adopt operational instructions for issuing visas at the border to seafarers. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 51(2).	deleted	
$\frac{34}{2}$. This Article shall apply without prejudice to Article $\frac{3532(32)}{2}$, ($\frac{43}{2}$) and ($\frac{54}{2}$).	4. This Article shall apply without prejudice to Article 32(2), (3) and (4).	4. This Article shall apply without prejudice to Article 32(2), (3) and (4).	
TITLE IV ADMINISTRATIVE MANAGEMENT AND ORGANISATION	TITLE IV ADMINISTRATIVE MANAGEMENT AND ORGANISATION	TITLE IV ADMINISTRATIVE MANAGEMENT AND ORGANISATION	
Article <u>3735</u> Organisation of visa sections	<i>Article 35</i> Organisation of visa sections	<i>Article 35</i> Organisation of visa sections	

2. The storage and handling of visa stickers shall be subject to adequate security measures to avoid fraud or loss. Each consulate shall keep an account of its stock of visa stickers and register how each visa sticker has been used.	2. The storage and handling of visa stickers shall be subject to adequate security measures to avoid fraud or loss. Each consulate shall keep an account of its stock of visa stickers and register how each visa sticker has been used.	2. The storage and handling of visa stickers shall be subject to adequate security measures to avoid fraud or loss. Each consulate shall keep an account of its stock of visa stickers and register how each visa sticker has been used. <i>Digital systems shall therefore be developed to ensure transparency in the management of visa stickers</i> .	
		Amendment 121	
 3. Member States' consulates shall keep archives of applications. Each individual file shall contain the application form, copies of relevant supporting documents, a record of checks made and the reference number of the visa issued, in order for staff to be able to reconstruct, if need be, the background for the decision taken on the application. Individual application files shall be kept for a minimum of two years from the date of the decision on the application as referred to in Article <u>2220(1)</u>. 	3. Member States' consulates shall keep archives of applications in paper or electronic format . Each individual file shall contain the application form, copies of relevant supporting documents, a record of checks made and the reference number of the visa issued, in order for staff to be able to reconstruct, if need be, the background for the decision taken on the application. Individual paper or electronic application files shall be kept for a minimum of two years from the date of the decision on the application as referred to in Article 20(1).	3. Member States' consulates shall keep <i>digital</i> archives of applications. Each individual file shall contain the application form, copies of relevant supporting documents, a record of checks made and the reference number of the visa issued, in order for staff to be able to reconstruct, if need be, the background for the decision taken on the application. Individual application files shall be kept for a minimum of two years from the date of the decision on the application as referred to in Article 20(1).	

Article <u>3836</u> Resources for examining applications and monitoring of consulates	<i>Article 36</i> Resources for examining applications and monitoring of consulates	Article 36 Resources for examining applications and monitoring of consulates	
		Amendment 122	
1. Member States shall deploy appropriate staff in sufficient numbers to carry out the tasks relating to the examining of applications, in such a way as to ensure reasonable and harmonised quality of service to the public.	1. Member States shall deploy appropriate staff in sufficient numbers to carry out the tasks relating to the examining of applications, in such a way as to ensure reasonable and harmonised quality of service to the public.	1. Member States shall deploy appropriate staff in sufficient numbers to carry out the tasks relating to the examining of applications, in such a way as to ensure reasonable and harmonised quality of service to the public. <i>Staff</i> <i>shall receive training on electronic</i> <i>and digital file management.</i>	
2. Premises shall meet appropriate functional requirements of adequacy and allow for appropriate security measures.	2. Premises shall meet appropriate functional requirements of adequacy and allow for appropriate security measures.	2. Premises shall meet appropriate functional requirements of adequacy and allow for appropriate security measures.	
3. Member States' central authorities shall provide adequate training to both expatriate staff and locally employed staff and shall be responsible for providing them with complete, precise and up-to-date information on the relevant Community ⊠ Union ⊠ and national law.	3. Member States' central authorities shall provide adequate training to both expatriate staff and locally employed staff and shall be responsible for providing them with complete, precise and up-to-date information on the relevant Union and national law.	3. Member States' central authorities shall provide adequate training to both expatriate staff and locally employed staff and shall be responsible for providing them with complete, precise and up-to-date information on the relevant Union and national law.	

4. Member States' central authorities shall ensure frequent and adequate monitoring of the conduct of examination of applications and take corrective measures when deviations from the provisions of this Regulation are detected.	4. Member States' central authorities shall ensure frequent and adequate monitoring of the conduct of examination of applications and take corrective measures when deviations from the provisions of this Regulation are detected.	4. Member States' central authorities shall ensure frequent and adequate monitoring of the conduct of examination of applications and take corrective measures when deviations from the provisions of this Regulation are detected.	
		Amendment 123	
		4a. Member States shall ensure that consulates have a complaints procedure for visa applicants in place. Information on this procedure shall be made available by the consulate on their website and, where applicable, by the external service provider. A record of complaints shall be kept.	
Article 39 37	Article 37	Article 37	
Conduct of staff	Conduct of staff	Conduct of staff	
1. Member States' consulates shall ensure that applicants are received courteously.	1. Member States' consulates shall ensure that applicants are received courteously.	1. Member States' consulates shall ensure that applicants are received courteously.	
		Amendment 124	

2. Consular staff shall, in the performance of their duties, fully respect human dignity. Any measures taken shall be proportionate to the objectives pursued by such measures	2. Consular staff shall, in the performance of their duties, fully respect human dignity. Any measures taken shall be proportionate to the objectives pursued by such measures.	2. Consular staff shall, in the performance of their duties, fully respect <i>the rights enshrined in the</i> <i>Charter of Fundamental Rights</i> . Any measures taken shall be proportionate to the objectives pursued by such measures.	
		Amendment 125	
3. While performing their tasks, consular staff shall not discriminate against persons on grounds of sex, racial or ethnic origin, religion or belief, disability, age or sexual orientation.	3. While performing their tasks, consular staff shall not discriminate against persons on grounds of sex, racial or ethnic origin, religion or belief, disability, age or sexual orientation.	3. While performing their tasks, consular staff shall not discriminate against persons on grounds of <i>nationality</i> , sex, <i>family status</i> , racial or ethnic origin, religion or belief, disability, age or sexual orientation.	
Article <u>4038</u>	Article 38	Article 38	
Forms of ⊠ Consular organisation and ≪ cooperation	Consular organisation and cooperation	Consular organisation and cooperation	
1. Each Member State shall be responsible for organising the procedures relating to applications. In principle, applications shall be lodged at a consulate of a Member State.	1. Each Member State shall be responsible for organising the procedures relating to applications.	1. Each Member State shall be responsible for organising the procedures relating to applications.	
		Amendment 126	

2. Member States shall:	2. Member States shall:	2. Member States shall:	
(a) equip their consulates and authorities responsible for issuing visas at the borders with the required material for the collection of biometric identifiers, as well as the offices of their honorary consuls, whenever they make use of them, to collect biometric identifiers in accordance with Article $\frac{4240}{3}$; and/or	(a) equip their consulates and authorities responsible for issuing visas at the borders with the required material for the collection of biometric identifiers, as well as the offices of their honorary consuls, whenever they make use of them, to collect biometric identifiers in accordance with Article 40;	(a) equip their consulates and authorities responsible for issuing visas at the borders with the required material for the collection of biometric identifiers, as well as the offices of their honorary consuls, whenever they make use of them, to collect biometric identifiers in accordance with Article 40;	
(b) cooperate with one or more other Member States , within the framework of local Schengen cooperation or by other appropriate contacts, in the form of limited representation, co-location, or a Common Application Centre in accordance with Article 41 ⇔ under representation arrangements or any other form of consular cooperation <⊃.	(b) cooperate with one or more other Member States under representation arrangements or any other form of consular cooperation.	(b) cooperate with one or more other Member States, <i>within the</i> <i>framework of local Schengen</i> <i>cooperation or by other appropriate</i> <i>contacts, in the form of limited</i> <i>representation, representation, co-</i> <i>location, a Common Application</i> <i>Centre,</i> or any other form of consular cooperation such as Schengen Visa Centres.	
 3. In particular circumstances or for reasons relating to the local situation, such as where: (a) the high number of applicants does not allow the collection of applications and of data to be organised in a timely manner and in decent conditions; or (b) it is not possible to ensure a good territorial coverage of the third country concerned in any other way; 			

and where the forms of cooperation referred to in paragraph 2(b) prove not to be appropriate for the Member State concerned, a		4 4 4 127	
		Amendment 127	
\boxtimes 3. A \bigotimes Member State may, as a last resort, \boxtimes also \bigotimes cooperate with an external service provider in	3. A Member State may also cooperate with an external service provider in accordance with	3. In particular circumstances or for reasons relating to the local situation, such as where:	
accordance with Article <u>4341</u> .	Article 41.	(a) the high number of applicants does not allow the collection of applications and of data to be organised in a timely manner and in decent conditions;	
		(b) it is not possible to ensure good territorial coverage of the third country concerned in any other way; or	
		(c) the security situation in the third country concerned is particularly problematic;	
		and where cooperation with other Member States proves not to be appropriate for the Member State concerned, a Member State may, if other solutions are not possible, also cooperate with an external service provider in accordance with Article 41.	
4. Without prejudice to the right to call			

the applicant for a personal interview, as provided for in Article 21(8), the selection of a form of organisation shall not lead to the applicant being required to appear in person at more than one location in order to lodge an application.			
54 . Member States shall notify to the Commission how they intend to organise the procedures relating to applications ⇒ their consular organisation and cooperation \Leftarrow in each consular location.	4. Member States shall notify to the Commission their consular organisation and cooperation in each consular location.	4. Member States shall notify to the Commission their consular organisation and cooperation in each consular location.	
€5. In the event of termination of cooperation with other Member States, Member States shall assure the continuity of full service.	5. In the event of termination of cooperation with other Member States, Member States shall assure the continuity of full service as soon as practicable .	5. In the event of termination of cooperation with other Member States, Member States shall assure the continuity of full service.	
<i>Article</i> <u>\$39</u> Representation arrangements	Article 39 Representation arrangements	Article 39 Representation arrangements	

