

Arrivals/Departure: As reported by UNHCR in the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, between 1 September 2015 and 1 December 2015, the average number of daily arrivals is 1,452 people of Syrian nationality, 749 people of Afghan nationality and 278 people from Iraq. Compared to the average number of daily arrivals in the recent period between 1 December 2015 and 19 January 2016, no notable change has been observed, with 1,185 people of Syrian nationality, 725 people of Afghan nationality and 674 people from Iraq arriving from Greece to the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

Bottlenecks: On 21 January, at 11h00 the border crossing between Greece and the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia re-opened. At Eidomeni, there are 600 people present in the UNHCR rub halls and MSF tents. On 20 January, according to media, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia Ministry of Foreign Affairs had announced that the closure was due to the congestion caused by a train breaking down on the international railroad line to Slovenia. Also reported by media sources, the Ministry also ex-

plained that the Slovenian authorities called for the temporary suspension of border crossings, until traffic on the railroad is restored. No other border crossings are reported to be closed at the time of reporting.

Condition of People: In Greece, the two-day ferry strike continues, significantly limiting transport between the islands and mainland. As people continued to arrive to the Greek islands in regular numbers, the islands' reception centers are currently at capacity. In Slovenia, at Dobova, police forces announced that registration of arrivals will be further re-organized based on the intended final destination stated by refugees and migrants. Some people, who initially indicated their will to travel to other countries other than Austria or Germany, replaced their destination indicating this to be Germany. This came as a result of the police practice separating those who were not traveling to Germany. The police did not provide further details regarding this practice.

Deaths at Sea: None reported.



Critical Developments

In Slovenia, the Minister of Foreign Affairs confirmed that Austria had informed Slovenia that restrictive measures are put in place at its borders. Both the Slovenian Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs said that they will adapt practices accordingly. In Croatia, following the announcement of restrictive border measures taken by Austrian authorities and similar actions planned to be taken by the Slovenian government, the Minister of Interior in the caretaker government, Ranko Ostojic, stated that Croatia would also introduce new rules. He also mentioned the same would be carried out by Serbian authorities. According to UNHCR sources, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia authorities are adopting similar practices. The Austrian Federal Government and the Heads of the nine Austrian Provinces met and agreed on measures to reduce the number of refugees and migrants entering Austria. The most noteworthy are: comprehensive and systematic

border management, continued efforts for solutions at the EU and international level, establishment of a limit of asylum-seekers received (defined at 1.5% of the Austrian population within the next four years, i.e. 127,500 from 2016-2019). In 2016, a limit of 37,500 asylum-seekers is expected. Despite political agreement, the implementation modalities continue to be debated by the Social Democrats and the People's Party.

Weather Headlines

- Very cold conditions will persist across the region until early next week.
- Strong to gale force northerly winds are expected to develop in the Aegean Sea this weekend.
- Less cold conditions are expected to develop from the northwest and gradually spread southeast through next week.



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Media and Social Media

United Kingdom: European Commission President, Jean-Claude Juncker, plans to amend practices regarding the Dublin agreement; he stated it is unfair and "simply unacceptable" that "some countries aren't complying with their responsibilities" in the case of the refugee crisis across Europe. Prime Minister David Cameron has voiced his concerns about this plan as it would result in

Britain being unable to return refugees to other EU countries. The UK is already struggling with the number of refugees entering the country after opting out of the EU quota system.

 Denmark: Hospitals have been warned about the possible outbreak of diphtheria, tuberculosis, and malaria brought into the country by migrants.



Average Daily Arrivals and Trends Greece

4 - 10 January

1,831

-23% from previous week



11 - 17 January

1,458

-20% from previous week



18 - 20 January

1,716

18% from previous week



January (as of 20 Jan)

1,722

-48% from previous month



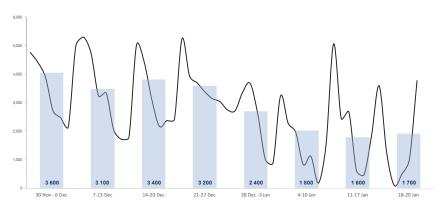


Estimated Arrivals per Country Yesterday



Daily and Weekly Average Arrivals to Greece 30 November to 20 January

*The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (please note that the fYRoM abbreviation is used only for design purposes)







Weather conditions forecast for Greece and Countries of Onward Movements Key locations crossed by refugees





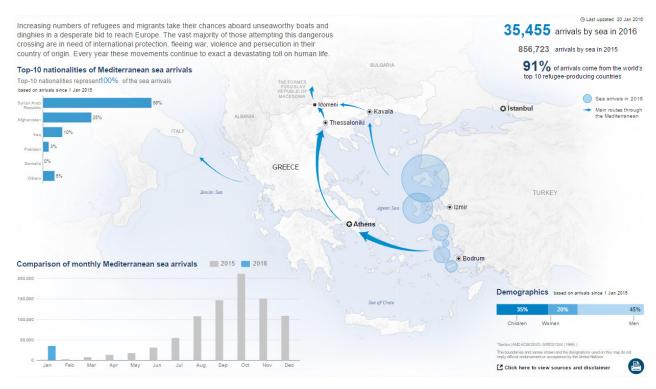
- Temperatures are expected to significantly below average across mainland SE Europe through the remainder of this week, with these colder conditions spreading to the Aegean this weekend. Across the mainland, temperatures will continue to fall to between -5°C and -10°C overnight, locally to -15°C. The persistence of these low temperatures is expected to maintain the increased number of people with specific needs presenting respiratory illnesses.
- Strong to gale force northerly winds are expected to develop across the Aegean Sea
- through Friday and into the weekend. Analysis of previous events would suggest these conditions may reduce the number of arrivals to the Greek Islands. Research has also indicated that when people are exposed for long periods to the lower temperatures that are forecast, there is a higher risk of hypothermia.
- Less cold conditions are expected to develop across the north of the region during the first half of next week, with this trend gradually spreading southeast.





