

European Council Conclusions

A Rolling Check-List of Commitments to Date

STUDY

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European Council Oversight Unit

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EUROPEAN COUNCIL CONCLUSIONS: A ROLLING CHECK-LIST OF COMMITMENTS TO DATE

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Introduction

This ninth edition of the overview of European Council conclusions, presented in the form of a *Rolling Check-List of Commitments to Date*, is a product of the European Council Oversight Unit within the European Parliamentary Research Service (EPRS), the European Parliament's in-house research service and think-tank. As part of its work, the unit maintains a rolling database of all the European Council's commitments and responsibilities, which is updated and published regularly, with an indication of follow-up given to date.

The European Council became a formal Union institution, with a full-time President, under the Treaty of Lisbon. Although it does not exercise legislative functions, the European Council's role – to 'provide the Union with the necessary impetus for its development' and to define its 'general political directions and priorities' – has developed rapidly over the past seven years. As an example of setting overall priorities for the Union, on 26-27 June 2014, the European Council adopted a Strategic Agenda to 'guide the institutions in annual and multiannual programming, as well as in legislative planning' in the 2014-19 institutional cycle.

The European Parliament is strongly committed to the principle of Better Law-Making, and particularly to the effective use of impact assessment and evaluation throughout the legislative cycle. It is in this spirit that enhanced powers for stronger executive bodies can and should be balanced by greater scrutiny and oversight, especially in respect of the implementation of EU law and policies.

The Parliament's administrative capacity to support parliamentary committees and individual Members in exercising *ex-post* scrutiny and oversight of the executive has accordingly been enhanced in order to provide stronger and deeper analysis of the transposition, implementation and enforcement of EU secondary law, and more generally, of the impact, operation, effectiveness and delivery of EU law and policy in practice.

In this context, since June 2014, the European Council Oversight Unit has been monitoring and analysing the delivery on commitments made by the European Council in the conclusions of its meetings, as well as its various responsibilities either in law or on the basis of intergovernmental agreements. This compendium is designed to assist the Parliament in exercising its important oversight role in the months and years ahead.

Joséphine Rebecca VANDEN BROUCKE

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How to use this Check-List

The structure and contents of this Check-List derive from the conclusions of the European Council, running from January 2010 to the present. The Check-List covers eight broad policy areas, each addressed in a separate chapter: i) Economic and Financial Affairs; ii) Employment and Social Policies; iii) Competitiveness; iv) Energy and Climate Policy; v) Freedom, Security and Justice; vi) External Policies; vii) International Trade; and viii) Development. It is updated four times a year ahead of the European Council meetings in March, June, October and December. At the beginning of each chapter, there is a concise analysis of the main developments for that particular policy area.

A 'traffic light' system helps readers to identify, at a glance, progress achieved at EU level on any issue of interest: green for decisions that have been carried out in full; orange for those being implemented but not yet finalised; red where the situation is blocked or where there is no evolution; and striped red where there is no progress because a decision has been taken not to proceed.

The information is displayed in columns. The 'Commitment' column displays all relevant conclusions of the European Council on a specific policy area. The 'State of Play' column shows the steps undertaken by the different institutions - European Commission, European Parliament, and Council - in implementing the European Council conclusions. Finally, the 'Remarks' column contains useful additional information of relevance to the issue.

Legend:

- No progress -- MNo progress/decision not to proceed ■ Some progress --
- Essentially complete

The Rolling Check-List covers European Council conclusions from January 2010 onwards

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I. Economic and Financial Affairs

Analytical Summary

Main commitments

When the sovereign debt crisis began in 2010, the European Council targeted an in-depth reform of the European economic governance. The reforms aimed to reinforce EU budgetary and fiscal rules and surveillance as well as establish a robust crisis resolution framework. This led to both the institutionalisation of the European Semester from 2011 onwards and the creation of crisis management mechanisms such as the European Stability Mechanism (ESM).

At the height of the sovereign debt crisis in the summer of 2012, euro-area leaders made a commitment to establish a fully-fledged Banking Union, the most ambitious project since the introduction of the single currency. Based on the Four Presidents Report of December 2012, the Banking Union is supposed to be comprised of a Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM), a Single Resolution Mechanism (SRM), a common Deposit Guarantee Scheme and an ESM Direct Recapitalisation Instrument (DRI). Additionally, a single rule book - essentially focused on the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive (BRRD), the Capital Requirements Regulation and Directive (DGSD) - intends to provide harmonised prudential rules for the financial sector. Ultimately, it aims to ensure a level playing field for all EU banks. Constant progress towards an integrated financial framework has been regularly called for since 2012 by the European Council, which has closely monitored this project.

The Four and <u>Five Presidents'</u> Reports (2015) set a roadmap towards the completion of the Economic and Monetary Union (EMU) and on how to increase its functionality. Both reports identify a series of economic, financial and social measures to implement in the short, medium and long term. Such reforms, alongside structural reforms undertaken by the Member States will help boost growth, competitiveness and employment across the euro area.

Delivery and state of play

The 2016 European Semester i.e. the annual cycle seeking to coordinate and monitor economic and employment policies of EU Member States began with the publication by the Commission of the 2016 Annual Growth Survey package and the draft 2016 recommendations for the euro area. They were subsequently approved by the Ecofin Council on 15 January 2016 and endorsed by the European Council at its meeting of 18-19 February 2016. In March 2016, the European Council's endorsed the economic priorities based on the Annual Growth Survey 2016 and the Commission communication on in-depth country reports. In May, the Commission published the country-specific recommendations (CSRs) and the Ecofin Council adopted conclusions

on the in-depth reviews of macroeconomic imbalances and the implementation of country-specific recommendations. Following an examination in different Council configurations, the European Council endorsed the country-specific recommendations, formally adopted by the Ecofin Council in July 2016.

The Semester process has recently been reviewed and streamlined by the Juncker Commission. The review aims to enhance its efficiency, especially regarding the <u>implementation of the Country-Specific Recommendations</u> (CSRs). It also aims to increase national ownership and reinforce economic policy coordination. Additional initiatives were also taken by the Commission to deepen the EMU, in line with the first stage of the Five Presidents' report. For example, a <u>proposal</u> in favour of a single representation of the euro area to international organisations such as the IMF was presented in October 2015.

As regards the Banking Union, the first pillar - namely the SSM - has been fully operational since November 2014, whereas both the SRM and the bail-in rules (set by the BRRD) were in a transitional phase throughout 2015 and have now been fully operational since 1 January 2016. At the same time, the ratification of the intergovernmental treaty establishing a Single Resolution Fund was completed by all euro-area Member States, with the Fund becoming fully operational on 1 January 2016. The Commission has also presented a <u>proposal</u> for a European Deposit Insurance Scheme (EDIS), currently under discussion in the Council and the Parliament under the ordinary legislative procedure. The EDIS is one of the three main issues referred to in the Council <u>conclusions</u> on a roadmap to complete the Banking Union, welcomed by the European Council in its June 2016 meeting.

The <u>Capital Markets Union</u> Action Plan (CMU), presented by the Commission in September 2015, should help fund new investments across the EU by better integrating the capital markets. It is part of the third pillar of the Investment Plan for Europe, which aims to improve the investment environment. In June 2016, the EU leaders called for swift and determined actions in moving forward with the CMU. In particular, they called on the co-legislators to agree by the end of 2016 on the proposals for simple, transparent and standardised securitisations and for the simplification of prospectus requirement.

The European Council has identified the fight against tax avoidance and tax evasion as a priority, at both EU and international level. In 2015, the OECD presented a set of measures on base erosion and profit shifting, endorsed by the G20 countries. In terms of recent initiatives at EU level, the Commission presented an anti-tax avoidance package in January 2016 and a VAT action plan in April 2016, both supported in the European Council meetings of March and June 2016. The Heads of State or Government welcomed in particular the adoption of the Anti -Tax Avoidance Directive and the Directive on mandatory automatic exchange of information in the field of taxation. In May 2016, the Ecofin Council adopted conclusions on the VAT action plan and conclusions on an External Strategy for Effective Taxation and tax treaty abuse, paving the way for further

action during autumn 2016 and the year 2017. The Parliament has taken an active role with regard to examining the issues of tax evasion and tax fraud, notably through the work of its two special committees on taxation and its inquiry committee on the Panama Papers.

Outlook and main challenges

Following the package of measures presented by the Commission in October 2015 and implementation of a reformed European Semester in 2016, it remains to be seen whether the objectives of the reform have been sufficiently achieved. One of the main challenges is the declining rate of implementation of the country-specific recommendations.

Tackling tax avoidance and aggressive tax planning at EU level is another key challenge. Further cooperation, coordination and transparency between Member States in tax policy would help both to curtail significant revenue losses for Member States and to ensure greater fairness across the EU. In addition to the progress already achieved and to work still ongoing, the Commission proposed new initiatives in a communication published in June 2016. Among these are the proposed revision of the Administrative Cooperation Directive and amendments to the fourth Anti-Money Laundering Directive. Moreover, the Commission will seek this year to revive its proposal for a common consolidated corporate tax base.

In the <u>State of the Union speech on 14 September 2016</u>, the Commission underlined the importance the Capital Markets Union in spurring financial stability and launched a communication on finalising the first initiatives, accelerating the delivery of planned reforms and undertaking a mid-term review of the CMU in 2017.

The Slovak Presidency of the Council of the EU included in its <u>priorities</u> the deepening of the EMU, completion of the Banking Union, moving forward with the CMU and fighting tax avoidance and tax evasion. According to the <u>Bratislava Declaration and Roadmap</u> adopted at the informal meeting of the EU27 Heads of State or Government on 19 September 2016, economic and social development, as well as ensuring opportunities for young Europeans, figure among the main objectives. The specific measures scheduled for the coming months include a progress review of the Single Market strategies (including CMU) in spring 2017.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
I. Economic and F	inancial Affairs		
I.1. Financial	Affairs		
Banking Union - Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM)	 24 October 2014: - Welcomed the launch of the Single Supervisory Mechanism on 4 November 2014. 24 October 2013: - Comprehensive assessment of the credit institutions of the Member States participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism to be launched in November 2013, in line with the Regulation conferring specific tasks on the European Central Bank. - To be followed by a test of banks across the EU. - The European Council asks the Council to develop this approach as a matter of urgency and to communicate it by the end of November, in line with the goal that the ECB completes the comprehensive assessment of credit institutions in a timely manner. 14 March 2013: - Legislative process on the SSM to be concluded within the coming weeks. 13 December 2012: - Agreement reached on the SSM within the Council on 13 December. The European Council calls on the co-legislators to rapidly agree so as to allow its implementation as soon as possible. 18 October 2012: - European Council calls to proceed with work on legislative proposals for the SSM with the objective of agreeing on the legislative framework by 1 January 2013. Work on the operational implementation will take place in the course of 2013. 	Supervisory Authority (European Banking Authority) as regards the conferral of specific tasks on the European Central Bank pursuant to Council Regulation (EU) No 1024/2013 (OJ L 287,	04/11/2014: The ECB assumes responsibility of the supervision of Euro area banks. 26/10/2014: Aggregate report by the ECB on the Comprehensive Assessment.
Banking Union -	20 March 2014:	Council Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/81 specifying uniform conditions of application of	31/12/2015: The Single Resolution Mechanism

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Single Resolution Mechanism (SRM)	 Congratulates the negotiators of the European Parliament and the Council on the agreement reached on the Single Resolution Mechanism Regulation as this is a major achievement that will open the way to the completion of the Banking Union. It is important now to formally adopt the Regulation before the end of the current legislature. Together with the Intergovernmental Agreement on the Transfer and Mutualisation of Contributions to the Single Resolution Fund, this represents another crucial step towards a stronger and more resilient Economic and Monetary Union. 19 December 2013: Adopt the SRM before the end of the current legislative period. 24 October 2013: Comprehensive assessment of the credit institutions of the Member States participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism to be launched in November 2013, in line with the Regulation conferring specific tasks on the European Central Bank. To be followed by a stress test of banks across the EU. The Council shall reach a general agreement on the Commission's proposal for a Single Resolution Mechanism by the end of 2013 in order to allow for its adoption before the end of the current legislative period. 14 March 2013: Commission to submit a proposal on the SRM by June 2013. 13 December 2012: The SRM should safeguard financial stability and ensure an effective framework for resolving financial institutions while protecting taxpayers in the context of banking crises. The single resolution mechanism should be based on contributions by the financial sector itself and include appropriate and effective backstop arrangements. This backstop should be fiscally neutral over the medium term, by ensuring that public assistance is recouped by means of ex post levies on the financial industry. 18 October 2012: 	Regulation (EU) No 806/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to ex ante contributions to the Single Resolution Fund. Regulation (EU) No 806/2014 establishing uniform rules and a uniform procedure for the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms in the framework of a Single Resolution Mechanism and a Single Resolution Fund and amending Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010 (OJ L 225, 30.07.2014, p. 1). Commission Delegated Regulation C(2015) 9016 final supplementing Regulation No (EU) 806/2014 of the European Parliament and the Council with regard to the criteria relating to the calculation of ex-ante contributions, and on the circumstances and conditions under which the payment of extraordinary ex post contributions may be partially or entirely deferred.	becomes fully operational and implements the EU-wide Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive (BRRD) in the euro area.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 Notes Commission's intention to propose a Single Resolution Mechanism for MS participating in the SSM once the proposals for a Recovery and Resolution Directive and for a Deposit Guarantee Scheme have been adopted. 		
Banking Union - Single Resolution Fund (SRF)	 20 March 2014: Congratulates the negotiators of the European Parliament and the Council on the agreement reached on the Single Resolution Mechanism Regulation as this is a major achievement that will open the way to the completion of the Banking Union. It is important now to formally adopt the Regulation before the end of the current legislature. Together with the Intergovernmental Agreement on the Transfer and Mutualisation of Contributions to the Single Resolution Fund, this represents another crucial step towards a stronger and more resilient Economic and Monetary Union. 	Regulation (EU) 2015/81 specifying uniform conditions of application of Regulation (EU) No 806/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to ex ante contributions to the Single Resolution Fund (OJ L 15, 22.1.2015). 26 Member States signed the intergovernmental agreement on the transfer of contribution to the SRF on 21.05.2014. Ratification procedures are ongoing.	Council statement on Banking Union and bridge financing arrangements for the Single Resolution Fund (8 December 2015). Council press release 883/15 (30 November 2015): full operationalisation of the SRF from 1 January 2016.
European Deposit Insurance Scheme (EDIS)	18 December 2015: - Asks the Council to swiftly examine the proposals put forward by the Commission as a follow-up to the report. In particular, work should rapidly advance as regards: a) the Banking Union, to enhance financial stability in the euro area. - The legal, economic and political aspects of the more long-term measures contained in the report need to be further explored. Further to additional work to be undertaken by the Commission and the Council, the European Council will come back to those measures at the latest by the end of 2017.	Economic and Financial Affairs Council 17 June 2016 adopted conclusions on a roadmap to complete the Banking Union. Proposal COM/2015/0586 final for a Regulation amending Regulation (EU) 806/2014 in order to establish a European Deposit Insurance Scheme.	
Banking Union / Financial Affairs - Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive	 24 October 2013: Called on the legislators to adopt the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive by the end of the year. 27 June 2013: Invited the Council and Parliament to start negotiations with the aim of adopting the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive before the end of 2013 as well as the proposal for a Deposit Guarantee Scheme. 	Directive 2014/59/EU establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms and amending Council Directive 82/891/EEC, and Directives 2001/24/EC, 2002/47/EC, 2004/25/EC, 2005/56/EC, 2007/36/EC, 2011/35/EU, 2012/30/EU and 2013/36/EU, and Regulations (EU) No 1093/2010 and (EU) No 648/2012, of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 173, 12.06.2014, p. 190).	01/01/2015: the single rulebook for the resolution of banks and large investment firms, as prescribed by the BRRD has to be applied by all EU Member States.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 14 March 2013: An agreement must be reached on the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive and the Deposit and Guarantee Scheme before June 2013, ensuring a fair balance between home and host countries. 		
	 13 December 2012: - Urges the co-legislators to agree on the proposals for a Recovery and Resolution Directive and for a Deposit Guarantee Scheme Directive before June 2013. 		
Banking Union / Financial Affairs - State-aid rules for financial institutions	 27 June 2013: The Commission intends to adopt revised state aid rules for the financial sector in the summer of 2013 with a view to ensuring a level playing-field in resolution decisions involving public support. 	Communication from the Commission on the application, from 1 August 2013, of State aid rules to support measures in favour of banks in the context of the financial crisis (OJ C 216, 30.07.2013, pp. 1–15).	
Banking Union / Financial Affairs Capital Requirements Regulation and Directive (CRR/CRD	14 March 2013: - Further to the progress achieved on the new banks' capital requirements, the remaining technical issues must be rapidly finalised in order to allow final agreement to be reached by the end of the month.	<u>Directive 2013/36/EU</u> on access to the activity of credit institutions and the prudential supervision of credit institutions and investment firms, amending Directive 2002/87/EC and repealing Directives 2006/48/EC and 2006/49/EC (OJ L 176, 27.06.2013 p.338).	01/01/2015: the single rulebook for the resolution of banks and large investment firms, as prescribed by the BRRD has to be applied by all EU Member States.
IV)	 13 December 2012: Reiterates the importance of the new rules on capital requirements for banks (CRR/CRD), which are of the utmost priority so as to develop a single rule book, and calls on all parties to work towards their agreement and rapid adoption. 18 October 2012: Calls for the rapid conclusion of the single rule book, including agreement on the proposals on bank capital requirements (CRR/CRD IV) by the end of the year. 	Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 (OJ L 176, 27.06.2013 p.1).	LO Member States.
	 1 March 2012: The proposals relating to bank capital requirements and to markets in financial instruments should be agreed, respectively, by June and December 2012, bearing in mind the objective of having a single rule book, and of ensuring timely and consistent implementation of Basel 		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 23 October 2011: Welcomes the agreement reached on short selling and calls for the speedy adoption of other important legislative proposals such as those relating to OTC derivatives and deposit guarantee schemes by the end of this year, and those on capital requirements by summer 2012. 		
Banking Union - Deposit Guarantee Scheme	 27 June 2013: Invited Council and Parliament to start negotiations with the aim of adopting the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive before the end of 2013 as well as the proposal for a Deposit Guarantee Scheme. 14 March 2013: Agreement must be reached on the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive and the Deposit and Guarantee Scheme before June 2013, ensuring a fair balance between home and host countries. 13 December 2012: Urges the co-legislators to agree on the proposals for a Recovery and 	Directive 2014/49/EU on deposit guarantee scheme (OJ L 173, 12.06.2014, p.149).	
	Resolution Directive and for a Deposit Guarantee Scheme Directive before June 2013. 24 October 2012: - Calls for the rapid adoption of the provisions relating to the harmonisation of national resolution and deposit guarantee frameworks based on the Commission's legislative proposals on bank recovery and resolution and on national deposit guarantee schemes. 23 October 2011: - Welcomes the agreement reached on short selling and calls for the speedy adoption of other important legislative proposals such as those		
EMU / Banking Union - ESM direct bank recapitalisation instrument	relating to OTC derivatives and deposit guarantee schemes by the end of this year, and those on capital requirements by summer 2012. 25 October 2013: - Calls on the Eurogroup to finalise the guidelines for European Stability Mechanism recapitalisation so that the ESM can have a possibility to recapitalise banks directly, following the establishment of the Single Supervisory Mechanism.	08/12/2014: the ESM direct recapitalisation instrument for Euro area financial institutions was adopted by the Board of the ESM Governors after the completion by all 18 Euro area Member States of their own national procedures.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	28 June 2013: The Eurogroup has agreed on the main features of the operational framework for direct bank recapitalisation by the ESM. Work should continue so that, when an effective single supervisory mechanim is established, the ESM will, following a regular decision, have the possibility to recapitalise banks directly. 15 March 2013: As agreed in December 2012, an operational framework, including the definition of legacy assets, should be agreed asap in the first semester of 2013, so that when an effective single supervisory mechanism is established, the ESM will, following a regular decision, have the possibility to recapitalise banks directly. 14 December 2012: Further to the June 2012 Euro area Summit statement and the October 2012 European Council conclusions, an operational framework, including the definition of legacy assets, should be agreed as soon as possible in the first semester of 2013, so that when an effective single supervisory mechanism is established, the European Stability Mechanism will, following a regular decision, have the possibility to recapitalise banks directly. 19 October 2012: The Eurogroup will draw up the exact operational criteria that will guide direct bank recapitalisations by the European Stability Mechanism (ESM), in full respect of the 29 June 2012 Euro area Summit statement. It is imperative to break the vicious circle between banks and sovereigns. When an effective single supervisory mechanism is established, involving the ECB, for banks in the Euro area the ESM could, following a regular decision, have the possibility to recapitalize banks directly.	10/06/2014 The Eurogroup found a preliminary agreement on the ESM direct recapitalisation instrument. 20/06/2013 The Eurogroup agreed on an operational framework of the ESM direct recapitalisation instrument.	
EMU / Financial Stability - European Stability Mechanism (ESM)	 24 March 2011: - Amends the TFEU with regard to the setting up of the ESM. - Calls for the rapid launch of national approval procedures with a view to its entry into force on 1 January 2013. 	<u>Treaty Establishing the European Stability</u> <u>Mechanism</u> , signed on 02/02/2012.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 Welcomes the decisions taken by the Euro Area Heads of State or government on 11 March and endorses the features of the ESM (see Annex II). The preparation of the ESM treaty and the amendments to the EFSF agreement, to ensure its EUR 440 billion effective lending capacity, will be finalised so as to allow signature of both agreements at the same time before the end of June 2011. 		
	 16 December 2010: Treaty to be amended for a mechanism to be established by the MS to safeguard the financial stability of the Euro area as a whole: European Stability Mechanism (ESM); ESM to replace the European Financial Stability Facility (EFSF) and the European Financial Stabilisation Mechanism (EFSM), which will remain in force until June 2013. Article 122(2) TFEU will no longer be needed to safeguard the financial stability of euro zone, MS agreed. Formal adoption of the Decision in March 2011, completion of national approval procedures by the end of 2012, and entry into force on 1 January 2013. The overall effectiveness of this framework will be evaluated in 2016 by Commission in liaison with the ECB. 		
Financial Affairs - Capital Markets Union	16 September 2016, Bratislava: Objective: Create a promising economic future for all, safeguard our way of life and provide better opportunities for youth. Concrete measures: () b) Spring 2017 European Council: review progress as regards delivering on the different Single Market strategies (including Digital Single Market, Capital Markets Union, Energy Union). ()	European Parliament resolution of 15 September 2016 on access to finance for SMEs and increasing the diversity of SME funding in a Capital Markets Union 2016/2032(INI). Communication COM(2016)601 Capital Markets Union - Accelerating Reform.	03/05/2016 European Commission report on the EU crowdfunding sector, part of the Capital Markets Union Action Plan.
	28 June 2016: - In terms of delivering a deeper and fairer Single Market, the European Council calls for the different Single Market strategies, including on energy, and action plans proposed by the Commission to be completed and implemented by 2018. The European Council today adopted an agenda calling for swift and determined progress: () to ensure easier access to finance for businesses and to support investment in the real economy by moving forward with the Capital Markets Union agenda. In	Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and the Council COM(2016)461 final on amending Regulation (EU) No 345/2013 on European venture capital funds and Regulation (EU) No 346/2013 on European social entrepreneurship funds. Procedure: 2016/0221 (COD).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	particular, swift progress should be made on the proposal for the simplification of prospectus requirements and the proposals for simple, standardised and transparent securitisation, to be agreed by the end of 2016.	Communication COM(2016)0361 on Delivering the Single Market Agenda for Jobs, Growth and Investment.	
	18 December 2015: - Further to the Action Plan on Capital Markets Union, calls on the Parliament and Council to reach rapid agreement on the early actions, including securitisation.	European Parliament <u>resolution</u> of 19 January 2016 on stocktaking and challenges of the EU Financial Services Regulation: impact and the way forward towards a more efficient and effective EU framework for Financial Regulation and a Capital Markets Union.	
	18 December 2014: Invites the Commission and the Union legislators to step up work on key measures to increase the Union's attractiveness for production, investment and innovation, and to improve the regulatory environment.	Ecofin <u>Conclusions</u> of 8 December 2015 endorsing an <u>agreement</u> reached on the development of a securitisation market in Europe.	
	for investments, including moves towards better integrated capital markets, while at the same time robustly pursuing the better regulation agenda aimed at transparent and simple regulation achieved at a minimum cost, consistent with the Council conclusions of 4 December 2014.	Proposal <u>COM/2015/0583 final</u> for a Regulation on the prospectus to be published when securities are offered to the public or admitted to trading. Procedure: <u>2015/0268/COD</u> .	
	- The European Council will take regular stock of the implementation of the above-mentioned orientations.	Ecofin Conclusions of 10 November 2015 on the Commission Action Plan on building a Capital Markets Union.	
		Proposal <u>COM/2015/0472 final</u> for a Regulation laying down common rules on securitisation and creating a European framework for simple, transparent and standardised securitisation. Procedure: <u>2015/0226(COD)</u> .	
		Communication COM(2015) 468 final on Action Plan on Building a Capital Markets Union. European Parliament resolution of 9 July 2015 on Building a Capital Markets Union.	
		Ecofin Council <u>Conclusions</u> of 19 June 2015 on a Capital Markets Union.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
·		Commission Green Paper COM(2015) 63 final on Building a Capital Markets Union.	
		Staff Working Document SWD(2015) 13 on Initial reflections on the obstacles to the development of deep and integrated EU capital markets.	
Regulation of financial services – Supervisory framework	 17 June 2010: Calls for work on the European supervisory framework needs to be concluded in time for the Systemic Risk Board and the three European Supervisory Authorities to begin work in early 2011. 26 March 2010: Rapid progress is required on the strengthening of financial regulation and supervision both within the EU and in international fora such as the G20, while ensuring a level-playing field at the global level. 	Regulation (EU) No 1092/2010 on European Union macro-prudential oversight of the financial system and establishing a European Systemic Risk Board (OJ L 331, 15.12.2010, pp. 1–11). 2.European Banking Authority Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010 establishing a European Supervisory Authority (European Banking Authority), amending Decision No 716/2009/EC and repealing Commission Decision 2009/78/EC (OJ L 331, 15.12.2010, pp. 12–47). 3.European Securities and Markets Authority Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010 establishing a European Supervisory Authority (European Securities and Markets Authority), amending Decision No 716/2009/EC and repealing Commission Decision 2009/77/EC (OJ L 331, 15.12.2010, pp. 84–119). 4.European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority Regulation (EU) No 1094/2010 establishing a European Supervisory Authority (European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority), amending Decision No 716/2009/EC and repealing Commission Decision Decision 2009/79/EC (OJ L 331, 15.12.2010, pp. 331, 331, 331, 331, 331, 331, 331, 331	
Financial Affairs - Credit rating agencies	2 March 2012: - The amendments to the Regulation on Credit Rating Agencies should be adopted as soon as possible. Looks forward to the outcome of the	15.12.2010, pp. 48–83). Regulation (EU) No 462/2013 amending Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 on credit rating agencies (OJ L 146 31.05.2013, p. 1).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Commission's ongoing review of mandatory references to the ratings from credit rating agencies in EU legislation.		
	 23 October 2011: Looks forward to the proposals the Commission will make on credit rating agencies and bank crisis management and resolution. 		
	 17 June 2010: Asks for the swift examination of the Commission's proposal on the improvement of the EU's supervision of credit rating agencies. 		
Financial Affairs -	17 June 2010:	<u>Directive 2011/61/EU</u> on Alternative Investment	
Investment fund managers	- Calls for agreement on the legislative proposal on alternative investment fund managers before the summer.	Fund Managers and amending Directives 2003/41/EC and 2009/65/EC and Regulations (EC)	
managers	investment rand managers serore the summer.	No 1060/2009 and (EU) No 1095/2010 (OJ L 174,	
		01/07/2011, pp. 1–73).	
Financial Affairs -	23 October 2011:	Regulation (EU) No 236/2012 on short selling and	
Short-selling and	- Welcomes the agreement reached on short selling and calls for the	certain aspects of credit default swaps (OJ L 86/1,	
OTC derivatives	speedy adoption of other important legislative proposals such as those	24/3/2012, pp. 1-24).	
	relating to OTC derivatives and deposit guarantee schemes by the end	Description (EU) No CAN/2042 on OTC desirations	
	of this year, and those on capital requirements by summer 2012.	Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 on OTC derivatives,	
	17 June 2010:	central counterparties and trade repositories (OJ L 201 27.07.2012, pp. 1-59).	
	- Looks forward to proposals announced by the Commission on	201 27.07.2012, ρμ. 1-35].	
	derivative markets and in particular appropriate measures on short	Report COM(2013)885 on the evaluation of the	
	selling (including naked short selling) and credit default swaps.	Regulation (EU) No 236/2012 on short selling and	
		certain aspects of credit default swaps.	
	<u>26March 2010</u> :		
	- Progress is particularly needed on issues such as capital requirements;		
	systemic institutions; financing instruments for crisis management; increasing transparency on derivative markets and considering specific		
	measures in relation to sovereign credit default swaps; and		
	implementation of internationally agreed principles for bonuses in the		
	financial services sector.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Corporate Governance - Executive pay / Shareholder Right	 2 March 2012: The Commission is invited to consider the possible strengthening of the current framework relative to executive pay. 26 March 2010: Progress is particularly needed on issues such as capital requirements; systemic institutions; financing instruments for crisis management; increasing transparency on derivative markets and considering specific measures in relation to sovereign credit default swaps; and implementation of internationally agreed principles for bonuses in the financial services sector. 	Proposal COM(2014)0213 for a Directive amending Directive 2007/36/EC as regards the encouragement of long-term shareholder engagement and Directive 2013/34/EU as regards certain elements of the corporate governance statement. Procedure: 2014/0121(COD).	
I.2. Economic	policies and governance		
Strategic Agenda for the Union in Times of Change (EUCO five year plan, annex to EUCO conclusions 26-27/6/2014). A Union of jobs, growth and competitiveness	 17 June 2014: Highlights the need to continue structural reforms. It notes that the Union needs bold steps to foster growth, increase investments, create more and better jobs and encourage reforms for competitiveness, and that his requires making best use of the flexibility that is built into the existing Stability and Growth Pact rules. The upcoming review of the EU2020 strategy will be a good occasion to bring it fully in line with this strategic agenda. Priorities for the Union for the next five years: promote a climate of entrepreneurship and job creation, not least for SMEs: by facilitating access to finance and investment; by ensuring more resilient financial regulation; by improving the functioning of labour markets and by shifting taxes away from labour; by reducing unnecessary administrative burdens and compliance costs in a targeted manner, respecting consumer and employees protection as well as health and environment concerns; invest and prepare our economies for the future: by addressing overdue investment needs in transport, energy and telecom infrastructure as well as in energy efficiency, innovation and research, skills, education and innovation; by making full use of EU structural funds; by mobilising the right mix of private and public 	General Affairs Council 29.9.2014 The Council took stock of the EUCO strategic agenda Presidency report focussing on chapter on jobs, growth and competitiveness (13244/14). A New Start for Europe: My Agenda for Jobs, Growth, Fairness and Democratic Change Political Guidelines for the next European Commission: Opening Statement in the European Parliament Plenary Session Candidate for President of the European Commission, Strasbourg, 15 July 2014/ Jean-Claude Juncker. (pp. 4-8: A New Boost for Jobs, Growth and Investment; A Deeper and Fairer Internal Market with Strengthened Industrial Base; A Deeper and Fairer EMU). Europe a Fresh Start - Programme of the Italian Presidency of the Council of the EU, (pp. 28-31 Economic and Financial Affairs).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	developing financial instruments, such as those of the European Investment Bank, in particular for long-term projects; by providing the right regulatory framework for long-term investments; - make the Economic and Monetary Union a more solid and resilient factor of stability and growth: with stronger Euro area governance and stronger economic policy coordination, convergence and solidarity, while respecting the integrity of the internal market and preserving transparency and openness towards non-euro EU countries.		
Strengthened economic and policy coordination	28 June 2016: - The European Council takes stock of the progress achieved in the work towards completing the Economic and Monetary Union, including the roadmap to complete the Banking Union, and calls for work to be taken forward. It endorses the recommendation on National Productivity Boards. 17-18 March 2016: - At its June meeting, the European Council will discuss the progress achieved in the work towards completing the Economic and Monetary Union. 18 December 2015: - Asks the Council to swiftly examine the proposals put forward by the Commission as a follow-up to the report. In particular, work should rapidly advance as regards: a) more effective economic and fiscal governance, to boost competitiveness, convergence and sustainability; b) the euro area's external representation, to better reflect its weight	The Economic and Financial Affairs Council adopted conclusions on the fiscal sustainability report on 8 March 2016. Communication 2016 COM(2016)0321 final on 2016 European Semester: Country-specific recommendations. European Parliament resolution of 25 February 2016 on the European Semester for economic policy coordination: Annual Growth Survey 2016 (2015/2285(INI)). European Parliament resolution of 25 February 2016 on European Semester for economic policy coordination: Employment and Social Aspects in the Annual Growth Survey 2016 (2015/2330(INI)). Resolution 2015/2936(RSP) on completing Europe's	8/8/2016 Excessive deficit procedure: Council agrees to zero fines and new deadlines for Portugal and Spain, Council press release 486/16. 10/01/2016 European Commission Fiscal Sustainability Report 2015. 31/03/2014 The Commission's Expert Group published its final report on debt redemption fund and eurobills. An Expert Group on a debt redemption fund and eurobills (chaired by Gertrude Tumpel-Council agrees to the service of the se
	in the world economy; c) the Banking Union, to enhance financial stability in the euro area. The Council will report on the progress achieved by June 2016. The legal, economic and political aspects of the more long-term measures contained in the report need to be further explored. Further to additional work to be undertaken by the Commission and the Council, the European Council will come back to those measures at the latest by the end of 2017.	Economic and Monetary Union. Communication COM(2015) 600 final on steps towards Completing Economic and Monetary Union. Commission decision of 21.10.2015 establishing an independent advisory European Fiscal Board (C(2015) 8000 final).	Gugerell) was set up by the Commission in July 2013.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<u>15 October 2015:</u>	Recommendation for a Council recommendation on	
	- Took stock of the discussions on the Presidents' report on completing	the establishment of National Competitiveness	
	Europe's Economic and Monetary Union. The European Council reiterates	Boards within the Euro Area (COM(2015) 601 final).	
	that the process of completing the Economic and Monetary Union must		
	be taken forward in full respect of the single market and in an open and	Communication COM(2015) 602 final on a roadmap	
	transparent manner. The European Council will revert to these issues at its December meeting.	for moving towards a more consistent external representation of the euro area in international fora.	
	its becember meeting.	representation of the euro area in international fora.	
	26 June 2014:	Proposal for a Council decision laying down measures	
	- Took note of the report on the Economic and Monetary Union	in view of progressively establishing unified	
	requested by the December 2014 European Council and asked the	representation of the euro area in the International	
	Council to rapidly examine it.	Monetary Fund (<u>2015/0250 (NLE)</u>).	
	19 December 2014	Informal Faction Council 13/00/2015. The Council	
	18 December 2014: - Closer coordination of economic policies is essential to ensure the	Informal Ecofin Council <u>12/09/2015</u> : The Council discussed the next steps for the further development	
	smooth functioning of the Economic and Monetary Union. Following a	of the EU's economic and monetary union, on the	
	discussion on this issue on the basis of an analytical note at the informal	basis of the so-called Five Presidents' report.	
	meeting of the Heads of State or Government in February, the President	basis of the so cancallive residents reporti	
	of the Commission, in close cooperation with the President of the Euro	Five Presidents' report on Completing Europe's	
	Summit, the President of the Eurogroup and the President of the	Economic and Monetary Union.	
	European Central Bank, will report at the latest to the June 2015		
	European Council. The Member States will be closely involved in the	Analytical note by the Commission on Preparing for	
	preparatory work.	Next Steps on Better Economic Governance in the	
	24.0	Euro Area.	
	24 October 2014:	Communication COM/201E) 12 final on Making the	
	 Underlines the urgency of the prompt implementation of measures to boost jobs, growth, competitiveness and of those aimed at empowering 	Communication COM(2015) 12 final on Making the best use of the flexibility within the existing rules of	
	and protecting its citizens as set out in the Strategic Agenda for the	the Stability and Growth Pact.	
	Union in Times of Change. Structural reforms and sound public finances	and statisticy and Growth ract.	
	are key conditions for investment.	Communication COM(2015) 250 final on the 2015	
	- Invited the Commission, the Council and the Member States to	European Semester: Country-specific	
	translate these orientations into concrete policy actions without delay.	recommendations.	
	27 June 2014:	Fundada Dadiamant massluting of 44 March 2045	
	- Conclusion of the 2014 European Semester and endorsement of	European Parliament resolution of 11 March 2015 on the European Semester for economic policy	
	Council report of 24 June 2014 on the 2014 Country Specific	the European Semester for economic policy	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Recommendations. The Council and the Commission will further monitor CSR implementation and take action as required.	coordination: Annual Growth Survey 2015 (2014/2221(INI)).	
	 19 December 2013: In the Euro area, the coordination of economic policies needs to be further strengthened to ensure both convergence within the EMU and higher levels of sustainable growth. Closer coordination of economic policies will help detect economic vulnerabilities at an early stage, and allow for their timely correction 	Communication COM(2014) 400 on 2014 European Semester: Country-specific Recommendations: Building Growth. Communication COM(2013) 166 on Towards a Deep and Genuine Economic and Monetary Union: Ex ante	
	- It is crucial to facilitate and support Member States' reforms in areas which are key for growth, competitiveness and jobs and which are essential for the smooth functioning of the EMU as a whole.	coordination of plans for major economic policy reforms.	
	Partnerships based on a system of mutually agreed contractual arrangements and associated solidarity mechanisms would contribute to facilitate and support sound policies before countries face severe economic difficulties. - The President of the European Council, in close cooperation with the	Communication COM(2013) 165 on Towards a Deep and Genuine Economic and Monetary Union: Introduction of convergence and competitiveness instruments.	
	President of the Commission, is to carry work forward on a system of mutually agreed contractual agreements and associated solidarity mechanisms and to report to the October 2014 European Council with a view to reaching an overall agreement on both of these elements. The Member States will be closely associated to this work.	European Parliament resolution of 25 February 2014 on the European Semester for economic policy coordination: Employment and Social Aspects in the Annual Growth Survey 2014 (2013/2158(INI)).	
	 24 October 2013: Underlines that closer coordination of economic policies should be focused on policy areas where positive effects on competitiveness, employment and the functioning of the EMU are most prominent. 	Communication COM(2012) 777 final/2 on A blueprint for a deep and genuine economic and monetary union Launching a European Debate.	
	 As a first step, the European Council will make a shared analysis of the economic situation in the Member States and in the Euro area as such. To this end, it will already hold a discussion in December following the publication of the Commission's Annual Growth Survey and the Alert 		
	Mechanism Report with the aim to agree, on the basis of the relevant indicators, on the main areas for coordination of economic policies and reforms. This shared analysis will be based on an assessment of growth and jobenhancing policies and measures, including the performance of labour		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	and product markets, the efficiency of the public sector, as well as research and innovation, education and vocational training, employment and social inclusion in the Euro area. The Commission will also provide a first overview of the implementation of country-specific recommendations that will be a basis for the further monitoring of their implementation. Work will be carried forward to strengthen economic policy coordination, with the objective of taking decisions in December on the main features of contractual arrangements and of associated solidarity mechanisms.		
	 27 June 2013: It is necessary to put into place a more effective framework for the coordination of economic policies in line with Article 11 of the Treaty on Stability, Coordination and Governance and with the principle of subsidiarity. Following its communication of 20 March, the Commission intends to present a proposal on the ex ante coordination of major economic reforms in the autumn. Further work is required on the issues of mutually agreed contracts and associated solidarity mechanisms in the coming months, drawing in particular on the forthcoming Commission communication on economic policy coordination. 		
	 13 December 2012: The President of the European Council, in close cooperation with the President of the Commission, after a process of consultations with the Member States, will present to the June 2013 European Council possible measures and a time-bound roadmap on the coordination of national reforms: a) The coordination of national reforms the participating Member States will be invited to ensure, in line with Article 11 of the TSCG, that all major economic policy reforms that they plan to undertake will be discussed ex ante and, where appropriate, coordinated among themselves. Such coordination shall involve the institutions of the EU as required by EU law to this end. The Commission has announced its intention to make a proposal for a framework for ex 		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	ante coordination of major economic policy reforms in the context of the European Semester; b) the social dimension of the EMU, including social dialogue; c) the feasibility and modalities of mutually agreed contracts for competitiveness and growth: individual arrangements of a contractual nature with EU institutions could enhance ownership and effectiveness. Such arrangements should be differentiated depending on Member States' specific situations. This would engage all Euro area Member States, but non euro Member States may also choose to enter into similar arrangements; d) Solidarity mechanisms that can enhance the efforts made by the Member States that enter into such contractual arrangements for competitiveness and growth.		
	28 June 2012: - The report "Towards a Genuine Economic and Monetary Union" presented by the President of the European Council, in cooperation with the Presidents of the Commission, Eurogroup and ECB, sets out "four essential building blocks" for the future EMU: an integrated financial framework, an integrated budgetary framework, an integrated economic policy framework and strengthened democratic legitimacy and accountability.		
Economic	27 June 2014:	Communication COM(2015) 600 on steps towards	
Governance -	- The Commission will report to the European Parliament and to the	Completing Economic and Monetary Union.	
'Two pack'	Council on the application of the EU governance framework by 14 December 2014, as foreseen in EU law ('6-Pack' and '2-Pack'). 15 March 2013: - It is urgent to complete and implement the framework for better economic governance. The new legislation on fiscal and macroeconomic surveillance (the "six-pack", the "two-pack" and the TSCG) must be used to the full. In particular, all necessary preparatory work must be carried out to ensure that these new rules are effectively applied from the beginning of the national budgetary cycles in 2013.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 14 December 2012: The immediate priority is to complete and implement the framework for stronger economic governance, including the "six-pack", the Treaty on Stability, Coordination and Governance (TSCG) and the "two-pack". Following the decisive progress achieved on the key elements of the "two-pack", the European Council calls for its rapid adoption by the colegislators. 	Regulation (EU) No 473/2013 on common provisions for monitoring and assessing draft budgetary plans and ensuring the correction of excessive deficit of the Member States in the Euro area (OJ L 140, 27.05.2013, pp. 11-23).	
	 19 October 2012: Invites the legislators to find an agreement with a view to adopting the "two-pack" by the end of 2012 at the latest. This is a key piece of legislation necessary for the reinforcement of the new economic governance in the EU, alongside the reinforced Stability and Growth Pact, the Treaty on Stability, Coordination and Governance (TSCG) and the "sixpack". It calls on national authorities and European institutions to implement all of these fully in accordance with their roles under the EU Treaties. 		
Economic Governance - 'Six pack'	 27 June 2014: - The Commission will report to the European Parliament and to the Council on the application of the EU governance framework by 14 December 2014, as foreseen in EU law ('6-Pack' and '2-Pack'). 24 June 2011: - The legislative work on the package for the strengthening of economic governance has progressed substantially and its adoption at first reading is within reach. 25 March 2011: - Welcomes the general approach reached on the proposals in the Council, opening the way for negotiations with the European Parliament. It called for work to be taken forward with a view to their adoption in June 2011. 	Communication COM(2015) 600 final on steps towards Completing Economic and Monetary Union. European Parliament resolution of 24 June 2015 on the review of the economic governance framework: stocktaking and challenges (2014/2145(INI)). Communication COM(2015) 85 final on 2015 European Semester: Assessment of growth challenges, prevention and correction of macroeconomic imbalances, and results of in-depth reviews under Regulation (EU) No 1176/2011. Communication COM(2014) 905 final on Economic Governance Review.	
		Regulation (EU) No 1173/2011 on the effective enforcement of budgetary surveillance in the Euro area (OJ L 306 23.11.2011, p. 1-7).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
· ·	 4 February 2011: Called on the Council to reach in March a general approach on the Commission's legislative proposals on economic governance, ensuring full implementation of the recommendations of the Task Force, so as to reach a final agreement with the EP by the end of June. This will allow strengthening the Stability and Growth Pact and implementing a new macroeconomic framework. 17 December 2010: Called for the acceleration of the work on the six legislative proposals on economic governance, building on the recommendations of the Task Force endorsed last October and keeping a high level of ambition, so that they can be adopted by June 2011. It welcomed the Council's report on the treatment of systemic pension reform under the Stability and Growth Pact and called for the report to be reflected in the specifications on the implementation of the reformed SGP. 29 October 2010: Endorses the report of the Task Force on economic governance. Its implementation will allow us to increase fiscal discipline, broaden economic surveillance, deepen coordination, and set up a robust framework for crisis management and stronger institutions. The European Council calls for a "fast track" approach to be followed on the adoption of secondary legislation needed for the implementation of many of the recommendations. The objective is for the Council and the European Parliament to reach agreement by summer 2011 on the Commission's legislative proposals, noting that the Task Force report 	Regulation (EU) No 1174/2011 on enforcement measures to correct excessive macroeconomic imbalances in the Euro area (OJ L 306, 23.11.2011, p. 8-11). Regulation (EU) No 1175/2011 amending Council Regulation (EC) No 1466/97 on the strengthening of the surveillance of budgetary positions and the surveillance and coordination of economic policies (OJ L 306, 23.11.2011, p. 12-24). Regulation (EU) No 1176/2011 on the prevention and correction of macroeconomic imbalances (OJ L 306, 23.11.2011, p. 25-32. Council Regulation (EU) No 1177/2011 amending Regulation (EC) No 1467/97 on speeding up and clarifying the implementation of the excessive deficit procedure (OJ L 306, 23.11.2011, pp. 33-40). Council Directive 85/2011/EU on requirements for budgetary frameworks of the Member States (OJ L 306, 23.11.2011, pp. 41-47).	Remarks
	does not cover all issues addressed in these proposals and vice-versa. This will ensure the effective implementation of the new surveillance arrangements as soon as possible. The result will be a substantial strengthening of the economic pillar of EMU, enhancing confidence and thus contributing to sustainable growth, employment and		
	competitiveness. - Invites the Council to speed up work on how the impact of pension reform is accounted for in the implementation of the Stability and Growth Pact and report back to the European Council in December.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Acknowledging the importance of systemic pension reforms, a level playing field within the SGP should be ensured.		
	 16 September 2010: Underlines the need to maintain momentum on the reform of European economic governance, and looks forward to receiving for its October 2010 meeting the final report of the Task Force, encompassing all aspects of the mandate given by the European Council of March 2010 and presenting a comprehensive package of measures which will guide legislative work. 		
	 17 June 2010: The present rules on budgetary discipline must be fully implemented. As regards their strengthening, the European Council agrees on the following orientations: a) Strengthening both the preventive and corrective arms of the Stability and Growth Pact, with sanctions attached to the consolidation path towards the medium term objective; these will be reviewed so as to have a coherent and progressive system, ensuring a level playing field across Member States. Due account will be taken of the particular situation of Member States which are members of the Euro area and Member States' respective obligations under the Treaties will be fully respected; b) Giving, in budgetary surveillance, a much more prominent role to levels and evolutions of debt and overall sustainability, as originally 		
	foreseen in the Stability and Growth Pact; c) from 2011 onwards, in the context of a "European semester", presenting to the Commission in the spring Stability and Convergence Programmes for the upcoming years, taking account of national budgetary procedures; d) ensuring that all Member States have national budgetary rules and medium term budgetary frameworks in line with the Stability and Growth Pact; their effects should be assessed by the Commission and the Council;		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	e) ensuring the quality of statistical data, essential for a sound budgetary policy and budgetary surveillance; statistical offices should be fully independent for data provision.		
	As regards macro-economic surveillance, it agrees on the following orientations: a) developing a scoreboard to better assess competitiveness developments and imbalances and allow for an early detection of unsustainable or dangerous trends; b) developing an effective surveillance framework, reflecting the particular situation of Euro area Member States. - Invites the Task Force and the Commission to rapidly develop further and make operational these orientations. It looks forward to the final report of the Task Force, covering the full scope of its mandate, for its meeting in October 2010.		
	 26 March 2010: Asks the President of the European Council to establish, in cooperation with the Commission, a task force with representatives of the Member States, the rotating presidency and the ECB, to present to the Council, before the end of this year, the measures needed to reach the objective of an improved crisis resolution framework and better budgetary discipline, exploring all options to reinforce the legal framework. 		
Euro Plus Pact	24 March 2011: - The Euro Plus Pact will strengthen the economic pillar of EMU and achieve a new quality of economic policy coordination, with the objective of improving competitiveness and thereby leading to a higher degree of convergence reinforcing our social market economy. The Member States to announce a set of concrete actions to be achieved within the next twelve months; all participating Member States will present their commitments as soon as possible and in any event in time for their inclusion in their Stability or Convergence Programmes and National Reform Programmes to be submitted in April and for their assessment at the June European Council.	Annex I of the Conclusions of the Heads of State or Government of the Euro area of 11 March 2011 (PCE 67/11).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
European Semester 2016	28 June 2016: - The European Council generally endorsed the country-specific recommendations as discussed by the Council, thus allowing the conclusion of the 2016 European Semester. 17-18 March 2016: - To steer the Council's discussions on the 2016 European Semester, the European Council endorsed the policy priority areas of the Annual Growth Survey: re-launching investment, pursuing structural reforms to modernise our economies, and conducting responsible fiscal policies. Member States will reflect these priorities in their forthcoming National Reform Programmes and Stability or Convergence Programmes. Such policies will contribute to placing the current recovery on a more sustainable basis and to fostering growth and employment. The European Council notes the Commission consultation on social issues and stresses the importance of well-functioning labour markets and welfare systems. 18-19 February 2016: - Endorsed the recommendation on the economic policy of the euro area.	Economic and Financial Affairs Council 25 May 2016: conclusions on in-depth reviews of macroeconomic imbalances and implementation of country-specific recommendations. Communication COM(2016)0321 on the 2016 European Semester: Country-specific recommendations. Communication COM(2016)095 final/2 on the 2016 European Semester: Assessment of progress on structural reforms, prevention and correction of macroeconomic imbalances, and results of in-depth reviews under Regulation (EU) No 1176/2011. SWD(2016) 71 to SWD(2016) 96. SWD(2016) 120. Economic and Financial Affairs Council of 8 March 2016: recommendation for a Council recommendation on the economic policy of the euro area accompanied by an explanatory note. European Parliament resolution of 25 February 2016 on the European Semester for economic policy coordination: Annual Growth Survey 2016 (2015/2285(INI)). European Parliament resolution of 25 February 2016 on European Semester for economic policy coordination: Employment and Social Aspects in the Annual Growth Survey 2016 (2015/2330(INI)). Ecofin Conclusions of 15 January 2015 on draft recommendation for the euro area. Recommendation COM(2015) 692 final on the economic policy of the euro area.	8/8/2016 Excessive deficit procedure: Council agrees to zero fines and new deadlines for Portugal and Spain, Council press release 486/16.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Ecofin Conclusions on the Annual Growth Survey 2016. Communication COM(2015) 690 final on the Annual Growth Survey 2016. Ecofin Conclusions on the Alert Mechanism Report 2016. Report COM(2015) 691 final on Alert Mechanism Report 2016.	
European Semester 2015	 26 June 2015: - Concluded the 2015 European Semester by generally endorsing the Country Specific Recommendations and calling for their implementation. 20 March 2015: - Endorsed the main pillars of the Annual Growth Survey (investment, structural reforms and growth-friendly fiscal consolidation) and invited Member States to reflect these priorities in their forthcoming National Reform Programmes and Stability or Convergence Programmes. 18 December 2014: - Fostering investment and addressing market failure in Europe is a key policy challenge. The new focus on investment, coupled with Member States' commitment to intensifying structural reforms and to pursuing growth-friendly fiscal consolidation, will provide the foundation for growth and jobs in Europe. 	Resolution 2015/2210(INI) on European Semester for economic policy coordination: implementation of	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament resolution of 11 March 2015 on the European Semester for economic policy coordination: Annual Growth Survey 2015 (2014/2221(INI)).	
		Ecofin Council 17/2/2015: Adopted conclusions on the European Semester 2015 — Annual Growth Survey: macroeconomic and fiscal guidance to Member States and Alert Mechanism Report.	
		Communication COM(2015) 85 final on the 2015 European Semester: Assessment of growth challenges, prevention and correction of macroeconomic imbalances, and results of in-depth reviews under Regulation (EU) No 1176/2011.	
		Communication COM(2014) 902 final from the Commission on the Annual Growth Survey 2015.	
		Draft joint employment report COM(2014) 906 final from the Commission and the Council.	
		Report COM(2014) 904 final on Alert Mechanism Report 2015.	
European Semester 2014	 27 June 2014: Generally endorsed the country-specific recommendations (CSR) and thus concluded the 2014 European Semester. Their implementation is key to accelerate growth. Based on the principles of national ownership and social dialogue, Member States should respect the 	Ecofin Council 8/7/2014: The Council issued recommendations and opinions on economic, employment and fiscal policies planned by the Member States.	
	recommendations in their forthcoming decisions on budgets, structural reforms and employment and social policies. The Council and the Commission will further monitor CSR implementation and take action as required.	Communication COM(2014) 400 final on the 2014 European Semester: Country-specific recommendations.	
	21 March 2014:	Communication COM(2013) 800 from the Commission on the Annual Growth Survey 2014.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Endorsed the five broad policy priorities for the European Union and its	Report COM(2013) 790 final on Alert Mechanism	
	Member States set out in the 2014 Annual Growth Survey (AGS):	Report 2014.	
	pursuing differentiated, growth-friendly fiscal consolidation, restoring	F Dealisment and letter 2012/2457/1011	
	normal lending to the economy, promoting growth and competitiveness, tackling unemployment and the social consequences	<u>European Parliament resolution 2013/2157(INI)</u> on the Annual Growth Survey 2014.	
	of the crisis, while modernising public administration. To steer the	the Almaa Growth Survey 2014.	
	Council's discussions on the 2014 European Semester, the European		
	Council put particular emphasis on policies enhancing competitiveness,		
	supporting job creation and fighting unemployment, particularly youth		
	unemployment, and on the follow-up to reforms to improve the		
	functioning of labour markets. The National Reform Programmes and		
	the Stability and Convergence Programmes should address the issues		
	identified in last year's Country-Specific Recommendations and in the		
	Commission's recent analysis in the context of the integrated		
	surveillance of macroeconomic and fiscal imbalances, including its in-		
	depth reviews and the Stability and Growth Pact, while taking full		
	account of the discussions held in the Council in the framework of the		
	European Semester.		
	<u>19 December 2013:</u>		
	- Welcomed the Alert Mechanism Report and endorsed the five broad		
	policy priorities for the European Union and its Member States set out		
	in the 2014 Annual Growth Survey (AGS):		
	- pursuing differentiated, growth-friendly fiscal consolidation;		
	- restoring normal lending to the economy;		
	promoting growth and competitiveness;tackling unemployment and the social consequences of the crisis		
	while modernising public administration.		
	Policies should focus in particular on:		
	- reinforcing tax and other incentives for job creation, including		
	shifting taxes away from labour;		
	- extending working lives, increasing labour market participation,		
	stepping up active labour;		
	- market measures and continuing to modernize education and		
	training systems, including life-long learning and vocational training;		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 ensuring that labour cost developments are consistent with productivity gain addressing skills mismatches; increasing labour mobility. Policies fostering innovation and leading to productivity gains remain crucial. 		
European	June 2013:	Ecofin Council 9/7/2013:	
Semester 2013	 Concluded the 2013 European semester by generally endorsing the country-specific recommendations. Member States will now translate the recommendations into their forthcoming decisions on budgets, structural reforms and employment and social policies, while promoting full national ownership and preserving social dialogue. The Council and the Commission will closely monitor their implementation. The Council will regularly discuss and assess the economic situation in Europe. 13 December 2012: Welcomes the timely submission of the Annual Growth Survey (AGS) by the Commission, which launches the 2013 European semester. The Commission is invited to include in its next Annual Growth Survey an assessment of the performance of labour and product markets with a view to promoting jobs and growth. 	The Council today issued recommendations to 23 member states on the economic and employment policies set out in their national reform programmes, and opinions on their fiscal policies, as presented in their stability/convergence programmes. It also issued a specific recommendation on the economic policies of the member states of the euro area. Communication COM(2013) 350 on 2013 European Semester: Country-specific recommendations. Communication COM(2012) 750 on the Annual Growth Survey 2013. European Parliament resolution 2012/2256(INI) on	
Financing the	20 March 2014:	the Annual Growth Survey 2013. Decision No 562/2014/EU on the participation of the	See also section IV.
economy	 Efforts must continue to foster entrepreneurship. Particular attention should be paid to encouraging the creation and growth of SMEs, including facilitating access to finance across the EU. The best possible use should be made of EU instruments such as Horizon 2020, the Connecting Europe Facility, the European Structural 	European Union in the capital increase of the European Investment Fund (OJ L 156, 24.05.2014, pp.1-4). Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013 of the European	Competitiveness on the European Investment Plan, COSME and Horizon 2020 instruments.
	 and Investment Funds and COSME as well as market-based and other innovative financial instruments to support competitiveness and access of SMEs to finance. 19 December 2013: Welcomes the implementation of EIB capital increase enabling the bank to step up its lending across the EU by 38%, to EUR 62 billion this year. 	Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2013 establishing a Programme for the Competitiveness of Enterprises and small and medium-sized enterprises (COSME) (2014 - 2020) and repealing Decision No 1639/2006/EC, OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, pp. 33–49 Procedure: 2011/0394(COD).	At its October 2013 meeting, the European Council took note of the reports by the Commission and the EIB on the implementation of measures aimed at financing the