 1. A Member State may agree to represent another Member State that is competent in accordance with Article 5 for the purpose of examining applications and issuing visas on behalf of that Member State. A Member State may also represent another Member State in a limited manner solely iso only if for the collection of applications and the enrolment of biometric identifiers. 	1. A Member State may agree to represent another Member State that is competent in accordance with Article 5 for the purpose of examining and taking decisions on visa applications () on behalf of that Member State. A Member State may also represent another Member State in a limited manner only for the collection of applications and the enrolment of biometric identifiers.	1. A Member State may agree to represent another Member State that is competent in accordance with Article 5 for the purpose of examining applications and issuing visas on behalf of that Member State. A Member State may also represent another Member State in a limited manner only for the collection of applications and the enrolment of biometric identifiers.	
	1a. (see paragraph 4)		
		Amendment 128	
		1a. When it intends to refuse a visa, the consulate or embassy of the representing Member State shall forward the application to the relevant authorities of the represented Member State in order for them to take the final decision on the application within the time limits set out in Article 20 (1), (2) or (3).	
2. The consulate of the representing Member State shall, when contemplating refusing a visa, submit the application to the relevant authorities of the represented Member State in order for them to take the final			

time limits set out in Article 23(1), (2) or (3). 32 . \Rightarrow Where the representation is limited to the collection of applications, $\Rightarrow \underline{\pm}$ the collection and transmission of files and data to the represented Member State shall be carried out in compliance with the relevant data protection and security rules.	2. Where the representation is limited to the collection of applications, the collection and transmission of files and data to the represented Member State shall be carried out in compliance with the relevant data protection and security rules.	2. Where the representation is limited to the collection of applications, the collection and transmission of files and data to the represented Member State shall be carried out in compliance with the relevant data protection and security rules.	
		Amendment 129	
 <u>3</u>. A bilateral arrangement shall be established between the representing Member State and the represented Member State eontaining the following elements ▷ . That arrangement ▷ : (a) shall specify the duration of such ▷ the ▷ representation, if only temporary, and ▷ the ▷ procedures for its termination; (b) may, in particular when the represented Member State has a consulate in the third country concerned, provide for the provision of premises, staff and payments by the represented Member State <u>1</u>. (c) it may stipulate that applications from certain categories of third-country nationals are to be transmitted by the representing Member State to the 	 3. A bilateral arrangement shall be established between the representing Member State and the represented Member State. That arrangement: (a) shall specify the duration of the representation, if only temporary, and the procedures for its termination; (b) may, in particular when the represented Member State has a consulate in the third country concerned, provide for the provision of premises, staff and payments by the represented Member State. (c) may include an arrangement in case of national suspensions referred to in Article 13(2b). 	 3. A bilateral arrangement, <i>the text</i> of which shall be made publicly available, shall be established between the representing Member State and the represented Member State. That arrangement: (a) shall specify the duration of the representation, if only temporary, and the procedures for its termination; (b) may, in particular when the represented Member State has a consulate in the third country concerned, provide for the provision of premises, staff and payments by the represented Member State. 	

eentral authorities of the represented Member State for prior consultation as provided for in Article 22 (d) by way of derogation from paragraph 2, it may authorise the consulate of the representing Member State to refuse to issue a visa after examination of the application.			
<u>►4</u> . Member States lacking their own consulate in a third country shall endeavour to conclude representation arrangements with Member States that have consulates in that country.	1a. (moved to paragraph 1a) Member States () shall cooperate and endeavour to conclude bilateral arrangements to prevent a situation in which the Member State that is competent for examining and deciding on an application in accordance with Article 5(1) or (3), is neither present nor represented in the third country where the applicant legally resides_or is legally present as referred to in Article 6.	4. Member States lacking their own consulate in a third country shall endeavour to conclude representation arrangements with Member States that have consulates in that country.	

<u>65</u> . With a view to ensuring that a poor transport infrastructure or long distances in a specific region or geographical area do not require a disproportionate effort on the part of applicants to have access to a consulate, Member States lacking their own consulate in that region or area shall endeavour to conclude representation arrangements with Member States that have consulates in that region or area.	5. With a view to ensuring that a poor transport infrastructure or long distances in a specific region or geographical area do not require a disproportionate effort on the part of applicants to have access to a consulate, Member States lacking their own consulate in that region or area shall endeavour to conclude representation arrangements with Member States that have consulates in that region or area.	5. With a view to ensuring that a poor transport infrastructure or long distances in a specific region or geographical area do not require a disproportionate effort on the part of applicants to have access to a consulate, Member States lacking their own consulate in that region or area shall endeavour to conclude representation arrangements with Member States that have consulates in that region or area.	
<u>76</u> . The represented Member State shall notify the representation arrangements or the termination of such \boxtimes those \boxtimes arrangements to the Commission \Rightarrow at least two months \Leftrightarrow before they enter into force or are terminated.	6. The represented Member State shall notify the representation arrangements or the termination of those arrangements to the Commission at the latest one month before they enter into force or are terminated, except in the case of force majeure .	6. The represented Member State shall notify the representation arrangements or the termination of those arrangements to the Commission at least two months before they enter into force or are terminated.	
 <u>§7</u>. Simultaneously, <u>t</u>The consulate of the representing Member State shall is at the same time that the notification referred to in paragraph 6 takes place, ≤ inform both the consulates of other Member States and the delegation of the Commission is European Union ≤ in the jurisdiction concerned about representation arrangements or the termination of such arrangements before 	7. The consulate of the representing Member State shall, at the same time that the notification referred to in paragraph 6 takes place, inform both the consulates of other Member States and the delegation of the European Union in the jurisdiction concerned about representation arrangements or the termination of such arrangements.	7. The consulate of the representing Member State shall, at the same time that the notification referred to in paragraph 6 takes place, inform both the consulates of other Member States and the delegation of the European Union in the jurisdiction concerned about representation arrangements or the termination of such arrangements.	

they enter into force or are terminated.			
$\underline{98}$. If the consulate of the representing	8. If the consulate of the representing	8. If the consulate of the representing	
Member State decides to cooperate with	Member State decides to cooperate	Member State decides to cooperate	
an external service provider in	with an external service provider in	with an external service provider in	
accordance with Article 4341 , or with	accordance with Article 41 or with	accordance with Article 41 or with	
accredited commercial intermediaries as	accredited commercial intermediaries	accredited commercial intermediaries	
provided for in Article <u>4543</u> , such	as provided for in Article 43, that	as provided for in Article 43, that	
\boxtimes that \boxtimes cooperation shall include	cooperation shall include	cooperation shall include	
applications covered by representation	applications covered by	applications covered by	
arrangements. The central authorities of	representation arrangements. The	representation arrangements. The	
the represented Member State shall be	central authorities of the represented	central authorities of the represented	
informed in advance of the terms of	Member State shall be informed in	Member State shall be informed in	
such cooperation	advance of the terms of such	advance of the terms of such	
	cooperation.	cooperation.	
		Amendment 130	

Article 39a Cooperation between Member States
1. Where co-location is chosen, staff of the consulates of one or more Member States shall carry out the procedures relating to applications, including the collection of biometric identifiers, addressed to them at the consulate of another Member State

2. Where Common Application Centres are established, staff of the consulates of two or more Member States shall be pooled in one building in order for applicants to lodge applications, including biometric identifiers. Applicants shall be directed to the Member State competent for examining and deciding on the application. Member States shall agree on the duration of and conditions for the termination of such cooperation as well as the cost-sharing among the participating Member States. One Member State shall be responsible for contracts in relation to logistics and diplomatic relations with the host country.
3. In the event of termination of cooperation with other Member States, Member States shall assure the continuity of full service.
Amendment 131

ГТ	
	Article 39b
	Schengen Visa Centres
	1. Member States shall aim to establish Schengen Visa Centres in order to share resources, increase consular coverage, improve the service offered to visa applicants, increase the visibility of the Union and enhance the uniform application of this Regulation.
	2. The setting-up of Schengen Visa Centres implies, as a minimum, the pooling of consular staff or the joint use of premises. Other details relating to the operation of Schengen Visa Centres may be adapted to the local circumstances.
	3. The term "Schengen Visa Centre" shall be reserved for consular posts and shall not be used by external service providers.
Article 41 Cooperation between Member States	
1. Where 'co-location' is chosen, staff of the consulates of one or more Member States shall carry out the procedures relating to applications (including the collection of biometric identifiers) addressed to them at the	

consulate of another Member State and		
share the equipment of that Member		
State. The Member States concerned		
shall agree on the duration of and		
conditions for the termination of the co-		
location as well as the proportion of the		
visa fee to be received by the Member		
State whose consulate is being used.		
2. Where 'Common Application		
Centres' are established, staff of the		
eonsulates of two or more Member		
States shall be pooled in one building in		
order for applicants to lodge		
applications (including biometric		
identifiers). Applicants shall be directed		
to the Member State competent for		
examining and deciding on the		
application. Member States shall agree		
on the duration of and conditions for the		
termination of such cooperation as well		
as the cost-sharing among the		
participating Member States. One		
Member State shall be responsible for		
contracts in relation to logistics and		
diplomatic relations with the host		
country.		
3. In the event of termination of		
ecoperation with other Member States,		
Member States shall assure the		
continuity of full service.		