Annex 1

Key Figures from the Portal



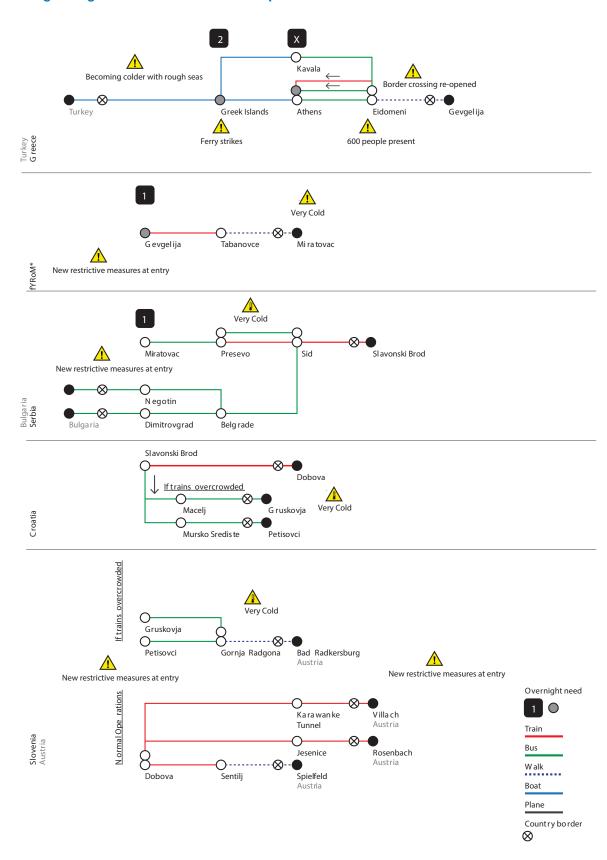






Annex 2

Refugee/Migrant Onward Movement Map





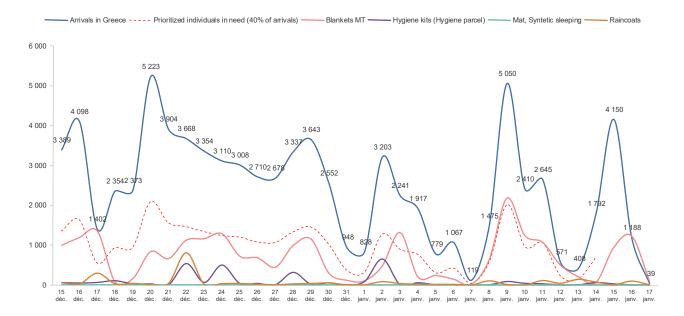


Annex 3

Distribution Table Data Latest

Category	Items	Total Distributed	Greece	Serbia	fYRoM*	Croatia	Slovenia
Individual	Blankets MT	212 535	135 849	3 040	0	53 301	20 345
Individual	Blankets HT	146 254	5 474	42 619	24 945	60 975	12 241
Individual	Bag	5 220	0	220	200	0	4 800
Individual	Hygiene kits (Hygiene parcel)	18 852	16 001	2 660	0	0	191
Individual	Mat, Syntetic sleeping	32 707	25 692	6 665	350	0	0
Individual	Rubber mats	3	3	0	0	0	0
Individual	Sleeping bags	11 288	9 015	51	1 209	0	1 013
Individual	Socks	18 573	73	3 405	9 545	0	5 550
Individual	Footwear	9 536	752	5 304	2 480	0	1 000
Individual	Raincoats	104 550	54 440	10 011	9 235	18 871	11 993
Individual	Winter jacket	11 366	2 348	6 317	2 011	690	0
Individual	Hats (scarf and others)	4 500	0	0	4 500	0	0
Individual	Thermal ear covers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Individual	Hand and body warmers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Individual	Gloves	8 359	3 959	0	4 400	0	0
Family	Solar lamp (Sunbell)	691	691	0	0	0	0
Family	Torches (Rechargable)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Food and Water	Food items (KG)	28 754	0	23 754	5 000	0	0
Food and Water	High Energy Bisquits (HEBs) KG	65 558	36 823	19 005	9 730	0	0
Food and Water	Cans (number of)	149 926	0	149 926	0	0	0
Food and Water	Water (liters)	204 181	33 369	55 745	7 179	81 936	25 953

Monitoring Distribution Ratio in Greece 15 December - 17 January



This graph indicates total daily arrivals on the Greek islands and the amount of humanitarian aid items distributed. The dotted red line indicates the estimated 40% most vulnerable persons, whom UNHCR is targeting for assistance between November 2015 and February 2016.