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Welcomes the support by the EIB Group in 2013 of EUR 23.1 billion for	Joint Commission-EIB <u>report</u> to the European	economy and invites Member
	SME businesses and mid-cap companies throughout the EU 28.	Council, 27-28 June 2013: "Increasing lending to the	States to
	- Reiterates its call to launch the SME initiative in January 2014, in line	economy: implementing the EIB capital increase and	make good use of the
	with its October 2013 conclusions, while work should continue on further developing tools for the future.	joint Commission-EIB initiatives".	opportunities provided.
	- Calls on the Member States participating in the SME initiative to inform	European Parliament resolution of 5 February 2013	
	the Commission and the EIB about their contributions by the end of the	on improving access to finance for SMEs	
	year.	(<u>2012/2134(INI)</u>).	
	- Welcomes the EIB's new mandate to the European Investment Fund		
	(EIF) of up to EUR 4 billion.	Communication COM(2012)795 of 9 January 2013	
	- Calls on the Commission and the EIB to further enhance the EIF capacity	Entrepreneurship 2020 Action Plan: Reigniting the	
	through an increase in its capital with a view to reaching final	entrepreneurial spirit in Europe.	
	agreement by May 2014.	European Parliament resolution of 11 December	
	24 October 2013:	2012 on financing EU SMEs' trade and investment:	
	- The programming negotiations of the European Structural and	facilitated access to credit in support of	
	Investment Funds (ESIF) to be used to significantly increase the overall	internationalisation (2012/2114(INI)).	
	EU support from these funds to leverage based financial instruments	(<u>========</u>).	
	for SMEs in 2014-2020, while at least doubling support in countries	Joint EIB-European Commission report: "Supporting	
	where conditions remain tight.	small and medium-sized enterprises in 2012".	
	- These instruments should be designed in a way which limits market	·	
	fragmentation, ensures high leverage effects and quick uptake by the	Communication COM(2011) 870 of 7 December 2011	
	SMEs. This will help concentrate the funds adequately and expand the	on an action plan to improve access to finance for	
	volume of new loans to SMEs.	SMEs. SEC(2011) 1527.	
	- It reiterates its call to expand joint risk-sharing financial instruments		
	between the Commission and the European Investment Bank (EIB) to	<u>Decision</u> of the Board of Governors of 31 December	
	leverage private sector and capital market investments in SMEs, with	2012 on the increase in the capital of the European	
	the aim of expanding the volume of new loans to SMEs across the EU.	Investment Bank (OJ C 100, 6.4.2013, pp. 7–9).	
	Work should be finalized to amend the Common Provisions Regulation to enable the use of guarantees.		
	- The new instruments should achieve high leverage effects and be		
	attractive for private sector and capital markets investment. The EIB		
	should start implementing them while work should start immediately		
	on further developing tools for the future, especially on securitisation.		
	- Calls for the greatest possible participation by Member States.		
	Participating Member States will inform the Commission and the EIB		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	about their contributions by the end of the year. The new instruments		
	should begin operating in January 2014 to accompany recovery, fight unemployment and reduce fragmentation in the initial years of the		
	financial framework.		
	- Welcomes the agreement on the COSME and Horizon 2020		
	programmes and points out that their implementation is a matter of		
	priority.		
	- Encourages the legislator to work swiftly on the proposed legislation on		
	long-term investment funds with a view to its adoption before the end		
	of the legislative period.		
	27 June 2013:		
	- Agrees on the following measures to be implemented as a matter of		
	priority, with report on implementation by October 2013:		
	a) Stepping up efforts by the EIB to support lending to the economy by		
	making full use of the increase of EUR 10 billion in its capital. The		
	European Council calls on the EIB to implement its plan to increase		
	its lending activity in the EU by at least 40% over 2013-2015; to this		
	effect, the EIB has already identified new lending opportunities of		
	more than EUR 150 billion across a set of critical priorities such as		
	innovation and skills, SME access to finance, resources efficiency and strategic infrastructures;		
	b) Expansion of joint risk-sharing financial instruments between the		
	European Commission and the EIB to leverage private sector and		
	capital markets investments in SMEs. These initiatives should ensure		
	that the volume of new loans to SMEs across the EU is expanded,		
	respecting the principles of financial soundness and transparency as		
	well as the MFF ceilings. The Council, in consultation with the		
	Commission and the EIB, will specify without delay the parameters		
	for the design of such instruments co-financed by the Structural		
	Funds, aiming at high leverage effects. The necessary preparations		
	should be made to allow these instruments to begin operating in		
	January 2014;		
	c) Increasing the EIF's credit enhancement capacity;d) Gradually expansion the EIB's trade finance schemes to favour SME		
	business across the Union, especially in programme countries;		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	e) Strengthening the cooperation between national development		
	banks and the EIB to increase opportunities for co-lending and exchanges of best practices;		
	f) developing alternative sources of financing in close cooperation		
	with Member States.		
	- Given the importance of SMEs for the economy, especially as regards		
	job creation, measures to support SME financing will be a priority. This		
	is particularly important in countries with high youth unemployment		
	and where new investments are needed to promote growth and jobs.		
	It is also important to promote entrepreneurship and self-employment.		
	The European Council accordingly agreed on the launch of a new "Investment Plan".		
	investment rian .		
	14 March 2013:		
	- The recent increase in the EIB capital by EUR 10 billion will allow the		
	Bank to lend an additional EUR 60 billion in support to growth and jobs,		
	and together with the European Investment Fund, this will help catalyse		
	projects worth up to EUR 180 billion in 2013-2015.		
	18 October 2012:		
	- The EIB is expected to adopt its EUR 10 billion capital increase with the		
	aim of strengthening its capital basis as well as increasing its overall		
	lending capacity by EUR 60 billion.		
	- This should in turn lead to additional investment of up to EUR 180		
	billion over the next three years. Work is under way to ensure that the		
	EUR 55 billion of Structural Funds are mobilised quickly and efficiently;		
	the Commission will continue to help Member States to re-programme		
	the Structural Funds to focus them better on growth and jobs. 28 June 2012:		
	- 120 billion euros to be mobilized for fast-acting growth measures		
	- The EIB's paid-in capital to be increased by EUR 10 billion.		
	- To increase EIB overall lending capacity by EUR 60 billion, and thus		
	unlock up to EUR 180 billion of additional investment, spread across the		
	whole EU.		
	- This decision to enter into force no later than 31 December 2012.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Structural Funds: a further 55 billion to be devoted to growth enhancing measures (innovation/research, SMEs and youth employment).		
Economic Policy - Investment EU co-financing rates	 23 October 2011: Calls for the adoption before the end of the year of the proposals to temporarily increase co-financing rates for EU funds, accompanied by a targeting of those funds on growth, competitiveness and employment. The EIB is invited to examine in close cooperation with the Commission the possibilities of further contributing to boosting investment in Europe, including for countries implementing an adjustment programme. 	Regulation (EU) No 1311/2011 amending Council Regulation (EC) No 1083/2006 as regards certain provisions relating to financial management for certain Member States experiencing or threatened with serious difficulties with respect to their financial stability (OJ L 337, 20/12/2011, pp. 5–8).	
Compact for Growth and Jobs	 28 June 2012: The Compact encompasses action to be taken by the MS and the EU with the aim of re-launching growth, investment and employment as well as making Europe more competitive. 	The Compact for Growth and Jobs agreed by Heads of State or Government at the European Council of June 2012 (EUCO 76/12).	
Compact for Growth and Jobs (follow-up)	 27 June 2013 Looks forward to an updated progress report on the Compact in December 2013 building on a regular review by the Council. 	No follow-up to the updated progress report requested.	The Commission presented two progress reports on the implementation of the Compact for Growth and Jobs on 18 October 2012 and 27 June 2013, respectively.
I.3. Tax polici	es.		
Corporate Tax Avoidance - Automatic exchange of information (EU)	28 June 2016: - The fight against tax fraud, evasion and avoidance, and against money laundering remains a priority, both within the EU and internationally. This is illustrated by the recent adoption of relevant EU legislation to take up this challenge, in particular in the area of exchange of information on tax rulings and country-by-country reporting, as well as the agreement reached on the Anti Tax-Avoidance Directive.()	Council Directive (EU) 2016/1164 of 12 July 2016 laying down rules against tax avoidance practices that directly affect the functioning of the internal market. Procedure: 2016/11(CNS). 12 April 2016. Proposal COM(2016) 198 final for a directive of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Directive 2013/34/EU as regards	Fair Taxation: Commission launches work to create first common EU list of non-cooperative tax jurisdictions / European Commission press release 15 September 2016 IP 16/2996.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	18 December 2014: There is an urgent need to advance efforts in the fight against tax avoidance and aggressive tax planning, both at the global and EU levels. Looks forward to the Commission's proposal on the automatic exchange of information on tax rulings in the EU. The Council will discuss how to make progress on all these issues and report back to the June 2015 European Council.	disclosure of income tax information by certain undertakings and branches. SWD(2016) 117 final, SWD(2016) 118 final. Procedure: 2016/0107 (COD). Ecofin Council Conclusions of 12 February 2015 on Tax Avoidance.	
	 20 March 2014: Invites the Council to ensure that, with the adoption of the Directive on administrative cooperation by the end of 2014, EU law is fully aligned with the new global standard. 	Communication COM/2016/023 final on Anti-Tax Avoidance Package: Next steps towards delivering effective taxation and greater tax transparency in the EU.	
	 19 December 2013: Calls on the Council to reach unanimous political agreement on the Directive on administrative cooperation in early 2014. 	Proposal <u>COM/2016/025 final</u> on mandatory automatic exchange of information in the field of taxation.	
	 22 May 2013: Calls for rapid progress on the following issues: Efforts to extend the automatic exchange of information at the EU and global levels. The Commission to propose amendments to the Directive on 	Recommendation <u>C(2016)</u> 271 final on the implementation of measures against tax treaty abuse. Communication <u>COM/2016/024 final</u> on an External	
	administrative cooperation in June 2013 in order for the automatic exchange of information to cover a full range of income.	Strategy for Effective Taxation. 8 December 2015. Council Directive (EU) 2015/2376 amending Directive 2011/16/EU as regards mandatory automatic exchange of information in the field of taxation. Procedure: 2015/0068/CNS.	
		Ecofin Council <u>Conclusions</u> of 8 December 2015 on corporate taxation.	
		EP resolution with recommendations to the Commission on bringing transparency, coordination and convergence to corporate tax policies in the Union (2015/2010(INL)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		EP resolution on tax rulings and other measures similar in nature or effect (2015/2066(INI)).	
		Commission Communication COM(2015) 302 final entitled 'A Fair and Efficient Corporate Tax System in the European Union: 5 Key Areas for Action'.	
		<u>Directive 2014/107</u> on Mandatory automatic exchange of information (OJ L 359 16.12.2014, p.1).	
		EP legislative resolution on the proposal for a Council directive amending Directive 2011/16/EU as regards mandatory automatic exchange of information in the field of taxation (2013/0188(CNS)).	
		Proposal COM(2013)348 amending Directive 2011/16/EU as regards mandatory automatic exchange of information in the field of taxation.	
		Council Directive 2011/16/EU on administrative cooperation in the field of taxation and repealing Directive 77/799/EEC (OJ L 64, 11/03/2011, pp. 1–12).	
Common consolidated corporate tax base (CCCTB)	 14 March 2013: Work should advance on pending tax files such as the proposals on energy taxation, on the common consolidated corporate tax base and on the revision of the Savings Tax Directive. 	Commission Communication COM(2015) 302 final entitled 'A Fair and Efficient Corporate Tax System in the European Union: 5 Key Areas for Action'.	
	18 October 2012: - Called for progress on the common consolidated corporate tax base.	File 2011/0058(CNS) Common Consolidated Corporate Tax Base (CCCTB) awaiting final decision. Voted in plenary 19 April 2012.	
	 1 March 2012: Work and discussions should be carried forward on the Commission proposals on energy taxation, on the common consolidated corporate tax base, on the financial transactions tax and on the revision of the Savings Tax Directive. 	Proposal COM/2011/0121 for a Council Directive on a Common Consolidated Corporate Tax Base (CCCTB).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 23 October 2011: Legislative work on the Commission proposals for a common consolidated corporate tax base is ongoing. 23 June 2011: In line with the Euro Plus Pact, the Commission has made a proposal on a common consolidated corporate tax base. 24 March 2011: Developing a common corporate tax base could be a revenue neutral way forward to ensure consistency among national tax systems while respecting national tax strategies, and to contribute to fiscal sustainability and the competitiveness of European businesses. The Commission has presented a legislative proposal on a common consolidated corporate tax base. 		
Base Erosion and Profit Shifting (BEPS), automatic exchange of information (global) and harmful tax measures	28 June 2016: The fight against tax fraud, evasion and avoidance, and against money laundering remains a priority, both within the EU and internationally. This is illustrated by the recent adoption of relevant EU legislation to take up this challenge, in particular in the area of exchange of information on tax rulings and country-by-country reporting, as well as the agreement reached on the Anti Tax-Avoidance Directive. () 18 December 2014: There is an urgent need to advance efforts in the fight against tax avoidance and aggressive tax planning, both at the global and EU levels. Looks forward to the Commission's proposal on the automatic exchange of information on tax rulings in the EU. The Council will discuss how to make progress on all these issues and report back to the June 2015 European Council.	Council Directive (EU) 2016/881 of 25 May 2016 amending Directive 2011/16/EU as regards mandatory automatic exchange of information in the field of taxation (OJ L 146, 3.6.2016, p. 8–21). Procedure: 2016/0010(CNS). Ecofin Council Conclusions of 25 May 2016 on corporate tax avoidance – anti-avoidance rules. Ecofin Council Conclusions of 8 March 2016 on the code of conduct on business taxation. Recommendation C(2016) 271 final on the implementation of measures against tax treaty abuse. Communication COM/2016/024 final on an External Strategy for Effective Taxation.	Council conclusions of 8 December 2015 on business taxation – future of the code of conduct. Commission Decision C(2015) 4095 final establishing the Commission Expert Group "Platform for Tax Good Governance, Aggressive Tax Planning and Double Taxation" and replacing Decision (2013)2236. In December 2014, the Council welcomes the progress achieved by the

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 The EU will play a key role in promoting the automatic exchange of information as the new international standard, taking account of existing EU arrangements. The European Council welcomes ongoing efforts made in the G8, G20 and OECD to develop a global standard. Continue work within the EU on the elimination of harmful tax measures: strengthening of the Code of Conduct on business taxation on the basis of the existing mandate. Work on Commission's recommendations on aggressive tax planning and profit shifting. Looks forward to the OECD's forthcoming report on base erosion and profit shifting Efforts taken against base erosion, profit shifting, lack of transparency and harmful tax measures also need to be pursued globally, with third countries and within relevant international fora, such as the OECD, so as to ensure a level-playing field, on the basis of coordinated EU positions. 14 March 2013: Ensure close coordination with the OECD and the GDP to develop internationally agreed standards for the prevention of base erosion and profit shifting. 	Ecofin Council Conclusions of 8 December 2015 on corporate taxation and BEPS. On 10 October 2015, G20 finance ministers endorsed reforms to the international tax system for curbing avoidance by multinational enterprises. On 5 October 2015, the OECD presented the Final BEPS package for reform of the international tax system to tackle tax avoidance. Luxembourg Presidency: EU-BEPS roadmap on future work (10649/15). Commission Communication COM(2015) 302 final entitled 'A Fair and Efficient Corporate Tax System in the European Union: 5 Key Areas for Action'. On 16 November 2014, the OECD presented 7 of the 15 elements of the Action Plan to the G20 Leaders Summit in Brisbane, Australia. On 29 October 2014, 51 jurisdictions, 39 of which were represented at ministerial level, signed a multilateral competent authority agreement to automatically exchange information based on Article 6 of the Multilateral Convention. This agreement specifies the details of what information will be exchanged and when, as set out in the Standard. The full Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Information in Tax Matters was endorsed by the G20 Finance Ministers at their meeting in Cairns in September 2014.	Code of Conduct Group during the Italian Presidency as set out in its report (16100/14 FISC 216 ECOFIN 1105). Report to the Council on the Code of Conduct (Business Taxation) from the Code of Conduct Group during the Greek Presidency (10608/14 FISC 95 ECOFIN 586). In December 2013, the ECOFIN Council welcomed the progress achieved by the Code Group during the Lithuanian presidency as set out in its report. Report to the Council on the Code of Conduct (Business Taxation) from the Code of Conduct Group during the Irish Presidency (11465/1 FISC 134).