<i>Article <u>4240</u></i> Recourse to honorary consuls	Article 40	Article 40	
1. Honorary consuls may also be authorised to perform some or all of the tasks referred to in Article $\frac{43(6)}{41(5)}$. Adequate measures shall be taken to ensure security and data protection.	Recourse to honorary consuls Honorary consuls may be authorised to perform some or all of the tasks referred to in Article 41(5). Adequate measures shall be taken to ensure security and data protection. 	Recourse to honorary consuls 1. Honorary consuls may be authorised to perform some or all of the tasks referred to in Article 41(5). Adequate measures shall be taken to ensure security and data protection.	
2. Where the honorary consul is not a civil servant of a Member State, the performance of those tasks shall comply with the requirements set out in Annex $\underline{\underline{X}}$ <u>VI</u> , except for the provisions in point D(c) of that Annex.	2. Where the honorary consul is not a civil servant of a Member State, the performance of those tasks shall comply with the requirements set out in Annex VI, except for the provisions in point D(c) of that Annex.	2. Where the honorary consul is not a civil servant of a Member State, the performance of those tasks shall comply with the requirements set out in Annex VI, except for the provisions in point D(c) of that Annex.	
3. Where the honorary consul is a civil servant of a Member State, the Member State concerned shall ensure that requirements comparable to those which would apply if the tasks were performed by its consulate are applied.	3. Where the honorary consul is a civil servant of a Member State, the Member State concerned shall ensure that requirements comparable to those which would apply if the tasks were performed by its consulate are applied.	3. Where the honorary consul is a civil servant of a Member State, the Member State concerned shall ensure that requirements comparable to those which would apply if the tasks were performed by its consulate are applied.	
<i>Article</i> <u>4341</u>	Article 41	Article 41	
Cooperation with external service providers	Cooperation with external service providers	Cooperation with external service providers	

1. Member States shall endeavour to	1. Member States shall endeavour to	1. Member States shall endeavour to	
cooperate with an external service	cooperate with an external service	cooperate with an external service	
provider together with one or more	provider together with one or more	provider together with one or more	
Member States, without prejudice to	Member States, without prejudice to	Member States, without prejudice to	
public procurement and competition	public procurement and competition	public procurement and competition	
rules.	rules.	rules.	
2. Cooperation with an external service provider shall be based on a legal instrument that shall comply with the requirements set out in Annex $\underline{\times}$ <u>VI</u> .	2. Cooperation with an external service provider shall be based on a legal instrument that shall comply with the requirements set out in Annex VI.	2. Cooperation with an external service provider shall be based on a legal instrument that shall comply with the requirements set out in Annex VI.	
		Amendment 132	
3. Member States shall, within the framework of local Schengen cooperation, exchange information about the selection of external service providers and the establishment of the terms and conditions of their respective legal instruments.		2a. Member States shall, within the framework of local Schengen cooperation, exchange information about their cooperation with external service providers.	2a. Member States shall, within the framework of local Schengen cooperation, exchange information about their cooperation with external service providers.
43. The examination of applications,	3. The examination of applications,	3. The examination of applications,	
interviews (where appropriate), the	interviews (where appropriate), the	interviews (where appropriate), the	
decision on applications and the	decision on applications and the	decision on applications and the	
printing and affixing of visa stickers	printing and affixing of visa stickers	printing and affixing of visa stickers	
shall be carried out only by the	shall be carried out only by the	shall be carried out only by the	
consulate.	consulate.	consulate.	
$\frac{54}{54}$. External service providers shall not	4. External service providers shall	4. External service providers shall	
have access to the VIS under any	not have access to the VIS under any	not have access to the VIS under any	
circumstances. Access to the VIS shall	circumstances.Access to the VIS	circumstances. Access to the VIS	
be reserved exclusively to duly	shall be reserved exclusively to duly	shall be reserved exclusively to duly	
authorised staff of consulates.	authorised staff of consulates.	authorised staff of consulates.	

$\underline{\underline{65}}$. An external service provider may be entrusted with the performance of one or more of the following tasks:	5. An external service provider may be entrusted with the performance of one or more of the following tasks:	5. An external service provider may be entrusted with the performance of one or more of the following tasks:
(a) providing general information on	(a) providing general information on	(a) providing general information on
visa requirements and application	visa requirements and application	visa requirements and application
forms;	forms;	forms;
(b) informing the applicant of the	(b) informing the applicant of the	(b) informing the applicant of the
required supporting documents, on the	required supporting documents, on	required supporting documents, on
basis of a checklist;	the basis of a checklist;	the basis of a checklist;
(c) collecting data and applications	(c) collecting data and applications	(c) collecting data and applications
(including collection of biometric	(including collection of biometric	(including collection of biometric
identifiers) and transmitting the	identifiers) and transmitting the	identifiers) and transmitting the
application to the consulate;	application to the consulate;	application to the consulate;
(d) collecting the visa fee;	(d) collecting the visa fee;	(d) collecting the visa fee;
(e) managing the appointments for	(e) managing the appointments for	(e) managing appointments for the
appearance in person ☐ the applicant,	the applicant, where applicable, at	applicant, where applicable, at the
where applicable, ☐ at the consulate or	the consulate or at the external	consulate or at the external service
at the external service provider;	service provider;	provider;
(f) collecting the travel documents,	(f) collecting the travel documents,	(f) collecting the travel documents,
including a refusal notification if	including a refusal notification if	including a refusal notification if
applicable, from the consulate and	applicable, from the consulate and	applicable, from the consulate and
returning them to the applicant.	returning them to the applicant.	returning them to the applicant.

$\overline{\underline{76}}$. When selecting an external service provider, the Member State(s) concerned shall scrutinise the solvency and reliability of the company, including the necessary licences, commercial registration, company statutes, bank contracts, and ensure that there is no conflict of interests.	6. When selecting an external service provider, the Member State(s) concerned shall scrutinise the solvency and reliability of the company, including the necessary licences, commercial registration, company statutes, bank contracts, and ensure that there is no conflict of interests.	6. When selecting an external service provider, the Member State(s) concerned shall scrutinise the solvency and reliability of the company, including the necessary licences, commercial registration, company statutes, bank contracts, and ensure that there is no conflict of interests.	
$\underline{\$7}$. The Member State(s) concerned	7. The Member State(s) concerned	7. The Member State(s) concerned	
shall ensure that the external service	shall ensure that the external service	shall ensure that the external service	
provider selected complies with the	provider selected complies with the	provider selected complies with the	
terms and conditions assigned to it in	terms and conditions assigned to it in	terms and conditions assigned to it in	
the legal instrument referred to in	the legal instrument referred to in	the legal instrument referred to in	
paragraph 2.	paragraph 2.	paragraph 2.	

<u>98</u> . The Member State(s) concerned shall remain responsible for compliance with data protection rules for the processing of data and shall be supervised in accordance with Article 28 of Directive 95/46/EC. Cooperation with an external service provider shall not limit or exclude any liability arising under the national law of the Member State(s) concerned for breaches of obligations with regard to the personal data of applicants or the performance of one or more of the tasks referred to in paragraph <u>65</u> . This provision is without prejudice to any action which may be taken directly against the external service provider under the national law of the third country concerned.	 8. The Member State(s) concerned shall remain responsible for compliance with data protection rules for the processing of data and shall be supervised in accordance with Article 28 of Directive 95/46/EC. Cooperation with an external service provider shall not limit or exclude any liability arising under the national law of the Member State(s) concerned for breaches of obligations with regard to the personal data of applicants or the performance of one or more of the tasks referred to in paragraph 5. This provision is without prejudice to any action which may be taken directly against the external service provider under the national law of the third country concerned. 	 8. The Member State(s) concerned shall remain responsible for compliance with data protection rules for the processing of data and shall be supervised in accordance with Article 28 of Directive 95/46/EC. Cooperation with an external service provider shall not limit or exclude any liability arising under the national law of the Member State(s) concerned for breaches of obligations with regard to the personal data of applicants or the performance of one or more of the tasks referred to in paragraph 5. This provision is without prejudice to any action which may be taken directly against the external service provider under the national law of the third country concerned. 	
<u>109</u> . The Member State(s) concerned	9. The Member State(s) concerned	9. The Member State(s) concerned	
shall provide training to the external	shall provide training to the external	shall provide training to the external	
service provider, corresponding to the	service provider, corresponding to	service provider, corresponding to	
knowledge needed to offer an	the knowledge needed to offer an	the knowledge needed to offer an	
appropriate service and sufficient	appropriate service and sufficient	appropriate service and sufficient	
information to applicants.	information to applicants.	information to applicants.	

 <u>1110</u>. The Member State(s) concerned shall closely monitor the implementation of the legal instrument referred to in paragraph 2, including: (a) the general information on visa requirements and application forms provided by the external service 	 10. The Member State(s) concerned shall closely monitor the implementation of the legal instrument referred to in paragraph 2, including: (a) the general information on visa requirements and application forms 	10. The Member State(s) concerned shall closely monitor the implementation of the legal instrument referred to in paragraph 2, including:(a) the general information on visa requirements and application forms	
provider to applicants;(b) all the technical and organisational	provided by the external service provider to applicants;	provided by the external service provider to applicants;	
security measures required to protect personal data against accidental or unlawful destruction or accidental loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure or access, in particular where the cooperation involves the transmission of files and data to the consulate of the Member State(s) concerned, and all other unlawful forms of processing personal data; (c) the collection and transmission of biometric identifiers;	(b) all the technical and organisational security measures required to protect personal data against accidental or unlawful destruction or accidental loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure or access, in particular where the cooperation involves the transmission of files and data to the consulate of the Member State(s) concerned, and all other unlawful forms of processing personal data;	(b) all the technical and organisational security measures required to protect personal data against accidental or unlawful destruction or accidental loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure or access, in particular where the cooperation involves the transmission of files and data to the consulate of the Member State(s) concerned, and all other unlawful forms of processing personal data;	
(d) the measures taken to ensure compliance with data protection	(c) the collection and transmission of biometric identifiers;	(c) the collection and transmission of biometric identifiers;	
provisions. To this end, the consulate(s) of the Member State(s) concerned shall, on a regular basis, carry out spot checks on the premises of the external service provider.	(d) the measures taken to ensure compliance with data protection provisions. To this end, the consulate(s) of the Member State(s) concerned shall, on a regular basis, carry out spot checks on the premises of the external service provider.	(d) the measures taken to ensure compliance with data protection provisions. To this end, the consulate(s) of the Member State(s) concerned shall, on a regular basis, carry out spot checks on the premises of the external service provider.	

<u>±211</u> . In the event of termination of cooperation with an external service provider, Member States shall ensure the continuity of full service.	11. In the event of termination of cooperation with an external service provider, Member States shall ensure the continuity of full service.	11. In the event of termination of cooperation with an external service provider, Member States shall ensure the continuity of full service.	
		Amendment 133	
 <u>+312</u>. Member States shall provide the Commission with a copy of the legal instrument referred to in paragraph 2. □By 1st January each year, Member States shall report to the Commission on their cooperation with and monitoring (as referred to in Annex VI, point C) of external service providers worldwide. □ 	12. Member States shall provide the Commission with a copy of the legal instrument referred to in paragraph 2. By 1st March each year, Member States shall report to the Commission on their cooperation with and monitoring (as referred to in Annex VI, point C) of external service providers worldwide during the previous calendar year . The Commission shall transmit a summary of these reports to the Member States for information purposes .	12. Member States shall provide the Commission with a copy of the legal instrument referred to in paragraph 2. By 1st January each year, Member States shall report to the Commission on their cooperation with and monitoring of external service providers worldwide. <i>This report</i> <i>shall include detailed information</i> <i>in respect of how Member States</i> <i>monitor the activities of the external</i> <i>service providers and how the</i> <i>external service providers ensure</i> <i>the fulfilment of the requirements</i> <i>set out in the legal instrument</i> <i>concluded with the Member State</i> <i>referred to in paragraph 2. It shall</i> <i>also include information about the</i> <i>reports referred to in point C(e) of</i> <i>Annex VI as well as any other</i> <i>breaches of the legal instrument</i> <i>through the external service</i> <i>provider.</i>	12. Member States shall provide the Commission with a copy of the legal instrument referred to in paragraph 2. By 1st March each year, Member States shall report to the Commission on their cooperation with and monitoring (as referred to in Annex VI, point C) of external service providers worldwide during the previous calendar year . The Commission shall transmit a summary of these reports to the Member States and European Parliament for information purposes .

Article <u>4442</u>	Article 42	Article 42	
Encryption and secure transfer of data	Encryption and secure transfer of data	Encryption and secure transfer of data	
1. In the case of representation arrangements between □ cooperation among □ Member States and cooperation of Member States with an external service provider and recourse to honorary consuls, the represented Member State(s) or the Member State(s) concerned shall ensure that the data are fully encrypted, whether electronically transferred or physically transferred on an electronic storage medium from the authorities of the representing Member State to the authorities of the represented Member State(s) or from the external service provider or from the honorary consul to the authorities of the Member State(s) concerned.	1. In the case of cooperation among Member States and cooperation with an external service provider and recourse to honorary consuls, the Member State(s) concerned shall ensure that the data are fully encrypted, whether electronically transferred or physically transferred on an electronic storage medium.	1. In the case of cooperation among Member States and cooperation with an external service provider and recourse to honorary consuls, the Member State(s) concerned shall ensure that the data are fully encrypted, whether electronically transferred or physically transferred on an electronic storage medium.	

ul to the authorities of the (s) concerned by a	2. In third countries which prohibit encryption of data to be electronically transferred from the authorities of the represented Member State to the authorities of the represented Member State(s) or from the external service provider or from the honorary consul to the authorities of the Member State(s) concerned, the represented Members State(s) or the Member State(s) concerned shall not allow the representing Member State or the external service provider or the honorary consul to transfer data electronically. In such a case, the represented Member State(s) or the Member State(s) or the Member State(s) concerned shall ensure that the electronic data are transferred physically in fully encrypted form on an electronic storage medium from the authorities of the representing Member State(s) or from the external service provider or from the honorary consul to the authorities of the representing Member State(s) concerned shall ensure that the electronic data are transferred physically in fully encrypted form on an electronic storage medium from the authorities of the representing Member State(s) or from the Authorities of the representing Member State (s) or from the Authorities of the representing Member State to the authorities of the representing Member State (s) or from the Authorities of the represented form on an electronic storage medium from the Authorities of the representing Member State (s) or from the Authorities of the representing Member State (s) or from the Authorities of the representing Member State (s) or from the Authorities of the representing Member State (s) or from the Authorities of the representing Member State (s) or from the Authorities of the representing Member State (s) or from the Authorities of the representing Member State (s) or from the Authorities of the Authorities	2. In third countries which prohibit encryption of data to be electronically transferred the Member State(s) concerned shall not allow transfer data electronically. In such a case, the Member State(s) concerned shall ensure that the electronic data are transferred physically in fully encrypted form on an electronic storage medium by a consular officer of a Member State or, where such a transfer would require disproportionate or unreasonable measures to be taken, in another safe and secure way, for example by using established operators experienced in transporting sensitive documents and data in the third country concerned.	2. In third countries which prohibit encryption of data to be electronically transferred the Member State(s) concerned shall not allow transfer data electronically. In such a case, the Member State(s) concerned shall ensure that the electronic data are transferred physically in fully encrypted form on an electronic storage medium by a consular officer of a Member State or, where such a transfer would require disproportionate or unreasonable measures to be taken, in another safe and secure way, for example by using established operators experienced in transporting sensitive documents and data in the third country concerned.	
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established operators experienced in transporting sensitive documents and data in the third country concerned.3. In all cases the level of security for the transfer shall be adapted to the sensitive nature of the data.	3. In all cases the level of security for the transfer shall be adapted to the sensitive nature of the data.	3. In all cases the level of security for the transfer shall be adapted to the sensitive nature of the data.	
 4. The Member States or the Community Union shall endeavour to reach agreement with the third countries concerned with the aim of lifting the prohibition against encryption of data to be electronically transferred from the authorities of the representing Member State to the authorities of the represented Member State(s) or from the external service provider or from the honorary consul to the authorities of the Member State(s) concerned. 	4. The Union shall endeavour to reach agreement with the third countries concerned with the aim of lifting the prohibition against encryption of data to be electronically transferred.	4. The Union shall endeavour to reach agreement with the third countries concerned with the aim of lifting the prohibition against encryption of data to be electronically transferred.	
<i>Article</i> <u>4543</u>	Article 43	Article 43	
Member States' cooperation with commercial intermediaries	Member States' cooperation with commercial intermediaries	Member States' cooperation with commercial intermediaries	
1. Member States may cooperate with ☐ <u>accept the lodging of applications by</u> <u>a private administrative agency, a</u> <u>transport company or a travel agency,</u> <u>such as a tour operator or a retailer</u> <u>(commercial intermediaries)</u> ☐ for the lodging of applications , except for the collection of biometric identifiers.	1. Member States may accept the lodging of applications by a private administrative agency, a transport company or a travel agency, such as a tour operator or a retailer (commercial intermediaries), except for the collection of biometric identifiers.	1. Member States may accept the lodging of applications by a private administrative agency, a transport company or a travel agency, such as a tour operator or a retailer (commercial intermediaries), except for the collection of biometric identifiers.	

2. Such <u>eC</u> ooperation With commercial intermediaries ☐ shall be based on the granting of an accreditation by Member States' relevant authorities. The accreditation shall, in particular, be based on the verification of the following aspects:	2. Cooperation with commercial intermediaries shall be based on the granting of an accreditation by Member States' relevant authorities. The accreditation shall, in particular, be based on the verification of the following aspects:	2. Cooperation with commercial intermediaries shall be based on the granting of an accreditation by Member States' relevant authorities. The accreditation shall, in particular, be based on the verification of the following aspects:	
(a) the current status of the commercial intermediary: current licence, the commercial register, contracts with banks;	(a) the current status of the commercial intermediary: current licence, the commercial register, contracts with banks;	(a) the current status of the commercial intermediary: current licence, the commercial register, contracts with banks;	
 (b) existing contracts with commercial partners based in the Member States offering accommodation and other package tour services; (c) contracts with transport companies, which must include an outward journey, 	 (b) existing contracts with commercial partners based in the Member States offering accommodation and other package tour services; (c) contracts with transport 	 (b) existing contracts with commercial partners based in the Member States offering accommodation and other package tour services; (c) contracts with transport 	
as well as a guaranteed and fixed return journey.	companies, which must include an outward journey, as well as a guaranteed and fixed return journey.	companies, which must include an outward journey, as well as a guaranteed and fixed return journey.	
		Amendment 134	

3. Accredited commercial intermediaries shall be monitored regularly by spot checks involving personal or telephone interviews with applicants, verification of trips and accommodation , verification that the travel medical insurance provided is adequate and covers individual travellers, and wherever deemed necessary, verification of the documents relating to group return.	3. Accredited commercial intermediaries shall be monitored regularly by spot checks involving personal or telephone interviews with applicants, verification of trips and accommodation, verification that the travel medical insurance provided is adequate and covers individual travellers, and wherever deemed necessary, verification of the documents relating to group return.	3. Accredited commercial intermediaries shall be monitored regularly by spot checks involving personal or telephone interviews with applicants, verification of trips and accommodation, <i>verification</i> <i>that the travel medical insurance</i> <i>provided is adequate and covers</i> <i>individual travellers</i> , and wherever deemed necessary, verification of the documents relating to group return.	Council and EP position
4. Within local Schengen cooperation, information shall be exchanged on the performance of the accredited commercial intermediaries concerning irregularities detected and refusal of applications submitted by commercial intermediaries, and on detected forms of travel document fraud and failure to carry out scheduled trips.	4. Within local Schengen cooperation, information shall be exchanged on the performance of the accredited commercial intermediaries concerning irregularities detected and refusal of applications submitted by commercial intermediaries, and on detected forms of travel document fraud and failure to carry out scheduled trips.	4. Within local Schengen cooperation, information shall be exchanged on the performance of the accredited commercial intermediaries concerning irregularities detected and refusal of applications submitted by commercial intermediaries, and on detected forms of travel document fraud and failure to carry out scheduled trips.	
5. Within local Schengen cooperation, lists shall be exchanged of commercial intermediaries to which accreditation has been given by each consulate and from which accreditation has been withdrawn, together with the reasons for any such withdrawal.	5. Within local Schengen cooperation, lists shall be exchanged of commercial intermediaries to which accreditation has been given by each consulate and from which accreditation has been withdrawn, together with the reasons for any such withdrawal.	5. Within local Schengen cooperation, lists shall be exchanged of commercial intermediaries to which accreditation has been given by each consulate and from which accreditation has been withdrawn, together with the reasons for any such withdrawal.	