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		On 6 May 2014, the OECD Declaration on Automatic Exchange of Information in Tax Matters was endorsed by all 34 member countries along with several non-member countries.	
		On 23 February 2014, the G20 Finance Ministers endorsed the Common Reporting Standard for automatic exchange of tax information, now contained in Part II of the full version of the Standard.	
		G20 Leaders at their meeting fully endorsed in September 2013 fully endorsed the OECD proposal for a truly global model for automatic exchange of information.	
		On 9 July 2013, the EOCD published the Action Plan on Base Erosion and Profit Shifting.	
		on 19 June 2013, the G8 Leaders welcomed the OECD Secretary General report "A step change in tax transparency" which set out the concrete steps that needed to be undertaken to put a global model of automatic exchange in practice.	
Savings taxation agreements with third countries	 20 March 2014 Welcomes the Commission's report on the state of play of negotiations on savings taxation with European third countries (Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Andorra and San Marino) and calls on those countries to commit fully to implementing the new single global standard for automatic exchange of information, developed by the OECD and endorsed by the G20, and to the early adopters initiative. Calls on the Commission to carry forth the negotiations with those 	Council Press release 53/16 (12 February 2016) on EU and Andorra sign deal on automatic exchange of tax data. Recommendation C(2016) 271 final on the implementation of measures against tax treaty abuse.	
	countries swiftly with a view to concluding them by the end of the year, and invites the Commission to report on the state of play at its December meeting. If sufficient progress is not made, the Commission's	Communication <u>COM/2016/024 final</u> on an External Strategy for Effective Taxation.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	report should explore possible options to ensure compliance with the new global standard. 22 May 2013: - Negotiations to begin as soon as possible with Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Andorra and San Marino to ensure that these countries continue to apply measures equivalent to those in the EU. 14 March 2013: - Renewed efforts are needed to improve the efficiency of tax collection and to tackled tax evasion, including through savings taxations	Council Press release 911/15 (8 December 2015) EU-San Marino taxation agreement signed in joint effort to improve tax compliance. Council Press release 906/15 (8 December 2015) Liechtenstein, Switzerland taxation agreements approved by EU. Council Press Release 765/15 (28 October 2015) EU and Liechtenstein sign deal on automatic exchange of tax data.	
	agreements with third countries and rapid progress in tackling the VAT fraud.	European Parliament resolution 2015/0076(NLE) on the draft Council decision on the conclusion of the Amending Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on taxation of savings income in the form of interest payments. Council Press Release 367/15 (27 May 2015) EU-Switzerland taxation agreement signed in a joint effort to improve tax compliance.	
		Commission proposal 2015/0076 (NLE) on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Union, of the Amending Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation providing for measures equivalent to those laid down in Council Directive 2003/48/EC on taxation of savings income in the form of interest payments.	
		Report (Ares(2014)574281) on the state of play on EU savings taxation rules and savings agreements with European third countries. Council of the EU (PRESSE 185 PR CO 24): Adoption of a mandate for the Commission to negotiate	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
·		amendments to the EU's agreements with Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Andorra and San Marino on the taxation of savings income.	
Financial Transaction Tax	 14 March 2013: Notes that the work on the enhanced cooperation on a financial transaction tax is advancing. 18 October 2012: Notes the requests from a number of Member States for enhanced cooperation to be launched on a Financial Transactions Tax, which the Commission intends to examine quickly with a view to making its proposal as soon as the conditions have been met. 28 June 2012: The proposal for a FTT will not be adopted by the Council within a reasonable period. Several Member States to launch a request for an enhanced cooperation in this area, with a view to its adoption by December 2012. 23 October 2011: Takes note of the Commission proposal for a financial transaction tax. 24 March 2011: As agreed in June 2010, the introduction of a global financial transaction tax should be explored and developed further. The European Council notes the intention of the Commission to produce a report on taxation of the financial sector by autumn 2011 at the latest. 17 June 2010: The EU should lead efforts to set a global approach for introducing systems for levies and taxes on financial institutions with a view to maintaining a world-wide level playing field and will strongly defend this position with its G20 partners. The introduction of a global financial transaction tax should be explored and developed further in that context. 	EP report 2013/0045(CNS) on the proposal for a Council directive implementing enhanced	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 26 March 2010: Progress is particularly needed on issues such as capital requirements; systemic institutions; financing instruments for crisis management; increasing transparency on derivative markets and considering specific measures in relation to sovereign credit default swaps; and implementation of internationally agreed principles for bonuses in the financial services sector. The Commission will shortly present a report on possible innovative sources of financing such as a global levy on financial transactions. 		
Savings Tax Directive	 20 March 2014: Council to adopt the Directive on taxation of savings income at its next March 2014 meeting. 19 December 2013: Revised Directive on taxation of savings income to be adopted by March 2014 meeting. 22 May 2013: Called for the adoption of the revised Directive on the taxation of savings income before the end of the year. 14 March 2013: Work to advance on pending tax files such as the proposals on energy taxation, on the common consolidated corporate tax base and on the revision of the Savings Tax Directive. 18 October 2012, 28 June 2012 and 1 March 2012: Work and discussions to be carried forward on the revision of the savings tax Directive. 	Ecofin Council Conclusions of 10/11/2015 on savings taxation directive 2003/48/EC repealed. Council Directive 2014/48/EU amending Directive 2003/48/EC on taxation of savings income in the form of interest payments (OJ L 155 of 15.04.2014, pp. 50-78).	
Parent/Subsidiary Directive	19 December 2013: Progress should also be made quickly towards agreement on amending the Parent-Subsidiary Directive.	Council Directive (EU) 2015/121 amending Directive 2011/96/EU on the common system of taxation applicable in the case of parent companies and subsidiaries of different Member States.	Press release (27 January 2015): Council adopts anti-abuse clause against corporate tax avoidance (2013/0400 (CNS))

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Work on Commission's recommendations on aggressive tax planning and profit shifting. The Commission to present a proposal before the end of 2013 for the revision of the "parent/subsidiary" Directive and review the anti-abuse provisions in the relevant legislation.	Council Directive 2014/86/EU amending Directive 2011/96/EU on the common system of taxation applicable in the case of parent companies and subsidiaries of different Member States (OJ L 219, 25.7.2014, pp. 40–41). EP legislative resolution on the proposal for a Council directive amending Directive 2011/96/EU on the common system of taxation applicable in the case of parent companies and subsidiaries of different Member States (2013/0400(CNS)). Proposal COM(2013)814 amending Directive 2011/96/EU on the common system of taxation applicable in the case of parent companies and	
Taxation of financial system – System of levies	 28 October 2010: Further work is necessary on levies and taxes on financial institutions, at both the international and internal levels. In line with the Council's report, there should be further coordination between the different levy schemes in place in order to avoid double-charging. The Council is invited to report back to the European Council in December 2010. The different options regarding the taxation of the financial sector should also be examined, as well as good practices aimed at impeding tax havens and tax evasion. 	subsidiaries of different Member States. Council Draft Report 9918/11 to the Ecofin on financial levies and taxes - State of play. Ten Member States have introduced systems of levies and taxes (DE, UK, FR, SE, PT, LV, DK, AT, HU and CY) whose parameters (base, rate and scope) differ considerably. Four more countries are currently in the process of introducing systems of levies and taxes (SK, PL, IE, SI).	
	 17 June 2010: The EU should lead efforts to set a global approach for introducing systems for levies and taxes on financial institutions with a view to maintaining a world-wide level playing field and will strongly defend this position with its G20 partners. The introduction of a global financial transaction tax should be explored and developed further in that context. Agrees that Member States should introduce systems of levies and taxes on financial institutions to ensure fair burden-sharing and to set 		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 incentives to contain systemic risk. Such levies or taxes should be part of a credible resolution framework. Invites the Council and the Commission to take this work forward and report back in October 2010. 		
Tax Evasion	 27 June 2014: The EUCO five year Strategic Agenda for the Union in Times of Change (Annex to EUCO conclusions 26-27/6/2014) states that while respecting the competences of member states, who are responsible for their welfare systems, on of the priorities set for the Union in this field for the next five years is to guarantee fairness by combatting tax evasion and tax fraud so that all contribute their fair share. 19 December 2013: Calls for further progress at the global and EU level in the fight against tax fraud and evasion, aggressive tax planning base erosion and profit shifting (BEPS) and money laundering. 22 May 2013: Member States will give priority to the concrete follow-up to the Action Plan on strengthening the fight against tax fraud and tax evasion. Deal with tax evasion and fraud and fight money laundering within the internal market and vis-à-vis non-cooperative third countries and jurisdictions in a comprehensive manner. The revision of the third anti-money laundering Directive should be adopted by the end of the year. 14 March 2013: Renewed efforts are needed to improve the efficiency of tax collection and to tackled tax evasion, including through savings taxations agreements with third countries and rapid progress in tackling the VAT fraud. 	Communication COM(2016) 451 on further measures to enhance transparency and the fight against tax evasion and avoidance. Proposal for a Council Directive COM(2016)0452 on amending Directive 2011/16/EU as regards access to anti-money-laundering information by tax authorities. Procedure: 2016/0209 (CNS). Proposal for a Directive of the Parliament and the Council COM(2016)0450 amending Directive (EU) 2015/849 on the prevention of the use of the financial system for the purposes of money laundering or terrorist financing and amending Directive 2009/101/EC. Procedure: 2016/0208 (COD). ECOFIN Council of 25 May 2016 adopted conclusions on an external taxation strategy and measures against tax treaty abuse. ECOFIN Council Conclusions of 10/11/2015 on savings taxation directive 2003/48/EC repealed. EP legislative resolution 2013/0024(COD) on the proposal COM(2013)44 on information accompanying transfers of funds.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Directives on disclosure of non- financial and diversity information by large companies	19 December 2013: Calls for further progress on the disclosure of non-financial information by large groups. 22 May 2013: Examine the proposal amending the Directives on disclosure of non-financial and diversity information by large companies and groups with a view to ensure country-by-country reporting by large companies and groups.	EP legislative resolution 2013/0025(COD) on the prevention of the use of the financial system for the purpose of money laundering and terrorist financing. Proposal COM/2014/0221 final on establishing a European Platform to enhance cooperation in the prevention and deterrence of undeclared work. Directive 2014/95/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2014 amending Directive 2013/34/EU as regards disclosure of non-financial and diversity information by certain large undertakings and groups OJ L 330, 15.11.2014. Procedure 2013/0110(COD).	
Energy taxation	14 March 2013: - Work should advance on pending tax files such as the proposals on energy taxation, on the common consolidated corporate tax base and on the revision of the Savings Tax Directive. 18 October 2012: - Work and discussions should be carried forward on the proposals on energy taxation, on the common consolidated corporate tax base and on the revision of the savings tax Directive, and to reaching rapid agreement on the negotiating directives for savings taxation agreements with third countries. 28 June 2012: - Work and discussions should be carried forward on the Commission proposals on energy taxation, on the common consolidated corporate tax base and on the revision of the Savings Tax Directive.	There is no follow up on this issue. No progress made in the Council. Legislative resolution 2011/0092(CNS) on the proposal for a Council Directive amending Directive 2003/96/EC restructuring the Community framework for the taxation of energy products and electricity. Proposal COM(2011)169 for a Council Directive amending Directive 2003/96/EC restructuring the Community framework for the taxation of energy products and electricity.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 1 March 2012: Work and discussions should be carried forward on the Commission proposals on energy taxation, on the common consolidated corporate tax base, on the financial transactions tax and on the revision of the Savings Tax Directive. 		
Taxation of digital economy	 19 December 2013: Welcomes the establishment by the Commission of the High Level Expert Group on Taxation of the Digital Economy and invites the Commission to propose effective solutions compatible with the functioning of the Internal Market, taking into account the work of the OECD, and to report back to the Council as soon as possible. 	Commission Communication COM (2016)148 on an action plan on VAT. Ecofin Council Conclusions of 8 December 2015 on corporate taxation and BEPS.	28/05/2014: Report of the Commission Expert Group on Taxation of the Digital Economy.
	 22 May 2013: Efforts to respond to challenges of taxation in the digital economy. The Commission to assess these issues further in advance of the European Council discussion on the digital agenda. 		
Value Added Tax (VAT)	28 June 2016: - The fight against tax fraud, evasion and avoidance, and against money laundering remains a priority, both within the EU and internationally. () The publication by the Commission of an Action Plan aiming at the creation of a modernised and fraud-proof single VAT area is also an important element of the overall approach. 18 March 2016:	Council Directive amending Directive 2006/112/EC on the common system of value added tax, as regards the duration of the obligation to respect a minimum standard rate. Ecofin Council Conclusions of 25 May 2016 on the VAT Action Plan.	3 March 2016: Special report No 24/2015: 'Tackling intra- Community VAT fraud: More action needed'.
	- Notes that the Commission intends to publish shortly a communication on an action plan on VAT. It welcomes the intention of the Commission to include proposals for increased flexibility for Member States with respect to reduced rates of VAT, which would provide the option to Member States of VAT zero rating for sanitary products.	Commission COM (2016)148 on an action plan on VAT.	

II. Employment and Social Policies

Analytical Summary

Main Commitments

The strategic framework for employment and social policies is informed by the <u>Strategic Agenda for the Union in Times of Change</u>, the <u>Europe 2020 strategy</u>, and the <u>Country-Specific Recommendations</u>. Some of the initiatives have led to permanent processes with annual exercises, in which all European institutions contribute.

State of play

Employment policy

The degree of European Council attention for employment and social policies in recent years has been limited, in sharp contrast to 2012 and 2013, when Heads of State or Government devoted considerable attention to employment policies during the peak of the economic crisis, and when particular attention was given to tackling youth unemployment. Examples of high-profile initiatives launched or endorsed by the European Council, rapidly adopted by the other European institutions at that time were: the Youth European Package; the Youth Employment Package; the Youth Employment European European Alliance for Apprenticeships and the Youth Employment Initiative. Overall, a substantial number of the commitments made and initiatives launched by the European Council have been implemented at European level, including: the Posting of Workers Directive; the European Professional Card; the European Skills Passport and the European Professional Card; the European Professional Card; the European Professional Card; the European Professional Card; the European Professional Card; the European Professional Card; the European Professio

Social policy

Social policy has received even less attention in the European Council than employment policy. The main commitment and achievement has been to integrate a <u>scoreboard on employment and social indicators</u> into the European Semester from 2014 onwards, thus strengthening the social dimension of European Monetary Union (EMU).

Main challenges

During the period June 2014 to September 2016, no references have been made to employment and social policies in the European Council conclusions, despite the fact that many Member States still face a challenging labour market situation, with high unemployment and low growth rates. This can perhaps be explained by the fact that numerous non-economic crises (e.g. Ukraine, Greece and migration) have

occupied the attention of the European Council both in 2015 and early 2016. In addition, many previously launched strategic initiatives on employment and social policies still have to be implemented at national level. Numerous reports, such as the European Commission's report on 'Integrated support for the long-term unemployed in Europe', note that the quality of implementation varies significantly between different policy initiatives and also between Member States.

Outlook

The <u>Bratislava declaration and roadmap</u> identifies economic, social and youth issues as priorities for the European Union, and envisages discussions in the European Council meeting of 15-16 December 2016 on the European Fund for Strategic Investment and fighting youth unemployment.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
II.1. Employm	nent and Social Policies		
Strategic Agenda for the Union in Times of Change (EUCO five year plan, annex to EUCO conclusions 26-27/6/2014) Employment and social policies A Union that empowers and protects all citizens	Objective - Create a promising economic future for all, safeguard our way of life and provide better opportunities for youth. Concrete measures a) in December: decision on extension of the European Fund for Strategic Investment in light of evaluation d) in December - decisions on EU support for Member States in fighting youth unemployment and on enhanced EU programmes dedicated to youth. 17-18 March 2016 The European Council notes the Commission consultation on social issues and stresses the importance of well-functioning labour markets and welfare systems. 26-27 June 2014: - While respecting the competences of member states, who are responsible for their welfare systems, the priorities we set for the Union in this field for the next five years are to: - help develop skills and unlock talents and life chances for all: by stepping up the fight against youth unemployment, in particular for young people who have dropped out from education, employment or training; by promoting the right skills for the modern economy and - life-long learning; by facilitating mobility of workers, in fields with persistent vacancies or skills mismatches; by protecting one of the Union's four fundamental freedoms, the right of all EU citizens to move freely and reside and work in other member states, including from possible misuse or fraudulent claims;	European Parliament legislative resolution of 15 September 2016 on the proposal for a Council decision on guidelines for the employment policies of the Member States (COM(2016)0071 – C8-0098/2016 – 2016/0043(NLE)). - Programme of the Netherlands Presidency of the Council of the European Union 1 January - 30 June 2016. - The programme of the Latvian Presidency of the Council of the European Union 1 January - 30 June 2015, chapter 2. Integrating Europe: The programme for Council configurations, E. Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer Affairs, pp.19-21. - Communication COM(2014)910 on Commission Work Programme 2015, A New Start. See in particular 1. A New Boost for Jobs, Growth and Investment. Annex I: New Initiatives Annex II: List of withdrawals or modifications of pending proposals Annex III: REFIT Actions Annex IV: Legislation that becomes applicable in 2015. - A New Start for Europe: My Agenda for Jobs, Growth, Fairness and Democratic Change - Political Guidelines for the next European Commission: Opening Statement in the European Parliament Plenary Session Candidate for President of the	orientation debate on 9 June 2015 to discuss

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 help ensure all our societies have their safety nets in place to accompany change and reverse inequalities, with social protection systems that are efficient, fair and fit for the future; indeed, investing into human capital and the social fabric is also key to the long-term prosperity prospects for the European economy; while respecting the competences of member states, who are responsible for their welfare systems, on of the three priorities set for the Union in this field for the next five years are to guarantee fairness by combatting tax evasion and tax fraud so that all contribute their fair share. 	 European Commission, Strasbourg, 15 July 2014/ Jean-Claude Juncker. Europe a Fresh Start - Programme of the Italian Presidency of the Council of the EU, pp.43-47: Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer Affairs. 	
Europe 2020: A	26-27 June 2014:	COM(2016) 581 of 14 September 2016 Strengthening	Employment, Social
New European	- Generally endorsed the country-specific recommendations (CSR).	European Investments for jobs and growth: Towards	Policy, Health and
Strategy for Jobs		a second phase of the European Fund for Strategic	Consumer Affairs Council
and Growth	20-21 March 2014:	Investments and a new European External	<u>09/03/2015</u> conclusions
Europe 2020: A	- Assessed the implementation of the Europe 2020 Strategy on the basis	Investment Plan.	on inclusive labour
New European	of the Commission communication.		markets.
Strategy for Jobs	- Calls for stepping up efforts to reach the Europe 2020 targets and looks	The Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer	
and Growth	forward to the planned review of the EU 2020 Strategy in 2015.	Affairs Council conclusions 16-17 June 2016 on	
	40.00	Combating Poverty and Social Exclusion.	
Flagship	19-20 December 2013:	F 2020	
initiatives:	- Work must continue speedily on the use of social and employment	Europe 2020:	
Agenda for New Skills and Jobs,	indicators along the lines proposed by the Commission with the objective of using these new instruments in the 2014 European	Proposal COM(2016) 71 for a Council decision	
Youth on the	Semester. The use of these wider indicators will have the sole purpose	on guidelines for the employment policies of the	
Move and	of allowing a broader understanding of social developments.	Member States.	
European Platform	- Reiterates the importance of employment and social developments	Procedure: 2016/0043 (NLE).	
Against Poverty	within the European Semester and confirms the relevance of the use of		
and Social	a scoreboard of key employment and social indicators as described in	European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u> of 8 July	
Exclusion	the Joint Employment Report.	2015 on the proposal for a Council decision on	
		guidelines for the employment policies of the	
		Member States. <u>2015/0051(NLE).</u>	
	24-25 October 2013:	The Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer	
	- The use of an employment and social scoreboard in the Joint	Affairs Council reached a political agreement at its	
	Employment Report and the use of employment and social indicators	meeting of 18 and 19 June 2015 on four guidelines for	
	should be pursued as proposed by Commission.	the employment policies of the Member States.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 1-2 March 2012: Bringing the employment rate to 75% by 2020 requires resolute action. The guidelines set by the Heads of State or Government on 30 January provide further specific guidance to Member States, particularly on youth unemployment and the development of their National Job Plans in the framework of their NRPs. In line with the Council conclusions of 17 February 2012, and respecting the role of social partners and national systems for wage-formation, Member States should: increase efforts to make it easier and more attractive for employers to hire people, where necessary by improving wage-setting 	Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer Affairs Council 16.10.2014 - Took stock of the Europe 2020 strategy in the context of mid-term review. A Presidency report will be presented to European Council in December. European Parliament resolution of 22 October 2014 on the European Semester for economic policy coordination: implementation of 2014 priorities (2014/2059(INI)).	
	mechanisms; - remove barriers to the creation of new jobs; - and implement active labour market policies, notably with a view to strengthening the participation of young people, women and older workers. 25-26 March 2010:	Communication COM(2014) 400 on 2014 European Semester: Country-specific recommendations Building Growth. Public consultation on the Europe 2020 strategy 5/5 - 31/10/2014. COM(2014) 130 on taking stock of the Europe 2020	
	 Agreed on the following elements of this new strategy, which will be formally adopted in June; the new strategy will focus on the key areas where action is needed: knowledge and innovation, a more sustainable economy, high employment and social inclusion. Agreed on the following headline targets, which constitute shared objectives guiding the action of the Member States and of the Union: aiming to bring to 75% the employment rate for women and men aged 20-64; 	strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth. European Parliament resolution of 17 February 2011 on Europe 2020 (2010/3013(RSP)). European Parliament resolution of 7 September 2010 on developing the job potential of a new sustainable economy (2010/2010(INI)).	
	 improving the conditions for research and development, in particular with the aim of bringing combined public and private investment levels in this sector to 3% of GDP; the Commission will elaborate an indicator reflecting R&D and innovation intensity; () improving education levels, in particular by aiming to reduce school drop-out rates and by increasing the share of the population having 	Communication COM(2010)2020 EUROPE 2020 A strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth. 2010/707/EU: Council Decision of 21 October 2010 on guidelines for the employment policies of the Member States (OJ L 308, 24.11.2010, p. 46). Procedure: 2010/0115(NLE).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
· ·	completed tertiary or equivalent education; the European Council will set the numerical rates of these targets in June 2010; 5. promoting social inclusion, in particular through the reduction of poverty. Further work is needed on appropriate indicators. The European Council will revert to this issue at its June 2010 meeting. Monitoring of Strategy: the European Council will once a year make an overall assessment of progress achieved both at EU and at national level in implementing the strategy.	Agenda for New Skills and Jobs: European Parliament resolution of 26 October 2011 on the Agenda for New Skills and Jobs (2011/2067(INI)). Communication COM(2010)682 An Agenda for new skills and jobs: A European contribution towards full employment. Youth on the Move: European Parliament resolution of 24 May 2012 on the Youth Opportunities Initiative (2012/2617(RSP)). Communication COM(2011)933 Youth Opportunities Initiative. European Parliament resolution of 12 May 2011 on Youth on the Move: - a framework for improving Europe's education and training systems (2010/2307(INI)). European Parliament resolution of 12 May 2011 on Youth on the Move: - a framework for improving Europe's education and training systems 2010/2307(INI).	Remarks
		Communication COM(2010)477 Youth on the Move An initiative to unleash the potential of young people to achieve smart, sustainable and inclusive growth in the European Union. European Platform Against Poverty and Social Exclusion: European Parliament resolution of 15 November 2011 on the European Platform against poverty and social exclusion (2011/2052(INI)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Communication COM(2010)758 The European Platform against Poverty and Social Exclusion: A European framework for social and territorial cohesion.	
II.2. Employn	nent Policy		
Employment	14-15 March 2013:	Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer	21/01/2016 publication
Employment	- Work must continue further to the Employment package, including as	Affairs Council 7 December 2015 reached political	of the European
Package	regards bringing significantly more women into work, reducing long	agreement on a recommendation on the integration	Commission's 2015
	term unemployment and ensuring full participation of older workers.	of the long-term unemployed into the labour market.	<u>'Employment and Social</u> Developments in Europe
	<u>18-19 October 2012:</u>	European Parliament resolution of 29 October 2015	Report.
	- Invites Council to pursue its work on the different elements of the	on a Council recommendation on the integration of	
	Employment Package.	the long-term unemployed into the labour market.	
		P8_TA-PROV(2015)0389.	
	28-29 June 2012:	Procedure : <u>2015/2820(RSP)</u>	
	- The Council will swiftly examine and decide on the proposals contained		
	in the Commission's "Employment package", putting emphasis on	Commission proposal for a Council Recommendation	
	quality job creation, structural reform of labour markets and investment	on the integration of the long-term unemployed into	
	in human capital.	the labour market (COM(2015)462).	
	1.2 Mayab 2012.	Procedure: 2015/0219 (NLE).	
	1-2 March 2012: - Looks forward to the Commission's forthcoming "employment"	Public consultation on service provision to long-term	
	package", focusing on strengthening growth through the mobilisation of	unemployed 19/02/2015.	
	Europe's workforce, promoting job creation in key sectors of the	European Parliament resolution of 14 June 2012 on	
	economy, improving management of skill requirements, promoting	'Towards a job-rich recovery' (2012/2647(RSP)).	
	labour market transitions and improving geographic mobility.		
		Communication COM(2012)173 Towards a job-rich	
		recovery. SWD(2012)90, SWD(2012)92,	
		SWD(2012)93, SWD(2012)95, SWD(2012)96,	
		SWD(2012)97, SWD(2012)97, SWD(2012)98,	
		SWD(2012)99, SWD(2012)100.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Employment	<u>20-21 March 2014:</u>	Youth employment in general:	17/11/2015 European
Youth	- Urges the Commission and the Member States to address shortages in		Commission together
employment:	the area of science, technology, engineering and mathematics (STEM	European Parliament <u>resolution</u> of 19 January 2016	with companies
	skills) as a matter of priority, with increased involvement of industry.	on skills policies for fighting youth unemployment.	launched the <u>European</u>
Youth	Further efforts by the public and private sectors should be directed to	<u>2015/2088(INI)</u> .	Pact for Youth.
Employment	promoting mobility, education and vocational training. All available	Meeting of the Employment, Social Policy, Health and	
Package	instruments should be used to this end, such as the European Structural	Consumer Affairs Council 11 December 2014, press	Commission report on
	and Investment Funds (ESIF), the new generation of Erasmus+, the	release: "The Council held an exchange of views on	integrated support for
Youth	Grand Coalition for Digital Jobs, the European Alliance for	youth employment together with the ministers of	the long-term
Employment	Apprenticeships or the Youth Employment Initiative and the Youth	education from the Trio (IT-LV-LU); it called upon	unemployed, published
Initiative	Guarantee. Industry should be more involved in forecasting future skills	Member States to step up their on-going efforts to	on 7 September 2015.
	needs.	tackle the problem of youth unemployment and to	
Youth Guarantee	<u>19-20 December 2013:</u>	continue to follow up this matter as a matter of	Commission report
	- The Annual Growth Survey identifies areas where important challenges	urgency (15949/14)".	20/05/2015 The Youth
	prevail and where further progress is needed. Specific attention should		Guarantee - First
	be given to (), particularly youth unemployment including through the	Draft Joint Employment Report COM(2013) 801	Successes - The Youth
	full implementation of the youth guarantee, and to the follow-up of	accompanying the Communication from the	Guarantee on the
	reforms regarding the functioning of labour markets.	Commission on Annual Growth Survey 2014.	Ground.
	24-25 October 2013: - The Youth Employment Initiative to be fully operational by January 2014.	European Parliament resolution of 12 June 2013 on preparations for the European Council meeting (27-	Commission report
	- Calls for rapid implementation by the Member States of the Youth	28 June 2013) – European action to combat youth	15/04/2015 Piloting
	Guarantee and the Council declaration on the European Alliance for Apprenticeships.	unemployment (<u>2013/2673(RSP)).</u>	Youth Guarantee
	- Member States benefiting from the Youth Employment Initiative need	European Parliament resolution of 11 September	partnerships on the ground - A summary
	to adopt plans to tackle youth unemployment, including through the	2013 on tackling youth unemployment: possible ways	report of key
	implementation of the "Youth Guarantee", before the end of 2013 in	out (2013/2045(INI)).	achievements and
	order to benefit rapidly from the initiative.	out (<u>2013) 2043 (1141)</u>).	lessons from the
	- European Structural and Investment Funds (2014-2020) should be used	European Parliament resolution of 11 September	European Parliament
	for ICT education, support for retraining, and vocational education and	2013 on implementation of the EU Youth Strategy	Preparatory Action on
	training in ICT, including through digital tools and content, in the context of the Youth Employment Initiative; ()	2010-2012 (<u>2013/2073(INI)</u>).	the Youth Guarantee.
	27-28 June 2013:	European Parliament resolution of 11 September	European Court of
	- Agrees on a comprehensive approach based on the following concrete	2013 on implementation of the EU Youth Strategy	Auditors Special report
	measures:	2010-2012 (<u>2013/2073(INI)</u>).	no 3/2015: EU Youth
			Guarantee: first steps

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	a) reprogramming unspent funds to youth employment from the	Communication COM(2012)0727 Moving Youth into	taken but
	Structural Funds:	Employment. SWD(2012)406.	implementation risks
	- all possibilities offered by the European Social Fund should be		ahead, 24 March 2015.
	explored supporting the creation of new jobs;	European Parliament resolution of 24 May 2012 on	
	- MS to improve administrative capacity by using technical	the Youth Opportunities Initiative (2012/2617(RSP)).	European Court of
	assistance from Commission.	Communication COM(2012)495 Joint Report of the	Auditors report on the
	b) all the necessary preparations to be made for the Youth Employment	Council and the Commission on the implementation	Youth Guarantee –
	Initiative (YEI) to be fully operational by January 2014, allowing the	of the renewed framework for European cooperation	comment from the
	first disbursements to beneficiaries in EU regions experiencing youth	in the youth field (EU Youth Strategy 2010-2018).	Commission, 24 March
	unemployment rates above 25% to be made:		2015.
	- the disbursement of the EUR 6 billion allocated to it to take place	Communication COM(2011)933 Youth Opportunities	
	during the first two years of the next Multiannual Financial	Initiative.	See: National Youth
	Framework.		<u>Guarantee</u>
	 margins left available below the MFF ceilings for the years 2014- 	European Parliament resolution of 12 May 2011 on	Implementation Plans /
	2017 to constitute a "global margin for commitments" to fund in	Youth on the Move: - a framework for improving	EC website.
	particular measures to fight youth unemployment.	Europe's education and training systems	
	- Member States benefitting from the YEI should adopt a plan to	(<u>2010/2307(INI)</u>).	For European Social
	tackle youth unemployment, including through the		Fund ESF, please see the
	implementation of the "Youth Guarantee", before the end of the	Youth Employment Package:	entry on
	year.	Regulation (EU) No 2015/779 of the European	Employment/Funding -
	- the Commission will report in 2016 on the implementation of the	Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2015	Financial instruments .
	"Youth Guarantee" and on the operation of the YEI;	amending Regulation (EU) No 1304/2013, as regards	
	c) EIB to contribute through Jobs for Youth Initiative and Investment in	an additional initial prefinancing amount paid to	
	Skills programme;	operational programmes supported by the Youth	
	d) strengthening the EURES programme:	Employment Initiative, OJ L 126, 21.5.2015.	
	- MS to use part of ESF allocations to support cross-border mobility		
	schemes;	European Parliament Resolution of 29 April 2015 on	
	- the "Erasmus+" programme to be fully operational from January	the Youth Employment Initiative: increase of the	
	2014;	initial pre-financing amount paid to operational	
	- the Commission proposals leading to the creation of a network of	programmes Amending Regulation (EU) No	
	public employment services to be rapidly examined;	1304/2013	
	- more efforts are required, notably on the proposal relating to the	Procedure: <u>2011/0268(COD)</u> .	
	preservation of supplementary pension rights, which is to be	See also <u>2015/2554(RSP)</u> .	
	adopted during the current parliamentary term;		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 e) high quality apprenticeships and work-based learning will be promoted, notably through the European Alliance for Apprenticeships to be launched in July. The Quality Framework for Traineeships should be put into place in early 2014; f) the social partners need to be fully involved and actively engaged in these efforts. The European Council welcomes the "Framework of Actions on Youth Employment" agreed by the social partners on 11 June 2013. 	Proposal COM(2015) 46 for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulation (EU) No 1304/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council on the European Social Fund, as regards an increase of the initial prefinancing amount paid to operational programmes supported by the Youth Employment Initiative. Procedure 2015/0026 (COD).	
	14-15 March 2013: - Welcomes the agreement reached on the Youth Guarantee - Calls for the Youth Employment Initiative to be operational by January 1st, 2014;	Communication COM(2013) 447 Working together for Europe's young people: A call to action on youth unemployment.	
		Youth Employment Initiative YEI: European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u> of 29 April 2015 on the proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulation (EU) No 1304/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council on the European Social Fund, as regards an increase of the initial pre-financing amount paid to operational programmes supported by the Youth	
		Employment Initiative. 2015/0051(NLE). Communication COM(2013) 144 Youth Employment Initiative.	
		Youth Guarantee: At its meeting of 18 and 19 June 2015, the Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer Affairs Council adopted conclusions on the European Court of Auditors' special report on the EU Youth Guarantee scheme and took stock of the implementation thereof at EU level, including the Youth Guarantee and the European Alliance for	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Employment Alliance for Apprenticeships	27-28 June 2013: - High quality apprenticeships and work-based learning will be promoted, notably through the European Alliance for Apprenticeships to be launched in July. The Quality Framework for Traineeships should be put into place in early 2014. 13-14 December 2012: - Called for the Commission to establish the Alliance for Apprenticeships.	European Parliament resolution of 17 July 2014 on Youth Employment (2014/2713(RSP)). Council Recommendation of 22 April 2013 on establishing a Youth Guarantee OJ C 120/01 26.4.2013 p. 6. Procedure: 2012/0351(NLE). European Parliament resolution of 16 January 2013 on a Youth Guarantee (2012/2901(RSP)). ADOPTED The European Alliance for Apprenticeships was launched on 02.07.2013. Communication COM(2013)447 Working together for Europe's young people A call to action on youth unemployment. Communication COM(2012)669 Rethinking Education: Investing in skills for better socioeconomic outcomes. Communication COM(2012)0727 Moving Youth into Employment.	European Alliance for Apprenticeships Declaration of the European Social Partners, the European Commission and the Lithuanian Presidency of the Council of the European Union / European Commission website. FYI: Launch of European Alliance for Apprenticeships / EC Press release, 2.7.2013
Employment Quality framework for traineeships	13-14 December 2012: - The Commission to rapidly finalise the quality framework for traineeships.	ADOPTED Council Recommendation of 10 March 2014 on a Quality Framework for Traineeships (OJ C 88, 27/03/2014). Communication COM(2012)728 Towards a Quality Framework on Traineeships Second-stage consultation of the social partners at European level under Article 154 TFEU .	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Employment Skills	 20-21 March 2014: Urges the Commission and the Member States to address shortages in the area of science, technology, engineering and mathematics (STEM skills) as a matter of priority, with increased involvement of industry. Further efforts by the public and private sectors should be directed to promoting mobility, education and vocational training. All available instruments should be used to this end, such as the European Structural and Investment Funds (ESIF), the new generation of Erasmus +, the Grand Coalition for Digital Jobs, the European Alliance for Apprenticeships or the Youth Employment Initiative and the Youth Guarantee. Industry should be more involved in forecasting future skills needs. 24-25 October 2013: Concrete steps should be taken in order to redress skills mismatch:	COM(2016) 381 of 10 June 2016 A New Skills Agenda For Europe. Commission Communication COM(2013) 654 Opening up Education: Innovative teaching and learning for all through new Technologies and Open Educational Resources. Grand Coalition for Digital jobs: The Commission is leading a multi-stakeholder partnership to tackle the lack of digital skills in Europe and the thousands of unfilled ICT-related vacancies across all industry sectors. FYI: EC website.	
Employment Supplementary Pension Rights	30 January 2012: - More efforts are required on the proposal relating to the preservation of supplementary pension rights, which is to be adopted during the current parliamentary term.	ADOPTED Directive 2014/50/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on minimum requirements for enhancing worker mobility between Member States by improving the acquisition and	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		preservation of supplementary pension rights (OJ L 128, 30.4.2014, p. 1). Procedure: 2005/2014(COD).	
Employment Labour Mobility: Posted workers	 18-19 October 2012: The Council is invited to pursue its work on the different elements of the Employment Package and to ensure rapid progress on the proposals relating to the acquisition and preservation of cross-border pension 	Commission proposal for a directive COM(2016) 128 of 8 March amending Directive 96/71/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 1996 concerning the posting of workers in	The revision of the Posting of Workers Directive is still ongoing (as the yellow card
Tostou Workers	rights for EU workers and the enforcement of the posted workers Directive.	the framework of the provision of services. ADOPTED Directive 2014/67 of the European Parliament and of	procedure was triggered).
		the Council of 15 May 2014 on the enforcement of Directive 96/71/EC concerning the posting of workers in the framework of the provision of services and amending Regulation (EU) No 1024/2012 on administrative cooperation through the Internal Market Information System ('the IMI Regulation') (OJ L 159 28.05.2014, p. 11). Procedure: 2012/0061 (COD).	The Posting of Workers Enforcement Directive had been implemented by 15 Member States by the deadline of 18 June 2016.
		Proposal for COM(2012) 130 Regulation on the exercise of the right to take collective action within the context of the economic freedoms of the single market, 21/3/2012, 2012/0064 (APP), withdrawn by the Commission.	
		Commission Staff Document: Impact Assessment, Revision of the legislative framework concerning the posting of workers in the context of the provision of services - SWD(2012) 63 - Part I, SWD(2012) 63 Part II and SWD(2012) 64.	
Employment Labour Mobility:	<u>13-14 December 2012:</u> - Calls on the Commission to propose the new EURES Regulation.	European Parliament legislative resolution of 25 February 2016 on the proposal for a regulation of the	2/12/2015 the Permanent
EURES	28-29 June 2012:	European Parliament and of the Council on a European network of Employment Services workers'	Representatives Committee approved an

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- The EURES portal to be developed into a true European placement and recruitment tool; the possibility of extending it to apprenticeships and traineeships should be examined as should further support for the preparatory "Your first EURES job" action.	access to mobility services and the further integration of labour markets P8_TA(2016)0055 Procedure 2014/0002(COD) Meeting of the Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer Affairs Council 11 December 2014, press release: 'The Council reached a general approach on a regulation which establishes new rules improving the efficiency of EURES as well as the cooperation among member states (16333/14 + 16333/14COR1).' EP resolution of 16 January 2014 on respect for the fundamental right of free movement in the EU 2013/2960(RSP). Proposal COM(2014) 6 for a Regulation of the EP and of the Council on a European network of Employment Services, workers' access to mobility services and the further integration of labour markets, SWD (2014) 9, SWD (2014) 10. Procedure: 2014/0002(COD). 2012/733/EU: Commission Implementing Decision of 26 November 2012 implementing Regulation (EU) No 492/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the clearance of vacancies and applications for employment and the reestablishment of EURES (OJ L 328 28.11.2012 p. 21). Regulation (EU) No 492/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 April 2011 on freedom of movement for workers within the Union, OJ L 141, 27.05.2011, p. 1. FYI: 93/569/EEC: Commission Decision of 22 October 1993 on the implementing of Council Regulation (EEC)	agreement reached with the European Parliament for the re-establishment and re-organisation of the existing EURES network. See: Case C-65/13 European Parliament v. European Commission, 2013/C 108/36, 07.12.2013.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Employment Labour Mobility: European Professional Card and European Skills Passport	30 January 2012: - Enhance cross-border labour mobility, through the revision of the European Professional Card and the European Skills Passport.	No 1612/68 on freedom of movement for workers within the Community as regards, in particular, a network entitled Eures (European Employment Services), OJ L 274, 06.11.1993, p. 32. ADOPTED Directive 2013/55/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 November 2013 amending Directive 2005/36/EC on the recognition of professional qualifications and Regulation (EU) No 1024/2012 on administrative cooperation through the Internal Market Information System ('the IMI Regulation') (OJ L 354, 28.12.2013, p. 132). Procedure: COD 2011/0435.	
Employment / Funding Financial instruments: Employment and Social Innovation Programme EaSI European Social Fund	 27-28 June 2013: Agreement on COSME, Horizon 2020 and on the Employment and Social Innovation programme. The Commission and the Member States will exploit all possibilities offered by the European Social Fund (ESF), which is one of the main financial tools at EU level for supporting the creation of new jobs for young workers. 14-15 March 2013: Following the agreement reached at the February 2013 European Council on the Youth Employment Initiative, the Commission has put forward proposals, in the context of the ongoing negotiations on the European Social Fund Regulation, for the technical adjustments which will enable the Initiative to become fully operational as of 1 January 2014. 	ADOPTED Regulation (EU) No 1296/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2013 on a European Union Programme for Employment and Social Innovation ('EaSI') and amending Decision No 283/2010/EU establishing a European Progress Microfinance Facility for employment and social inclusion (OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 238). Procedure: 2011/0270(COD). European Social Fund European Parliament legislative resolution of the 29 April 2015 on Youth Employment Initiative: increase of the initial pre-financing amount paid to operational programmes. Procedure: 2015/0026(COD). General Affairs Council 21/04/2015 adopted general approach on Proposal for a Regulation of the	Commission's Performance Monitoring Report of the European Union Programme for Employment and Social Innovation (EaSI) 2014, published on 9 September 2015. ESF rules and regulations / EC website. Other EU Funds supporting employment / EC website. FYI: European Globalisation Adjustment Fund (EGF)/ EC website