Each consulate shall make sure that inform the public is informed about the list of accredited commercial intermediaries with which it cooperates.	Each consulate shall inform the public about the list of accredited commercial intermediaries with which it cooperates.	Each consulate shall inform the public about the list of accredited commercial intermediaries with which it cooperates.	
Article <u>4644</u>	Article 44	Article 44	
Compilation of statistics	Compilation of statistics	Compilation of statistics	
Member States shall compile annual statistics on visas, in accordance with the table set out in Annex <u>XII</u> <u>VIII</u> . These statistics shall be submitted by 1 March for the preceding calendar year.	Member States shall compile annual statistics on visas, in accordance with Annex VIII. These statistics shall be submitted by 1 March for the preceding calendar year.	Member States shall compile annual statistics on visas, in accordance with Annex VIII. These statistics shall be submitted by 1 March for the preceding calendar year.	
Article <u>4745</u>	Article 45	Article 45	
Information □to be provided □to the public	Information to be provided to the public	Information to be provided to the public	
		Amendment 135-141	
1. Member States' central authorities and consulates shall provide the public with all relevant information in relation to the application for a visa, in particular:	1. Member States' central authorities and consulates shall provide the public with all relevant information in relation to the application for a visa, in particular:	1. Member States' central authorities and consulates shall provide the public with all relevant information in relation to the application for <i>and</i> <i>the use of</i> a visa in particular:	
(a) the criteria, conditions and procedures for applying for a visa;(b) the means of obtaining an appointment, if applicable;	(a) the criteria, conditions and procedures for applying for a visa;(b) the means of obtaining an appointment, if applicable;	(a) the criteria, conditions and procedures for applying for a visa <i>including the supporting documents</i> <i>necessary and the standards for the</i> <i>photograph referred to in Article</i> 9(3)(c);	
		(aa) the amount of the visa fee,	

 (c) where the application may be submitted (competent consulate, <u>Common Application Centre or external</u> service provider); (d) accredited commercial 	 (c) where the application may be submitted; (d) accredited commercial intermediaries; (a) the time limit of a second secon	applicable waivers and reductions; (ab) the countries whose citizens require an airport transit visa according to Article 3(1) and (3);	
intermediaries; (e) the fact that the stamp as provided	(e) the time limits for examining applications provided for in Article 20(1), (2) and (3);	<i>(ac) the use of a visa, expiry, termination and revocation of a visa;</i>	
for in Article 20 has no legal implications;	(f) the third countries whose nationals or specific categories of	(b) the means of obtaining an appointment, if applicable;	
($\underline{\underline{fe}}$) the time limits for examining applications provided for in Article $\underline{\underline{2320}}(1)$, (2) and (3);	whose nationals are subject to prior consultation or information;(g) that negative decisions on	(c) where the application may be submitted;	
$(\underline{\underline{ef}})$ the third countries whose nationals	applications must be notified to the	(d) <i>details of cooperation with</i>	
or specific categories of whose	applicant, that such decisions must	<i>external service providers and</i>	
nationals are subject to prior	state the reasons on which they are	accredited commercial	
consultation or information;	based and that applicants whose	intermediaries;	
(\underline{hg}) that negative decisions on	applications are refused have a right	(e) the time limits for examining	
applications must be notified to the	to appeal, with information regarding	applications provided for in Article	
applicant, that such decisions must state	the procedure to be followed in the	20(1), (2) and (3);	
the reasons on which they are based and	event of an appeal, including the	(f) the third countries whose	
that applicants whose applications are	competent authority, as well as the	nationals or specific categories of	
refused have a right to appeal, with	time limit for lodging an appeal;	whose nationals are subject to prior	
information regarding the procedure to	(h) that mere possession of a visa	consultation or information;	
be followed in the event of an appeal,	does not confer an automatic right of	(g) that negative decisions on	
including the competent authority, as	entry and that the holders of visa are	applications must be notified to the	
well as the time limit for lodging an	requested to present proof that they	applicant, that such decisions must	
appeal;	fulfil the entry conditions at the	state the reasons on which they are	
(\underline{ih}) that mere possession of a visa does	external border, as provided for in	based and that applicants whose	
not confer an automatic right of entry	Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No	applications are refused have a right	
and that the holders of visa are	562/2006.	to appeal, with information regarding	

requested to present proof that they fulfil the entry conditions at the external border, as provided for in Article 5 of the Schengen Borders Code	(i) the list of third countries referred to in Article 13(2a) and national suspensions referred to in Article 13(2b).	the procedure to be followed in the event of an appeal, including the competent authority, as well as the time limit for lodging an appeal;	
□Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 □ .		(h) that mere possession of a visa does not confer an automatic right of entry and that the holders of visa are requested to present proof that they fulfil the entry conditions at the external border, as provided for in Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 562/2006.	
		(ha) that third-country nationals in general may stay on the territory of the Member States for a total duration of no more than 90 days in any 180-day period.	

2. The representing and represented Member State shall inform the general public about representation arrangements as referred to in Article $\frac{9}{29}$ before such arrangements enter into force.	2. The representing and represented Member State shall inform the general public about representation arrangements as referred to in Article 8-39 before such arrangements enter into force.	2. The representing and represented Member State shall inform the general public about representation arrangements as referred to in Article 8-39 before such arrangements enter into force.	
3. The Commission shall establish a standard information template for the implementation of the provisions of paragraph 1.	3. The Commission shall establish a standard information template for the implementation of the provisions of paragraph 1.	3. The Commission shall establish a standard information template for the implementation of the provisions of paragraph 1.	
		Amendment 142	
4. The Commission shall establish a Schengen visa Internet website containing all relevant information relating to the application for a visa.	4. The Commission shall establish a Schengen visa Internet website containing all relevant information relating to the application for a visa.	4. The Commission shall establish a Schengen visa Internet website containing all relevant information relating to the application for a visa. <i>That website shall be available in all</i> <i>official languages of the Union and</i> <i>the main language of the five third</i> <i>countries with the highest number</i> <i>of Schengen visa applications. It</i> <i>shall be accessible in all formats</i> <i>necessary to ensure accessibility for</i> <i>people with disabilities. In addition,</i> <i>that website shall provide the</i> <i>contact details of, and the web links</i> <i>to, the consulates of the Member</i> <i>States competent for examining a</i> <i>visa application.</i>	

TITLE V	TITLE V	TITLE V	
LOCAL SCHENGEN COOPERATION	LOCAL SCHENGEN COOPERATION	LOCAL SCHENGEN COOPERATION	
Article <u>4846</u>	Article 46	Article 46	
Local Schengen cooperation between Member States' consulates	Local Schengen cooperation between Member States' consulates	Local Schengen cooperation between Member States' consulates	
 1. In order to ensure a harmonised application of the common visa policy taking into account, where appropriate, local circumstances, Member States' consulates and the Commission shall cooperate within each jurisdiction, and assess the need to establish in particular and assess the need to establish in particular assess the need to establish in particular assess the need to establish in particular and assess the need to establish in particular and assess the need to establish in particular assess the need to establish in particular assess the need to establish in particular and assess the need to establish in particular and assess the need to establish in particular and assess the need to establish in particular assess the need to establish in particular and assess the need to establish in particular and assess the need to establish in particular assess the need to establish in particular and assess the need to establish in particular assess the need to establish in particular assess the need to establish in particular assess the need to establish and assess the need to establish and annex II; (b) Ehsure a common eriteria for examining applications in relation to exemptions from paying the visa fee in accordance with Article 16(5) and matters relating to the translation of the application form in accordance with Article 11(5) 10(6); (c) an establish exhaustive to the assess to a stablish to	 In order to ensure a harmonised application of the common visa policy taking into account, where appropriate, local circumstances, Member States' consulates and the Commission shall cooperate within each jurisdiction, in particular to: (a) prepare a harmonised list of supporting documents to be submitted by applicants, taking into account Article 13 and Annex II; (b) ensure a common translation of the application form in accordance with Article 10(6); (c) establish the list of travel documents issued by the host country and update it regularly. 	 In order to ensure a harmonised application of the common visa policy taking into account, where appropriate, local circumstances, Member States' consulates and the Commission shall cooperate within each jurisdiction, in particular to: (a) prepare a harmonised list of supporting documents to be submitted by applicants, taking into account Article 13 and Annex II; (b) ensure a common translation of the application form in accordance with Article 10(6); (c) establish the list of travel documents issued by the host country and update it regularly. 	
list of travel documents issued by the host country , which shall be updated			

 □ and update it regularly □. If in relation to one or more of the points (a) to (c), the assessment within local Schengen cooperation confirms the need for a local harmonised approach measures on such an approach shall be adopted pursuant to the procedure referred to in Article 52(2). 2. Within local Schengen cooperation a common information sheet shall be established □ on the basis of the standard information template drawn up by the Commission under Article 45(3) □ on uniform visas and visas with limited territorial validity and airport transit visas, namely, the rights that the visa implies and the conditions for applying for it, including, where applicable, the list of supporting documents as referred to in paragraph 1(a). 	2. Within local Schengen cooperation a common information sheet shall be established on the basis of the standard information template drawn up by the Commission under Article 45(3).	2. Within local Schengen cooperation a common information sheet shall be established on the basis of the standard information template drawn up by the Commission under Article 45(3).	
		Amendment 143	
3. The following information shall be	3. Member States within local	3. Member States within local	3. Member States within local
exchanged tasks shall be carried	Schengen cooperation shall exchange	Schengen cooperation shall exchange	Schengen cooperation shall
out Member States within local	the following:	the following:	exchange the following:
Schengen cooperation Shall exchange	(a) quarterly statistics on uniform	(a) quarterly statistics on uniform	(a) quarterly statistics on uniform
the following :	visas, visas with limited territorial	visas, visas with limited territorial	visas, visas with limited territorial
(a) monthly quarterly statistics on	validity, airport transit visas and	validity, airport transit visas and	validity, airport transit visas and
uniform visas, visas with limited	[touring visas] applied for, issued	touring visas applied for, issued and	[touring visas] applied for, issued
territorial validity, and airport transit	and refused;	refused;	and refused;

visas and touring visas applied for, issued, as well as the number of visas and refused shall be	(b) information with regard to the assessment of migratory and/or security risks, in particular on:	(b) information with regard to the assessment of migratory and/or security risks, in particular on:	(b) information with regard to the assessment of migratory and/or security risks, in particular on:
 compiled □; (b) exchange of information □ with 	(i) the socioeconomic structure of the host country;	(i) the socioeconomic structure of the host country;	(i) the socioeconomic structure of the host country;
regard to the assessment of migratory and/or security risks $\frac{1}{22}$ information \square in particular \square on:	(ii) sources of information at local level, including social security, health insurance, fiscal registers and	(ii) sources of information at local level, including social security, health insurance, fiscal registers and	(ii) sources of information at local level, including social security, health insurance, fiscal registers
(i) the socioeconomic structure of the host country;	entry-exit registrations;	entry-exit registrations;	and entry-exit registrations;
(ii) sources of information at local level,	(iii) the use of false, counterfeit or forged documents;	(iii) the use of false, counterfeit or forged documents;	(iii) the use of false, counterfeit or forged documents;
including social security, health insurance, fiscal registers and entry-exit	(iv) irregular immigration routes;	(iv) irregular immigration routes;	(iv) irregular immigration routes;
registrations;	(v) refusals;	(v) refusals;	(v) refusals;
(iii) the use of false, counterfeit or forged documents;	(c) information on cooperation with transport companies.	(c) information on cooperation with transport companies.	(c) information on cooperation with transport companies.
(iv) illegal □irregular □immigration routes;	3a. Member States within local Schengen cooperation shall assess	(ca) information on insurance companies providing adequate	(ca) information on insurance companies providing adequate
(v) refusals;	whether the insurances offered locally comply with the provisions	travel medical insurance, including verification of the type of coverage	travel medical insurance.
(c) information on cooperation with transport companies $\frac{1}{2}$.	set out in Article 14a. Furthermore, they shall draw up a	and the possible excess amount.	
(d) information on insurance companies providing adequate travel medical insurance, including verification of the type of coverage and possible excess amount.	non-exhaustive list of insurance companies providing adequate travel medical insurance, which shall be revised regularly and be made public.		