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament and the Council amending Regulation (EU) No 1304/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council on the European Social Fund, as regards an increase of the initial prefinancing amount paid to operational programmes supported by the Youth Employment Initiative. European Parliament resolutions of 10 February 2015 on topical subjects European Youth Initiative (modification of the ESF regulation) 2015/2554(RSP).	FYI: Fund for European Aid to the Most Deprived (FEAD)/ EC website
		Commission proposal COM(2015)46 amending Regulation (EU) No 1304/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council on the European Social Fund, as regards an increase of the initial pre-financing amount paid to operational programmes supported by the Youth Employment Initiative. Procedure: 2015/0026(COD).	
		European Parliament resolution on the Commission Communication 'Towards Social Investment for Growth and Cohesion – including implementing the European Social Fund 2014-2020' (2013/2607(RSP)).	
		ADOPTED Regulation (EU) No 1304/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 on the European Social Fund and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 1081/2006 (OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 470). Procedure: 2011/268(COD).	
		Regulation (EU) No 1303/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 laying down common provisions on the European Regional Development Fund, the European Social	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development and the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and laying down general provisions on the European Regional Development Fund, the European Social Fund, the Cohesion Fund and the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 1083/2006 (OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 320). Procedure: 2011/0276/COD.	
II.3. Social Po	licy		
Social Policy	<u>19-20 December 2013:</u>	European Parliament resolution of 13 March 2014 on	08/03/2016 Commission
EMU - Social	- Mutually agreed contractual arrangements would reflect the economic	Employment and social aspects of the role and	launched a <u>public</u>
dimension	policy priorities identified by the European Council's shared analysis of	operations of the Troika (ECB, Commission and IMF)	<u>consultation</u> on the
	the economic situation in the MS and take into account country-specific	with regard to euro area programme countries	European Pillar of Social
	recommendations.	(<u>2014/2007(INI)</u>).	Rights.
	- The system to include associated solidarity mechanisms offering support to MS thus helping investment in growth and job-enhancing policies.	European Parliament resolution of 25 February 2014	Commission report on
	- Any financial support agreement associated with mutually agreed	on the European Semester for economic policy	Labour Market and
	contractual arrangements will have a legally binding nature.	coordination: Employment and Social Aspects in the	Wage Developments in
	- On the associated solidarity mechanisms, work will be carried forward	Annual Growth Survey 2014 (2013/2158(INI)).	Europe 2015, published
	to further explore all options regarding the exact nature (e.g. loans,	(======================================	on 17 July 2015.
	grants, guarantees), institutional form and volume of support while	European Parliament resolution of 21 November	,
	ensuring that these mechanisms do not entail obligations for the	2013 on the Commission communication entitled	Towards a genuine
	Member States not participating in the system of mutually agreed	'Strengthening the social dimension of the Economic	Economic and
	contractual arrangements and associated solidarity mechanisms.	and Monetary Union (EMU)' (2013/2841(RSP)).	Monetary Union -
	- Work must also continue speedily on the use of employment and social		Towards an integrated
	indicators along the lines proposed by the Commission with the	Commission Communication COM(2013) 690	economic policy
	objective of using these new instruments in the 2014 European	Strengthening the social dimension of the economic	framework:
	Semester.	and monetary union.	state of play of consultations /
	24-25 October 2013:	EP resolution of 20 November 2012 'Towards a	Presentation by
	The use of an employment and social scoreboard in the Joint Employment	genuine Economic and Monetary Union'	President Herman Van
	Report and the use of employment and social indicators should be pursued	(2012/2151(INL)).	Rompuy the European
	as proposed by Commission.	(<u></u> ,	Council, 28.6.2013.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
27-28 June 2013 - As a first step the social and appropriate is semester. - It is also impossocial policies, the social part key. The Condimension of the States will part for the Commistrates, will part for the Commistrates, will part for the Commistrates will be invited in the social conditions as required intention coordination coordination coordination coordination coordination conditions as required intention coordination coordination coordination coordination coordination coordination coordination coordination coordination conditions are dependent of the feasible competitive contractual effectivence depending all euro are	o, it is important to better monitor and take into account dilabour market situation within EMU, notably by using social and employment indicators within the European ortant to ensure better coordination of employment and while fully respecting national competences. The role of the sand social dialogue, including at national level, is also mission will present a communication on the social the EMU shortly. Total: The European Council, in close cooperation with President ission, after a process of consultations with the Member present to the June 2013 European Council possible a time-bound roadmap on the following issues: on of national reforms the participating Member States ited to ensure, in line with Article 11 of the TSCG, that all nomic policy reforms that they plan to undertake will be exante and, where appropriate, coordinated among is. Such coordination shall involve the institutions of the EU is by EU law to this end. The Commission has announced its to make a proposal for a framework for exante on of major economic policy reforms in the context of the	Communication COM(2012) 777 'A Blueprint for a deep and genuine economic and monetary union. Launching a European debate'. European Parliament resolution of 14 June 2012 on 'Towards a job-rich recovery' (2012/2647(RSP)). Communication COM(2012)0173 Towards a job-rich recovery. European Parliament resolution of 20 October 2010 on the role of minimum income in combating poverty and promoting an inclusive society in Europe (2010/2039(INI)).	Joint Statement of France and Germany Together for a Stronger Europe of Stability and Growth, 29.5.2013.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	d) solidarity mechanisms that can enhance the efforts made by the Member States that enter into such contractual arrangements for competitiveness and growth.		
Social Policy	<u>17-18 March 2016</u>	Social Investment:	<u>26/02/2015</u> The
Social inclusion:	The European Council notes the Commission consultation on social issues	Communication COM(2013)83 Towards Social	European Commission
	and stresses the importance of well-functioning labour markets and	Investment for Growth and Cohesion – including	adopted all national
Social Investment	welfare systems.	implementing the European Social Fund 2014-2020.	Operational Programmes
		SWD(2013)38, SWD(2013)39, SWD(2013)40,	implementing the Fund
European Platform	26-27 June 2014:	SWD(2013)41, SWD(2013)42, SWD(2013)43,	for European Aid to the
Against Poverty	Poverty and social exclusion remain major concerns.	SWD(2013)44.	Most Deprived (FEAD) for the period 2014-
			2020.
	<u>14-15 March 2013:</u>	European Parliament resolution of 20 November	2020.
	It is crucial to tackle the social consequences of the crisis and fight poverty	2012 on Social Investment Pact – as a response to the	23/04/2015
	and social exclusion.	crisis (<u>2012/2003(INI)</u>).	Modernisation of social
	18-19 October 2012:		protection systems:
	Member States should step up efforts to tackle the social consequences of	European Platform Against Poverty:	Stocktaking report on
	the crisis and to fight poverty and social exclusion in line with the objectives	European Parliament resolution of 16 January 2014	Member States progress
	of the Europe 2020 Strategy.	on an EU homelessness strategy (2013/2994(RSP)).	on reforms.
		Commission Recommendation C(2013) 778 Investing	European Platform
		in children: breaking the cycle of disadvantage.	Against Poverty: see also
			title 1. Employment and
		European Parliament resolution on the Commission	Social Policy Strategies -
		Communication 'Towards Social Investment for	Europe 2020 - Flagship
		Growth and Cohesion – including implementing the	Initiatives.
		European Social Fund 2014-2020' (2013/2607(RSP)).	
		Finance Devicement resolution of 45 Mg	Policy Roadmap
		European Parliament resolution of 15 November 2011 on the European Platform against poverty and	for the 2014 Implementation of the
		social exclusion (2011/2052(INI)).	Social Investment
		Social exclusion (<u>Polly Post(Mill)</u>	Package / European
		Communication COM(2010)758 The European	Commission, Sept. 2014,
		Platform against Poverty and Social Exclusion: A	11 p.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European framework for social and territorial cohesion. SEC(2010)1564. European Parliament resolution of 20 October 2010 on the role of minimum income in combating poverty and promoting an inclusive society in Europe (2010/2039(INI)).	European Platform Against Poverty and Social Exclusion: Platform actions ongoing as of July 16, 2013/ European Commission, 9 p. European Platform Against Poverty and Social Exclusion: platform actions completed as of July 16, 2013/ European Commission, 4 p.
II.4. Macro-Re	gional Strategies		
Adriatic and Ionian Region	 24 October 2014: Endorsed the European Union Strategy for the Adriatic and Ionian Region (EUSAIR) and called on all relevant actors to implement it without delay, as outlined in the Council conclusions of 29 September 2014. 14 December 2012: Recalling its June 2011 conclusions, and subject to the evaluation of the concept of macro-regional strategies as foreseen in the Council conclusions of 13 April 2011, the European Council looks forward to the presentation by the Commission of a new EU Strategy for the Adriatic and Ionian region before the end of 2014. It also calls for the prompt implementation of the revised EU strategy for the Baltic Sea. In order to enhance co-operation with the neighbouring countries the European Council encourages the Council to take further action to make full use of the Northern Dimension and its partnerships. 	ADOPTED General Affairs Council of 21 October 2014 on the governance of macro-regional strategies. General Affairs Council of 29 September 2014 on the European Union Strategy for the Adriatic and Ionian Region (EUSAIR). Communication COM(2014) 357 final on the European Union Strategy for the Adriatic and Ionian Region. Action Plan SWD(2014) 190 final concerning the European Union Strategy for the Adriatic and Ionian Region, accompanying the Commission Communication COM(2014) 357 final.	Adriatic and Ionian Region

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Endorsed the EU Strategy for the Danube Region and called on all relevant actors to implement it without delay, as outlined in the Council's conclusions of 13 April 2011; Member States are invited to continue work in cooperation with the Commission on possible future macroregional strategies, in particular as regards the Adriatic and Ionian region.	Staff Working Document SWD(2014) 191 final Supportive Analytical Document accompanying the COM (2014) 357 final. Commission report COM(2014) 284 final concerning the governance of macro-regional strategies.	
	 24 June 2011: Endorsed the EU Strategy for the Danube Region and called on all relevant actors to implement it without delay, as outlined in the Council's conclusions of 13 April 2011; Member States are invited to continue work in cooperation with the Commission on possible future macroregional strategies, in particular as regards the Adriatic and Ionian region. 	Commission report COM(2013) 468 final concerning the added value of macro-regional strategies. Staff Working Document SWD(2013) 233 final concerning the added value of macro-regional strategies. Communication COM(2012)0713 final on maritime	
		strategy for the Adriatic and Ionian Seas. European Parliament resolution of 27 June 2012 on the evolution of EU macro-regional strategies: present practice and future prospects, especially in the Mediterranean (2011/2179(INI)).	
Alpine Region	 20 December 2013: Recalling its conclusions of June 2011 and the Council Conclusions on the added value of macro-regional strategies of October 2013, the European Council invites the Commission, in cooperation with Member States, to elaborate an EU Strategy for the Alpine Region by June 2015. 	European Parliament resolution of 13 September 2016 on an EU Strategy for the Alpine region (2015/2324(INI)) General Secretariat of the Council of 16/06/2016 The Council to request for the EU Strategy for the Alpine Region to be endorsed at the next meeting of the European Council.	Alpine Region
		General Secretariat of the Council of 27/11/2015 Conclusions on the European Union Strategy for the Alpine Region. Foreign Affairs Council of 27/11/2015	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Conclusions on the European Union Strategy for the Alpine Region.	
		Communication COM(2015) 366 final concerning a European Union Strategy for the Alpine Region.	
		Action Plan Staff Working Document SWD(2015) 147 final concerning the European Union Strategy for the Alpine Region. General Affairs Council of 21 October 2014 on the governance of macro-regional strategies.	
		Commission report COM(2014) 284 final concerning the governance of macro-regional strategies.	
		Commission report COM(2013) 468 final concerning the added value of macro-regional strategies.	
		Staff Working Document SWD(2013) 233 final concerning the added value of macro-regional strategies.	
		European Parliament resolution of 23 May 2013 on a macro-regional strategy for the Alps (2013/2549(RSP)).	
Baltic Sea Region	 14 December 2012: Recalling its June 2011 conclusions, and subject to the evaluation of the concept of macro-regional strategies as foreseen in the Council conclusions of 13 April 2011, the European Council looks forward to the presentation by the Commission of a new EU Strategy for the Adriatic and Ionian region before the end of 2014. It also calls for the prompt 	ADOPTED Staff Working Document SWD (2015) 177 final on European Union Strategy for the Baltic Sea Region (revised Action Plan).	Baltic Sea Region
	implementation of the revised EU strategy for the Baltic Sea. In order to enhance co-operation with the neighbouring countries the European Council encourages the Council to take further action to make full use of the Northern Dimension and its partnerships.	Annex to the Action Plan: ongoing and completed flagships, July 2016. Annex to the Action Plan for the EU Strategy for the Baltic Sea Region, September 2015.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		General Affairs Council of 21 October 2014 on the governance of macro-regional strategies.	
		Commission report COM (2014) 284 final concerning the governance of macro-regional strategies.	
		Commission report COM (2013) 468 final concerning the added value of macro-regional strategies.	
		Staff Working Document SWD (2013) 233 final concerning the added value of macro-regional strategies.	
		Action Plan SEC(2009) 712 concerning the European Union Strategy for the Baltic Sea Region, accompanying the Commission Communication COM(2009) 248 final (February 2013 version).	
		General Affairs Council of 26 June 2012 on the completion of the review of the European Union Strategy for the Baltic Sea Region.	
		Communication COM (2012) 128 final concerning the European Union Strategy for the Baltic Sea Region.	
		European Parliament resolution of 6 July 2010 on the European Union Strategy for the Baltic Sea Region and the role of macro-regions in the future cohesion policy (2009/2230(INI)).	
		Communication COM (2009) 248 final concerning the European Union Strategy for the Baltic Sea Region.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Action Plan SEC(2009) 712 concerning the European Union Strategy for the Baltic Sea Region, accompanying the Commission Communication COM(2009) 248 final.	
Danube Region	 29 September 2011: Endorsed the EU Strategy for the Danube Region and called on all relevant actors to implement it without delay, as outlined in the Council's conclusions of 13 April 2011; Member States are invited to continue work in cooperation with the Commission on possible future macroregional strategies, in particular as regards the Adriatic and Ionian region. 24 June 2011: Endorsed the EU Strategy for the Danube Region and called on all relevant actors to implement it without delay, as outlined in the Council's conclusions of 13 April 2011; Member States are invited to continue work in cooperation with the Commission on possible future macroregional strategies, in particular as regards the Adriatic and Ionian region. 	ADOPTED General Affairs Council of 21 October 2014 on the governance of macro-regional strategies. Communication COM (2010) 715 concerning the European Union Strategy for the Danube Region. Commission report COM (2014) 284 final concerning the governance of macro-regional strategies. Commission report COM (2013) 468 final concerning the added value of macro-regional strategies. Staff Working Document SWD (2013) 233 final concerning the added value of macro-regional strategies. General Affairs Council of 13 April 2011 on the European Union Strategy for the Danube Region. Action Plan SEC (2010) 1489 concerning the European Union Strategy for the Danube Region, accompanying the Commission Communication COM(2010) 175. European Parliament resolution of 21 January 2010 on a European Strategy for the Danube Region (2009/2812(RSP)).	Danube Region

III. Competitiveness

Analytical Summary

Main commitments

2020 Strategy

Following the global economic and financial crisis, the need to boost growth and create jobs has featured high on the European agenda, guided by the EU2020 strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth. The strategy, which was endorsed by the European Council in June 2010, aims to stimulate growth, employment and confidence in the EU's internal market. It is implemented throughout the European Semester. The European Council has regularly monitored the strategy's rate of implementation. Strengthening competitiveness-set as a priority in the European Council's June 2014 Strategic Agenda - also features prominently across the ten priorities of the Juncker Commission. Key areas in the creation of a deeper and fairer internal market include research and innovation, the Single Market, the Digital Single Market. These areas are intertwined with several other policy areas and initiatives, such as the Capital Markets Union and the Energy Union.

Investment Plan for Europe and Better Law-Making

The European Investment Plan and the Better Regulation Agenda are horizontal priorities strongly related to competitiveness. In addition to improving the quality of legislation generally, better regulation and better law-making can play an important role in reducing the regulatory burden and in ensuring that EU rules provide added value to citizens and business. EU leaders have systematically supported both the European institutions' and Member States' actions towards better regulation. In May 2015, the Commission launched a Better Regulation Package covering the full policy cycle from planning and consultation on the preparatory phase, to review and revision. This included a proposal for a new Inter-institutional Agreement on Better Law-Making, on which negotiations concluded in December 2015, and which entered into force on 13 April 2016. Closer cooperation between the institutions, in particular during the legislative programming phase, improved use of impact assessments, and increased transparency in the policy cycle are important elements of the agreement.

In response to a dearth of investment activity across the EU, in November 2014 the Commission proposed an <u>Investment Plan for Europe</u> supporting investments in the real economy. One of its three pillars is the <u>European Fund for Strategic</u>

Investment (EFSI). This aims to boost growth and increase employment by combining public funds and private capital in order to mobilise €315 billion in additional investment over a three-year period (2015-2018). In December 2014, the European Council endorsed the European Commission's priority to set up the EFSI and extended its guidance to the operational level by inviting legislators to agree on the corresponding proposal for a regulation to activate the investments by mid-2015. In June 2016, the EU leaders welcomed the concrete results already achieved during the EFSI's first year of operation.

State of play

On a number of occasions during 2015 and in early 2016, the European Council emphasised the importance of completing and better exploiting the full potential of the Single Market. In June 2016, EU leaders <u>adopted an agenda</u> for the completion and implementation of all the relevant strategies and action plans by 2018, including in particular those concerning the Single Market, the Digital Single Market and the Capital Markets Union. These areas were also mentioned as strategic priorities in Jean-Claude Junker's <u>State of the Union (SOTEU) speech of</u> 14 September 2016, in terms of building a Europe that empowers business and citizens. Heads of State or Government of the EU27 discussed the EU's future in an informal meeting in Bratislava on 16 September 2016. They launched a process of reflection which is scheduled to be completed by the 60th anniversary of the Rome Treaties in March 2017. The delivery of the Single Market strategies and the extension of the EFSI are at the heart of the <u>Bratislava Declaration and Roadmap</u> setting out the objectives and specific measures for the coming months.

(Digital) Single Market

Heads of State or Government have repeatedly highlighted the challenge of adapting to new forms of business. This includes embracing new technologies and the evolution of collaborative and digital economies, which require not only new skills but also a new approach to regulation. The Commission's Digital Single Market Strategy was launched in May 2015 and subsequently endorsed by the European Council in June 2015. The strategy aims for better online access to digital goods and services, seeks to build an environment where digital networks and services can prosper and aims to stimulate growth through digitalisation and the development of the digital economy. In October 2015, the Commission launched a Digital Single Market: more opportunities for people and business. It focuses on creating additional opportunities for consumers, professionals and businesses; encouraging modernisation and innovation; and ensuring practical benefits for people in their daily lives. On both occasions, the European Council welcomed the steps planned by the Commission

and supported their ambitious implementation. It also called for specific actions in key areas to be carried out by the EU institutions or the Member States.

In the context of the June 2016 agenda on delivering a deeper and fairer Single Market, the EU leaders again set priority areas for action. The scope of Commission initiatives already launched in this context is broad, ranging from supporting the digital transformation of industry and helping businesses expand online sales, to boosting investments, modernising public services and harmonising standards. In general terms, the European Council has paid close attention to transposition and implementation of existing Single Market measures. Although significant progress has been made, a lack of implementation of the existing rules, inconsistencies in their enforcement and diverging legal frameworks in the Member States remain among the concerns repeatedly voiced by the European Council and other EU institutions.

Intellectual Property Rights

Intellectual property rights are important in fostering innovation. The European Council has encouraged the creation of a Unitary Patent and a Unified Patent Court on several occasions. It has also urged the Member States concerned to <u>ratify</u> the agreement on the Unified Patent Court. After lengthy negotiations, an agreement was reached in December 2012 on the two regulations for a Unitary Patent. This was followed by an international agreement on a Unified Patent Court in February 2013, using the possibility of enhanced co-operation between Member States (article 20 TEU and articles 326-334 TFEU).

The European Council has repeatedly called for the modernisation of the EU copyright framework, which would both recognise cultural diversity and ensure a high level of protection. The Commission has presented several plans to adapt EU copyright rules to the demands of the digital economy. Two directives concerning specific areas of copyright have been adopted: on orphan works (2012) and on the collective management of copyright (2014). In the context of the Digital Single Market, the Commission presented a communication Towards a modern, more European copyright framework on 9 December 2015, which includes a detailed action plan and outlines a long-term vision for copyright in the EU. A legislative proposal on the cross-border portability of online content services was presented as a first step in December 2015. This was followed, in May 2016, by a proposal for a revision of the Audiovisual Media Services Directive. In September 2016, a package of measures promoting a fair, efficient and competitive European copyright-based economy was announced in the context of the SOTEU speech.

Several proposals to further modernise the EU copyright framework are expected during autumn 2016, such as improved enforcement of intellectual property rights.

Investment Plan for Europe

As regards the future of the EFSI, the European Council has called for the colegislators to examine as a matter of priority the Commission <u>proposal</u> presented in September 2016. The proposal provides for an extension of the duration and financial capacity of the EFSI and aims to mobilise at least 500 billion euros in investments by 2020. In addition, the proposed new European External Investment Plan would stimulate investment in Africa and EU Neighbourhood countries.

The <u>Capital Markets Union</u> Action Plan (CMU), presented by the Commission in September 2015 and endorsed by the European Council in December 2015, is part of the third pillar of the Investment Plan for Europe. It facilitates financing of the economy by removing barriers to investment. As regards the Single Market agenda, the EU leaders called for swift progress in the area of the CMU. In particular, they urged the co-legislators to agree by the end of 2016 on the proposals on securitisations and simplification of prospectus requirements. Related to the SOTEU speech, in September 2016 the Commission published a <u>communication on accelerating the delivery of the CMU</u> and announced a midterm review in 2017.

Main challenges and outlook

EU leaders have highlighted the significance of a fully functioning internal market in achieving increased EU competitiveness and a promising economic future for all. The immediate challenges in this field are related to the implementation of the CMU Action Plan, DSM and Single Market strategies along the lines of the agenda adopted by the European Council in June 2016. The European Council has endorsed the Commission's strategies and action plan by calling for their ambitious implementation and by highlighting the essential importance of EU level harmonisation, mutual recognition and minimising of burdens on economic actors in order to reach this goal. According to the Bratislava Declaration and Roadmap on the common future of EU27, the extension of the EFSI is due to appear on the European Council agenda in December 2016. EU leaders will take stock of progress achieved on the delivery and implementation of all aspects of the Single Market in spring 2017.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks		
III.1. Competitiven	III.1. Competitiveness				
Strategic Agenda for the Union in Times of Change (EUCO five year plan, annex to conclusions 27.06.2014) A Union of Jobs, Growth and Competitiveness	23-24 October 2014: - Invited the Commission, the Council and the Member States to translate the orientations set out in the Strategic Agenda for the Union in Times of Change into concrete policy actions without delay. 26-27 June 2014: - The Union needs bold steps to foster growth, increase investments, create more and better jobs and encourage reforms for competitiveness. This also requires making best use of the flexibility that is built into the existing Stability and Growth Pact rules. The upcoming review of the EU2020 strategy will be a good occasion to bring it fully in line with this strategic agenda. Therefore the priorities we set for the Union for the next five years are to: - fully exploit the potential of the single market in all its dimensions: by completing the internal market in products and services; by completing the digital single market by 2015; - promote a climate of entrepreneurship and job creation, not least for SMEs: by facilitating access to finance and investment; by ensuring more resilient financial regulation; by improving the functioning of labour markets and by shifting taxes away from labour; by reducing unnecessary administrative burdens and compliance costs in a	General Affairs Council 29.9.2014 The Council took stock of the EUCO strategic agenda Presidency report, focussing on chapter on jobs, growth and competitiveness (13244/14). A New Start for Europe: My Agenda for Jobs, Growth, Fairness and Democratic Change Political Guidelines for the next European Commission: Opening Statement in the European Parliament Plenary Session Candidate for President of the European Commission, Strasbourg, 15 July 2014/ Jean-Claude Juncker. (pp.4-7 A New Boost for Jobs, Growth and Investment; Connected Digital Single Market; A Deeper and Fairer Internal Market with Strengthened Industrial Base).			
Jobs, Growth and	targeted manner, respecting consumer and employees protection as well as health and environment concerns; - (). 16 September 2016, Bratislava:	Proposal for a Regulation of the European	Investment Plan / EC website.		
Investment Package	- Objective: Create a promising economic future for all, safeguard our	Parliament and the Council COM(2016)	investment rian / EC website.		
Investment Plan	way of life and provide better opportunities for youth. Concrete measures: a) In December: decision on extension of the European Fund for Strategic Investment in light of evaluation. ()	597 amending Regulations (EU) No 1316/2013 and (EU) 2015/1017 as regards the extension of the duration of the European Fund for Strategic			
	28 June 2016:	Investments as well as the introduction of technical enhancements for that Fund			

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- The Investment Plan for Europe, in particular the European Fund for	and the European Investment Advisory	
	Strategic Investments (EFSI), has already delivered concrete results and	Hub.	
	is a major step to help mobilise private investment while making smart	Annual report SWD SWD(2016) 297 and	
	use of scarce budgetary resources.	SWD(2016) 298.	
	- The Commission intends to soon put forward proposals on the future	Procedure: 2016/0276 (COD).	
	of the EFSI, which should be examined as a matter of urgency by the	6	
	European Parliament and the Council.	Communication COM(2016) 0581 on	
	25 26 hung 2015.	Strengthening European Investments for	
	25-26 June 2015: - The European Council welcomed the agreement reached on the	jobs and growth: Towards a second phase of the European Fund for Strategic	
	European Fund for Strategic Investments (EFSI) and called for its rapid	Investments and a new European	
	implementation.	External Investment Plan.	
	implementation.	External investment Flan.	
	19-20 March 2015:	Regulation (EU) 2015/1017 of the	
	- The general approach reached by the Council on the European Fund for	European Parliament and of the Council	
	Strategic Investments (EFSI) is an important step towards an agreement	of 25 June 2015 on the European Fund for	
	by the co-legislators on the legislative act by June, so that the EFSI can	Strategic Investments, the European	
	be fully deployed from mid-2015. Cooperation between the EIB Group	Investment Advisory Hub and the	
	and national promotional banks needs to be strengthened and the EFSI	European Investment Project Portal and	
	should complement and be additional to ongoing EU programmes and	amending Regulations (EU) No	
	traditional EIB Group activities.	1291/2013 and (EU) No 1316/2013 — the	
		European Fund for Strategic Investments	
	<u>19-20 December 2014:</u>	Procedure: <u>2015/0009(COD)</u> .	
	- The European Council:		
	a) calls for setting up of a European Fund for Strategic Investments	Communication COM(2014) 903 final	
	(EFSI) in the EIB Group with the aim of mobilising EUR 315 billion in new	An Investment Plan for Europe.	
	investments between 2015 and 2017. The Commission will present a		
	proposal in January 2015, which the Union legislators are invited to	Economic and Financial Affairs Council 14	
	agree on by June, so that the new investments can be activated as early	October 2014:	
	as mid-2015. The EIB Group is invited to start activities by using its own funds as of January 2015. EFSI will be open to contributions from	Discussed and adopted conclusions on	
	Member States, directly or through national promotional banks. The	measures to support investment as part of the EU's response in promoting	
	European Council takes note of the favourable position the Commission	competitiveness and growth.	
	has indicated towards such capital contributions in the context of the	competitiveness and growth.	
	assessment of public finances under the Stability and Growth Pact,		
	necessarily in line with the flexibility that is built into its existing rules;		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	b) supports the Commission's and EIB's intention to strengthen technical assistance to projects at European level and to create an		
	investment advisory hub to be operational as of mid-2015;		
	c) underlines that EFSI will complement and be additional to ongoing		
	EU programmes and traditional EIB activities. In this context the full use of		
	all existing and allocated EU resources needs to be encouraged. The		
	Commission will work closely with the Member States concerned to find solutions to maximise the use of commitments under the 2007-2013 MFF		
	period and recognises the desirability of delivering long-term projects in the		
	years ahead using the flexibility of the existing rules.		
	- The European Council will take regular stock of the		
	implementation of the above-mentioned orientations.		
	24-25 October 2014:		
	- Support for the incoming Commission's intention to launch an		
	initiative mobilising 300 billion euro of additional investment from public		
	and private sources over the period 2015-2017. - Welcomed establishment of a Task Force, led by the		
	Commission and the European Investment Bank to identify concrete		
	actions to boost investment, including a pipeline of potentially viable		
	projects of European relevance to be realised in the short and medium		
	term.		
	- Invited Commission and Council, in close cooperation in particular with the EIB, to take this investment initiative forward and to		
	report to the Euco in December.		
Better law-making	28 June2016:	Communication COM(2016)615 Better	14/04/2015 Case C-409/13 Council v.
Better regulation	- The European Council adopts an agenda on delivering a deeper and	Regulation: Delivering better results for a	Commission on action for annulment
Smart Regulation	fairer Single Market. It calls for swift and determined progress: () to vigorously pursue efforts towards better regulation.	stronger Union	- European Commission right to withdraw - ordinary legislative
Regulatory Fitness	vigorously pursue errorts towards better regulation.	Competitiveness Council 25-26.5.2016:	procedure. Judgment of the Court
-0	<u>18 December 2014:</u>	- adopted conclusions on better	(Grand Chamber).
	- Invites the Commission and the Union legislators to step up	regulation	
	work on key measures to increase the Union's attractiveness for	to strengthen competitiveness;	24/7/2014 Cutting Red Tape in
	production, investment and innovation, and to improve the regulatory	- adopted conclusions on Research and	Europe: Legacy and outlook - final
	environment for investments, including moves towards better integrated capital markets, while at the same time robustly pursuing the	Innovation friendly regulation.	report / High Level Group on Administrative Burdens.
	better regulation agenda aimed at transparent and simple regulation		, and a state of the state of t

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	achieved at a minimum cost, consistent with the Council conclusions of	Inter-institutional Agreement between	High Level Group on Administrative
	4 December 2014.	the European Parliament, the Council of	Burdens/ website.
	- The European Council will take regular stock of the	the European Union and the European	
	implementation of the above-mentioned orientations.	Commission on Better Law-Making,	
	26-27 June 2014:	Interinstitutional Agreement of 23 April	
	- Review of progress made in the area of regulatory fitness and	2016, OJ L 123, 12.5.2016.	
	performance on the basis of the Commission Communication. The	Statement of the European Parliament	
	European Council considers that regulatory fitness should remain a	and of the Commission on the occasion of	
	priority in the work of the institutions. This requires a strong	the adoption of the Interinstitutional	
	commitment to regulatory simplification and burden reduction in	Agreement on Better Law-Making of 13	
	legislative work and better use of impact assessment and ex-post	April 2016, OJ L 124, 13.5.201.	
	evaluation throughout the legislative cycle, at the EU and national level.		
	- Calls on the Council to proceed to a detailed examination of the	European Parliament resolution of 12	
	Commission Communication. The Commission, the other EU institutions	April 2016 on Regulatory Fitness and	
	and the Member States are invited to continue the implementation of	Performance Programme (REFIT): State of	
	the REFIT programme in an ambitious way, taking into account	Play and Outlook (<u>2014/2150(INI)</u>).	
	consumer and employees protection as well as health and environment		
	concerns.	General Affairs Council 15 March 2016	
	40.00.0	adopted the Interinstitutional Agreement	
	19-20 December 2013:	on Better Law-Making.	
	- Calls for further actions to reduce the burden on regulation		
	through the implementation and further development of the REFIT	European Parliament decision of 9 March	
	programme.	2016 on the conclusion of an	
	- Looks forward to agreeing on further steps at its June meeting.	Interinstitutional Agreement on Better	
	24.25.0	Law-Making between the European	
	24-25 October 2013:	Parliament, the Council of the European	
	- Calls on the Commission to make further substantial proposals	Union and the European Commission	
	in this field.	(2016/2005(ACI)).	
	- Calls for simplification of existing EU law, by withdrawing		
	proposals that are no longer needed and by repealing legislation that is	Provisional text of the proposed	
	out of date.	Interinstitutional Agreement on Better	
	- Underlines the need to monitor progress by means of a	Law-Making, 16 December 2015.	
	comprehensive scoreboard to track progress at the European and	Commission Desiries (2045) 0053	
	national level and facilitate dialogue on regulatory fitness.	Commission Decision C(2015) 9063 of	
		16.12.2015 Appointment of Members of	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Looks forward to agreeing further steps in this direction at its	the Stakeholder group of the REFIT	
	June meeting and will return to the issue annually as part of the	Platform.	
	European Semester.		
		General Affairs Council 15 December	
	27-28 June 2013:	2015:	
	- Calls for a detailed work programme comprising further and,	- Approval of the text of the	
	where appropriate, new concrete proposals to reduce the overall	Interinstitutional Agreement on Better	
	burden of regulation and foster competitiveness, while always taking	Law-making provisionally agreed with the	
	account of the need for the proper protection of consumers and	European Parliament and the	
	employees (before the October 2013 meeting).	Commission on 8 December 2015.	
		Communication COM(2015)0610 final	
	14-15 March 2013:	Commission Work Programme 2016 No	
	- Further action is required to reduce the overall burden of	time for business as usual.	
	regulation at EU and national levels, while always taking account of the	Annex II: REFIT initiatives.	
	need for proper protection of consumers and employees.		
	- Welcomed the Commission's report on the most burdensome	Commission Proposal COM(2015) 216 for	
	regulations for SMEs and looks forward to receiving initial concrete	an Interinstitutional Agreement on Better	
	proposals to implement its findings by June 2013.	Regulation. See also <u>annexes 1 and 2</u> .	
	- Looks forward to receiving the first proposals for simplification	Procedure: <u>2016/2005(ACI)</u> .	
	and reducing the regulatory burden in the autumn.	0	
	- Encourages the Commission to use the REFIT programme to	Communication COM(2015) 215 on	
	identify and propose in the autumn the withdrawal of regulations that	better regulation for better results - An	
	are no longer of use and to pursue the consolidation of existing	EU agenda. SWD(2015) 110 Regulatory	
	legislation as part of its simplification work.	Fitness and Performance Programme	
	- 19.10 October 2012:	(REFIT): State of Play and Outlook.	
	18-19 October 2012:	SWD(2015) 111 Better Regulation Guidelines.	
	- To reduce the overall regulatory burden at EU and national	Guidelines.	
	levels, with a specific focus on SMEs and micro-enterprises, including by	Commission Decision C(2015) 3261	
	facilitating their access to funding. - Looks forward to the Commission communication expected in		
	·	establishing the REFIT Platform.	
	December, which will take stock of progress and signal further action to	Communication to the Commission	
	be taken by the end of the current parliamentary cycle at the latest,		
	including the follow up on the top 10 most burdensome pieces of	<u>C(2015) 3260</u> the REFIT Platform: Structure and Functioning.	
	legislation for SMEs.	Structure and Functioning.	
	28-29 June 2012:		
<u> </u>		<u> </u>	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Further efforts to reduce the overall regulatory burden at EU	Decision of the President of the European	
	and national level; Commission to submit report on smart regulation by	Commission C(2015) 3263 on the	
	end of 2012.	establishment of an independent Regulatory Scrutiny Board.	
	1-2 March 2012:	Regulatory Scrutilly Board.	
	- To reduce the administrative and regulatory burdens at EU and	Communication to the Commission	
	national level; the European Council welcomes the Commission's	C(2015) 3262 Regulatory Scrutiny Board:	
	intention to present a communication on further steps towards	Mission, tasks and staff.	
	minimising regulatory burdens, including measures to support	Communication COM(2014)910 of 16	
	microenterprises. It invites the Commission to consider sectoral targets.	December 2014 on Commission Work	
	9 December 2011:	Programme 2015, A New Start.	
	- Endorses the actions proposed by the Commission in its report	Annex III: REFIT Actions.	
	on minimising regulatory burdens for SMEs.	Competitiveness Council 4-5 December:	
	5 5 ,	adopted conclusions on Smart	
	23 October 2011:	Regulation.	
	- The Commission is invited to make further efforts to reduce the	Communication COM(2014)368	
	overall regulatory burden, in particular for SMEs, including by proposing	European Commission Communication	
	concrete working methods within the context of the Smart Regulation agenda. It has committed to assess the impact of future regulations on	on Regulatory Fitness and Performance	
	micro-enterprises and to screen the acquis to identify existing	Programme (REFIT): State of Play and Outlook. SWD(2014) 192.	
	obligations from which micro-enterprises could be exempted. The	Outlook. 3WD(2014) 192.	
	European Council looks forward to the Commission's forthcoming report	European Parliament resolution of 17	
	in order to return to these issues at its December 2011 meeting.	April 2014 on the 'top ten' consultation	
		process and lightening the burden of EU	
	24-25 March 2011:	regulation on SMEs (2013/2711(RSP)).	
	- The over regulatory burden, in particular for SMEs, should be reduced at both European and national levels; the Commission will	European Darliament resolution of A	
	report on issue by summer.	European Parliament resolution of 4 February 2014 on EU Regulatory Fitness	
		and Subsidiarity and Proportionality -	
		19th report on Better Law-making	
		covering the year 2011 <u>2013/2077(INI)</u> .	
		Communication COM(2013) 685	
		European Commission Communication	
		on the Regulatory Fitness and	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Performance Programme (REFIT): Results and next steps.	
		Communication COM(2013)446 follow-up to the "TOP TEN" Consultation of SMEs on EU Regulation.	
		SWD(2013) 401 Regulatory Fitness and Performance Programme (REFIT): Initial Results of the Mapping of the Acquis.	
		Communication COM(2012)746 EU Regulatory Fitness. SWD(2012) 422, SWD(2012) 423.	
		European Parliament resolution of 14 September 2011 on better legislation, subsidiarity and proportionality and	
		smart regulation (2011/2029(INI)). Communication COM(2010)543 Smart Regulation in the European Union.	
Single Market Strategy	16 September 2016, Bratislava: - Objective: Create a promising economic future for all, safeguard our way of life and provide better opportunities for youth. Concrete measures: () b) Spring 2017 European Council: review progress as regards delivering on the different Single Market strategies (including Digital Single Market, Capital Markets Union, Energy Union). ()	Communication COM(2016)0361 on Delivering the Single Market Agenda for Jobs, Growth and Investment. Public consultation from 2 August to 7 November 2016 on Single Market Information Tool.	See also the sections on Single Market and Digital Single Market. See also chapter I. Economic and Financial Affairs section on Capital Markets Union (CMU) and financing the economy.
	28 June 2016: - Delivering a deeper and fairer Single Market will be instrumental in creating new jobs, promoting productivity and ensuring an attractive climate for investment and innovation. This requires a renewed focus across Europe. The European Council calls for the different Single Market strategies, including on energy, and action plans proposed by the Commission to be completed and implemented by 2018.	European Parliament resolution of 26 May 2016 on the Single Market Strategy (2015/2354(INI)). European Parliament resolution of 26 May 2016 on Non-Tariff Barriers in the Single Market (2015/2346(INI)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- The European Council adopted an agenda calling for swift and determined progress:	European Parliament resolution of 12	
	• to bring the full benefits of the Digital Single Market to all stakeholders	April 2016 on towards improved single	
	through:	market regulation (2015/2089(INI)).	
	o cross-border portability, which will allow EU residents to travel		
	with the digital content they have purchased or subscribed to at home;	Competitiveness Council 29 February	
	o removing barriers to e-commerce, including unjustified geo-	2016:	
	blocking which prevents online customers from accessing and	- adopted conclusions on the Single	
	purchasing a product or service from a website based in another	Market Strategy.	
	Member State. Reducing the costs of parcel delivery and modernising		
	VAT systems will further facilitate cross-border selling of goods and	Commission Communication COM(2015)	
	services;	550 on upgrading the Single Market:	
	o the review of the wholesale roaming market in view of	more opportunities for people and	
	abolishing roaming surcharges by June 2017;	business.	
	o the invitation to governments and EU institutions to meet the	SWD(2015) 202, SWD(2015) 203 final.	
	targets of the eGovernment Action Plan;		
	o reforms of the copyright and audiovisual frameworks;	Communication COM(2015)0610 final	
	to create the right conditions for stimulating new business	Commission Work Programme 2016 No	
	opportunities by:	time for business as usual.	
	o ensuring very high-capacity fixed and wireless broadband	Commentative mass Council 2 and 2 Manch	
	connectivity across Europe, which is a precondition for future competitiveness. The review of the telecoms regulatory framework	Competitiveness Council 2 and 3 March	
	should aim to incentivise major network investments while promoting	2015: - Conclusions on single market policy	
	effective competition and consumer rights;	6197/15.	
	o better coordinating spectrum assignment modalities together	0197/13.	
	with the timely release of the 700 MHz band so as to help ensure	Communication COM(2014)910 on	
	Europe's leadership in the roll-out of 5G networks;	Commission Work Programme 2015, A	
	o coordinating EU efforts on high-performance computing. In this	New Start.	
	context the European Council looks forward to the launch of an		
	important project of common European interest in this field;		
	• to support service providers seeking to expand across borders. A		
	services passport, in line with the Council conclusions of 29 February		
	2016, will enable entrepreneurs in key sectors to offer their services in		
	other Member States without going through unnecessary procedures		
	and will contribute to promoting innovation;		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 to ensure easier access to finance for businesses and to support investment in the real economy by moving forward with the Capital Markets Union agenda. In particular, swift progress should be made on the proposal for the simplification of prospectus requirements and the proposals for simple, standardised and transparent securitisation, to be agreed by the end of 2016; to vigorously pursue efforts towards better regulation. 		
	- The Council will report annually to the June European Council on progress in deepening the Single Market in all its aspects. Better implementation and enforcement of existing legislation will further help to reap the benefits of Europe's Single Market ambitions.		
	17-18 March 2016: - At its June meeting, the European Council will adopt an Agenda for the implementation of all aspects of the Single Market, including delivery of the Commission's Single Market, Digital Single Market and Capital Markets Union strategies, with a view to exploiting in full its untapped growth and productivity potential.		
	17-18 December 2015: - The internal market is Europe's main engine for growth and job creation and a key to investment and increasing European competitiveness. To reap all its benefits it is crucial for its legislation to be transparent, simple and based on the most efficient tools, such as harmonisation and mutual recognition. It should also be effectively and		
	fully applied and enforced in practice, while adapting it to emerging challenges and minimising burdens on economic actors. Further to the Commission's initiatives to strengthen and deepen the Single Market, the European Council: a) calls for ambition in the implementation of the roadmap to delivering on the Single Market Strategy to achieve a deeper and fairer Single Market for goods and services in all key areas. ()		
	18 December 2014:		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Call to speed up adoption, transposition and implementation of		
	Union legislation in the Single Market area and enhance efforts to remove barriers and complete the internal market in product services.		
Digital Single Market	16 September 2016, Bratislava:	Communication COM(2016)0361 on	See also the sections on Digital Single
Strategy	- Objective: Create a promising economic future for all, safeguard our	Delivering the Single Market Agenda for	Market and Single Market.
	way of life and provide better opportunities for youth	Jobs, Growth and Investment.	
	Concrete measures: ()		See also chapter I. Economic and
	b) Spring 2017 European Council: review progress as regards delivering	Public consultation on Single Digital	Financial Affairs section on Capital
	on the different Single Market strategies (including Digital Single Market, Capital Markets Union, Energy Union). ()	Gateway from 26 July to 21 November 2016.	Markets Union (CMU) and financing
	Capital Markets Officin, Effergy Officing. ()	2016.	the economy.
	28 June 2016:	Competitiveness council 26 May 2016	23/5/2016 European Commission
	- Delivering a deeper and fairer Single Market will be instrumental in	- adopted conclusions on digital single	European Digital Progress Report:
	creating new jobs, promoting productivity and ensuring an attractive	market technologies and the	unequal progress towards the Digital
	climate for investment and innovation. This requires a renewed focus	modernisation of public services.	Single Market.
	across Europe. The European Council calls for the different Single Market	Commission	
	strategies, including on energy, and action plans proposed by the Commission to be completed and implemented by 2018.	Commission communication COM(2016)0180 final Digitising European	
	- The European Council adopted an agenda calling for swift and	Industry Reaping the full benefits of a	
	determined progress:	Digital Single Market.	
	• to bring the full benefits of the Digital Single Market to all stakeholders	SWD(2016)110.	
	through:		
	o cross-border portability, which will allow EU residents to travel	Towards a digital single market act	
	with the digital content they have purchased or subscribed to at home;	<u>2015/2147(INI)</u> .	
	o removing barriers to e-commerce, including unjustified geo- blocking which prevents online customers from accessing and	Communication COM(2015)0610 final	
	purchasing a product or service from a website based in another	Commission Work Programme 2016 No	
	Member State. Reducing the costs of parcel delivery and modernising	time for business as usual.	
	VAT systems will further facilitate cross-border selling of goods and		
	services;	Competitiveness Council 28 May 2015	
	o the review of the wholesale roaming market in view of	- adopted Conclusions on the digital	
	abolishing roaming surcharges by June 2017;	transformation of European industry	
	o the invitation to governments and EU institutions to meet the	(8993/15).	
	targets of the eGovernment Action Plan; ()	Communication COM(2015) 192 on A	
	()	Digital Single Market Strategy for Europe.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 The Council will report annually to the June European Council on progress in deepening the Single Market in all its aspects. 17-18 March 2016: At its June meeting the European Council will adopt an Agenda for the 	Communication COM(2014)910 on Commission Work Programme 2015, A New Start.	
	implementation of all aspects of the Single Market, including delivery of the Commission's Single Market, Digital Single Market and Capital Markets Union strategies, with a view to exploiting in full its untapped growth and productivity potential.		
	17-18 December 2015: - () b) in the interest of consumers and industry alike, invites the EU institutions to accelerate implementation of the Digital Single Market Strategy. ()		
	25-26 June 2015: () The Digital Single Market should be used as a vehicle for inclusive growth in all regions within the EU. While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Commission's strategy, the European Council agreed that: ()		
	 18 December 2014: Calls on the Union legislators to give new momentum to the work on the pending proposals regarding the Digital Single Market and on the Commission to submit an ambitious communication in this area well before the June 2015 European Council. 		
	 The European Council will take regular stock of the implementation of the above-mentioned orientations. 23 October 2011: Invites the Commission to swiftly present the roadmap on the completion of the Digital Single Market by 2015, giving priority to proposals aimed at promoting a fully integrated Digital Single Market 		
	proposals aimed at promoting a fully integrated Digital Single Market through the facilitation of ecommerce and cross-border use of online services. -Particular attention should be paid to ensuring rapid progress in achieving the broadband coverage objectives set out in the Digital		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Agenda, facilitating secure electronic identification and authentication and modernising Europe's copyright regime with a view to ensuring the EU's competitive edge and unleashing possibilities for new business models, while ensuring a high level of protection of intellectual property rights and taking into account cultural diversity. The European Council calls for swift agreement on the Radio Spectrum Policy programme.		
	4 February 2011: -The Commission is invited to make rapid progress in key areas of the digital economy to ensure the creation of the Digital Single Market by 2015, including the development of e-commerce.		
Europe 2020: A New European Strategy for Jobs and Growth Flagship initiative: An integrated industrial policy for the globalisation era	20-21 March 2014: - Assessed the implementation of the Europe 2020 Strategy on the basis of the Commission communication. - Calls for stepping up efforts to reach the Europe 2020 targets and looks forward to the planned review of the EU 2020 Strategy in 2015. () 27-28 June 2013: - Calls for a broad horizontal and coherent approach for a modern European industrial policy accompanying structural change and economic renewal. The incoming Presidency is invited to take preparatory work forward within the Council.	Europe 2020 Communication COM(2015)100 on results of the public consultation on the Europe 2020 strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth. COM(2014) 130 Taking stock of the Europe 2020 strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth. European Parliament resolution of 17 February 2011 on Europe 2020 (2010/3013(RSP)).	See chapter I. Economic and Financial Affairs for information on the European Semester, Annual Growth Surveys and the Compact on Jobs and Growth. Summary of Industrial Indicators / EC website.
	14-15 March 2013: Industrial competitiveness and policy: stressing the importance of making Europe more competitive as a place of production and investment, the European Council looks forward (June 2013 and February 2014) to the follow up to the Commission's recent communications on industrial policy and on specific industrial sectors as well as to the timely presentation of the Commission's further input for this discussion: the report on European competitiveness, the report on the implementation of industrial policy priorities and the conclusions of the review of the single market for industrial products.	Communication COM(2010)2020 EUROPE 2020 A strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth. An integrated industrial policy for the globalisation era: Competitiveness Council 4-5.12.2014: - Conclusions on Industrial Competitiveness: agenda for growth and jobs.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	The Commission communication on a new EU industrial policy stresses the importance of developing an integrated approach in order to strengthen industrial competitiveness to underpin growth and jobs, whilst improving energy and resource efficiency. It is particularly important for European industries to maintain and develop their technological lead and to facilitate investment in new key technologies in the early stages and for close-to-the-market actions. 17 June 2010: Adopted "Europe 2020" strategy for jobs and smart, sustainable and inclusive growth. It constitutes a coherent framework for the Union to mobilise all of its instruments and policies and for the Member States to take enhanced coordinated action. It will promote the delivery of structural reforms. The emphasis must now be on implementation, and we will guide and monitor this process. Will discuss further, over the coming months, how specific policies can be mobilised to unlock the EU's growth potential, starting with innovation and energy policies. ()	Competitiveness Council 25-26.9.2014: - Conclusions on the mainstreaming of industrial competitiveness (13617/14). Communication COM(2014)14 For a European Industrial Renaissance. European Parliament resolution of 15 January 2014 on reindustrialising Europe to promote competitiveness and sustainability (2013/2006(INI)). European Parliament resolution of 9 March 2011 on an Industrial Policy for the Globalised Era (2010/2095(INI)). Communication COM(2012)582I A Stronger European Industry for Growth and Economic Recovery Industrial Policy Communication Update.	
	25-26 March 2010: The EU needs a new strategy, based on an enhanced coordination of economic policies, in order to deliver more growth and jobs. Following the Commission's communication "Europe 2020: a strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth" and the discussions held in the Council, the European Council agreed on the following elements of this new strategy, which will be formally adopted in June. () The Commission will further develop and submit to the Council the actions it proposes to take at the EU level, notably through the flagship initiatives.	Communication COM(2010)614 An Integrated Industrial Policy for the Globalisation Era Putting Competitiveness and Sustainability at Centre Stage.	
Europe 2020: A New European Strategy for Jobs and Growth	 14-15 March 2013: Will hold, over the coming months, a series of thematic discussions on sectoral and structural aspects that are key to economic 	Europe 2020: Communication COM(2015)100 on results of the public consultation on the	See chapter I. Economic and Financial Affairs for information on the European Semester, Annual
Flagship initiative:	growth and European competitiveness. Such discussions will also feed into a debate next year on the Europe 2020 Strategy and the review of	Europe 2020 strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth.	Growth Surveys and the Compact on Jobs and Growth.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	progress towards its headline targets. With a view to these discussions, it calls for preparatory work to be conducted giving priority to the following issues: () (c) digital agenda and other services (October 2013): the European Council notes the Commission's intention to report well before October on the state of play and the remaining obstacles to be tackled so as to ensure the completion of a fully functioning Digital Single Market by 2015, as well as concrete measures to establish the single market in Information and Communications Technology as early as possible. 1-2 March 2012: Complete the Digital Single Market by 2015, in particular by adopting measures to boost confidence in on-line trade and by providing better broadband coverage, including by reducing the cost of high-speed broadband infrastructure; the European Council looks forward to the forthcoming Commission proposals on copyright. 23 October 2011: Invites the Commission to swiftly present the roadmap on the completion of the Digital Single Market by 2015, giving priority to proposals aimed at promoting a fully integrated Digital Single Market through the facilitation of ecommerce and cross-border use of online services. 17 June 2011: The Commission is also invited to prepare a roadmap on the completion of the digital Single Market by 2015. The Commission is invited to report in October 2011 on these growth-enhancing areas with a view to progress being achieved by the time of the spring 2012	Communication COM(2014) 130 of 5 March 2014 on taking stock of the Europe 2020 strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth. European Parliament resolution of 17 February 2011 on Europe 2020 (2010/3013(RSP)). Communication COM(2010)2020 EUROPE 2020 A strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth. Digital Agenda: Communication COM(2015)192 on A Digital Single Market strategy for Europe European Parliament resolution of 4 July 2013 on completing the digital single market (2013/2655(RSP)). European Parliament resolution of 12 September 2013 on the Digital Agenda for Growth, Mobility and Employment: time to move up a gear (2013/2593(RSP)). Communication COM(2012)784 The Digital Agenda for Europe - Driving	For latest developments under the Commission priority: Digital Single Market, please see the relevant chapter here below. EC website on Digital Agenda scorecard.
	European Council. 4 February 2011: - The Commission is invited to make rapid progress in key areas of the digital economy to ensure the creation of the Digital Single Market by 2015.	European growth digitally. SWD(2012)446 and SWD(202)447. European Parliament resolution of 11 December 2012 on completing the Digital Single Market (2012/2030(INI)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Communication COM(2010)245 A Digital	
Europe 2020: A New European	24-25 October 2013: - The 2010 Innovation Union flagship initiative provides a	Agenda for Europe. Europe 2020: Communication COM(2015)100 on	See chapter I. Economic and Financial Affairs for information on
Strategy for Jobs and Growth	number of valuable instruments which, combined with financing programmes, such as Competitiveness of Enterprises and SMEs (COSME) and Horizon 2020, including the Risk-Sharing Finance Facility, can	results of the public consultation on the Europe 2020 strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth.	the European Semester, Annual Growth Surveys and the Compact on Jobs and Growth.
Flagship initiative: European Innovation Union	support innovation and its impact on the market. 14-15 March 2013:	Communication COM(2014)0130 taking stock of the Europe 2020 strategy for	Innovation Union Scoreboard 2014 / European Commission.
	- Will hold, over the coming months, a series of thematic discussions on sectoral and structural aspects that are key to economic growth and European competitiveness. Such discussions will also feed	smart, sustainable and inclusive growth. European Parliament resolution of 17	
	into a debate next year on the Europe 2020 Strategy and the review of progress towards its headline targets. ()	February 2011 on Europe 2020 (2010/3013(RSP)).	
		COM(2010)2020 EUROPE 2020 A strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth.	
		European Innovation Union: Competitiveness Council 4-5.12.2014: - Conclusions on research and innovation as source of renewed growth.	
		Competitiveness Council 25-26.9.2014: - Policy debate on the mid-term review of the Europe 2020 flagship initiative	
		Innovation Union. Presidency report (12778/14).	
		European Commission Communication COM(2014)339 on research and innovation as sources of renewed growth, 10.06.2014. SWD(2014)0181	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		State of the Innovation Union - Taking Stock 2010-2014, 10.06.2014.	
		Communication COM(2010) 546 Europe 2020 Flagship Initiative Innovation Union. SEC(2010) 1161.	
III.2. Single Market			
Single Market	18 December 2014: - Calls for speeding up adoption, transposition and	European Parliament resolution of 12 April 2016 on Towards improved single	See also Single Market Strategy in the section of competitiveness
Governance	implementation of Union legislation in the Single Market area and enhancing efforts to remove barriers and complete the internal market in products and services.	market regulation (2015/2089(INI)). European Parliament resolution of 25	strategies. Single Market Governance -
	- The European Council will take regular stock of the implementation of the above-mentioned orientations.	February 2016 on the Single Market governance within the European Semester 2016 (2015/2256(INI)).	scoreboard / EC website.
	1-2 March 2012: - In particular, efforts will continue in order to: - bring the Single Market to a new stage of development by	European Parliament resolution of 25 February 2014 on Single Market	
	strengthening its governance and improving its implementation and enforcement; () - Considers that enhanced "peer pressure" can help raise	governance within the European Semester 2014 (2013/2194(INI)).	
	ownership and responsibility at the level of Heads of State or Government as regards the Council's and individual Member States' role in developing the Single Market and complying with its rules. To that end, the European Council invites:	European Parliament resolution of 27 February 2014 on SOLVIT (2013/2154(INI)).	
	 the Commission to provide transparent scoreboards as a basis for appropriate benchmarking; the President of the European Council to promote regular 	Communication COM(2012)259 Better Governance for the Single Market.	
	monitoring by the European Council of progress achieved on key Single Market proposals in the various Council formations.	European Parliament resolution of 7 February 2013 with recommendations to the Commission on the governance of the Single Market, (2012/2260(INL)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament resolution of 22 May 2012 on the Internal Market	
		Scoreboard (2011/2155(INI)).	
		Governance and Partnership in the Single	
		Market (<u>2010/2289(INI)</u>).	
		European Parliament resolution of 9	
		March 2010 on the Internal Market Scoreboard (2009/2141(INI)).	
Single Market	28 June 2016:	Competitiveness Council 26-27 May	State of implementation of the
	- () A services passport, in line with the Council conclusions of 29	2016:	Services Directive / EC website.
Services	February 2016, will enable entrepreneurs in key sectors to offer their	- Adopted conclusions on the European	
	services in other Member States without going through unnecessary	Court of Auditors' report 5/2016 on the	
	procedures and will contribute to promoting innovation. ()	implementation by the Commission of	
	44.45 Marrish 2042:	the Services Directive.	
	14-15 March 2013: - Calls for urgent improvement of implementation of all Single	Public consultation from 2 May to 26 July	
	Market legislation, including the Services Directive, in particular through	2016 on proposal to introduce a Services	
	rigorous peer review and swift action to remove unjustified barriers.	Passport and address regulatory barriers	
	- Solotto Pool Total and other design to Total angularities same as	in the construction and business services	
	24-25 October 2013:	sectors.	
	- Services are a fundamental part of the Single Market. Member		
	States urgently need to improve implementation of the Services	Public consultation from 26 January to 19	
	Directive and thus speed up the opening of services markets. All	April 2016 on proposal to reform	
	opportunities should be seized in this respect.	notifications of new regulatory	
	- Invites the Commission and the Council to provide yearly	requirements for services providers.	
	progress reports on national reforms on services, including in individual sectors, and invites the Commission to make proposals by March 2014.	Communication COM(2013)0676 on	
	- Welcomes the peer review of the Services Directive presented	Evaluating national regulations on access	
	by the Commission. It agrees that all Member States should ensure	to professions. SWD(2013)402.	
	systematic, thorough and robust proportionality assessments of their		
	regulatory requirements. In particular, Member States should address	Communication COM(2012/261) on the	
	disproportionate barriers. The European Council invites the Commission	implementation of the Services Directive.	
	to provide additional guidance to Member States on the concept of	A partnership for new growth in services	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	proportionality and invites Member States to take full account of best practices.	2012-2015. SWD(2012)146, SWD(2012)147 and SWD(2012)148.	
	27-28 June 2013: - Looking to its thematic discussions in October 2013 to give renewed impulse in the fields of innovation, digital single market and services, the European Council invited the Commission to present its report on the peer review of the Services Directive as well as on the Licenses for Europe process ahead of that meeting.	European Parliament resolution of 11 September 2013 on the Internal Market for Services: State of Play and Next Steps, (2012/2144(INI)). European Parliament resolution of 25 October 2011 on the Mutual Evaluation Process of the Services Directive	
	13-14 December 2012: - It is important to take urgent action in line with the Commission's communications on implementation of the Services Directive and on Single Market governance. The European Council will keep progress on all single market proposals under close review.	(2011/2085(INI)). FYI Services Directive: Directive 2006/123/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12	
	18-19 October 2012: - It is important to take urgent action in line with the Commission's communications on implementation of the Services Directive.	December 2006 on services in the internal market (OJ L 376, 27.12.2006, p. 36).	
	23 October 2011: The full implementation of the Services Directive will also deliver significant economic gains; Member States should complete its implementation by the end of this year and ensure that the single points of contact are fully operational and that economic operators are fully informed of the new opportunities it offers. The Commission will report on this issue by the end of 2011.		
	23-24 June 2011: - Calls on Member States to fully implement the services Directive and on the Commission and Member States to take further actions where necessary to improve the internal market for services.		
Single Market Steel industry	17-18 March 2016: - In the light of the difficult situation of the European steel sector, in a context of overcapacity at global level, the European Council calls on the	Communication COM(2016) 155 final Steel: Preserving sustainable jobs and growth in Europe.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Council to rapidly examine the Commission's communication with a view to taking strong action in response to this challenge. 27-28 June 2013: - Welcomed the Commission Action Plan for a competitive and sustainable steel industry and looked forward (in preparation of the February 2014 meeting) to further inputs from the Commission in line with the March and May 2013 European Council conclusions.	Competitiveness Council 29.2.2016: Presidency conclusions on the European Steel Industry. European Parliament resolution of 16 December 2015 on developing a sustainable European industry of base metals 2014/2211(INI). Competitiveness Council 9.11.2015: Presidency conclusions on the European steel industry. Communication COM(2013)0407 final Action Plan for a competitive and	
Single Market	14-15 March 2013: The rapid conclusion of the work on all Single Market Act I	sustainable steel industry in Europe. Public consultation from 27 May to 21 August 2016 on the regulation of	
Professional qualifications	proposals is an essential priority, particularly as regards key files such as accounting, professional qualifications. 24-25 October 2013: - Stresses the importance of the mutual evaluation of regulated professions launched by the Commission and calls for swift progress. This exercise should identify the remaining barriers to access to professions in the Member States, assess the cumulative effect of all restrictions imposed on the same profession, and suggest appropriate action.	professions: Member States' National Action Plans and proportionality in regulation. Directive 2013/55/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 November 2013 amending Directive 2005/36/EC on the recognition of professional qualifications and Regulation (EU) No 1024/2012 on administrative cooperation through the Internal Market Information System ('the IMI Regulation') (OJ L 354, 28.12.2013, p.	
		132). Procedure: 2011/0435(COD).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Single Market	9 December 2011: - Notes that MS commit to reaching an agreement on	Communication COM(2013/676) on Evaluating national regulations on access to professions. European Parliament resolution of 15 November 2011 on the implementation of the Professional Qualifications Directive (2005/36/EC) (2011/2024(INI)). Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council	
Business Environment	standardisation by the end of June 2012.	of 25 October 2012 on European	
Standardisation	4 February 2011: - Private investment in innovative products and services to be encouraged, in particular by improving framework conditions. In this regard, the Commission to make proposals to accelerate, simplify and modernize standardization procedures, notably to allow standards developed by industry to be turned into European standards under certain conditions.	standardisation, amending Council Directives 89/686/EEC and 93/15/EEC and Directives 94/9/EC, 94/25/EC, 95/16/EC, 97/23/EC, 98/34/EC, 2004/22/EC, 2007/23/EC, 2009/23/EC and 2009/105/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Decision 87/95/EEC and Decision No 1673/2006/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 316, 14.11.2012, p. 12). Procedure: 2011/0105(COD).	
Single Market	9 December 2011:: - Notes that MS commit to reach an agreement on the	Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June	
Business Environment Accounting requirements	simplification of accounting requirements by the end of July 2012.	2013 on the annual financial statements, consolidated financial statements and related reports of certain types of undertakings, amending Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Directives 78/660/EEC and 83/349/EEC (OJ L 182, 29.6.2013, p. 19). Procedure: 2011/0308(COD).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Single Market	<u>19-20 December 2013:</u>	Single Market Act II:	Single Market Governance -
Single Market Act I	- Calls for enhanced efforts in particular as regards the swift adoption of remaining legislation under the Single Market Acts I and II, and the swift implementation of the measures they contain.	Communication COM(2012)573 Single Market Act II Together for new growth.	scoreboard / EC website
Single Market Act II	14-15 March 2013: The rapid conclusion of the work on all Single Market Act I proposals is an essential priority. The Commission will present the remaining Single Market Act II proposals without delay with a view to	European Parliament resolution of 14 June 2012 on 'Single Market Act: The Next Steps to Growth' (2012/2663(RSP)). Single Market Act I:	
	their rapid examination so that they can be adopted before the end of this legislature. - It is also urgent to improve implementation of all Single Market legislation, in particular through rigorous peer review and swift action to	SWD(2012) 21 Delivering the Single Market Act: State of Play.	
	remove unjustified barriers. The European Council will continue to keep all these issues under regular review.	European Parliament resolution of 25 October 2012 on the 20 main concerns of European citizens and business with the functioning of the Single Market	
	13-14 December 2012: - Took stock of the state of play as regards the priority proposals of the Single Market Act I. () It calls on the co-legislators to conclude	(2012/2044(INI)). European Parliament resolution of 20	
	the remaining SMA I files as a matter of urgency. - As regards the Single Market Act II, calls on the Commission to present all key proposals by the spring of 2013. It invites the Council and	May 2010 on delivering a single market to consumers and citizens (2010/2011(INI)).	
	the European Parliament to give these proposals the highest priority with a view to their adoption by the end of the current parliamentary cycle at the latest. - Take urgent action in line with the Commission's communications on implementation of the Services Directive and on	Communication COM(2011)206 Single Market Act Twelve levers to boost growth and strengthen confidence "Working together to create new growth".	
	Single Market governance. The European Council will keep progress on all single market proposals under close review. 18-19 October 2012:	EP resolution of 20 May 2010 on delivering a single market to consumers and citizens (2010/2011(INI)).	
	Deepening the Single Market: progress has been made on the Single Market Act I, but more efforts are required to complete work on the outstanding proposals. Welcomes the Commission's intention to present all key SMA II	A Single Market for Europeans (2010/2278(INI)). A Single Market for Enterprises and	
	proposals by spring 2013 and calls for their rapid examination in order	Growth (2010/2277(INI)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	to allow their adoption by the end of the current parliamentary cycle at the latest. 23 October 2011: All efforts should be made to ensure agreement by the end of 2012 on the 12 priority proposals set out in the Single Market Act, giving utmost priority to those which can bring the most benefits to growth and jobs. 23-24 June 2011: Work should accelerate to deliver the Europe 2020 flagship initiatives and the Single Market Act, focusing on the priorities identified by the Council on 30 May 2011. 24-25 March 2011: Welcomes the Commission's intention to present the Single Market Act and invites the European Parliament and the Council to adopt by the end of 2012 a first set of priority measures to bring a new impetus to the Single Market.	Communication COM(2010)608 Towards a Single Market Act For a highly competitive social market economy 50 proposals for improving our work, business and exchanges with one another. A New Strategy for the Single Market at the Service of Europe's Economy and Society: Report to the President of the European Commission José Manuel Barroso/ Mario Monti 2010.	
Public Procurement	20-21 March 2014: The rapid conclusion of the work on all Single Market Act I proposals is an essential priority, particularly as regards key files such as public procurement. 9 December 2011: Notes that MS commit to reach an agreement on the simplification of public procurement rules by the end of 2012. 4 February 2011: Private investment in innovative products and services to be encouraged, in particular by improving framework conditions. In this regard, the Commission is invited to provide guidance on the application of the Directives on public procurement; more generally public procurement should be better geared to creating greater demand for innovative goods and services.	Directive 2014/55 EU on electronic invoicing in public procurement (OJ L 133 06.05.2014, p. 1). Procedure: 2013/0213(COD). Directive 2014/24 EU on public procurement (OJ L 094 28.03.2014, p. 65). Procedure: 2011/0438(COD). Directive 2014/25/EU on procurement by entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors (OJ L 094 28.03.2014, p. 243). Procedure: 2011/0439(COD).	This is a selection of relevant rules on public procurement. Overview of public procurement legislation, rules and guidelines: The EU Single Market - Public Procurement / EC website.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Competition Policy State Aid Modernisation	20-21 March 2014: - Welcomes the Commission's plans to modernise the state aid rules which will enter into force in June 2014. - Welcomes the Commission's intention to facilitate the implementation of wider EU policies and programmes, including EU Structural and Investment Funds by extending the scope of the General Block Exemption Regulation, while maintaining a level playing field among the Member States.	Directive 2014/23 EU on the award of concession contracts (OJ L 094 28.03.2014, p. 1). Procedure: 2011/0437(COD). Communication COM(2013)453 End-toend e-procurement to modernise public administration Communication COM(2012)179 A strategy for e-procurement. Commission Regulation (EU) No 651/2014 of 17 June 2014 on declaring certain categories of aid compatible with the internal market in application of Articles 107 and 108 of the Treaty. The European Commission adopts important building blocks of its State Aid Modernisation (SAM) reform package:	This presents only a selection of relevant acts and measures. Overview of State Aid legislation: State Aid Modernisation / EC website.
	 4 February 2011: Private investment in innovative products and services to be encouraged, in particular by improving framework conditions. Invites the Commission to conduct a mid-term review of the relevant State aid frameworks during 2011. 	a) Communication C(2014) 3282 Framework for state aid for research and development and innovation; b) Communication C(2014) 3349/2 on transparency . Communication COM(2012)209 EU State Aid Modernisation (SAM).	
Consumer Protection	13-14 December 2012:Welcomes the agreement on Alternative Dispute Resolution	Alternative Dispute Resolution: <u>Directive 2013/11/EU</u> of the European	Online dispute resolution platform /EC website.
Online Dispute Resolution and Alternative Dispute	and Online Dispute Resolution for consumer disputes. 9 December 2011::	Parliament and of the Council of 21 May 2013 on alternative dispute resolution for consumer disputes and amending	, 20
Resolution	- Notes that MS commit to reach an agreement on rules on online dispute resolution by June 2012.	Regulation (EC) No 2006/2004 and Directive 2009/22/EC (Directive on	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		consumer ADR) (OJ L 165, 18.6.2013,	
		p. 63)	
		Procedure: <u>2011/0373(COD)</u> .	
		Online Dispute Resolution:	
		Regulation (EU) No 524/2013 of the	
		European Parliament and of the Council	
		of 21 May 2013 on online dispute	
		resolution for consumer disputes and	
		amending Regulation (EC) No 2006/2004	
		and Directive 2009/22/EC (Regulation on	
		consumer ODR) (OJ L 165, 18.6.2013, p. 1)	
		Procedure: <u>2011/0374(COD)</u> .	
Intellectual Policy	<u>20-21 March 2014:</u>	Unitary patent:	
	- Intellectual property and patenting are key drivers for growth	Council Regulation (EU) No 1260/2012 of	
Unitary patent	and innovation. Despite its leading role in a number of technology	17 December 2012 implementing	
And	industries, the European Union is lagging behind in patenting. The	enhanced cooperation in the area of the	
Unified Paten Court	European Council therefore calls for enhancing support to these high-	creation of unitary patent protection with	
	growth sectors, in order to preserve the European Union's technology	regard to the applicable translation	
	lead. The concerned Parties should ratify, in accordance with their	arrangements.	
	constitutional provisions, the agreement on the Unified Patent Court	Procedure: <u>2011/0094(CNS)</u> .	
	and make the necessary legal and administrative arrangements so that	D 1 1 (511) N 4257/2042 5 11	
	the EU patent regime can enter into force by the end of 2014.	Regulation (EU) No 1257/2012 of the	
	14.15 March 2012.	European Parliament and of the Council	
	14-15 March 2013:	of 17 December 2012 implementing	
	- Intellectual property and patenting are key drivers for growth and innovation. Despite its leading role in a number of technology	enhanced cooperation in the area of the	
	industries, the European Union is lagging behind in patenting. The	creation of unitary patent protection. Procedure: 2011/0093(COD).	
	European Council therefore calls for enhancing support to these high-	Frocedure. 2011/0095[COD].	
	growth sectors, in order to preserve the European Union's technology lead.	2011/167/EU: Council Decision of 10	
	The concerned Parties should ratify, in accordance with their constitutional	March 2011 authorising enhanced	
	provisions, the agreement on the Unified Patent Court and make the	cooperation in the area of the creation of	
	necessary legal and administrative arrangements so that the EU patent	unitary patent protection.	
	regime can enter into force by the end of 2014.	Procedure: 2010/0384(NLE).	
	regime can enter into force by the end of 2014.		
	<u>13-14 December 2012:</u>	Competitiveness Council 26/5/2014	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	- Welcomes the agreement reached among participating Member States on the Unitary Patent. 28-29 June 2012: - Heads of State or Government of the participating Member States agreed on the solution for the last outstanding issue of the patents package, namely the seat of the Central Division of the Court of First Instance of the Unified Patent Court (UPC). 1-2 March 2012: - Innovation and research are at the heart of the Europe 2020 strategy. Europe has a strong science base but the ability to transform research into new innovations targeted at market demands needs to be improved. On the basis of a report presented by the Presidency, the European Council took stock of the progress achieved in implementing its conclusions of February 2011 and agreed that efforts must be stepped up with a view to: () ensuring that the participating Member States reach a final agreement in June 2012 at the latest on the last outstanding issue in the patent package. 9 December 2011: - Notes that MS commit to reach a final agreement on the last outstanding issues in the patent package at the latest in June 2012.	Unitary patent protection system: Council took note of a report (9563/14) on the state of play in the implementation of the unitary patent protection system by the two committees in charge of preparations for the establishment of the system and of the Unified Patent Court. Unified Patent Court: Regulation (EU) No 542/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 amending Regulation (EU) No 1215/2012 as regards the rules to be applied with respect to the Unified Patent Court and the Benelux Court of Justice. Procedure: 2013/0268 (COD). Agreement on a Unified Patent Court 2013/C 175/01. Ratification table. Competitiveness Council 20/02/2014 Unified Patent Court Agreement: The Council took note of updated information from the Commission concerning the state of preparations for the establishment of a Unified Patent Court.	Remarks
		European Parliament resolution of 11 December 2012 on jurisdictional system for patent disputes (2011/2176(INI)).	
Intellectual Property	20-21 March 2014:	Regulation (EU) No 608/2013 of the	European Observatory on
Anti-counterfeiting	Taking forward an ambitious trade and investment agenda and promoting European and international standards and regulations,	European Parliament and of the Council of 12 June 2013 concerning customs enforcement of intellectual property	Infringements of Intellectual Property Rights / OHIM website.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	including the fight against counterfeiting, are important elements contributing to enhancing the EU's industrial competitiveness globally.	rights and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 1383/2003 (OJ L 165, 18.6.2013, p.15). Procedure: 2011/0137(COD). Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1352/2013 of 4 December 2013 establishing the forms provided for in Regulation (EU) No 608/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning customs enforcement of intellectual property rights (OJ L 341, 18.12.2013, p. 10). Regulation (EU) No 386/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 April 2012 on entrusting the Office for Harmonization in the Internal Market (Trade Marks and Designs) with tasks related to the enforcement of intellectual property rights, including the assembling of public and private-sector representatives as a European Observatory on Infringements of Intellectual Property Rights (OJ L 129, 16.5.2012, p. 1).	
III.3. Digital Single A	Market		