 4. Local Schengen cooperation meetings to deal specifically with operational issues in relation to the application of the common visa policy shall be organised regularly among Member States and the Commission. These meetings shall be convened within the jurisdiction by the Commission, unless otherwise agreed at the request of the Commission. Single-topic meetings may be organised and sub-groups set up to study specific issues within local Schengen cooperation. 	 4. Local Schengen cooperation meetings to deal specifically with operational issues in relation to the application of the common visa policy shall be organised regularly among Member States and the Commission. These meetings shall be convened within the jurisdiction by the Commission, unless otherwise agreed at the request of the Commission. Single-topic meetings may be organised and sub-groups set up to study specific issues within local Schengen cooperation. 	 4. Local Schengen cooperation meetings to deal specifically with operational issues in relation to the application of the common visa policy shall be organised regularly among Member States and the Commission. These meetings shall be convened within the jurisdiction by the Commission, unless otherwise agreed at the request of the Commission. Single-topic meetings may be organised and sub-groups set up to study specific issues within local Schengen cooperation. 	
<u>65</u> . Representatives of the consulates of Member States not applying the Union <i>acquis</i> in relation to visas, or of third countries, may on an ad hoc basis be invited to participate in meetings for the exchange of information on issues relating to visas.	5. Representatives of the consulates of Member States not applying the Union acquis in relation to visas, or of third countries, may on an ad hoc basis be invited to participate in meetings for the exchange of information on issues relating to visas.	5. Representatives of the consulates of Member States not applying the Union acquis in relation to visas, or of third countries, may on an ad hoc basis be invited to participate in meetings for the exchange of information on issues relating to visas.	

56. Summary reports of local Schengen cooperation meetings shall be drawn up systematically and circulated locally. The Commission may delegate the drawing up of the reports to a Member State. The consulates of each Member State shall forward the reports to their central authorities.	6. Summary reports of local Schengen cooperation meetings shall be drawn up systematically and circulated locally. The Commission may delegate the drawing up of the reports to a Member State. The consulates of each Member State shall forward the reports to their central authorities.	6. Summary reports of local Schengen cooperation meetings shall be drawn up systematically and circulated locally. The Commission may delegate the drawing up of the reports to a Member State. The consulates of each Member State shall forward the reports to their central authorities.	
		Amendment 144	
☐7. An annual report shall be drawn up within each jurisdiction by 31 December each year. ☐On the basis of these reports, the Commission shall draw up an annual report within each jurisdiction ☐on the state of affairs of local Schengen cooperation ☐to be submitted to the European Parliament and the Council.	7. An annual report shall be drawn up within each jurisdiction by 31 December each year. On the basis of these reports, the Commission shall draw up an annual report on the state of affairs of local Schengen cooperation to be submitted to the European Parliament and the Council.	7. An annual report shall be drawn up within each jurisdiction by 31 December each year <i>and be</i> <i>published by the Commission on its</i> <i>website</i> .	
TITLE VI	TITLE VI	TITLE VI	
FINAL PROVISIONS	FINAL PROVISIONS	FINAL PROVISIONS FINAL PROVISIONS	
Article <u>49</u> 47	Article 47	Article 47	
Arrangements in relation to the Olympic Games and Paralympic Games	Arrangements in relation to the Olympic Games and Paralympic Games	Arrangements in relation to the Olympic Games and Paralympic Games	

Member States hosting the Olympic Games and Paralympic Games shall apply the specific procedures and conditions facilitating the issuing of visas set out in Annex $\underline{XI} \underline{VII}$.	Member States hosting the Olympic Games and Paralympic Games shall apply the specific procedures and conditions facilitating the issuing of visas set out in Annex VII.	Member States hosting the Olympic Games and Paralympic Games shall apply the specific procedures and conditions facilitating the issuing of visas set out in Annex VII.	
		Amendment 145	
Article 50 Amendments to the Annexes		Article 47a Amendments to the Annexes	Rejection of EP position
Measures designed to amend non- essential elements of this Regulation and amending Annexes I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII and XII shall be adopted in accordance with the regulatory procedure with scrutiny referred to in Article 52(3).		The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 48 concerning amendments to the Annexes to this Regulation. Where in the case of emerging risks, imperative grounds of urgency so require, the procedure provided for in Article 49 shall apply to delegated acts adopted pursuant to this Article.	Rejection of EP position
<i>Article 48</i> Exercise of the delegation	(deleted)	<i>Article 48</i> Exercise of the delegation	Commission proposal (see Article 3)
1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	(deleted)	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	Commission proposal (see Article 3)
		Amendment 146	



2. Powers to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 3(2) and (9), shall be conferred on the Commission for an indeterminate period of time.	(deleted)	2. Powers to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 3(2) and (9), <i>Article 22(5a), Article 47a and</i> <i>Article 50</i> shall be conferred on the Commission for an indeterminate period of time.	Commission proposal (see Article 3)
		Amendment 147	
3. The delegation of power referred to in Article 3(2) and (9) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the Europen Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated act already in force.	(deleted)	3. The delegation of power referred to in Article 3(2) and (9), <i>Article</i> 22(5a), <i>Article 47a and Article 50</i> may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the <i>European</i> Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated act already in force.	Commission proposal (see Article 3)
4. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	(deleted)	4. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	Commission proposal (see Article 3)
		Amendment 148	

5. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 3(2) and (9) shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.	(deleted)	5. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 3(2) and (9), <i>Article</i> 22(5a), <i>Article 47a and Article 50</i> shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.	
Article 49 Urgency procedure	(deleted)	Article 49 Urgency procedure	Council position
		Amendment 149	
1. Delegated acts adopted under this Article shall enter into force without delay and shall apply as long as no objection is expressed in accordance with paragraph 2. The notification of a delegated act to the European Parliament and to the Council shall state the reasons for the use of the urgency procedure.	(deleted)	1. Delegated acts adopted under this Article shall enter into force without delay and shall apply as long as no objection is expressed in accordance with paragraph 2. The notification of a delegated act to the European Parliament and to the Council <i>shall</i> <i>be forwarded without delay and</i> shall state <i>precisely</i> the reasons for the use of the emergency procedure.	Council position



2. Either the European Parliament or the Council may object to a delegated act in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 48(5). In such cases, the Commission shall repeal the act without delay following the notification of the decision to object by the European Parliament or the Council.	(deleted)	 2. Either the European Parliament or the Council may object to a delegated act in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 48(5). In such cases, the Commission shall repeal the act without delay following the notification of the decision to object by the European Parliament or the Council. 	Council position
Article <u>51 50</u>	Article 50	Article 50	
Instructions on the practical application of the Visa Code [] this Regulation []	Instructions on the practical application	Instructions on the practical application	
		Amendment 150	
Operational instructions on the practical application of the provisions of this Regulation shall be drawn up in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 52(2).The Commission shall by means of implementing acts adopt the operational instructions on the practical application of the provisions of this Regulation shall be drawn up in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article $\frac{52(2)}{2}$. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 51(2).	The Commission shall by means of implementing acts adopt the operational instructions on the practical application of the provisions of this Regulation. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 51(2).	The Commission shall <i>be</i> <i>empowered to adopt delegated acts</i> <i>in accordance with Article 48</i> <i>concerning the adoption of</i> the operational instructions on the practical application of the provisions of this Regulation.	

<i>Article</i> <u>52 51</u>	Article 51	Article 51	
Committee procedure	Committee procedure	Committee procedure	
1. The Commission shall be assisted by a committee (the Visa Committee). That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	1. The Commission shall be assisted by a committee (the Visa Committee). That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	1. The Commission shall be assisted by a committee (the Visa Committee). That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	
 2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Articles 5 and 7 of Decision 1999/468/EC Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply, having regard to the provisions of Article 8 thereof and provided that the implementing measures adopted in accordance with this procedure do not modify the essential provisions of this Regulation. The period laid down in Article 5(6) of Decision 1999/468/EC shall be three months. 	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	
3. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Articles 5a(1) to (4) and 7 of Decision 1999/468/EC shall apply, having regard to the provisions of Article 8 thereof.	3. Where the committee delivers no opinion, the Commission shall not adopt the draft implementing act and the third subparagraph of Article 5(4) of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.		