Digital Single Market	28 June 2016: - The European Council today adopted an agenda calling for swift and	Proposal for a Regulation of the Parliament and of the Council	See also Digital Single Market Strategy in the section of
European Single	determined progress:	COM(2016)0591 establishing the Body of	competitiveness strategies.
Market for Electronic	• to bring the full benefits of the Digital Single Market to all	European Regulators for Electronic	DEDEC Cuidalinas as II
Communication	stakeholders through: () o the review of the wholesale roaming market in view of	Communications. Procedure: 2016/0286 (COD).	BEREC Guidelines on the Implementation by National
Telecommunication	 the review of the wholesale roaming market in view of abolishing roaming surcharges by June 2017; 	Frocedure. 2016/0286 (COD).	Regulators of European Net Neutrality Rules, August 2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Broadband	to create the right conditions for stimulating new business	Proposal for a Directive of the Parliament	
	opportunities by:	and of the Council COM(2016)0590	End of roaming charges in EU in 2017:
	 ensuring very high-capacity fixed and wireless broadband 	establishing the European Electronic	Commission agrees on new approach
	connectivity across Europe, which is a precondition for future	Communications Code (Recast).	to make it work for all Europeans /
	competitiveness. The review of the telecoms regulatory framework	Procedure: 2016/0288 (COD).	European Commission press release
	should aim to incentivise major network investments while promoting		21/9/2016 IP/16/13111.
	effective competition and consumer rights;	Communication COM(2016)0588 final 5G	
	 better coordinating spectrum assignment modalities together 	for Europe: An Action Plan.	
	with the timely release of the 700 MHz band so as to help ensure	SWD(2016)0306.	
	Europe's leadership in the roll-out of 5G networks;		
	o coordinating EU efforts on high-performance computing. In	Public consultation from 13 June to 11	
	this context the European Council looks forward to the launch of an	July 2016 on the co-ordinated	
	important project of common European interest in this field. ()	introduction of 5G networks in Europe.	
	<u>25-26 June 2015:</u>	Proposal for a Regulation of the European	
	-The Digital Single Market should be used as a vehicle for inclusive	<u>Parliament</u> and the Council	
	growth in all regions within the EU. While emphasising the importance	COM(2016)0589 amending Regulations	
	of all dimensions of the Commission's strategy, the European Council	(EU) No 1316/2013 and (EU) No 283/2014	
	agreed that:	as regards the promotion of Internet	
	- the Telecommunications Single Market Regulation, including	connectivity in local communities.	
	roaming, and the Directive on Network and Information Security must	Procedure: 2016/0287 (COD).	
	be rapidly adopted; the Data Protection Package must be adopted by		
	the end of this year. ()	Communication COM(2016)0587	
		Connectivity for a Competitive Digital	
	<u>20-21 March 2014:</u>	Single Market - Towards a European	
	- The timely adoption of the "Connected Continent" package will	Gigabit Society.	
	contribute to fully exploit the potential of the internal market in goods		
	and services, including in the digital economy. Infrastructure networks,	Proposal COM(2016)287 for a Directive of	
	including digital networks, need to be developed and updated with	the European Parliament and of the	
	intelligent and innovative technologies.	Council amending Directive 2010/13/EU	
		on the coordination of certain provisions	
	<u>24-25 October 2013:</u>	laid down by law, regulation or	
	- Welcomes the presentation by the Commission of the	administrative action in Member States	
	"Connected Continent" package and encourages the legislator to carry	concerning the provision of audiovisual	
	out an intensive examination with a view to its timely adoption. It	media services in view of changing	
	underlines the importance of better coordinating the timing and	market realities.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	conditions of spectrum assignment, while respecting national competences in this area.	Procedure: <u>2016/0151 (COD)</u> .	
	18-19 October 2012: - Looks forward to the forthcoming proposals on reducing the cost of the deployment of high speed broadband. 30 January 2012: - Notes that MS commit to reach an agreement on roaming by line 2013.	Public consultation on the review of national wholesale roaming markets, fair use policy and the sustainability mechanism referred to in Roaming Regulation 531/2012 as amended by Regulation 2015/2120 from 26/11/2015 to 18/02/2016.	
	June 2012. 23 October 2011: - Particular attention to be paid to ensuring rapid progress in achieving the broadband coverage objectives set out in the Digital Agenda, facilitating secure electronic identification and authentication	Proposal COM(2016)043 for a Decision on the use of the 470-790 MHz frequency band in the Union Procedure: 2016/027(COD).	
	and modernising Europe's copyright regime with a view to ensuring the EU's competitive edge and unleashing possibilities for new business models. - Calls for swift agreement on the Radio Spectrum Policy programme.	Public consultation on the evaluation and the review of the regulatory framework for electronic communications networks and services from 11 September to 7 December 2015.	
		Public consultation from 6 July to 30 September 2016 on Directive 2010/13/EU on Audiovisual Media Services (AVMSD) - A media framework for the 21st century.	
		Public Consultation on the Needs for Internet Speed and Quality Beyond 2020 from 11 September to 7 December 2015.	
		Public consultation on the Lamy Report: the future use of the UHF TV broadcasting band from 12 January to 12 April 2015.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Regulation (EU) 2015/2120 of the	
		European Parliament and of the Council	
		of 25 November 2015 laying down measures concerning open internet	
		access and amending Directive	
		2002/22/EC on universal service and	
		users' rights relating to electronic	
		communications networks and services	
		and Regulation (EU) No 531/2012 on	
		roaming on public mobile	
		communications networks within the	
		Union, OJ L 310, 26.11.2015, pp. 1–18.	
		Procedure: <u>2013/0309 (COD)</u> .	
		Commission Recommendation C(2013)	
		5761 of 11 September 2013 on consistent	
		non-discrimination obligations and	
		costing methodologies to promote	
		competition and enhance the broadband	
		investment environment.	
		Directive 2014/61/EU on measures to	
		reduce the cost of deploying high-speed	
		electronic communications networks (OJ	
		L 155, 23.5.2014, p. 1).	
		Procedure: <u>2013/80(COD)</u> .	
		Regulation (EU) No 283/2014 of the	
		European Parliament and of the Council	
		of 11 March 2014 on guidelines for trans-	
		European networks in the area of	
		telecommunications infrastructure and	
		repealing Decision No 1336/97/EC (OJ L	
		86, 21.3.2014, p. 14). Procedure: 2011/0299(COD).	
		Flocedule. 2011/0299(COD).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Communication COM(2013)634 on the Telecommunications Single Market. SWD(2013)332, SWD(2013)331.	
		Regulation (EU) No 531/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 June 2012 on roaming on public mobile communications networks within the Union (OJ L 172, 30.6.2012, p. 10). Procedure: 2011/0187(COD).	
		Decision No 243/2012/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 March 2012 establishing a multiannual radio spectrum policy programme (OJ L 81, 21.3.2012, p. 7). Procedure: 2010/0252(COD).	
		Communication COM(2011)222 The open internet and net neutrality in Europe.	
		European Parliament resolution of 6 July 2011 on European Broadband: investing in digitally driven growth (2010/2304(INI)).	
		Communication COM(2010)472 European Broadband: investing in digitally driven growth.	
Digital Single Market	 23 October 2013: EU action should provide the right framework conditions for a 	Commission communication COM(2016)0180 final Digitising European	
Cloud Computing	single market for Big Data and Cloud computing, in particular by promoting high standards for secure, high-quality and reliable cloud services.	Industry Reaping the full benefits of a Digital Single Market. SWD(2016)110.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- The European Commission and the Member States, with the	Commission communication	
	support of the "European Cloud Partnership", should continue to make	COM(2016)0178 final European Cloud	
	every effort to put Europe at the forefront of cloud adoption.	Initiative – Building a competitive data	
	- Calls for the establishment of a strong network of national	and knowledge economy in Europe.	
	digital coordinators which could play a strategic role in Cloud, Big Data and Open Data development.	SWD(2016) 106. SWD(2016) 107.	
		<u>Public consultation</u> on the regulatory	
		environment for platforms, online	
		intermediaries, data and cloud	
		computing and the collaborative	
		economy from 24 September 2015 to 30	
		December 2015.	
		Communication COM(2014)442 Towards	
		a thriving data-driven economy.	
		European Parliament resolution of 10	
		December 2013 on unleashing the	
		potential of cloud computing in Europe,	
		<u>2013/2063(INI).</u>	
		Communication COM(2012)529	
		Unleashing the Potential of Cloud	
		Computing in Europe. SWD(2012)0271.	
Digital Single Market	28 June 2016:	<u>Public consultation</u> from 28 June to 31	
	- Adopted an agenda calling for swift and determined progress:	October 2016 on the Internal Market for	
e-Commerce	• to bring the full benefits of the Digital Single Market to all stakeholders	goods - enforcement and compliance.	
	through:	Public consultation from 1 June to 30	
e-Services	o cross-border portability, which will allow EU residents to travel	September 2016 on possible revision of	
	with the digital content they have purchased or subscribed to at home; o removing barriers to e-commerce, including unjustified geo-	the Mutual Recognition Regulation (EC) No 764/2008.	
	o removing barriers to e-commerce, including unjustified geo- blocking which prevents online customers from accessing and	NO 704/2006.	
	purchasing a product or service from a website based in another	Communication COM(2016)320 A	
	Member State. Reducing the costs of parcel delivery and modernising	comprehensive approach to stimulating	
	VAT systems will further facilitate cross-border selling of goods and	cross-border e-Commerce for Europe's	
	services. ()	citizens and businesses	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	25-26 June 2015: The Digital Single Market should be used as a vehicle for inclusive growth in all regions within the EU. While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Commission's strategy, the European Council agreed that action must be taken on key components of the Commission communication, notably to: remove the remaining barriers to the free circulation of goods and services sold online and tackle unjustified discrimination on the grounds of geographic location. guarantee the portability and facilitate cross-border access to online material protected by copyright, while ensuring a high level of protection of intellectual property rights and taking into account cultural diversity, and help creative industries to thrive in a digital context.()	SWD(2016) 163 final guidance on the implementation/application of Directive 2005/29/EC on unfair commercial practices. Proposal COM(2016) 289 final for a Regulation on addressing geo-blocking and other forms of discrimination based on customers' nationality, place of residence or place of establishment within the internal market and amending Regulation (EC) No 2006/2004 and Directive 2009/22/EC. SWD(2016)173, SWD(2016)174. Procedure: 2016/0152(COD). Proposal COM(2016) 285 final for a Regulation on cross-border parcel delivery services. SWD(2016) 166, SWD(2016) 167. Procedure: 2016/0149(COD). Proposal COM(2016) 283 final for a regulation on cooperation between national authorities responsible for the enforcement of consumer protection laws. SWD(2016) 164, SWD(2016) 165 final. Procedure: 2016/0148 (COD). Proposal COM(2015)0635 final for a Directive on certain aspects concerning contracts for the online and other distance sales of goods. Procedure: 2015/0288(COD).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Proposal COM(2015)0627 for a	
		Regulation of the European Parliament and the Council on ensuring the cross-	
		border portability of online content	
		services in the internal market.	
		Procedure: <u>2015/0284(COD)</u>	
		Public consultation on Geo-Blocking and	
		Other geographically based restrictions	
		when shopping and accessing	
		information in the EU from 24 September	
		2015 to 28 December 2015.	
		Public consultation on modernising VAT	
		for cross border e-Commerce.	
		Public consultation from 6 May to 5	
		August 2015 on cross-border parcel	
		delivery.	
Digital Single Market	<u>20-21 March 2014:</u>	Public consultation from 6 April to 29	
	- The rapid conclusion of the work on all Single Market Act I	June 2016 on revision of the European	
a Idantification	proposals is an essential priority, particularly as regards key files such as	Interoperability Framework.	
e-Identification	e-identification / e-signature.	Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 of the	
e-Invoice	23 October 2013:	European Parliament and of the Council	
	- The proposals on e-identification and trust services and on e-	of 23 July 2014 on electronic	
e-Signature	invoicing and payment Services to be adopted by the end of the	identification and trust services for	
	legislative period.	electronic transactions in the internal	
	- An open and non-discriminatory framework must be put in	market and repealing Directive	
	place to ensure interoperability and portability of content and data.	1999/93/EC, (OJ L 257, 28.8.2014, p. 73).	
	- The modernisation of public administrations should continue	Procedure: <u>2012/0146(COD).</u>	
	through the swift implementation of services such as e-government, e-health, e-invoicing and e-procurement.	<u>Directive 2014/55 EU</u> on electronic	
	nearth, e involving and e procurement.	invoicing in public procurement (OJ L 133	
	18-19 October 2012:	06.05.2014, p. 1).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Calls for work to be accelerated on the proposals on e-signature and collective rights management and looks forward to the forthcoming proposals on reducing the cost of the deployment of high speed broadband and on e-invoicing.		
	28-29 June 2012: - Priority should be given to measures aimed at further developing cross-border online trade, including by facilitating the transition to e-invoicing, and promoting the cross-border use of e-identification and other e-services.		
	30 January 2012: - Notes that MS commit to submit a new proposal on e-signature before June 2012.		
Digital Single Market	25-26 June 2015:	Communication COM(2016) 356 A	
Online platforms	- The Digital Single Market should be used as a vehicle for inclusive growth in all regions within the EU. While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Commission's strategy, the European Council agreed that action must be taken on key components of the Commission communication: - assess the role of on-line platforms and intermediaries. ()	European agenda for the collaborative economy. SWD(2016) 184 final. Communication COM(2016)288 Online Platforms and the Digital Single Market Opportunities and Challenges for Europe. SWD (2016)172. Public consultation on the regulatory environment for platforms, online intermediaries, data and cloud computing and the collaborative economy from 24/09/2015 to 06/01/2016.	
Digital Single Market	25-26 June 2015: - The Digital Single Market should be used as a vehicle for inclusive		
Free flow of data	growth in all regions within the EU. While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Commission's strategy, the European Council agreed that action must be taken on key components of the Commission communication: - ensure free flow of data. ()		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Digital Single Market	<u>17-18 December 2015:</u>	Public Consultation on the Evaluation	13/5/2014 Court of Justice of the
	- The European Council () Further to the Commission's initiatives to	and Review of the ePrivacy Directive	European Union judgment C-131/12:
Data protection	strengthen and deepen the Single Market, the European Council: ()	from 12/04/2016 to 05/07/2016.	the "Right the right to be forgotten"
	b) in the interest of consumers and industry alike, invites the EU		case - Google Spain SL, Google Inc. v
	institutions to accelerate implementation of the Digital Single Market	<u>Directive (EU) 2016/680</u> of the European	Agencia Española de Protección de
	Strategy; welcomes the agreement reached on the data protection	Parliament and of the Council of 27 April	Datos, Mario Costeja González.
	package as a major step forward. ()	2016 on the protection of natural	
		persons with regard to the processing of	
	<u>25-26 June 2015:</u>	personal data by competent authorities	
	- The Digital Single Market should be used as a vehicle for inclusive	for the purposes of the prevention,	
	growth in all regions within the EU. While emphasising the importance	investigation, detection or prosecution	
	of all dimensions of the Commission's strategy, the European Council	of criminal offences or the execution of	
	agreed that action must be taken on key components of the Commission	criminal penalties, and on the free	
	communication:	movement of such data, and repealing	
	- the Data Protection Package must be adopted by the end of	Council Framework Decision	
	this year; ()	2008/977/JHA OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, pp.	
		89-131.	
	<u>24-25 October 2013:</u>	Procedure: <u>2012/0010 (COD)</u> .	
	- The timely adoption of a strong EU General Data Protection	D	
	framework and the Cyber-security Directive is essential for the	Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the	
	completion of the Digital Single Market by 2015.	European Parliament and of the Council	
		of 27 April 2016 on the protection of	
		natural persons with regard to the	
		processing of personal data and on the	
		free movement of such data, and	
		repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General	
		Data Protection Regulation) OJ L 119,	
		4.5.2016, pp. 1–88.	
		Procedure: <u>2012/0011 (COD)</u> .	
		Furancea Darliament resolution of 20	
		European Parliament resolution of 20 November 2012 on protecting children in	
		the digital world (2012/2068(INI)).	
		tile digital World (<u>2012/2008(INI)</u>).	
		European Parliament resolution of 6 July	
		2011 on a comprehensive approach on	
		ZOTT OIL & COMPLEHEUSIVE APPROACH ON	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		personal data protection in the European Union (2011/2025(INI)).	
Digital Single Market	24-25 October 2013: The timely adoption of a strong FU General Data Protection	Directive (EU) 2016/1148 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 July	
Cyber-security	The timely adoption of a strong EU General Data Protection framework and the Cyber-security Directive is essential for the completion of the Digital Single Market by 2015.	Parliament and of the Council of 6 July 2016 concerning measures for a high common level of security of network and information systems across the Union (OJ L 194, 19.7.2016, p. 1–30). Procedure: 2013/0027(COD). Commission Decision C(2016) 4400 of 5 July 2016 on the signing of a contractual arrangement on a public-private partnership for cybersecurity industrial research and innovation between the European Union, represented by the Commission, and the stakeholder organisation. SWD(2016) 210, SWD(2016) 215, SWD(2016) 216. Communication COM(2016)0410 on Strengthening Europe's Cyber Resilience System and Fostering a Competitive and Innovative Cybersecurity Industry. Communication JOIN(2016)018 Framework on countering hybrid threats a European Union response.	
		partnership on cybersecurity and possible accompanying measures from 18/12/2015 to 11/03/2016.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Communication COM(2015)0633 on	
		Digital contracts for Europe - Unleashing the potential of e-commerce.	
		the potential of a commerce.	
		Proposal COM(2015) 634 for a	
		Directive on certain aspects concerning	
		contracts for the supply of digital content SWD(2015) 274, SWD(2015) 275.	
		Procedure: 2015/0287 (COD).	
		Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council	
		of 23 July 2014 on electronic	
		identification and trust services for	
		electronic transactions in the internal	
		market and repealing Directive 1999/93/EC (OJ L 257, 28.8.2014, p. 73).	
		Procedure: 2012/0146(COD).	
		Joint Communication JOIN(2013) 1 on	
		Cybersecurity Strategy of the European Union: An Open, Safe and Secure	
		Cyberspace.	
Digital Single Market	25-26 June 2015:	Commission communication	Grand Coalition for Digital jobs / EC
	- The Digital Single Market should be used as a vehicle for inclusive	COM(2016)0180 final Digitising	website.
ICT	growth in all regions within the EU. While emphasising the importance	European Industry –Reaping the full	
Digital Skills	of all dimensions of the Commission's strategy, the European Council agreed that action must be taken on key components of the Commission	benefits of a Digital Single Market. SWD(2016)110.	
Digital Skills	communication:	300(2010)110.	
	- improve digital skills. ()	Communication COM(2015) 192 on A	
		Digital Single Market Strategy for	
	20-21 March 2014: - Fostering the Union's industrial growth requires the right skills.	Europe.	
	The European Council urges the Commission and the Member States to	Communication COM(2013) 654	
	address shortages in the area of science, technology, engineering and	Opening up Education: Innovative	
	mathematics (STEM skills) as a matter of priority, with increased	teaching and learning for all through	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	involvement of industry. Further efforts by the public and private sectors should be directed to promoting mobility, education and vocational training. All available instruments should be used to this end, such as the European Structural and Investment Funds (ESIF), the new generation of Erasmus +, the Grand Coalition for Digital Jobs, the European Alliance for Apprenticeships or the Youth Employment Initiative and the Youth Guarantee. Industry should be more involved in forecasting future skills needs.	new Technologies and Open Educational Resources.	
	 24-25 October 2013: Part of the European Structural and Investment Funds to be used for ICT education; A higher degree of integration of digital skills in education to be ensured; 		
	 The Grand Coalition for Digital Jobs to address skills mismatches by supporting targeted labour mobility schemes and the use of the new ESCO qualification; The Commission to intensify work on the basis of the EU Skills 		
	Panorama for digital jobs in order to accelerate progress on pan- European competences frameworks for digital skills; - It will return to these matters in the course of 2014.		
Digital Single Market	25-26 June 2015:	Communication COM(2016) 358	
ІСТ	- The Digital Single Market should be used as a vehicle for inclusive growth in all regions within the EU. While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Commission's strategy, the European Council	European Standards for the 21st Century. SWD(2016) 186 final.	
Standards	agreed that action must be taken on key components of the Commission communication, notably to: - identify and deliver rapidly on the key ICT standardisation priorities. ()	Communication COM(2016) 357 The annual Union work programme for European standardisation for 2017. SWD(2016) 185 final.	
		Report COM(2016)212 on the implementation of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 from 2013 to 2015.	
		Commission communication COM(2016)0180 final Digitising European	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Industry – Reaping the full benefits of a Digital Single Market. SWD(2016)110.	
		Communication COM(2016)0176 ICT Standardisation Priorities for the Digital Single Market	
		Public consultation on Standards for the Digital Single Market (DSM) from 23 September to 4 January 2016.	
		Public Consultation on the Needs for Internet Speed and Quality Beyond 2020 from 11 September 2015 to 07 December 2015.	
Digital Single Market	28 June 2016:	Commission communication	
e-Government	 Adopted an agenda calling for swift and determined progress: to bring the full benefits of the Digital Single Market to all stakeholders through: () the invitation to governments and EU institutions to meet the targets of the eGovernment Action Plan. () 	COM(2016)0180 final Digitising European Industry – Reaping the full benefits of a Digital Single Market. SWD(2016)110.	
	 25-26 June 2015: The Digital Single Market should be used as a vehicle for inclusive growth in all regions within the EU. While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Commission's strategy, the European Council agreed that action must be taken on key components of the Commission 	Commission communication COM(2016)0179 final EU eGovernment Action Plan 2016-2020 – Accelerating the digital transformation of government. SWD(2016) 108. SWD(2016) 109.	
	communication, notably to: - encourage e-Government. ()	Public consultation on the next eGovernment Action Plan 2016-2020 as proposed in the Digital Single Market (DSM) strategy from 30 October 2015 to 22 January 2016.	
Intellectual Property	28 June 2016: - Adopted an agenda calling for swift and determined progress:	Communication COM(2016)0592 final/2 promoting a fair, efficient and	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Copyright Framework	• to bring the full benefits of the Digital Single Market to all	competitive European copyright-based	
in the Digital	stakeholders through: ()	economy in the Digital Single Market.	
Environment	o reforms of the copyright and audiovisual frameworks. ()		
		<u>Proposal</u> for a Regulation of the	
	<u>25-26 June 2015:</u>	European Parliament and the Council	
	- The Digital Single Market should be used as a vehicle for inclusive	COM(2016)594 laying down rules on the	
	growth in all regions within the EU. While emphasising the importance	exercise of copyright and related rights	
	of all dimensions of the Commission's strategy, the European Council	applicable to certain online transmissions	
	agreed that action must be taken on key components of the Commission	of broadcasting organisations and	
	communication:	retransmissions of television and radio	
	- guarantee the portability and facilitate cross-border access to	programmes.	
	online material protected by copyright, while ensuring a high level of	Procedure: 2016/0284 (COD).	
	protection of intellectual property rights and taking into account		
	cultural diversity, and help creative industries to thrive in a digital	Proposal COM(2016)593 for a Directive	
	context.()	of the European Parliament and of the	
		Council on copyright in the Digital Single	
	23 October 2013:	Market.	
	- Commission to complete the review of the EU copyright	Procedure 2016/0280(COD).	
	framework by spring 2014. It is important to modernise Europe's		
	copyright regime and facilitate licensing, while ensuring a high level of	Proposal for a Regulation of the European	
	protection of intellectual property rights and taking into account cultural	Parliament and the Council	
	diversity.	COM(2016)0595 on the cross-border	
	40.40.0	exchange between the Union and third-	
	18-19 October 2012:	countries of accessible format copies of	
	- The forthcoming midterm review of the Digital Agenda should	certain works and other subject-matter	
	be used to identify areas where more work needs to be done. It is	protected by copyright and related rights	
	necessary to modernise Europe's copyright regime to facilitate access to	for the benefit of persons who are blind,	
	content while upholding intellectual property rights and encouraging	visually impaired or otherwise print disabled.	
	creativity and cultural diversity.		
	29 20 June 2012:	Procedure: 2016/0279 (COD).	
	28-29 June 2012: - It is crucial to modernise Europe's copyright regime and	Proposal for a Directive of the European	
	facilitate licensing, while ensuring a high level of protection of	Parliament and the Council COM(2016)0596 on certain permitted	
	intellectual property rights and taking into account cultural diversity.	uses of works and other subject-matter	
	22 October 2011:	protected by copyright and related rights	
	23 October 2011:	protected by copyright and related rights	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- To modernize Europe's copyright regime so as to insure EU's competitive edge and unleash possibilities for new business models, while ensuring a high level of protection of intellectual property rights and taking into account cultural diversity.	for the benefit of persons who are blind, visually impaired or otherwise print disabled and amending Directive 2001/29/EC on the harmonisation of certain aspects of copyright and related rights in the information society. Procedure: 2016/0278 (COD).	
		Public consultation on due diligence and supply chain integrity for intellectual property protection from 17 December 2015 to 13 May 2016.	
		Public consultation on the role of publishers in the copyright value chain and on the 'panorama exception' From 23 March 2016 to 15 June 2016.	
		Communication COM(2015)0626 Towards a modern, more European copyright framework.	
		Proposal COM(2015)0627 for a Regulation of the European Parliament and the Council on ensuring the cross- border portability of online content services in the internal market. Procedure: 2015/0284(COD)	
		European Parliament resolution of 9 July 2015 on implementation of Directive 2001/29/EC on the harmonisation of certain aspects of copyright and related rights in the information society (2014/2256(INI)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament resolution of 27 February 2014 on private copying levies (2013/2114(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 12 March 2014 on Preparing for a Fully Converged Audiovisual World (2013/2180(INI)).	
		Directive 2014/26/EU on collective management of copyright and related rights and multi-territorial licensing of rights in musical works for online use in the internal market (OJ L 084 20.03.2014, p. 72.) Procedure: 2012/0180(COD).	
		European Parliament resolution of 12 September 2013 on promoting the European cultural and creative sectors as sources of economic growth and jobs (2012/2302(INI)).	
		Public Consultation on the review of EU copyright rules 05.12.2013 - 05.03.2014.	
		European Parliament resolution of 20 November 2012 on the Report on the Implementation and Effect of the Resale Right Directive (2001/84/EC) (2012/2038(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 11 September 2012 on the online distribution of audiovisual works in the European Union (2011/2313(INI)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Directive 2012/28/EU on certain permitted uses of orphan works (OJ L 299, 27.10.2012, p. 5). Procedure: 2011/0136(COD). Commission report COM(2011)878 on the Implementation and Effect of the Resale Right Directive (2001/84/EC). Communication COM(2012)789 on content in the Digital Single Market. Communication COM(2011)287 A Single Market for Intellectual Property Rights Boosting creativity and innovation to provide economic growth, high quality jobs and first class products and services in Europe European Parliament resolution of 22 September 2010 on enforcement of intellectual property rights in the internal market (2009/2178(INI)).	
III.4. Research and			
Innovation / Innovation	19-20 December 2013:	<u>Directive 2013/37/EU</u> of the European	See also public procurement under
Union	 <u>Partnerships for Growth, Jobs and Competitiveness:</u> Mutually agreed contractual arrangements would cover a 	Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 amending Directive 2003/98/EC on	the title Single Market (e- procurement, e-invoicing).
Public sector	broad range of growth and job enhancing policies and measures,	the re-use of public sector information	procurement, e-myording).
innovation	including the performance of labour and product markets, the efficiency	(OJ L 175, 27.6.2013, p. 1).	
	of the public sector, as well as research and innovation, education and	Procedure: 2011/430(COD).	
	vocational training, employment and social inclusion. They would reflect		
	the economic policy priorities identified in the European Council's		
	shared analysis of the economic situation in the Member States and the		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	euro area as such, and take into account the country-specific		
	recommendations.		
	24-25 October 2013:		
	- Interoperability and the re-use of public sector information		
	shall be promoted actively. EU legislation should be designed to facilitate		
	digital interaction between citizens and businesses and the public		
	authorities. Efforts should be made to apply the principle that		
	information is collected from citizens only once, in due respect of data protection rules.		
Innovation / European	24-25 October 2013:	Competitiveness Council 30 November - 1	20/04/2015 ERAC Opinion 1208/15
Research Area (ERA)	- Europe needs a better-coordinated use of tools such as grants,	December 2015:	on the European Research Area
,	pre-commercial public procurement and venture capital, and an	- Conclusions on research integrity	Roadmap 2015-2020.
European Research	integrated approach from research and innovation to market	(14853/15).	
Area (ERA)	deployment.	- Conclusions on advancing gender	
	- In order to obtain a full European Research Area by the end of	equality in the European Research Area	
	2014, it is important to accelerate structural reforms of national systems	(14846/15).	
	and to strengthen progress monitoring based on robust data provided	- Conclusions on the review of ERA	
	by Member States. - The progress report submitted by the Commission identifies	advisory structure (14875/15).	
	some areas which require more efforts; in particular, we must improve	Competitiveness Council 28-29 May	
	the mobility and career prospects of researchers through adequate	2015: - Endorsed the ERA roadmap for	
	pensions solutions, transnational access to research infrastructures and	2015-2020	
	open access to publicly funded research results and knowledge transfer	- Adopted <u>conclusions on the ERA</u>	
	as part of innovation strategies at national and European levels.	advisory structure	
		- Adopted <u>conclusions on open data-</u>	
	14-15 March 2013:	<u>intensive</u> and <u>networked</u> research.	
	- Looks forward to the presentation by the Commission of its		
	European Research Area progress report as well as its communication on the "State of the Innovation Union 2012".	Competitiveness Council 4-5 December	
	on the State of the innovation officin 2012.	2014: - Conclusions on progress made towards	
	18-19 October 2012:	the achievement of the European	
	- Calls for rapid progress on the proposed new programmes for	Research Area ERA.	
	research and innovation (Horizon 2020) and for the competitiveness of		
	enterprises and SMEs (COSME), stressing the importance of excellence		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	in EU research and innovation policies while promoting broad access to	European Research Area Progress Report	
	participants in all Member States.	2014 COM(2014) 575 of 15 September	
	- It reiterates the need to finalise the European Research Area by	2014. SWD (2014) 280.	
	the end of 2014 and stresses the importance of an integrated approach		
	to key enabling technologies.	Communication COM(2014)339 on	
	20 20 km2 2012.	research and innovation as sources of	
	28-29 June 2012: - The European Research Area must be strengthened, in	renewed growth. <u>SWD(2014)0181</u> State of the Innovation Union - Taking Stock	
	particular by improving support to R&D and investment opportunities	2010-2014, 10.06.2014.	
	for innovative start-ups and SMEs.	2010-2014, 10.00.2014.	
	101 IIIII OVALIVE STATE APS AND SIVIES.	Competitiveness Council 5 December	
	1-2 March 2012:	2014: adopted conclusions on the	
	- Completing the European Research Area by 2014; in this	progress towards the European Research	
	connection the European Council welcomed the Commission's intention	Area (ERA).	
	to propose an ERA framework in June 2012.	, ,	
		European Research Area Progress Report	
	4 February 2011:	2013 COM(2013) 637 of 20 September	
	- Europe needs a unified research area to attract talent and investment.	2013, SWD(2013) 333 final.	
	- Remaining gaps must therefore be addressed rapidly and the	Communication COM(2012)392 a	
	European Research Area completed by 2014 to create a genuine single	Reinforced European Research Area	
	market for knowledge, research and innovation.	Partnership for Excellence and Growth.	
		SWD(2012) 211 and SWD(2012) 212.	
		Competitiveness Council 21 February	
		<u>2014</u> :	
		Research and Innovation - Progress	
		towards the achievement of the	
		European Research Area:	
		- Conclusions on the progress made	
		towards the realisation of the European	
		Research Area (ERA) (6353/14).	
Innovation / European	24-25 October 2013:	European Research Area Progress Report	
Research Area (ERA)	- Improve the mobility and career prospects of researchers	2013 COM (2013) 637 of 20 September	
	through adequate pensions solutions, transnational access to research	2013. SWD (2013) 333.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Open Labour market for Researchers (incl. recruitment, career prospects and mobility)	infrastructures and open access to publicly funded research results and knowledge transfer as part of innovation strategies at national and European levels. 1-2 March 2012: Improve the mobility and career prospects of researchers, the mobility of graduate students and the attractiveness of Europe for foreign researchers. 4 February 2011: Improve the mobility and career prospects of researchers, the mobility of graduate students and the attractiveness of Europe for foreign researchers.	Scientific Visa Directive: Directive (EU) 2016/801 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 May 2016 on the conditions of entry and residence of third-country nationals for the purposes of research, studies, training, voluntary service, pupil exchange schemes or educational projects and au pairing, OJ L 132, 21.5.2016, p. 21–57 Procedure: 2013/0081 (COD). European Commission Communication COM(2008)0317 on better careers and more mobility: a European partnership for researchers, 23.05.2008,SEC(2008)1911 and SEC(2008)1912. European Parliament resolution of 12	
		March 2009 on better careers and more mobility: a European partnership for researchers (2008/2213(INI)).	
Innovation / European Research Area (ERA) Innovation Indicator	24-25 October 2013: - As requested, the Commission recently proposed a single Indicator of Innovation Output which should allow for better monitoring. 14-15 March 2013: - Looked forward to the presentation by the Commission of its European Research Area progress report as well as its communication on the "State of the Innovation Union 2012", including the single innovation indicator, in time for the October meeting.	Commission proposal COM(2013)624 measuring innovation output in Europe: towards a new indicator, 09/09/2013 , SWD(20130325, 13/09/2013.	
	 4 February 2011: Called for the implementation of a strategic and integrated approach to boosting innovation and taking full advantage of Europe's 		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 intellectual capital, to the benefit of citizens, companies - in particular SMEs - and researchers. It invited the Commission to quickly develop a single integrated indicator to allow a better monitoring of progress in innovation. 		
European Innovation Partnership	4 February 2011: - Europe's expertise and resources must be mobilized in a coherent manner and synergies between the EU and the Member States must be fostered in order to ensure that innovations with a societal benefit get to the market quicker. Joint programming should be developed. The launch of the pilot Innovation Partnership on active and healthy ageing is an important step in that context. Regular monitoring by the Council will be necessary in order to reach long term objectives as well as concrete goals to be fixed year by year. The Council will take the necessary political decisions on future Innovation Partnerships before they are launched.	Competitiveness Council 26.5.2014 European Innovation Partnerships: The Presidency and the Commission reported to the Council on the state of play regarding the European Innovation Partnerships (EIPs). At an informal meeting in Athens on 13 May, Research Ministers expressed wide support for the recommendations contained in a report drawn up by an independent group of experts with a view to improving the structure and functioning of EIPs. The Commission pledged to take full account of the expert group's findings and recommendations to see how the EIP concept can be further strengthened in the future (9992/14). COM(2010)2020 EUROPE 2020 A strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth. Communication COM(2010) 546 Europe 2020 Flagship Initiative Innovation Union. SEC(2010) 1161. EP Resolution 11/11/2010 on European Innovation Partnerships within the Innovation Union flagship initiative (2010/2927(RSP)).	Outriders of European competitiveness: European Innovation Partnerships (EIPs) as a Tool for Systemic Change, report of the Independent Expert Group / EC DG for Innovation and Research, 2014. For more information: European Commission > Innovation Union > European Innovation Partnership.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Intellectual Property/	4 February 2011:	The Commission has launched a	
European Research	- Private investment in innovative products and services to be	comprehensive analysis including an	
Area (ERA)	encouraged, in particular by improving framework conditions.	expert group and a feasibility study:	
	- In this regard, the Commission to explore options for setting up	1. The study <u>Creating a financial</u>	
Intellectual property	an intellectual property rights valorisation instrument at the European	marketplace for IPR in Europe, 2011;	
rights valorisation	level, in particular to ease SMEs' access to the knowledge market and to	2. The expert group's report on	
instrument	report back to the Council by the end of 2011.	Options for an EU instrument for patent	
		valorisation, 2012.	
		SWD(2012)458 final Towards enhanced	
		patent valorisation for growth and jobs,	
		21/12/2012.	
Innovation	24-25 October 2013:	Competitiveness Council 26-27 May	Research & Innovation - Open
iiiiovatioii	- In order to obtain a full European Research Area by the end of	2016:	science / EC website.
Research	2014, it is important to accelerate structural reforms of national systems	- adopted conclusions on the Transition	selence / Le Wessite.
infrastructures	and to strengthen progress monitoring based on robust data provided	towards an Open Science system.	European Strategy Forum on
	by Member States. The progress report submitted by the Commission	7	Research Infrastructures / ESFRI
	identifies some areas which require more efforts. In particular, we must	European Commission Decision C (2014)	website.
	improve the mobility and career prospects of researchers through	4995 Horizon 2020 Work Programme:	
	adequate pensions solutions, transnational access to research	European research infrastructures	See also the chapter on CSDP.
	infrastructures and open access to publicly funded research results and	(including e-Infrastructures), Revised, 22	
	knowledge transfer as part of innovation strategies at national and	July 2014.	8/05/2015 EU sets path for
	European levels.		ambitious European cooperation in
		Competitiveness Council 26/5/2014	defence and security.
		Pan-European research infrastructures:	
		- Conclusions in support of the	30/03/2015 A high-level group of
		implementation of the roadmap for the	personalities on defence research to
		European Strategy Forum on Research	advise the Commission was
		Infrastructures (ESFRI) (10257/14).	established by the Commission.
		Prioritisation of Support to ESFRI	
		Projects for Implementation / The	
		European Strategy Forum on Research	
		Infrastructures ESFRI 07.04.2014.	
Innovation / Funding	20-21 March 2014:	Horizon 2020:	Official Documents related to
			H2020/ EC website.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Horizon 2020 EU	- Through its budget, the European Union contributes to	European Commission Decision C (2014)	
Research and	industrial competitiveness. The best possible use should be made of EU	4995 of 22 July 2014 on Horizon 2020	COSME / European Commission
Innovation Programme	instruments such as Horizon 2020, the Connecting Europe Facility, the	Work Programme: European research	website.
	European Structural and Investment Funds and COSME as well as	infrastructures (including e-	
COSME	market-based and other innovative financial instruments to support	Infrastructures), Revised.	
	competitiveness and access of SMEs to finance. In this context, smart		
	specialisation should be promoted at all levels, including through the	Communication COM (2013)0494 on	
	efficient use of public investment in research. This will facilitate contacts	public-private partnerships in Horizon	
	between firms and clusters and improve access to innovative	2020: a powerful tool to deliver on	
	technologies.	innovation and growth in Europe.	
	19-20 December 2013:	Regulation (EU) No 1291/2013 of the	
	- Welcomes the Commission's intention to evaluate how the	European Parliament and of the Council	
	results under Horizon 2020 could also benefit defence and security	of 11 December 2013 establishing	
	industrial capabilities. It invites the Commission and the European	Horizon 2020 - the Framework	
	Defence Agency to work closely with Member States to develop	Programme for Research and Innovation	
	proposals to stimulate further dual use research. A Preparatory Action	(2014-2020) and repealing Decision No	
	on CSDP-related research will be set up, while seeking synergies with	1982/2006/EC	
	national research programmes whenever possible.	Procedure: 2011/0401(COD).	
	24-25 October 2013:	Council Regulation (Euratom) No	
	- The 2010 Innovation Union flagship initiative provides a	1314/2013 of 16 December 2013 on the	
	number of valuable instruments which, combined with financing	Research and Training Programme of the	
	programmes, such as Competitiveness of Enterprises and SMEs (COSME)	European Atomic Energy Community	
	and Horizon 2020, including the Risk-Sharing Finance Facility, can	(2014-2018) complementing the Horizon	
	support innovation and its impact on the market.	2020 Framework Programme for	
	- The role of the Union's budget in providing opportunities to	Research and Innovation.	
	SMEs is crucial. In this context, the European Council welcomes the	Procedure: 2011/0400(NLE).	
	agreement on the COSME and Horizon 2020 programmes and points out		
	that their implementation is a matter of priority. It also encourages the	Regulation (EU) No 1290/2013 of the	
	legislator to work swiftly on the proposed legislation on long-term	European Parliament and of the Council	
	investment funds with a view to its adoption before the end of the	of 11 December 2013 laying down the	
	legislative period.	rules for participation and dissemination	
	27-28 June 2013:	in "Horizon 2020 - the Framework	
	- The MFF will play a crucial role in supporting the economy, by	Programme for Research and Innovation	
	acting as a catalyst for growth and jobs across Europe and leveraging		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	productive and human capital investments. The European Council called	(2014-2020)" and repealing Regulation	
	for the rapid formal adoption of the MFF Regulation and the associated	(EC) No 1906/2006.	
	Interinstitutional Agreement. In this connection the European Council	Procedure: <u>2011/0399(COD)</u> .	
	also welcomed the agreements reached on new programmes such as	Council decision 2013/743/EU of 3	
	ERASMUS, COSME, Horizon 2020 and the Employment and Social	December 2013 establishing the specific	
	Innovation programme. The European Council stressed the importance	programme implementing Horizon 2020	
	of: ()	- the Framework Programme for	
	- rapidly implementing the Structural Funds as well as the	Research and Innovation (2014-2020)	
	programmes for the competitiveness of enterprises and SMEs (COSME)	and repealing Decisions 2006/971/EC,	
	and for research and innovation (Horizon 2020), which have a particular	2006/972/EC, 2006/973/EC,	
	importance in the context of supporting SMEs.	2006/974/EC and 2006/975/.	
		Procedure: 2011/0402(CNS).	
	<u>18-19 October 2012:</u>		
	- Promoting research and innovation: it is important to ensure	Regulation (EU) No 1292/2013 of the	
	that research and innovation are translated into competitive gains. The	European Parliament and of the Council	
	European Council calls for rapid progress on the proposed new	of 11 December 2013 amending	
	programmes for research and innovation (Horizon 2020) and for the	Regulation (EC) No 294/2008	
	competitiveness of enterprises and SMEs (COSME), stressing the	establishing the European Institute of	
	importance of excellence in EU research and innovation policies while	Innovation and Technology.	
	promoting broad access to participants in all Member States. It	Procedure: <u>2011/0384(COD)</u> .	
	reiterates the need to finalise the European Research Area by the end of		
	2014 and stresses the importance of an integrated approach to key	Decision No 1312/2013/EU of the	
	enabling technologies.	European Parliament and of the Council	
		of 11 December 2013 on the Strategic	
	28-29 June 2012:	Innovation Agenda of the European	
	- Efforts must continue in order to ensure that research efforts	Institute of Innovation and Technology	
	are swiftly translated into innovations meeting market demands and	(EIT): the contribution of the EIT to a	
	thus strengthen Europe's competitiveness and help respond to societal	more innovative Europe.	
	challenges. The European Research Area must be strengthened, in	Procedure: 2011/0387(COD).	
	particular by improving support to R&D and investment opportunities		
	for innovative start-ups and SMEs. The future programme for the	Communication COM (2011) 808 on	
	competitiveness of enterprises and SMEs (COSME) and the Horizon 2020	Horizon 2020 - The Framework	
	programme will help innovative SMEs access financing.	Programme for Research and Innovation.	
	4 February 2011:		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 Information about publicly financed R&D should be better disseminated, whilst respecting intellectual property rights, notably through the establishment of an inventory of EU-funded R&D, linked to similar inventories of R&D programmes funded at national level. At national level, Member States recall their willingness to devote at least 50% of ETS revenue to finance climate-related action, including innovative projects. They should also improve the use of existing Structural Funds allocated to research and innovation projects. It is crucial that EU instruments aimed at fostering R&D&I be simplified in order to facilitate their take-up by the best scientists and the most innovative companies, in particular by agreeing between the relevant institutions a new balance between trust and control and between risk taking and risk avoidance. The Commission is invited to make proposals by the end of the year, ensuring that the full range of research and innovation financing instruments work together within a common strategic framework. The development of financing mechanisms adequate for the financing of major European projects that are important drivers for research and innovation should be explored. 	Impact Assessment SEC(2011)1427, 30/11/2011, summary SEC(2011)1428 and annexes SEC(2011)1427. COSME: Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2013 establishing a Programme for the Competitiveness of Enterprises and small and medium-sized enterprises (COSME) (2014 - 2020) and repealing Decision No 1639/2006/EC, OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 33–49. Procedure: 2011/0394/COD.	
Innovation / Funding Venture Capital	24-25 October 2013: - Europe needs a better-coordinated use of tools such as grants, pre-commercial public procurement and venture capital, and an integrated approach from research and innovation to market deployment. 18-19 October 2012: - Progress has been made on the Single Market Act I, but more efforts are required to complete work on the outstanding proposals including on accounting, professional qualifications, public procurement and venture capital funds. 28-29 June 2012: - Acknowledges the important progress that has already been achieved on the measures which are part of the first Single Market Act, including the adoption of the proposal on standardisation and the agreement reached in the Council on the proposals on accounting,	Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and the Council COM(2016)0461 final on amending Regulation (EU) No 345/2013 on European venture capital funds and Regulation (EU) No 346/2013 on European social entrepreneurship funds. Procedure: 2016/0221 (COD). Regulation (EU) No 345/2013 on European venture capital funds OJ L 115 25.04.2013, p. 1. Impact Assessment SWD(2011)1515 Procedure 2011/417(COD). Regulation (EU) No 346/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	venture capital and social entrepreneurship funds and alternative dispute resolution and online dispute resolution. - The action of the European Investment Fund should be developed, particularly as regards its venture capital activity, in liaison with existing national structures.	of 17 April 2013 on European social entrepreneurship funds OJ L 115, 25.4.2013, p. 18–38 Procedure 2011/0418(COD).	
	 1-2 March 2012: Calls for further progress in creating an effective EU-wide venture capital regime, including an "EU passport", a financing scheme in support of innovative SMEs, considering a "fund of funds" to provide cross-border risk capital and making more effective use of precommercial public procurement to support innovative and high-tech businesses. 		
	4 February 2011: - Every effort should be pursued to lift remaining legal and administrative obstacles to the cross-border operation of venture capital. The Commission is invited to present proposals by the end of 2011 on:		
	 a) putting in place an EU-wide venture capital scheme building on the European Investment Fund and other relevant financial institutions and in cooperation with national operators; b) scaling up the Risk Sharing Finance Facility; c) assessing how best to meet the needs of fast growing innovative companies through a market-based approach. In this connection the Commission is also invited to explore the feasibility of a Small Business Innovation Research Scheme. 		