<i>Article</i> <u>53</u> <u>52</u>	Article 52	Article 52	
Notification	Notification	Notification	
1. Member States shall notify the Commission of:	1. Member States shall notify the Commission of:	1. Member States shall notify the Commission of:	
(a) representation arrangements referred to in Article $\underline{\$39}$;	(a) representation arrangements referred to in Article 39;	(a) representation arrangements referred to in Article 39;	
(b) third countries whose nationals are required by individual Member States to hold an airport transit visa when passing through the international transit areas of airports situated on their territory, as referred to in Article 3;(c) the national form for proof of	(b) third countries whose nationals are required by individual Member States to hold an airport transit visa when passing through the international transit areas of airports situated on their territory, as referred to in Article 3(5);	(b) third countries whose nationals are required by individual Member States to hold an airport transit visa when passing through the international transit areas of airports situated on their territory, as referred to in Article 3;	
sponsorship and/or private accommodation referred to in Article $\frac{14(4)}{13(7)}$, if applicable;	(bb) the authorities competent for processing visa applications, as referred to in Article 7(3a);	(c) the national form for proof of sponsorship and/or private accommodation referred to in Article 13(7), if applicable;	
 (d) the list of third countries for which prior consultation referred to in Article <u>2219(1)</u> is required; (e) the list of third countries for which 	(c) the national form for proof of sponsorship and/or private accommodation referred to in Article 13(7), if applicable;	(d) the list of third countries for which prior consultation referred to in Article 19(1) is required;	
information referred to in Article <u>3+28</u> (1) is required; (f) the additional national entries in the	(d) the list of third countries for which prior consultation referred to in Article 19(1) is required;	(e) the list of third countries for which information referred to in Article 28(1) is required;	
 'comments' section of the visa sticker, as referred to in Article <u>2724(3);</u> (g) authorities competent for extending visas, as referred to in Article <u>2330(5);</u> 	 (e) the list of third countries for which information referred to in Article 28(1) is required; (f) the additional national entries in the 'comments' section of the visa 	 (f) the additional national entries in the 'comments' section of the visa sticker, as referred to in Article 24(3); (g) authorities competent for 	
(h) the forms \Box choice \Box of \Box consular	the comments section of the visa	(g) authornies competent for	

organisation and □cooperation chosen as referred to in Article <u>4038</u> ; (i) statistics compiled in accordance with Article <u>46</u> <u>44</u> and Annex <u>XH</u> <u>VIII</u> .	sticker, as referred to in Article 24(3); (g) authorities competent for extending visas, as referred to in Article 30(5); (h) the choice of consular organisation and cooperation as referred to in Article 38;	 extending visas, as referred to in Article 30(5); (h) the choice of consular organisation and cooperation as referred to in Article 38; (i) statistics compiled in accordance with Article 44 and Annex VIII. 	
	 (i) statistics compiled in accordance with Article 44 and Annex VIII; (j) national suspensions referred to 		
2. The Commission shall make the information notified pursuant to paragraph 1 available to the Member States and the public via $\frac{1}{2}$ the constantly updated electronic publication Schengen visa website, referred to in Article 45(4) .	 in Article 13 (2b). 2. The Commission shall make the information notified pursuant to paragraph 1 available to the Member States and the public via the constantly updated Schengen visa website, referred to in Article 45(4). 	2. The Commission shall make the information notified pursuant to paragraph 1 available to the Member States and the public via the constantly updated Schengen visa website, referred to in Article 45(4).	
Article 54 Amendments to Regulation (EC) No 767/2008			
Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 is hereby amended as follows:			
1. Article 4(1) shall be amended as follows:			
(a) point (a) shall be replaced by the following:			

'(a)"uniform visa" as defined in Article	
2(3) of Regulation (EC) No 810/2009 of	
the European Parliament and of the	
Council of 13 July 2009 establishing a	
Community code on Visas (Visa	
Code) ⁺ ;**	
(b) point (b) shall be deleted;	
(c) point (c) shall be replaced by the	
following:	
'(e)"airport transit visa" as defined in	
Article 2(5) of Regulation (EC) No	
810/2009;';»	
(d) point (d) shall be replaced by the	
following:	
'(d)"visa with limited territorial	
validity" as defined in Article 2(4) of	
Regulation (EC) No 810/2009;';»	
(e) point (e) shall be deleted;	
2. in Article 8(1), the words 'On receipt	
of an application', shall be replaced by	
the following:	
-When the application is admissible	
according to Article 19 of Regulation	
(EC) No 810/2009';	
3. Article 9 shall be amended as	
3. Atticic 7 shall be unichaed as	

¹ OJ L 243, 15.9.2009, p. 1.;



follows:
(a) the heading shall be replaced by the following:
'Data to be entered on application'; »
(b) paragraph 4 shall be amended as follows:
(i) point (a) shall be replaced by the following:
'(a) surname (family name), surname at birth (former family name(s)), first name(s) (given name(s)); date of birth, place of birth, country of birth, sex;';»
(ii) point (c) shall be deleted;
(iii) point (g) shall be replaced by the following:
'(g) Member State(s) of destination and duration of the intended stay or transit;';»
(iv) point (h) shall be replaced by the following:
'(h) main purpose(s) of the journey;';»
(v) point (i) shall be replaced by the following:
'(i) intended date of arrival in the Schengen area and intended date of departure from the Schengen area;';»
(vi) point (j) shall be replaced by the

following:		
'(j) Member State of first entry;';»		
(vii) point (k) shall be replaced by the		
following:		
'(k) the applicant's home address;';»		
(viii) in point (1), the word 'school' shall		
be replaced by: 'educational establishment':		
,		
(ix) in point (m), the words 'father and mother' shall be replaced by 'parental		
authority or legal guardian';		
4. the following point shall be added to	 	
Article 10(1):		
'(k) if applicable, the information		
indicating that the visa sticker has been		
filled in manually.';»	 	
5. in Article 11, the introductory		
paragraph shall be replaced by the following:		
-Where the visa authority representing		
another Member State discontinues the		
examination of the application, it shall		
add the following data to the application file:';>>		
6. Article 12 shall be amended as follows:		
(a) in paragraph 1, point (a) shall be		

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replaced by the following:		
'(a) status information indicating that		
the visa has been refused and whether		
that authority refused it on behalf of		
another Member State;';»		
(b) paragraph 2 shall be replaced by the		
following:		
<u>-2. The application file shall also</u>		
indicate the ground(s) for refusal of the		
visa, which shall be one or more of the		
following:		
(a) the applicant:		
(i) presents a travel document which is		
false, counterfeit or forged;		
(ii) does not provide justification for the		
purpose and conditions of the intended		
stay;		
(iii) does not provide proof of sufficient		
means of subsistence, both for the		
duration of the intended stay and for the		
return to his country of origin or		
residence, or for the transit to a third		
country into which he is certain to be		
admitted, or is not in a position to		
acquire such means lawfully;		
(iv) has already stayed for three months		
during the current six-month period on		
the territory of the Member States on a		
basis of a uniform visa or a visa with		

limited territorial validity;		
(v) is a person for whom an alert has		
been issued in the SIS for the purpose of		
refusing entry;		
(vi) is considered to be a threat to public		
policy, internal security or public health		
as defined in Article 2(19) of the		
Sehengen Borders Code or to the		
international relations of any of the		
Member States, in particular where an		
alert has been issued in Member States'		
national databases for the purpose of		
refusing entry on the same grounds;		
(vii) does not provide proof of holding		
adequate and valid travel medical		
insurance, where applicable;		
(b) the information submitted regarding		
the justification for the purpose and		
conditions of the intended stay was not		
reliable;		
(e) the applicant's intention to leave the		
erritory of the Member States before		
the expiry of the visa could not be		
ascertained;		
(d) sufficient proof that the applicant		
has not been in a position to apply for a		
visa in advance justifying application		
for a visa at the border was not		



7. Article 13 shall be replaced by the following:		
<u> </u>		
Data to be added for a visa annulled		
or revoked		
1. Where a decision has been taken to		
annul or to revoke a visa, the visa authority that has taken the decision		
shall add the following data to the		
application file:		
(a) status information indicating that the		
visa has been annulled or revoked;		
(b) authority that annulled or revoked		
the visa, including its location;		
(c) place and date of the decision.		
2. The application file shall also		
indicate the ground(s) for annulment or		
revocation, which shall be:		
(a) one or more of the ground(s) listed		
in Article 12(2);		
(b) the request of the visa holder to		
revoke the visa.';»		
8. Article 14 shall be amended as		
follows:		
(a) paragraph 1 shall be amended as		
follows:		
(i) the introductory paragraph shall be		



replaced by the following:		
<u>-1. Where a decision has been taken to</u>		
extend the period of validity and/or the		
duration of stay of an issued visa, the		
visa authority which extended the visa		
shall add the following data to the		
application file:';»		
(ii) point (d) shall be replaced by the		
following:		
'(d) the number of the visa sticker of		
the extended visa; ';>>		
, ,		
(iii) point (g) shall be replaced by the following:		
Ū.		
'(g) the territory in which the visa		
holder is entitled to travel, if the		
territorial validity of the extended visa		
differs from that of the original visa;';»		
(b) in paragraph 2, point (c) shall be		
deleted;		
9. in Article 15(1), the words 'extend or		
shorten the validity of the visa' shall be		
replaced by 'or extend the visa';		
10. Article 17 shall be amended as		
follows:		
(a) point 4 shall be replaced by the		
following:		
e		
<u>-4. Member State of first entry;';</u> »		
(b) point 6 shall be replaced by the		

following:		
'6. the type of visa issued;';»		
(c) point 11 shall be replaced by the		
following:		
'11. main purpose(s) of the journey;';»		
11. in Article 18(4)(c), Article 19(2)(c),		
Article 20(2)(d), Article 22(2)(d), the		
words 'or shortened' shall be deleted;		
12. in Article 23(1)(d), the word		
-shortened' shall be deleted.		
Article 55		
Amendments to Regulation (EC) No		
562/2006		
Annex V, Part A of Regulation (EC) No		
562/2006 is hereby amended as follows:		
(a) point 1(c), shall be replaced by the		
following:		
'(c) annul or revoke the visas, as		
appropriate, in accordance with the		
conditions laid down in Article 34 of		
Regulation (EC) No 810/2009 of the		
European Parliament and of the Council		
of 13 July 2009 establishing a		

Community code on visas (Visa Code) ⁺ ; ⁻ » (b) point 2 shall be deleted.			
<i>Article</i> <u>5653</u>	Article 53	Article 53	
Repeal s	Repeal	Repeal	
1. Articles 9 to 17 of the Conventionimplementing the Schengen Agreementof 14 June 1985 shall be (EC) No 810/2009 is \Box repealed \Box andreplaced by this Regulation from 6months after the day of entry intoforce \Box .	Regulation from [day of the application of the Regulation]	is repealed and replaced by this Regulation from 6 months after the	
 2. The following shall be repealed: (a) Decision of the Schengen Executive Committee of 28 April 1999 on the definitive versions of the Common Manual and the Common Consular Instructions (SCH/Com-ex (99) 13 (the Common Consular Instructions, including the Annexes); (b) Decisions of the Schengen Executive Committee of 14 December 1993 extending the uniform visa (SCH/Com-ex (93) 21) and on the 			

¹ OJ L 243, 15.9.2009, p. 1.;

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common principles for cancelling,		
reseinding or shortening the length of		
validity of the uniform visa (SCH/Com-		
ex (93) 24), Decision of the Schengen		
Executive Committee of 22 December		
1994 on the exchange of statistical		
information on the issuing of uniform		
visas (SCH/Com-ex (94) 25), Decision		
of the Schengen Executive Committee		
of 21 April 1998 on the exchange of		
statistics on issued visas (SCH/Com-ex		
(98) 12) and Decision of the Schengen		
Executive Committee of 16 December		
1998 on the introduction of a		
harmonised form providing proof of		
invitation, sponsorship and		
accommodation (SCH/Com-ex (98) 57);		
(c) Joint Action 96/197/JHA of 4 March		
1996 on airport transit arrangements ¹ ;		
(d) Council Regulation (EC) No		
789/2001 of 24 April 2001 reserving to		
the Council implementing powers with		
regard to certain detailed provisions and		
practical procedures for examining visa		
applications ² ;		
11 7		

OJ L 63, 13.3.1996, p. 8. OJ L 116, 26.4.2001, p. 2. 1 2

 (c) Council Regulation (EC) No 1091/2001 of 28 May 2001 on freedom of movement with a long-stay visa⁴; (f) Council Regulation (EC) No 415/2003 of 27 February 2003 on the issue of visas at the border, including the issue of such visas to seamen in transit²; (g) Article 2 of Regulation (EC) No 390/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2009 amending the Common Consular Instructions on visas for diplomatic and consular posts in relation to the introduction of biometrics including provisions on the organisation of the reception and processing of visa applications². 			
$\frac{2}{2} \text{References to} \text{[the] repealed} \\ \frac{2}{2} \text{Instruments} \text{Regulation } \text{Ishall be} \\ \text{construed as references to this} \\ \text{Regulation and} \text{[shall be] read in} \\ \text{accordance with the correlation table in} \\ \text{Annex XIII.} \\ Annex XIII.$	References to the repealed Regulation shall be construed as references to this Regulation and shall be read in accordance with the correlation table set out in Annex XIII.	References to the repealed Regulation shall be construed as references to this Regulation and shall be read in accordance with the correlation table in Annex XIII.	

2

OJ L 150, 6.6.2001, p. 4. OJ L 64, 7.3.2003, p. 1. OJ L 131, 28.5.2009, p. 1. 3

¹

Article 5754	Article 54	Article 54	
Monitoring and evaluation	Monitoring and evaluation	Monitoring and evaluation	
		Amendment 151	
1. Two Three years after all the provisions of this Regulation have become applicable the date set in Article 55(2) the Commission shall produce an evaluation of its the application of this Regulation . This overall evaluation shall include an examination of the results achieved against objectives and of the implementation of the provisions of this Regulation, without prejudice to the reports referred to in paragraph 3.	1. Three years after the date set in Article 55(2), the Commission shall produce an evaluation of the application of this Regulation. This overall evaluation shall include an examination of the results achieved against objectives and of the implementation of the provisions of this Regulation, without prejudice to the reports referred to in paragraph 3.	1. <i>Two</i> years after the date set in Article 55(2), the Commission shall produce an evaluation of the application of this Regulation. This overall evaluation shall include an examination of the results achieved against objectives and of the implementation of the provisions of this Regulation, without prejudice to the reports referred to in paragraph 3. <i>This evaluation shall contain an</i> <i>assessment of the need for</i> <i>obligatory travel medical insurance</i> <i>for holders of short stay visas. To</i> <i>that end, Member States shall</i> <i>inform the Commission about</i> <i>health related costs which could be</i> <i>recovered from the insurance of</i> <i>visa holders as well as health</i> <i>related costs incurred but not settled</i> <i>by holders of short stay visas.</i>	Council position

2. The Commission shall transmit the	2. The Commission shall transmit the	
evaluation referred to in paragraph 1	evaluation referred to in paragraph 1	
to the European Parliament and the	to the European Parliament and the	
Council. On the basis of the	Council. On the basis of the	
evaluation, the Commission shall	evaluation, the Commission shall	
submit, if necessary, appropriate	submit, if necessary, appropriate	
proposals with a view to amending	proposals with a view to amending	
this Regulation.	this Regulation.	
	evaluation referred to in paragraph 1 to the European Parliament and the Council. On the basis of the evaluation, the Commission shall submit, if necessary, appropriate proposals with a view to amending	to the European Parliament and the Council. On the basis of the evaluation, the Commission shall submit, if necessary, appropriate proposals with a view to amendingto the European Parliament and the Council. On the basis of the evaluation, the Commission shall submit, if necessary, appropriate proposals with a view to amending

	2 TI C : 1 11		
3. The Commission shall present, three	3. The Commission shall present,	3. The Commission shall present,	
years after the VIS is brought into	three years after the VIS is brought	three years after the VIS is brought	
operation and every four years	into operation and every four years	into operation and every four years	
thereafter, a report to the European	thereafter, a report to the European	thereafter, a report to the European	
Parliament and to the Council on the	Parliament and to the Council on the	Parliament and to the Council on the	
implementation of Articles $\frac{13}{12}$, $\frac{17}{12}$	implementation of Articles 12, 15,	implementation of Articles 12, 15,	
<u>15, 38, 40 to $44 42$ of this Regulation,</u>	38, 40 to 42 of this Regulation,	38, 40 to 42 of this Regulation,	
including the implementation of the	including the implementation of the	including the implementation of the	
collection and use of biometric	collection and use of biometric	collection and use of biometric	
identifiers, the suitability of the ICAO	identifiers, the suitability of the	identifiers, the suitability of the	
standard chosen, compliance with data	ICAO standard chosen, compliance	ICAO standard chosen, compliance	
protection rules, experience with	with data protection rules, experience	with data protection rules, experience	
external service providers with specific	with external service providers with	with external service providers with	
reference to the collection of biometric	specific reference to the collection of	specific reference to the collection of	
data, the implementation of the 59-	biometric data, the implementation	biometric data, the implementation	
month rule for the copying of	of the 59-month rule for the copying	of the 59-month rule for the copying	
fingerprints and the organisation of the	of fingerprints and the organisation	of fingerprints and the organisation	
procedures relating to applications. The	of the procedures relating to	of the procedures relating to	
report shall also include, on the basis of	applications. The report shall also	applications. The report shall also	
Article 17(12), (13) and (14) and of	include, on the basis of Article	include, on the basis of Article	
Article 50(4) of the VIS Regulation	17(12), (13) and (14) and of Article	17(12), (13) and (14) and of Article	
\Box (EC) No 767/2008 \Box , the cases in	50(4) of (EC) No 767/2008, the cases	50(4) of (EC) No 767/2008, the cases	
which fingerprints could factually not	in which fingerprints could factually	in which fingerprints could factually	
be provided or were not required to be	not be provided or were not required	not be provided or were not required	
provided for legal reasons, compared	to be provided for legal reasons,	to be provided for legal reasons,	
with the number of cases in which	compared with the number of cases	compared with the number of cases	
fingerprints were taken. The report shall	in which fingerprints were taken.	in which fingerprints were taken.	
include information on cases in which a	The report shall include information	The report shall include information	
person who could factually not provide	on cases in which a person who	on cases in which a person who	
fingerprints was refused a visa. The	could factually not provide	could factually not provide	
report shall be accompanied, where	fingerprints was refused a visa. The	fingerprints was refused a visa. The	
necessary, by appropriate proposals to	report shall be accompanied, where	report shall be accompanied, where	

amend this Regulation.	necessary, by appropriate proposals to amend this Regulation.	necessary, by appropriate proposals to amend this Regulation.	
4. The first of the reports referred to in paragraph 3 shall also address the issue of the sufficient reliability for identification and verification purposes of fingerprints of children under the age of 12 and, in particular, how fingerprints evolve with age, on the basis of the results of a study carried out under the responsibility of the Commission.	4. The first of the reports referred to in paragraph 3 shall also address the issue of the sufficient reliability for identification and verification purposes of fingerprints of children under the age of 12 and, in particular, how fingerprints evolve with age, on the basis of the results of a study carried out under the responsibility of the Commission.	4. The first of the reports referred to in paragraph 3 shall also address the issue of the sufficient reliability for identification and verification purposes of fingerprints of children under the age of 12 and, in particular, how fingerprints evolve with age, on the basis of the results of a study carried out under the responsibility of the Commission.	
		Amendment 152	

		4a. The Commission shall present a report on the implementation of this Regulation to the European Parliament and the Council on an annual basis. This report shall include, in particular, information about the implementation of the provisions regarding airport transit visas and the temporary schemes for issuing visas at the external border, as well as the state of affairs of cooperation with external service providers and of local Schengen cooperation.	Council position
Article <u>5855</u>	Article 55	Article 55	
Entry into force	Entry into force	Entry into force	
1. This Regulation shall enter into force on the $\frac{20\text{th}}{20\text{th}}$ day following [f] at of [] its publication in the <i>Official Journal of</i> <i>the European Union</i> .	1. This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	1. This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	
2. It shall apply from 5 April 2010 □[6 months after the day of entry into force] □.	2. It shall apply from [6 months after the day of entry into force].	2. It shall apply from [6 months after the day of entry into force].	
		Amendment 153	
 3. [Article 51 shall apply from [3 months after the day of entry into force] □. 3. Article 52 and Article 53(1)(a) to (h) and (2) shall apply from 5 October 	3. However, Article 5(2) shall apply from [2 years after the day of entry into force].	3. <i>Articles 48, 49, 50 and</i> 51 shall apply from [3 months after the day of entry into force].	

2009.			
		Amendment 154	
		3a. Article 22(5a) shall apply from [2 years after the day of entry into force].	
4. As far as the Schengen Consultation Network (Technical Specifications) is concerned, Article 56(2)(d) shall apply from the date referred to in Article 46 of the VIS Regulation.	4. Articles 13(2), 14(3)(d), 18(2) and 21(3) and (4) shall apply from the date of entry into force of the implementing act referred to in Article 13(2a).		
5. Article 32(2) and (3), Article 34(6) and (7) and Article 35(7) shall apply from 5 April 2011.			
This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in the Member States in accordance with the Treaty establishing the European Community Treaties . Done at [],	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in the Member States in accordance with the Treaties. Done at [],	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in the Member States in accordance with the Treaties. Done at [],	