IV. European Energy and Climate Policy

Analytical Summary

Main commitments

The <u>Paris Agreement</u> adopted under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) in December 2015 sent a strong signal of global commitment towards a low-carbon future. The agreement, which establishes a new climate regime from 2020 onwards, aims to limit global warming to well below 2 degrees Celsius and to pursue efforts to hold the temperature rise at 1.5 degrees above pre-industrial levels.

In response to the challenges posed by climate change, EU Heads of State or Government have currently committed to a long-term reduction in EU greenhouse gas emissions by 80-95 per cent by 2050 compared with 1990 levels. The current targets to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, enhance energy efficiency and increase the share of renewable energy consumed are part of the EU2020 Strategy for Smart Sustainable and Inclusive Growth, which was endorsed by the European Council in June 2010. The objectives applicable from 2020 are set in the 2030 European climate and energy policy framework, and were agreed by the European Council in October 2014.

The creation of a resilient European Energy Union, with a holistic approach to the challenges facing EU climate and energy policy, was one of the key priorities of the European Council in the Strategic Agenda it adopted in June 2014. The European Commission subsequently presented an Energy Union with a forward-looking climate change policy as one of its priorities. In February 2015, the Energy Union framework strategy was launched, including three Commission communications: a framework strategy, a communication on the Paris Protocol and a communication on achieving the 10% electricity interconnection target. The five interlinked and mutually reinforcing dimensions of the Energy Union include: decarbonisation of the economy; further integration of the European internal energy market; increased energy efficiency and moderation of energy demand; strengthened energy security; and the external dimension of the EU's energy policy. All of these are long-standing priorities for EU energy policy. Innovation and research in low-carbon technologies have gained in importance in the Energy Union strategy. In March 2015, the European Council committed to building a European Energy Union based on the Commission's strategy.

State of play

The European Council addressed issues of energy and climate policy twice during 2015 and so far once during 2016. The broader strategic statements of the European Council were accompanied by more specific objectives and operational goals on concrete policy issues requiring actions by other institutions or Member States. Moreover, the European Council committed itself to giving guidance and to monitoring the implementation of

the Energy Union. In this regard, the Commission has tabled several proposals and launched further initiatives. It assessed progress made in the first annual report on the <u>state of the Energy Union</u> presented in 18 November 2015. According to the <u>updated roadmap</u>, 2016 will be the main year for delivery. The European Parliament gave its opinion on all five dimensions of the Energy Union in a <u>resolution on the Energy Union</u> adopted on 15 December 2015.

An ambitious climate policy and decarbonisation of the economy

The Paris Agreement was opened for signature on 22 April 2016 and signed on the same day by 175 parties, including the European Union. The European Council has encouraged the European Union and the Member States to ratify the agreement quickly; it will enter into force after ratification by at least 55 parties representing at least 55 per cent of global greenhouse gas emissions¹. Together with previous ratifications, which include some of the biggest greenhouse gas emitters, such as the United States and China, the EU level ratification will contribute to the entry into force of the agreement before the COP 22 meeting in Marrakech from 7 to 18 November 2016.

Following the adoption of the Paris Agreement, the European Council requested that the Council and the Commission assess its implications for the EU's policies. Subsequently, the Commission published a communication entitled 'The Road from Paris'. At their meeting of March 2016, Heads of State or Government underlined the importance of implementing the 2030 energy and climate policy framework as a matter of priority and invited the Commission to proceed swiftly with the remaining measures.

The most important EU level instruments to achieve the 2030 binding EU target of at least 40 per cent domestic reduction in greenhouse gas emissions by 2030 compared to 1990 are the EU Emission Trading System (ETS), covering industries and power sectors, and the proposed 'Effort Sharing Regulation' for the non-ETS sectors such as buildings, transport and waste. In the October 2014 conclusions, when the European Council agreed on the 2030 European climate and energy policy framework, it also gave detailed guidance on how to achieve the reduction targets of the ETS and non-ETS sectors as well as a method for sharing the effort. A Commission proposal to review the EU ETS system was presented in July 2015. It was followed by two proposals presented in July 2016 on binding annual greenhouse gas emissions reductions by Member States from 2021 to 2030 and on the inclusion of greenhouse gas emissions and removals from land use, land use change and forestry into the 2030 climate and energy framework. All three proposals are currently being considered by the co-legislators under the ordinary legislative procedure. Together with the strategy on low-emission mobility, they contribute to the implementation of the 2030 climate and energy policy framework and seek to ensure

¹ Since this publication was drafted, the EU deposited its instrument of ratification on 5 October 2016 following the European Parliament's consent on 4 October 2016. The agreement is due to enter into force on 4 November.

that the EU and its Member States meet the commitments under the Paris Agreement on climate change. The Commission has scheduled several initiatives with the aim of further accelerating the transition to a low-carbon and circular economy before the end of 2016.

Energy Efficiency

The European Council has repeatedly highlighted energy efficiency and deployment of renewable energies as being important to facilitating any move further away from an economy driven by fossil fuels. According to the Energy Union Strategy, energy efficiency, which contributes to all five dimensions of the Energy Union and represents the value of energy saved, should be treated as an energy source in its own right. The EU leaders have urged Member States to implement the measures on energy efficiency in order to meet the 2020 target, paving the way for the EU level target of at least 27 per cent improvement in energy efficiency by 2030, to be reviewed by 2020. The European Council has also called upon Member States to ensure investment opportunities, which are a prerequisite for improvements in energy efficiency. Energy efficiency features in many of the initiatives already presented, or that are ongoing, concerning the Energy Union. The heating and cooling strategy launched by the Commission on 16 February 2016 is one such example. Several others are expected during 2016, such as the review of the Energy Efficiency Directive.

Research, innovation and competitiveness

Research and innovation are cross-cutting elements among the five dimensions of the Energy Union which form the cornerstones in transforming energy systems and in responding to climate and energy challenges. Further development and deployment of new technology has the potential for increasing competitiveness, creating new business opportunities, fostering growth and bringing benefits to consumers. The European Council called (in March and in December 2015) for the development of an integrated energy and climate related strategy for research, innovation and competitiveness as provided for by the Energy Union framework. In the <u>State of the Energy Union 2015</u> report, the Commission announced that the 2016 report would include an integrated strategy on research, innovation and competitiveness.

Internal Energy Market

The challenge of harmonising the fragmented energy markets of the Member States is one of the five dimensions of the Energy Union. A long-term goal of the European Council has been to complete the internal energy market by ending the energy isolation of certain Member States and increasing interconnectivity. Since the introduction of the Energy Union strategy, a number of initiatives have connected previously isolated energy markets and created new opportunities for regional co-operation in both gas and electricity markets. The <u>communication on electricity market design</u>, launched in July 2015, and the subsequent public consultation on the elements of the new market design

seek to facilitate integration of renewable energies and offer a wider choice as well as a more active role for consumers, households and business alike. They will contribute to forthcoming legislative and non-legislative proposals. Parliament's <u>resolution</u> of 13 September 2016 outlined its position regarding a new energy market design.

Energy security and external energy policy

Over the years, issues related to energy security have been a matter of priority for EU leaders. Due to increased concerns over potential disruptions to gas supplies, the need for a European Energy Security Strategy (EESS) has been raised several times at European Council level in 2014. The strategy, which aims to advance solidarity and cooperation between Member States in managing energy security challenges, forms an essential component of the 2030 climate and energy framework and of Energy Union. The State of the Energy Union report included an implementation report on the EU Energy Security Strategy. In February 2016, the Commission presented an energy security package, which included the following four initiatives, several of them relating to priorities highlighted by the European Council: a revision of the regulation on Security of Gas Supply, a revision of the Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) Decision, a strategy for liquefied natural gas (LNG) and storage, and a strategy for heating and cooling. Subsequently the European Council endorsed the energy security package in March 2016 and invited the co-legislators to rapidly advance on the proposals.

Energy security and energy supply are at the heart of the external dimension of the EU's energy policy, even more so following changes in the geopolitical environment affecting the stability of energy producing countries in the EU's neighbourhood. In recent years, the European Council has repeatedly highlighted the cogent link between internal and external energy markets, and the potential for co-operation between the Member States to create a more coordinated EU external energy policy. In March 2015, in the context of the Energy Union, the European Council paid attention to some of the key aspects of the external energy policy. It underlined the links between neighbourhood countries and the EU's concerns over security of supply and highlighted the usage of foreign policy instruments in order to act together in relations with strategic energy partners and major energy suppliers. Along the same lines, the <u>Foreign Affairs Council laid down the cornerstones for energy diplomacy</u> in July 2015.

Main challenges and outlook

The European Council has encouraged the EU and its Member States to ratify the Paris Agreement as soon as possible. Similarly, as indicated in the European Council conclusions of March 2016, implementation of the 2030 climate and energy policy framework is a matter of priority in terms of follow-up to the Paris Agreement. The implementation and governance of the Energy Union, which builds on the 2030 climate and energy framework, will equally be among the upcoming challenges. Overall, one of the main challenges in this policy sector is to find common ground among Member

States despite their sometimes diverse national interests concerning energy and climate issues due to energy mix, industrial structure, energy intensity of their economies and their capacity to deploy renewable energy.

The European Council has committed to keep track and give further guidance on both the Energy Union and on the 2030 climate and energy policy framework. The informal meeting of Heads of State or Government held on 16 September 2016 in Bratislava started a reflection process on the common future of EU27 which is due to be completed by March 2017, which marks the 60th anniversary of the Rome Treaties. The Bratislava Declaration, which includes a roadmap of objectives and measures for the coming months refers, in the context of other single market strategies, to an Energy Union progress review in spring 2017.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
IV.1. Climate and E	nergy		
Strategic Agenda for the Union in Times of Change (Annex to EUCO conclusions 26-27.06.2014) Towards an Energy Union with a forward-looking climate policy	 26-27 June 2014: To ensure our energy future is under full control, we want to build an Energy Union aiming at affordable, secure and sustainable energy. Energy efficiency is essential. Energy and climate policies for the upcoming five years must focus on: affordable energy for companies and citizens: by moderating energy demand thanks to enhanced energy efficiency; by completing our integrated energy market; by finding ways to increase the Union's bargaining power; by increasing transparency on the gas market; by stimulating research, development and the industrial European base in the energy field; secure energy for all our countries: by speeding up the diversification of energy supply and routes, including through renewable, safe and sustainable and other indigenous energy sources, as a means to reduce energy dependency, notably on a single source or supplier; by developing the necessary infrastructure such as interconnections; by providing private and public actors with the right planning framework so they can take mid- to long-term investment decisions; green energy: by continuing to lead the fight against global warming ahead of the United Nations COP 2015 meeting in Paris and beyond, including by setting ambitious 2030 targets that are fully in line with the agreed EU objective for 2050. 	A New Start for Europe: My Agenda for Jobs, Growth, Fairness and Democratic Change Political Guidelines for the next European Commission: Opening Statement in the European Parliament Plenary Session, Candidate for President of the European Commission, Strasbourg, 15 July 2014/ Jean-Claude Juncker (pp. 5-6, A Resilient Energy Union with a Forward-Looking Climate Change Policy).	See also the section on Energy Union.
Climate and Energy Energy Union	16 September 2016: - Economic and social development, youth Objective: Create a promising economic future for all, safeguard our way of life and provide better opportunities for youth. Concrete measures () b) Spring 2017 European Council: review progress as regards delivering on	Towards a European energy union 2015/2113(INI). The annual reports on the state of the Energy Union 2015 includes a Commission Communication and a package of	See also the sections on climate and energy policies.
	the different Single Market strategies (including Digital Single Market, Capital Markets Union, Energy Union). ()	documents on key issues: <u>Commission Communication COM(2015)</u> <u>572 State of the Energy Union 2015</u>	

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	28 June 2016:	SWD (2015) 208, SWD (2015) 209, SWD	
	- Delivering a deeper and fairer Single Market will be instrumental in	(2015) 217 à 243.	
	creating new jobs, promoting productivity and ensuring an attractive	SWD (2015) 249 Energy Consumer Trends	
	climate for investment and innovation. This requires a renewed focus	2010 - 2015.	
	across Europe. The European Council calls for the different Single Market		
	strategies, including on energy, and action plans proposed by the	Communication COM(2015)0610 final	
	Commission to be completed and implemented by 2018.	Commission Work Programme 2016 No	
		time for business as usual.	
	<u>17-18 March 2016:</u>		
	- The European Council welcomes the submission by the Commission of	Transport, Telecommunications and	
	the package on energy security as well as of the Communication "Road	Energy Council 8 June 2015: adopted	
	from Paris". It encourages the legislators to proceed with work on the	conclusions on the implementation of the	
	proposals to reinforce the EU energy security as a matter of priority on	energy union.	
	the basis of its previous conclusions and the relevant strategies endorsed		
	by the European Council. It also recalled the importance of a fully-	Communication COM(2014)910 on	
	functioning and interconnected energy market. Based on the Climate	Commission Work Programme 2015, A	
	Communication, it underlines the EU's commitment to reduce	New Start.	
	greenhouse gas emissions domestically and to increase the share of		
	renewable energies and improve energy efficiency as agreed by the	Commission Communication	
	European Council in October 2014. Adapting the legislation in order to	COM(2015)80 a Framework Strategy for a	
	implement this framework remains a priority. The European Council	Resilient Energy Union with a Forward-	
	invites the Commission to rapidly present all the remaining relevant	Looking Climate Change Policy.	
	proposals to this end so as to swiftly engage the legislative process. The	Annex 1: Roadmap for the Energy Union,	
	European Council looks forward to the signature of the Paris Agreement	COM(205)80	
	in New York on 22 April and underlines the need for the European Union		
	and its Member States to be able to ratify the Paris Agreement as soon as	Commission Communication	
	possible and on time so as to be Parties as of its entry into force.	COM(2015)81 final on the Paris Protocol –	
	17.10 December 2015.	A blueprint for tackling global climate	
	17-18 December 2015:	change beyond 2020.	
	- The European Council assessed progress in building the Energy Union	SWD(2015) 17 final.	
	with a forward-looking climate policy in all its dimensions. In this	Annex 1: Background information on EU	
	context, it calls for: a) swift submission of the relevant legislative proposals in line with its	and emission profiles largest global emitters.	
	 a) swift submission of the relevant legislative proposals in line with its previous guidance; 	ennitiers.	
	previous guidance,	Commission Communication COM(2015)	
		82 final on achieving the 10% electricity	
		oz miai on acmeving the 10% electricity	

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 b) full implementation of the legislation on renewable energy, energy-efficiency and other measures, such as improved investment opportunities, in order to meet the 2020 target; c) preparation of an integrated strategy for research, innovation and competitiveness; d) swift implementation of projects of common interest and optimal use of infrastructure for the benefit of a fully-functioning and interconnected market and energy security. Any new infrastructure should entirely comply with the Third Energy Package and other applicable EU legislation as well as with the objectives of the Energy Union. 	interconnection target: making Europe's electricity grid fit for 2020. Annexes 1 and 2: Projects co-funded by the European Energy Programme for Recovery (EEPR) and PCI's increasing capacity in the Member States below 10%.	
	 19 -20 March 2015: The EU is committed to building an Energy Union with a forward-looking climate policy on the basis of the Commission's framework strategy, whose five dimensions are closely interrelated and mutually reinforcing (energy security, solidarity and trust; a fully integrated European energy market; energy efficiency contributing to moderation of demand; decarbonising the economy; and research, innovation and competitiveness). The EU institutions and the Member States will take work forward and the Council will report to the European Council before December. The European Council will continue to give guidance. While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Energy Union, today, the European Council focused on some of the aspects and called for: e) accelerating infrastructure projects, including interconnections in particular to peripheral regions, for electricity and gas to ensure energy security and a well-functioning internal energy market; f) fully implementing and rigorously enforcing existing energy legislation; g) reinforcing the legislative framework for the security of supply for electricity and gas; energy security can also be strengthened by robust grids, increased energy efficiency and having recourse to indigenous resources as well as safe and sustainable low 		

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	h) ensuring full compliance with EU law of all agreements related to		
	the buying of gas from external suppliers, notably by reinforcing transparency of such agreements and compatibility with EU		
	energy security provisions. As regards commercial gas supply		
	contracts, the confidentiality of commercially sensitive		
	information needs to be guaranteed;		
	i) assessing options for voluntary demand aggregation mechanisms		
	in full compliance with WTO and EU competition rules;		
	j) developing a more effective, flexible market design which should		
	go together with enhanced regional cooperation, including with		
	neighbouring countries, and help integrate renewables, while		
	ensuring that public intervention is compatible with the internal		
	market and that the right of Member States to decide on their own energy mix is respected. This will help provide affordable		
	energy to households and industry;		
	k) reviewing and developing legislation related to emissions		
	reduction, energy-efficiency and renewables to underpin the		
	agreed 2030 targets; developing a reliable and transparent		
	governance system;		
	developing an energy and climate-related technology and		
	innovation strategy, including for example on the next		
	generation of renewables, on electricity storage and carbon		
	capture and storage, on improving energy efficiency in the		
	housing sector as well as on sustainable transport; m) using all external policy instruments to establish strategic energy		
	m) using all external policy instruments to establish strategic energy partnerships with increasingly important producing and transit		
	countries, notably with a view to promoting energy security,		
	while ensuring that the sovereignty and sovereign rights of		
	Member States to explore and develop their natural resources		
	are safeguarded.		
	- The European Council supports a strong coordinated action through an		
	active European climate diplomacy ahead of the COP21 in Paris, in line		
	with the ambitious objective fixed by the October 2014 European		
	Council, as reflected in the contribution submitted recently by the EU		
	and its Member States. It urges all parties in a position to do so,		
	including major economies, to submit their contributions by the end of		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	March. It is also necessary to intensify work on solutions for financing, technology transfer and capacity-building, which are key issues in view of an ambitious agreement in Paris.		
	 18 December 2014: Calls on the Commission to present a comprehensive Energy Union proposal well ahead of the March 2015 European Council. The European Council will take regular stock of the implementation of the above-mentioned orientations. 		
Climate and Energy	20-21 March 2014: - The European Council assessed the implementation of the Europe 2020	Europe 2020: Environment Council 28.10.2014:	
Europe 2020 Flagship initiative: A resource-efficient Europe	Strategy on the basis of the Commission communication. - The European Council calls for stepping up efforts to reach the Europe 2020 targets and looks forward to the planned review of the EU 2020 Strategy in 2015.	- Adopted conclusions on Greening the European Semester and the Europe 2020 Strategy - mid-term review. COM(2014) 130 final Taking stock of the	
Luiope	 28-29 June 2012: Calls for rapid progress on the low carbon 2050 strategy and on the implementation of the roadmap towards a resource-efficient Europe. 	Europe 2020 strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth, 5.3.2014.	
	 25-26 March 2010: The EU needs a new strategy, based on an enhanced coordination of economic policies, in order to deliver more growth and jobs. Following the Commission's communication "Europe 2020: a strategy for smart, 	Commission Communication COM(2010)2020 final EUROPE 2020 A strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth, 3.3.2010.	
	sustainable and inclusive growth" and the discussions held in the Council, the European Council agreed on the following elements of this new strategy, which will be formally adopted in June. () - The Commission will further develop and submit to the Council the actions it proposes to take at the EU level, notably through the flagship	A resource-efficient Europe: European Parliament resolution of 24 May 2012 on a resource-efficient Europe (2011/2068(INI)).	
	initiatives.	Communication COM (2011)21 A resource-efficient Europe – Flagship initiative under the Europe 2020 Strategy.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Climate and Energy	<u>17-18 March 2016:</u>	Communication COM(2016)500	
	- The European Council welcomes the Communication "Road from Paris".	Accelerating Europe's transition to a low-	
Climate and Energy	Based on the Climate Communication, it underlines the EU's commitment	carbon economy - communication	
Policy Framework 2030	to reduce greenhouse gas emissions domestically and to increase the share	accompanying measures under the Energy	
	of renewable energies and improve energy efficiency as agreed by the	Union Framework Strategy: legislative	
Low Carbon Strategy	European Council in October 2014. Adapting the legislation in order to	proposal on binding annual greenhouse	
2050	implement this framework remains a priority. The European Council invites	gas emissions reductions by Member	
	the Commission to rapidly present all the remaining relevant proposals to	States from 2021 to 2030, legislative	
	this end so as to swiftly engage the legislative process. ()	proposal on the inclusion of greenhouse	
		gas emissions and removals from land use,	
	<u>17-18 December 2015:</u>	land use change and forestry into the	
	- The European Council welcomes the historic outcome reached in Paris	2030 climate and energy framework and	
	where the world adopted the first-ever global and legally-binding	communication on a European Strategy	
	climate agreement with the aim of keeping the global warming well	for low-emission mobility.	
	below 2°C and continuing efforts to limit it to 1.5°C. It invites the	SWD(2016)247, SWD(2016)248.	
	Commission and the Council to assess the results of COP21 by March		
	2016, in particular in view of the 2030 climate and energy framework	Commission Communication	
	and to prepare the next steps.	COM(2016)501 final on a European	
		Strategy for Low-Emission Mobility	
	23-24 October 2014:	SWD (2016)244.	
	- 2030 climate and energy policy framework for the EU was agreed.		
		Commission report COM(2016)483 on	
	Targets in brief:	evaluating the implementation of Decision	
	- Binding EU level target of at least 40 % domestic reduction in	No. 406/2009/EC pursuant to its Article	
	greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by 2030 compared to 1990.	14.	
	- Binding EU level target for the share of renewable energy is set to	SWD(2016)251.	
	at least 27 % of energy consumed in EU in 2030.		
	- Indicative EU level target of improving energy efficiency is set to at	<u>Proposal for a Regulation of the European</u>	
	least 27 % in 2030 compared to projections of future consumption	Parliament and the Council COM(2016)	
	based on current criteria.	482 final on binding annual greenhouse	
		gas emission reductions by Member	
	- Completion of internal energy market: accomplishing the electricity	States from 2021 to 2030 for a resilient	
	interconnection target (10%) and connecting so called energy	Energy Union and to meet commitments	
	islands to rest of the internal energy market.	under the Paris Agreement and amending	
		Regulation No 525/2013 of the European	
		Parliament and the Council on a	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- EU will submit its contribution, at the latest by the first quarter of 2015,	mechanism for monitoring and reporting	
	in line with the timeline agreed by the UNFCCC in Warsaw for the	greenhouse gas emissions and other	
	conclusion of a global climate agreement.	information relevant to climate change.	
	- All countries are called to come forward with ambitious targets and	Procedure: <u>2016/0231 (COD)</u> .	
	policies well in advance of the Conference of the Parties (COP21) in Paris.		
	EUCO will revert to this issue after the Paris Conference.	<u>Proposal for a Regulation of the European</u>	
	- All elements of the framework will be kept under review and EUCO will	Parliament and the Council	
	continue to give strategic orientations as appropriate, notably with	COM(2016)0479 final on the inclusion of	
	respect to consensus on ETS, non-ETS, interconnections and energy	greenhouse gas emissions and removals	
	efficiency.	from land use, land use change and	
	- Commission will continue to have a regular dialogue with stakeholders.	forestry into the 2030 climate and energy	
		framework and amending Regulation No	
	GHG emissions reduction target:	525/2013 of the European Parliament and	
	- Binding EU target of an at least 40% domestic reduction in greenhouse	the Council on a mechanism for	
	gas emissions by 2030 compared to 1990 was endorsed. Target will be	monitoring and reporting greenhouse gas	
	delivered collectively by the EU in the most cost-effective manner	emissions and other information relevant	
	possible, with the reductions in the ETS and non-ETS sectors amounting	to climate change	
	to 43% and 30% by 2030 compared to 2005, respectively.	Procedure: <u>2016/0230 (COD)</u> .	
	- Reformed ETS system will be the main tool to achieve this target.		
	- In order to prevent risk of carbon leakage and to maintain international	Public consultation from 20/07/2016 to	
	competitiveness existing measures for free allocation of emission	28/10/2016 on the Revision of Regulation	
	allowances will continue after 2020, as long as no comparable efforts are	(EU) No 443/2009 and Regulation (EU) No	
	undertaken in other major economies. Benchmarks for free allocations	510/2011 setting CO2 emission	
	will be periodically reviewed.	performance standards for light duty	
	- Member States with GDP per capita below 60% of the average may opt	<u>vehicles.</u>	
	to continue free allocation to the energy sector up to 2030.		
	- NER300 facility will be renewed with the scope extended to low carbon	Consultation from 20/07/2016 to	
	innovation in industrial sectors and the initial endowment increased to	28/10/2016 on the preparation of	
	400 million allowances (NER400).	legislation on monitoring / reporting of	
	- New reserve of 2% of the EU ETS allowances will be set aside to address	Heavy-Duty Vehicle fuel consumption and	
	particularly high additional investment needs in low income Member	CO2 emissions.	
	States.		
	- 10% of the EU ETS allowances to be auctioned by the Member States will	General Affairs Council Conclusions 17-18	
	be distributed among those countries whose GDP per capita did not	December 2015:	
	exceed 90% of the EU average (in 2013). The rest of allowances will be	The shift towards a low-carbon economy:	
		the contribution of Cohesion Policy and	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	distributed among all Member States on the basis of verified emissions,	more generally of the European Structural	
	without reducing the share of allowances to be auctioned.	and Investment Funds (13701/15).	
	- Methodology to set the national reduction targets for the non-ETS		
	sectors, with all the elements as applied in the Effort Sharing Decision	The annual reports on the state of the	
	for 2020, will be continued until 2030, with efforts distributed on the	Energy Union 2015 include progress	
	basis of relative GDP per capita. All Member States will contribute to the	reports on climate action:	
	overall EU reduction in 2030 with the targets spanning from 0% to -40%	- COM(2015) 576 Climate action progress	
	compared to 2005.	report, including the report on the	
	- European Council invites Commission to further examine instruments	functioning of the European carbon	
	and measures for a comprehensive and technology neutral approach for	market and the report on the review of	
	the promotion of emissions reduction and energy efficiency in transport,	Directive 2009/31/EC on the geological	
	for electric transportation and for renewable energy sources in	storage of carbon dioxide. <u>SWD (2015)</u>	
	transport also after 2020.	<u>246</u> .	
	- Calls for a rapid adoption of the Directive laying down calculation	Function of 14	
	methods and reporting requirements pursuant to Directive 98/70/EC of	- European Parliament resolution of 14 October "Towards a new international	
	the European Parliament and of the Council relating to the quality of petrol and diesel fuels.		
	- Invites Commission to examine the best means of encouraging the	climate agreement in Paris" (2015/2112(INI)).	
	sustainable intensification of food production, while optimising the	(<u>2015/2112(INI)</u>).	
	sector's contribution to greenhouse gas mitigation and sequestration,	Economic and Financial Affairs Council 10	
	including through afforestation. Policy on how to include Land Use, Land	November 2015: Council Conclusions on	
	Use Change and Forestry into the 2030 greenhouse gas mitigation	climate finance.	
	framework will be established as soon as technical conditions allow and	cimate mance.	
	in any case before 2020.	Environment Council 18 September 2015	
	in any case serore 2020.	adopted conclusions establishing the EU's	
	26-27 June 2014:	position for the UN climate change	
	- The European Council took stock of progress made towards a final	conference in Paris in December 2015.	
	decision in October on the 2030 climate and energy framework in line		
	with its March 2014 conclusions.	Decision (EU) 2015/1814 of the European	
		Parliament and of the Council of 6	
	20-21 March 2014:	October 2015 concerning the	
	- Further improve coherence between greenhouse gas emissions	establishment and operation of a market	
	reduction, energy efficiency and the use of renewables and deliver the	stability reserve for the Union greenhouse	
	objectives for 2030 in a cost-effective manner, with a reformed	gas emission trading scheme and	
	Emissions Trading System playing a central role in this regard;	amending Directive 2003/87/EC	
		Procedure: <u>2014/0011(COD)</u> .	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 Develop a supportive EU framework for advancing renewable energies and ensure international competitiveness; Ensure security of energy supply for households and businesses at affordable and competitive prices; Provide flexibility for the Member States as to how they deliver their commitments in order to reflect national circumstances and respect their freedom to determine their energy mix. With a view to an early agreement on a new policy framework for energy and climate in the period 2020 to 2030, the European Council invites the Council and the Commission to continue work and rapidly develop the following elements: analyse the implications for individual Member States of the Commission's proposals for EU-wide targets for emission reductions and renewable energy; elaborate mechanisms which will result in an overall fair effort sharing and foster the modernisation of the energy sector; develop measures to prevent potential carbon leakage and call for long-term planning security for industrial investment in order to ensure the competitiveness of Europe's energy-intensive industries; review the Energy Efficiency Directive in a timely manner and develop an energy efficiency framework; The European Council will take stock of progress made on these issues at its meeting in June with a view to take a final decision no later than October 2014. 22 May 2013: Important to have a well-functioning carbon market and a predictable climate and energy policy framework post-2020 which is conducive to 	Proposal for a Directive COM(2015)0337 amending Directive 2003/87/EC to enhance cost-effective emission reductions and low-carbon investments. SWD (2015)136, SWD(2015)135. Procedure: 2015/0148(COD). Commission Communication COM(2015)81 on the Paris Protocol – A blueprint for tackling global climate change beyond 2020. SWD(2015) 17 final. Annex 1: Background information on EU and emission profiles largest global emitters. Transport, Telecommunication and Energy Council 09.12.2014 held a policy debate on the 2030 climate and energy framework as a follow-up to the October European Council meeting (16113/14). Environment Council 282014: - Adopted conclusions on Greening the European Semester and the Europe 2020 Strategy - mid-term review. Commission written consultation on post-	
	 mobilising private capital and to bringing down costs for energy investment. Welcomes the Commission's Green Paper on a 2030 framework for climate and energy policies and will return to this issue in March 2014, after the Commission comes forward with more concrete proposals, to discuss policy options in that regard, bearing in mind the objectives set for the COP 21 in 2015. 	2020 carbon leakage provisions 8.05.2014 - 31.7.2014. Communication COM(2014) 285 Strategy for reducing Heavy-Duty Vehicles' fuel consumption and CO2 emissions. SWD(2014) 159, SWD(2014)160.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 28-29 June 2012: Calls for rapid progress on the low carbon 2050 strategy and on the implementation of the roadmap towards a resource-efficient Europe. 9 December 2011: Calls for an agreement on the low-carbon 2050 strategy and thorough consideration of the forthcoming energy roadmap to 2050 which will provide a detailed analysis on long-term action in the energy sector and other related sectors. 4 February 2011: The EU and MS will promote investment in renewables and safe and sustainable low carbon technologies and focus on implementing the technology priorities established in the European Strategic Energy Technology Plan. The Commission is invited to table new initiatives on smart grids, including those linked to the development of clean vehicles, energy storage, sustainable bio fuels and energy saving solutions for cities. Looks forward to the elaboration of a low carbon 2050 strategy providing the framework for the longer term action in the energy and other related sectors. Reaching the EU objective, in the context of necessary reductions according to the IPCC by developed countries as a group, of reducing greenhouse gas emissions by 80-95% by 2050 compared to 1990 as agreed in October 2009 will require a revolution in energy systems, which must start now. Due consideration should be given to fixing intermediary stages towards reaching the 2050 objective; the European Council calls for rapid progress on the Low Carbon strategy and on the implementation of the roadmap towards a resource efficient Europe. 	Regulation (EU) No 517/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on fluorinated greenhouse gases and repealing Regulation (EC) No 842/2006 (OJ L 150, 20.5.2014, p. 195). Procedure: 2012/0305(COD). Regulation (EU) No 333/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2014 amending Regulation (EC) No 443/2009 to define the modalities for reaching the 2020 target to reduce CO 2 emissions from new passenger cars (OJ L 103, 5.4.2014, p. 15). Procedure: 2012/0190(COD). Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2014 of 4 March 2014 amending Regulation (EU) No 601/2012 as regards global warming potentials for non-CO 2 greenhouse gases (OJ L 65, 5.3.2014, p. 27). Commission Regulation (EU) No 176/2014 of 25 February 2014 amending Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010 in particular to determine the volumes of greenhouse gas emission allowances to be auctioned in 2013-20 (OJ L 56, 26.2.2014, p. 11). Resolution of EP of 5 February 2014 on a 2030 framework for climate and energy policies (2013/2135(INI)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament resolution of 14 January 2014 on implementation report	
		2013: developing and applying carbon	
		capture and storage technology in Europe	
		(2013/2079(INI)).	
		Communication COM(2014)15 A policy	
		framework for climate and energy in the	
		period from 2020 to 2030.	
		2014/70/EU: Commission	
		Recommendation of 22 January 2014 on	
		minimum principles for the exploration	
		and production of hydrocarbons (such as shale gas) using high-volume hydraulic	
		fracturing (OJ L 39, 8.2.2014, p. 72).	
		Communication COM(2014)23 on the	
		exploration and production of	
		hydrocarbons (such as shale gas) using high volume hydraulic fracturing in the	
		EU. SWD(2014)21, SWD(2014)22.	
		Decision No 1359/2013/EU of the	
		European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 amending Directive	
		2003/87/EC clarifying provisions on the	
		timing of auctions of greenhouse gas	
		allowances (OJ L 343, 19.12.2013, p. 1).	
		Population (FU) No F2F /2012 of the	
		Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of	
		21 May 2013 on a mechanism for	
		monitoring and reporting greenhouse gas	
		emissions and for reporting other	
		information at national and Union level	

Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		relevant to climate change and repealing	
		Decision No 280/2004/EC (OJ L 165, 18.6.2013, p. 13).	
		Procedure: 2011/0372(COD).	
		110cedure. <u>2011/0372(COD)</u> .	
		Communication COM(2013)216 An EU	
		Strategy on adaptation to climate change.	
		SWD(2013)131, SWD(2013)132,	
		SWD(2013)133, SWD(20130134,	
		SWD(2013)135, SWD(2013)136,	
		SWD(2013)137, SWD(2013)138,	
		SWD(2013)139.	
		Green Paper COM(2013)169 A 2030	
		framework for climate and energy	
		policies.	
		Communication COM/2012) 190 on the	
		Communication COM(2013) 180 on the Future of Carbon Capture and Storage in	
		Europe.	
		24.000	
		European Parliament resolution of 14	
		March 2013 on the Energy roadmap 2050,	
		a future with energy (2012/2103(INI)).	
		Communication COM(2011)885 Energy Roadmap 2050. SEC (2011)1565, SEC	
		(2011)1569.	
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
		Commission Communication	
		COM(2011)112 A Roadmap for moving to	
		a competitive low carbon economy in	
		2050. SEC (2011)287, SEC (2011)288, SEC	
		(2011)289.	
		Resolution of 15 March 2012 of the	
		Parliament on moving to a competitive	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		low carbon economy in 2050 (2011/2095(INI)).	
IV.2. Climate			
Climate / Environment	<u>25-26 March 2010:</u>	Environment Council 16 December 2015:	The Nagoya Protocol on The
Biodiversity	- The European Council is committed to the long term biodiversity 2050 vision and the 2020 target set out in the Council's conclusions of 15 March 2010.	- Conclusions on the mid-term review of the EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2020.	Nagoya Protocol on Access to Genetic Resources and the Fair Equitable Sharing of Benefits
		Mid-term review of the EU's biodiversity strategy 2015/2137(INI).	Arising from their Utilization, of the Convention on Biodiversity (CBD) entered into force 12 October
		Commission report COM(2015)0478 on the mid-term review of the EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2020. SWD(2015) 187.	2014.
		Environment Council 12.6.2014: Convention on Biological Diversity The Council adopted conclusions on the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD)	
		with a view to preparing for the three CBD related international meetings to be held in Pyeongchang (Republic of Korea) in	
		September and October 2014 (11075/14). Regulation (EU) No 511/2014 on	
		compliance measures for users from the Nagoya Protocol on Access to Genetic	
		Resources and the Fair and Equitable Sharing of Benefits Arising from their	
		Utilization in the Union (OJ L 150, 20/05/2014, p. 59).	
		Council Decision 2014/283/EU of the Nagoya Protocol on Access to Genetic	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Resources and the Fair and Equitable	
		Sharing of Benefits Arising from their Utilization to the Convention on Biological	
		Diversity (OJ L 150, 20/05/2014, p. 231).	
		2.000.000, (00 2 200, 20, 202 1, p. 202).	
		Regulation (EU) No 1143/2014 of the	
		European Parliament and of the Council of	
		22 October 2014 on the prevention and	
		management of the introduction and spread of invasive alien species (OJ L 317,	
		4.11.2014, p.35)	
		Procedure: 2013/0307 (COD).	
		European Parliament resolution of 20	
		April 2012 on our life insurance, our	
		natural capital: an EU biodiversity strategy to 2020 (2011/2307(INI)).	
		to 2020 (<u>2011/2307(INI)</u>).	
		Communication COM(2011)244 Our life	
		insurance, our natural capital: an EU	
		biodiversity strategy to 2020.	
		SEC(2011)540, SEC(2011)541.	
Climate	17-18 March 2016:	Environmental Council 20 June 2016:	Ratification rate of the Paris
	- The European Council looks forward to the signature of the Paris	- <u>Council statement</u> on the ratification of	Agreement / UNFCCC website .
International	Agreement in New York on 22 April and underlines the need for the	the Paris Agreement.	
negotiation process –	European Union and its Member States to be able to ratify the Paris	Dunmand for a Council Duti	
Darie	Agreement as soon as possible and on time so as to be Parties as of its entry into force.	Proposal for a Council Decision COM(2016)0395 on the conclusion on	
Paris Lima	into force.	behalf of the European Union of the Paris	
Warsaw	17-18 December 2015:	Agreement adopted under the United	
Doha	- The European Council welcomes the historic outcome reached in Paris	Nations Framework Convention on Climate	
Durban	where the world adopted the first ever global and legally-binding climate	Change	
Cancún	agreement with the aim of keeping the global warming well below 2°C	Procedure: <u>2016/0184 (NLE)</u> .	
Copenhagen	and continuing efforts to limit it to 1.5°C. It invites the Commission and		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	the Council to assess the results of COP21 by March 2016, in particular	Communication COM(2016)0110 The Road	
	in view of the 2030 climate and energy framework and to prepare the	from Paris: assessing the implications of	
	next steps.	the Paris Agreement and accompanying	
		the proposal for a Council decision on the	
	<u>19 -20 March 2015:</u>	signing, on behalf of the European Union,	
	- The European Council supports a strong coordinated action through an	of the Paris agreement adopted under the	
	active European climate diplomacy ahead of the COP21 in Paris, in line	United Nations Framework Convention on	
	with the ambitious objective fixed by the October 2014 European	Climate Change.	
	Council, as reflected in the contribution submitted recently by the EU		
	and its Member States. It urges all parties in a position to do so, including	Foreign Affairs Council 15 February 2015:	
	major economies, to submit their contributions by the end of March. It	Council Conclusions on <u>European climate</u>	
	is also necessary to intensify work on solutions for financing, technology	diplomacy after COP21.	
	transfer and capacity-building, which are key in reaching an ambitious		
	agreement in Paris.	European Parliament resolution of 14	
	22.24.2	October "Towards a new international	
	23-24 October 2014:	climate agreement in Paris"	
	- 2030 climate and energy policy framework for the EU was agreed.	(<u>2015/2112(INI)</u>).	
	Targets in brief:	Environment Council 18 September 2015	
	- Binding EU level target of at least 40 % domestic reduction in	adopted conclusions establishing the EU's	
	greenhouse gas emissions by 2030 compared to 1990.	position for the UN climate change	
	- Binding EU level target for the share of renewable energy is set to	conference in Paris in December 2015.	
	at least 27 % of energy consumed in EU in 2030.		
	 Indicative EU level target of improving energy efficiency is set to at 	Foreign Affairs Council 20 July 2015:	
	least 27 % in 2030 compared to projections of future consumption	Council Conclusions on climate diplomacy	
	based on current criteria.	and on the Energy Diplomacy Action Plan.	
	- Completion of internal energy market: accomplishing the electricity		
	interconnection target (10%) and connecting so called energy	Environmental Council 6 March 2015:	
	islands to rest of the internal energy market.	- Adoption of the Intended Nationally	
	- EU will submit its contribution, at the latest by the first quarter of 2015,	Determined Contribution (INDC) of the EU	
	in line with the timeline agreed by the UNFCCC in Warsaw for the	and its Member States in preparation of	
	conclusion of a global climate agreement.	the UN Climate Change Conference in	
	- All countries are called to come forward with ambitious targets and	Paris 2015. The INDC was submitted to	
	policies well in advance of the Conference of the Parties 21 in Paris.	the UNFCCC.	
	EUCO will revert to this issue after the Paris Conference.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- All elements of the framework will be kept under review and EUCO will	Commission Communication	
	continue to give strategic orientations as appropriate, notably with	COM(2015)81 final on the Paris Protocol –	
	respect to consensus on ETS, non-ETS, interconnections and energy	A blueprint for tackling global climate	
	efficiency.	change beyond 2020.	
	- Commission will continue to have a regular dialogue with stakeholders.		
	05.07.1	SWD(2015) 17 final Includes EU's	
	<u>26-27 June 2014:</u>	intended contribution (INDC).	
	- Reaffirmation of the importance of the UN Climate Summit in	Annex 1: Background information on EU	
	September 2014 and confirmation of the specific EU target for 2030 for	and emission profiles largest global	
	greenhouse gas emission reductions will be fully in line with the agreed ambitious EU objective for 2050.	emitters.	
	- Support to the Rome G7 energy initiative which serves to implement	Foreign Affairs Council 19 January 2015:	
	policies to build a more competitive, diversified and resilient energy	endorsement of an action plan for climate	
	system with reduced greenhouse gas emissions by promoting the use of safe and sustainable technologies.	diplomacy in 2015.	
	<u>-</u>	Environment Council 17.12.2014	
	<u>20-21 March 2014:</u>	- a decision on the conclusion, on	
	- To confirm that the European Union will submit its contribution at the	behalf of the European Union, of the	
	Conference of the Parties in 2015 at the latest by the first quarter of	Doha Amendment to the Kyoto	
	2015.	Protocol to the United Nations	
	- In the light of the UN Climate Summit in September 2014 the specific EU	Framework Convention on Climate	
	target for 2030 for greenhouse gas emission reductions will be fully in	Change (UNFCCC) and the joint	
	line with the agreed ambitious EU objective for 2050.	fulfilment of commitments	
		thereunder.	
	22 May 2013:		
	- Welcomes the Commission's Green Paper on a 2030 framework for	2014 UN Climate Change Conference -	
	climate and energy policies and will return to this issue in March 2014,	COP 20 in Lima, Peru (1-12 December	
	after the Commission comes forward with more concrete proposals, to	2014) (<u>2014/2777(RSP)</u>).	
	discuss policy options in that regard, bearing in mind the objectives set		
	for the COP 21 in 2015.	Environmental Council 28/10/2014:	
		- Council Conclusions on preparations for	
	23 October 2011:	the 20th session of the Conference of the	
	- Endorses the conclusions of the Council of 4 and 10 October 2011, which	Parties to the United Nations Framework	
	outline the EU position for the Durban conference on climate change in	Convention on Climate Change and the	
	detail.	10th session of the Meeting of the Parties	
		to the Kyoto Protocol	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 It is urgent to agree on a process towards a comprehensive legally binding framework and a clear time line, ensuring global participation, including from major economies. 28-29 October 2010: Confirms the willingness of the European Union to consider a second commitment period under the Kyoto Protocol provided the conditions set out in these conclusions are met. The European Union will submit a comprehensive and transparent report on the implementation of its commitment on fast-start financing in Cancún and yearly thereafter and will underline the importance of further increasing transparency of climate change financing. The European Union will reassess the situation after the Cancún Conference, including the examination of options to move beyond 20% greenhouse gas emission reductions to be prepared to react to the ongoing international climate negotiations; the Council is invited to report back on this issue by spring 2011. In parallel with seeking an international agreement, the EU will also develop a more diversified approach to engaging with key partners in areas of mutual interest that help them reduce their emissions. In this context, the EU encourages regional initiatives to tackle climate change and promote green growth such as the recent Mediterranean Initiative on Climate Change. 17 June 2010: Takes note of the Commission's communication analysing options to move beyond 20% greenhouse gas emission reductions and assessing the risk of carbon leakage. In line with the conclusions of the Council of 11 June, the Commission will undertake further analyses, including consequences for each Member State, and the Council will examine further the issues raised in the communication. 25-26 March 2010: A stepwise approach should be followed, building on the Copenhagen Accord to be swiftly implemented: 	(Lima, 1 - 12 December 2014). Regulation (EU) No 662/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 amending Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 as regards the technical implementation of the Kyoto Protocol to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (OJ L 189, 27.6.2014, p. 155) Procedure: 2013/0377(COD). Commission proposal for a Council Decision COM(2013)768 on the conclusion of the Doha Amendment to the Kyoto Protocol to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and the joint fulfilment of commitments thereunder, 6/11/2013 and annexes, procedure 2013/0376(NLE). Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 May 2013 on a mechanism for monitoring and reporting greenhouse gas emissions and for reporting other information at national and Union level relevant to climate change and repealing Decision No 280/2004/EC (OJ L 165, 18.6.2013, p. 13). Procedure: 2011/0372(COD).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	 a) as a first step, the next meetings in Bonn should set the roadmap for taking the negotiations forward; the focus should be on integrating the political guidance of the Copenhagen Accord into the various negotiating texts; b) the COP-16 in Cancun to provide concrete decisions anchoring the Copenhagen Accord to the UN negotiating process and addressing remaining gaps, including as regards adaptation, forestry, technology and monitoring, reporting and verification. The EU is prepared to play its part in this process: a) the EU and its Member States to implement their commitment to provide EUR 2.4 billion annually over the 2010-2012 period for fast-start financing. To that end, the EU will initiate consultations on practical ways to implement fast start funding in specific areas; the EU and its Member States to present a preliminary state of play of their commitments at the May/June 2010 UNFCCC session and submit coordinated reports on implementation in Cancun and thereafter on an annual basis; b) the EU and other developed countries have committed to jointly mobilise USD 100 billion per year by 2020 to help developing countries fight climate change; c) the European Council remains firmly committed to the UNFCCC process; d) the EU to strengthen its outreach to third countries; it will do so by addressing climate change; 		
	 addressing climate change at all regional and bilateral meetings, including at summit level, as well as other fora such as the G20; e) the Presidency and the Commission will engage in active consultations with other partners and rapidly report back to the Council. 		
IV.3. Energy Policy			
Energy Union	19 -20 March 2015: - While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Energy Union,	Transport, Telecommunication and Energy Council 26 November 2015:	See also the section on Climate and Energy Strategies, in particular
Governance	today, the European Council focused on some of the aspects and called for: ()	- Conclusions on Energy Union governance (14459/15).	Energy Union.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	g) developing a reliable and transparent governance system. () 18 December 2014: - Calls on the Commission to present a comprehensive Energy Union proposal well ahead of the March 2015 European Council. - The European Council will take regular stock of the implementation of the above-mentioned orientations. 23-24 October 2014: - An agreement to develop a reliable and transparent governance system without any unnecessary administrative burden to help ensure EU meets its energy policy goals, with the necessary flexibility for Member States and fully respecting their freedom to determine their energy mix. This governance system will: - build on the existing building blocks, such as national climate programmes, national plans for renewable energy and energy efficiency. Separate planning and reporting strands will be streamlined and brought together; - step up the role and rights of consumers, transparency and predictability for investors; - facilitate coordination of national energy policies and foster regional cooperation between Member states. - The goal to build an Energy Union as stated in EUCO Strategic Agenda will be kept under regular review.	The annual reports on the state of the Energy Union 2015 include: - Commission Communication COM(2015) 572 on the State of the Energy Union 2015, annexes 1 and 2. - SWD(2015) 243 Monitoring progress towards the Energy Union objectives - Concept and first analysis of key indicators. Commission Communication COM(2015)80 a Framework Strategy for a Resilient Energy Union with a Forward-Looking Climate Change Policy. Annex 1: Roadmap for the Energy Union, COM(205)80. Transport, Telecommunication and Energy Council 09.12.2014: - Conclusions on the completion of the internal energy market (16037/14).	
Energy/ Internal Energy Market Electricity interconnections	19-20 March 2015: - While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Energy Union, today, the European Council focused on some of the aspects and called for: () c) reinforcing the legislative framework for the security of supply for electricity and gas. () 23-24 October 2014 and corrigendum 10 March 2015: - All efforts must be mobilised to achieve a fully functioning and connected internal energy market urgently. Preventing inadequate interconnections of Member States with the European gas and	Energy Union Strategy includes a fully integrated European Energy Market as one of its five dimensions. Public consultation on the establishment of the annual priority list for the development of network codes and guidelines for 2017 and beyond from 18 July to 14 October 2016.	See also the section on Climate and Energy Strategies, in particular Energy Union.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	electricity networks and ensuring synchronous operation of Member States within the European Continental Networks as foreseen in the European Energy Security Strategy remain a priority after 2020.	European Parliament resolution of 13 September 2016 on Towards a New Energy Market Design 2015/2322(INI).	
	EUCO decided that: The European Commission supported by the Member States will take urgent measures in order to ensure the achievement of a minimum target of 10% of electricity interconnections, as a matter of urgency, and no later than 2020 at least for Member States which have not yet attained a minimum level of integration in the internal energy market, which are the Baltic States, Portugal and Spain, and for Member States which constitute their main point of access to the internal energy market. The Commission will monitor progress and will report to the European Council on all possible sources of financing including on the possibilities of EU financing in order to achieve the 10% target. Commission will also report regularly to the European Council with the objective of arriving at a 15% target by 2030. Both targets will be attained via the implementation of PCIs; Member States and the Commission will facilitate the implementation of projects of common interest including those identified in the European Energy Security Strategy and to ensure that they have the highest priority and will be completed by 2020. Special attention will be paid to the more remote and/or less well connected parts of the single	Achieving the 10% electricity interconnection target - Making Europe's electricity grid fit for 2020, 2015/2108(INI). The annual reports on the state of the Energy Union 2015 include: - C(2015) 8052: Commission Delegated Regulation of amending Regulation (EU) No 347/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the Union list of projects of common interest. - Annex 1 An Updated Union list of projects of common Interest, C(2015) 8052 November 2015. - SWD(2015) 247 Projects of common interest – their implementation and contribution to energy policy objectives.	
	market. where the implementation of these projects will not suffice to reach the 10% target, new projects will be identified. EU co-financing should be made available for these projects. - The Commission is invited to present a communication ahead of the March 2015 European Council on the best courses of action to	Commission Communication COM(2015)340 on launching the public consultation process on a new energy market design. SWD(2015)142	
	effectively achieve the target mentioned above. 26-27 June 2014: - Final decision on the new climate and energy policy framework, including on further measures aimed at enhancing Europe's energy security and on specific 2030 interconnection objectives will be taken no later than October 2014.	Public consultation on a new Energy Market Design 15 July - 8 October 2015. Public consultation on the establishment of the annual priority list for the development of network codes and	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 20-21 March 2014: Calls for speedy implementation of all the measures to meet the target of achieving interconnection of at least 10 % of their installed electricity production capacity for all Member States. Invites the Commission to propose by June specific interconnection objectives to be attained until 2030 with a view to taking a decision at the latest by October 2014. Special attention should be paid to improving interconnections with the more remote and/or less well connected parts of the single market, including through the improvement and creation of reverse flows and integrating Member States into the European continental networks. Calls for effective and consistent implementation of the Third Energy Package by all players in the European energy market. Calls for effective application and enforcement of EU rules regarding market integration and energy efficiency, and striving for a level playing field for companies apparating within the EU. 	guidelines for 2016 and beyond from 13 May to 10 August 2015. Commission Communication COM(2015)80 a Framework Strategy for a Resilient Energy Union with a Forward- Looking Climate Change Policy. Annex 1: Roadmap for the Energy Union, COM(205)80. Commission Communication COM(2015) 82 final on achieving the 10% electricity interconnection target: making Europe's electricity grid fit for 2020. Annexes 1 and 2: Projects co-funded by the European Energy Programme for	
	field for companies operating within the EU. 14-15 March 2013: The European Council will hold, over the coming months, a series of thematic discussions on sectoral and structural aspects that are key to economic growth and European competitiveness. Such discussions will also feed into a debate next year on the Europe 2020 Strategy and the review of progress towards its headline targets. With a view to these discussions, it calls for preparatory work to be conducted giving priority to the following issues: energy: work is ongoing on the completion of the Internal Energy Market and on interconnections with European energy markets. No EU Member State should remain isolated from the European gas and electricity networks after 2015. Europe needs investment in modern energy infrastructure and the challenge of high energy prices which hamper competitiveness needs to be tackled. () 22 May 2013: Reaffirms the objectives of completing the internal energy market by 2014 and developing interconnections so as to put an end to any	Recovery (EEPR) and PCI's increasing capacity in the Member States below 10%. Communication COM(2014)634 Progress towards completing the Internal Energy Market. SWD (2014)310, SWD(2014)311, SWD(2013)312, SWD(2013)314, SWD(2013)315. Communication COM(2014)15 A policy framework for climate and energy in the period from 2020 to 2030. Communication C(2013)7243 Delivering the internal electricity market and making the most of public intervention, SWD(2013)438, SWD(2013)441, SWD(2013)440, SWD(2013)441, SWD(2013)442.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 isolation of Member States from European gas and electricity networks by 2015. Calls for effective and consistent implementation of the third "energy package", as well as speeding up the adoption and implementation of remaining network codes. Member States which have not yet completed transposition are invited to do so as a matter of urgency. More determined action on the demand side as well as the development of related technologies, including the drawing up of national plans for 	Resolution of EP of 5 February 2014 on a 2030 framework for climate and energy policies (2013/2135(INI)). Green Paper COM(2013)169 A 2030 framework for climate and energy policies.	
	the swift deployment of smart grids and smart meters in line with existing legislation. 18-19 October 2012: - The European Council calls for rapid agreement on the proposal on energy TENs and looks forward to the forthcoming Commission communication and Action Plan to address the prevailing challenges.	Directive 2014/94/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2014 on the deployment of alternative fuels infrastructure (OJ L 307, 28.10.2014, p. 1). Procedure: 2013/0012(COD).	
	 9 December 2011: No EU Member State should remain isolated from the European gas and electricity networks after 2015 or see its energy security jeopardised by lack of the appropriate connections. 	European Parliament resolution of 10 September 2013 on making the internal energy market work (2013/2005(INI)). Communication COM(2012)663 Making	
	 4 February 2011: Calls for the internal market to be completed by 2014 so as to allow gas and electricity to flow freely. This requires in particular that in cooperation with ACER national regulators and transmission systems operators step up their work on market coupling and guidelines and on network codes applicable across 	the internal energy market work. Commission Recommendation 2012/148/EU on preparations for the rollout of smart metering systems (OJ L 73, 13/03/2012).	
	 European networks. - Member States, in liaison with European standardization bodies and industry, are invited to accelerate work with a view to adopting technical standards for electric vehicle charging systems by mid-2011 and for smart grids and meters by the end of 2012. - To ensure that solidarity between Member States will become operational, that alternative supply/transit routes and sources of energy will materialise and that renewables will develop and compete with traditional sources. 	Communication COM(2012)271 Renewable Energy: a major player in the European energy market. European Parliament resolution of 21 May 2013 current challenges and opportunities for renewable energy in the European internal energy market 2012/2259(INI).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
·	- Looks forward to the forthcoming proposal from the Commission in that	European Davis report recolution of 14	
	respect.	European Parliament resolution of 14 March 2013 on the Energy roadmap 2050,	
		a future with energy 2012/2103(INI).	
		a ruture with energy 2012/2105(IIVI).	
		Communication COM(2011)885 Energy	
		Roadmap 2050.	
		'	
		Communication COM(2010)639 Energy	
		2020: A strategy for competitive,	
		sustainable and secure energy.	
		European Parliament resolution of 2	
		February 2012 on EU development	
		cooperation in support of the objective of	
		universal energy access by 2030	
		2011/2112(INI).	
Energy/ Internal Energy	<u>17-18 March 2016:</u>	The annual reports on the state of the	
Market	- European Council recalled the importance of a fully-functioning and	Energy Union 2015 include among others:	
	interconnected energy market.	- C(2015) 8052 Commission Delegated	
Trans-European energy		Regulation of amending Regulation (EU)	
infrastructure	<u>17-18 December 2015:</u>	No 347/2013 of the European Parliament	
	- The European Council assessed progress in building the Energy Union	and of the Council as regards the Union	
	with a forward-looking climate policy in all its dimensions. In this	list of projects of common interest.	
	context, it calls for:	- Annex 1 An Updated Union list of	
	- () d) swift implementation of projects of common interest and	projects of common Interest, <u>C(2015)</u> 8052 November 2015.	
	optimal use of infrastructure for the benefit of a fully-functioning and interconnected market and energy security. Any new infrastructure	- SWD(2015) 247 Projects of common	
	should entirely comply with the Third Energy Package and other	interest – their implementation and	
	applicable EU legislation as well as with the objectives of the Energy	contribution to energy policy objectives.	
	Union.	contribution to energy poncy objectives.	
		Public consultation on the list of proposed	
	<u>19-20 March 2015:</u>	Projects of Common Interest – Additional	
	- While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Energy Union,	projects in oil, gas and electricity 29 July	
	today, the European Council focused on some of the aspects and called for:	2015 - 22 October 2015.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	a) accelerating infrastructure projects, including interconnections in	Public consultation on the list of proposed	
	particular to peripheral regions, for electricity and gas to ensure energy	Projects of Common Interest in the field of	
	security and a well-functioning internal energy market; ()	Smart Grids from 5 March to 15 April	
	c) reinforcing the legislative framework for the security of supply for	2015.	
	electricity and gas; energy security can also be strengthened by robust		
	grids. ()	Commission Communication COM(2015)	
		82 final on achieving the 10% electricity	
	22 May 2013:	interconnection target: making Europe's	
	- Significant investments in new and intelligent energy infrastructure are	electricity grid fit for 2020.	
	needed to secure the uninterrupted supply of energy at affordable	Annexes 1 and 2: Projects co-funded by	
	prices.	the European Energy Programme for	
	- As regards action taken to facilitate investments, priority will be given	Recovery (EEPR) and PCI's increasing	
	to: () national and EU measures, such as the structural funds, project	capacity in the Member States below 10%.	
	bonds and enhanced EIB support, to boost the financing of energy and	Dublic consultation from 22 December	
	resource efficiency, energy infrastructure and renewables and promote	Public consultation from 22 December 2014 to 31 March 2015 on the list of	
	the development of Europe's technological and industrial basis.	proposed Projects of Common Interest.	
	18-19 October 2012:	proposed Projects of Common interest.	
	- Connecting Europe: the future Connecting Europe Facility will constitute	Communication COM(2014)669 On the	
	an important instrument to promote growth through investment in	implementation of the European Energy	
	transport, energy and ICT links. In the field of transport, eliminating	Programme for Recovery.	
	regulatory barriers and tackling bottlenecks and missing cross-border	Trogramme for necovery.	
	links is essential in order to guarantee the efficient operation of the	Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013 of the	
	Single Market and promote competitiveness and growth. Digital	European Parliament and of the Council of	
	technologies and infrastructures are also an essential prerequisite.	11 December 2013 on Union guidelines	
	Recalling the need to complete the internal energy market fully by 2014	for the development of the trans-	
	in accordance with the agreed deadlines and to ensure that no Member	European transport network and	
	State remains isolated from the European gas and electricity networks	repealing Decision No 661/2010/EU, (OJ L	
	after 2015, the European Council calls for rapid agreement on the	348, 20.12.2013, p. 1).	
	proposal on energy TENs and looks forward to the forthcoming	Procedure: <u>2011/0294(COD).</u>	
	Commission communication and Action Plan to address the prevailing		
	challenges.	Regulation (EU) No 1316/2013 of the	
		European Parliament and of the Council of	
	28-29 June 2012:	11 December 2013 establishing the	
	- Called for an agreement on trans-European energy infrastructures.	Connecting Europe Facility, amending	
		Regulation (EU) No 913/2010 and	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		repealing Regulations (EC) No 680/2007 and (EC) No 67/2010 (OJ L 348,	
		20.12.2013, p. 129).	
		Procedure: 2011/0302(COD).	
		Regulation (EU) No 347/2013 of the	
		European Parliament and of the Council of	
		17 April 2013 on guidelines for trans-	
		European energy infrastructure and	
		repealing Decision No 1364/2006/EC and	
		amending Regulations (EC) No 713/2009, (EC) No 714/2009 and (EC) No 715/2009	
		(OJ L 115, 25.4.2013, p. 39).	
		Procedure: 2011/0300(COD).	
		European Parliament resolution of 5 July	
		2011 on energy infrastructure priorities	
		for 2020 and beyond (<u>2011/2034(INI)</u>).	
		Commission Communication	
		Commission Communication COM(2010)677 Energy infrastructure	
		priorities for 2020 and beyond - A	
		Blueprint for an integrated European	
		energy network.	
Energy Union	17-18 March 2016:	Energy Union Strategy includes Energy	
	- The European Council welcomes the submission by the Commission of the	security, solidarity and trust as one of its	
Energy Security	package on energy security as well as of the Communication "Road from	five dimensions.	
European Energy	Paris". It encourages the legislators to proceed with work on the proposals to reinforce the EU energy security as a matter of priority on the basis of	Public consultation from 10 August to 11	
Security Strategy EESS	its previous conclusions and the relevant strategies endorsed by the	November 2016 on the evaluation of	
Scourity Strategy LLSS	European Council.	Directive 2009/119/EC imposing an	
	,	obligation on Member States to maintain	
	<u>17-18 December 2015:</u>	minimum stocks of crude oil and/or	
	- The European Council assessed progress in building the Energy Union with	petroleum products.	
	a forward-looking climate policy in all its dimension. It calls for swift		
	implementation of projects of common interest and optimal use of		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	infrastructure for the benefit of a fully-functioning and interconnected	Commission proposal COM(2016)052 for a	
	market and energy security.	Regulation concerning measures to	
		safeguard the security of gas supply and	
	<u>19-20 March 2015:</u>	repealing Regulation (EU) No 994/2010.	
	- While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Energy Union,	Annexes 1 to 8.	
	today, the European Council focused on some of the aspects and called for:	SWD(2016)26. SWD(2016)25.	
	()	Procedure: <u>2016/030(COD)</u> .	
	c) reinforcing the legislative framework for the security of supply for		
	electricity and gas. ()	Proposal COM(2016)053 for a Decision on	
		establishing an information exchange	
	<u>23-24 October 2014:</u>	mechanism with regard to	
	- Endorsed further actions to reduce the EU's energy dependence and	intergovernmental agreements and non-	
	increase its energy security for both electricity and gas, took note of the	binding instruments between Member	
	Presidency report on energy security and welcomed the Commission	States and third countries in the field of	
	report on immediate action to increase the EU's resilience to a possible	energy and repealing Decision No	
	major disruption in the upcoming winter. It recognised that EU's energy	994/2012/EU.	
	security can be increased by having recourse to indigenous resources as	SWD(2016)28.SWD(2016)27.	
	well as safe and sustainable low carbon technologies. It agreed on the following points:	Procedure: <u>2016/031(COD)</u> .	
	- implement critical projects of common interest in the gas sector, to	Communication COM(2016)49 on an EU	
	ensure diversification of energy suppliers and routes and ensure	strategy for liquefied natural gas and gas	
	market functioning;	storage. SWD(2016)23.	
	- improve arrangements for a better use of regasification and storage	,	
	capacity in the gas system to tackle emergency situations;	Communication COM(2016)51 an EU	
	- invite the Commission to intensify its support in order to ensure	Strategy on Heating and Cooling.	
	better coordination of efforts to complete critical projects of	SWD(2016)24.	
	common interest; and to develop targeted actions in order to	, ,	
	swiftly resolve problems in implementation;	The annual reports of the State of the	
	- streamline national administrative procedures in accordance with	Energy Union include:	
	the Commission's guidance, and further develop a policy to address	-SWD(2015) 404 State of the Energy Union	
	the protection of critical energy infrastructure, including against ICT	2015 on the European Energy Security	
	risks;	Strategy.	
	- make full use of the Decision establishing an information exchange	- <u>SWD(2015) 405</u> State of the Energy	
	mechanism with regard to intergovernmental agreements between	Union 2015 Overview of Emergency Oil	
	Member States and third countries in the field of energy, in	stocks in the EU.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	particular as regards standard provisions and the Commission's	<u>Public consultation</u> on the review of the	
	assistance in the negotiations;	Intergovernmental Agreements Decision	
	- encourage that Member States and involved companies provide	from 30 July 2015 to 22 October 2015.	
	relevant information to the Commission and seek its support		
	throughout negotiations, including on the ex-ante assessment of	Public consultation on risk preparedness	
	the intergovernmental agreements' compatibility with EU	in the area of security of electricity supply	
	legislation and its energy security priorities;	15 July - 8 October 2015.	
	- further strengthen the Energy Community which aims to expand the		
	EU's energy acquis to enlargement and neighbourhood countries, in	The European Parliament rejected in the	
	the light of the EU's security of supply concerns;	June 2015 plenary the own-initiative	
	- use EU and Member States foreign policy instruments to convey	report on the European Energy Security	
	consistent messages related to energy security, in particular to	Strategy adopted previously by the	
	strategic partners and major energy suppliers.	Committee on Industry, Research and	
	- Will revert to the issue of energy security in 2015 to assess progress.	Energy. Procedure: 2014/2153(INI).	
	26-27 June 2014:	Commission Communication	
	- Welcomed the Commission's European Energy Security Strategy (EESS)	COM(2015)80 a Framework Strategy for a	
	and held a first discussion on that basis. The EESS is closely linked to the	Resilient Energy Union with a Forward-	
	2030 policy framework on climate and energy.	Looking Climate Change Policy.	
	- Calls for increased efforts to reduce Europe's high energy dependency	Annex 1: Roadmap for the Energy Union,	
	and supports the immediate implementation of a set of most urgent	COM(205)80.	
	measures to strengthen Europe's resilience and increase its energy	, ,	
	security in the short term, before the winter of 2014/2015.	Public consultation from 15 January 2015	
	EUCO agrees in particular that:	to 8 April 2015 on the revision of	
	- in the light of assessments of the risk of short-term supply disruption,	Regulation (EU) No 994/2010 concerning	
	existing emergency and solidarity mechanisms, including gas storage,	measures to safeguard security of gas	
	emergency infrastructure and reverse flows, will be reinforced in order	supply.	
	to address this risk primarily in the most vulnerable Member States;		
	- in view of enhancing the EU's energy security, relevant energy	European energy security strategy	
	infrastructure investments, including those involving third countries,	<u>2014/2153(INI)</u> .	
	should be pursued in full respect of all the EU's internal market and		
	competition rules, which must be consistently enforced;	2014/761/EU: Commission	
	- the EU will engage with its international partners to reduce the risk of	Recommendation of 29 October 2014 on	
	disruption of energy supplies;	the application of internal energy market	
		rules between the EU Member States and	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	 - the Energy Community, which aims to expand the EU's energy acquis to enlargement and neighbourhood countries, should be reinforced so as to ensure the application of the acquis in those countries. - In the run-up to the October European Council meeting, the European Council asked the Council to further analyse other medium to long-term measures to enhance the EU's energy security, based on the Commission's EESS. - Underlined the importance of energy efficiency, further development of domestic production, further implementing and integrating the European energy market based on a regional approach, increasing transparency on the gas market, and on fostering missing infrastructure, to put an end to any isolation of Member States from European gas and electricity networks by 2015. - In line with the objective of completing the European energy market by the end of 2014, interconnectivity must be increased, including through further examination of the new interconnection target proposed by the Commission. 20-21 March 2014: - The Commission is to conduct an in-depth study of EU energy security and to present by June 2014 a comprehensive plan for the reduction of EU energy dependence. - The plan should reflect the fact that the EU needs to accelerate further diversification of its energy supply, increase its bargaining power and energy efficiency, continue to develop renewable and other indigenous energy sources and coordinate the development of the infrastructure to support this diversification in a sustainable manner, including through the development of interconnections; interconnections to include liberian peninsula and the Mediterranean area; and equally third countries. - Further action to be taken to support the development of the Southern Corridor, including further spur routes through Eastern Europe, to examine ways to facilitate natural gas exports from North America to the EU and consider how this may best be reflected in TTIP, and inc	the Energy Community Contracting Parties (OJ L 311, 31.10.2014, p. 82). Communication COM(2014) 654 on the short term resilience of the European gas system. Preparedness for a possible disruption of supplies from the East during the fall and winter of 2014/2015 SWD(2014) 322, SWD(2014) 32, SWD(2014) 324, SWD(2014) 325, SWD(2014) 326. Commission Communication COM(2014)520 and annexes Energy Efficiency and its contribution to energy security and the 2030 Framework for climate and energy policy, 23/7/2014, Impact Assessment and summary SWD(2014) 255 final, SWD(2014) 256 final. COM(2014)330 European energy security strategy. SWD(2014) 330 in depth study on European Energy Security. Report COM(2013)638 Implementation of the Communication on Security of Energy Supply and International Cooperation and of the Energy Council Conclusions of November 2011. SWD(2013)334. Decision 2012/994 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 establishing an information exchange mechanism with regard to intergovernmental agreements between	REMARKS

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 In order to pursue the objectives set out above, implementation of relevant projects of common interest should be speeded up and available EU resources, including the CEF, and the EIB financing capacity, should be swiftly mobilised. 	Member States and third countries in the field of energy (OJ L 299 27.10.2012, p. 0013). Procedure: 2011/0238(COD).	
	 22 May 2013: Diversification of energy supplies: The deployment of renewable energy sources will continue, while ensuring their cost effectiveness, further market integration and grid stability and building on the experience in some Member States which have heavily invested in renewable energy technologies. The Commission to assess a more systematic recourse to on-shore and off-shore indigenous sources of energy with a view to their safe, sustainable and cost-effective exploitation while respecting Member States' choices of energy mix. Given the increasing interlinking of internal and external energy markets, Member States to enhance their cooperation in support of the external dimension of EU energy Policy. 	European Parliament resolution of 12 June 2012 on Engaging in energy policy cooperation with partners beyond our borders: A strategic approach to secure, sustainable and competitive energy supply (2012/2029(INI)). Communication COM(2011)539 On security of energy supply and international cooperation - "The EU Energy Policy: Engaging with Partners beyond Our Borders". SEC(2011)1022, SEC(2011)1023.	
	 4 February 2011: In order to further enhance its security of supply, Europe's potential for sustainable extraction and use of conventional and unconventional (shale gas and oil shale) fossil fuel resources to be assessed. The Commission is invited to continue its efforts to facilitate the development of strategic corridors for the transport of large volumes of gas such as the Southern Corridor. 	Regulation (EU) No 994/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 October 2010 concerning measures to safeguard security of gas supply and repealing Council Directive 2004/67/EC Text with EEA relevance (OJ L 295, 12.11.2010, p. 1). Procedure: 2009/0108(COD).	
Energy External Energy Policy	19-20 March 2015: - While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Energy Union, today, the European Council focused on some of the aspects and called for: d) ensuring full compliance with EU law of all agreements related to the buying of gas from external suppliers, notably by reinforcing transparency of such agreements and compatibility with EU energy security provisions. As regards commercial gas supply contracts, the confidentiality of commercially sensitive information needs to be guaranteed;	- Proposal COM(2016)053 for a Decision on establishing an information exchange mechanism with regard to intergovernmental agreements and non-binding instruments between Member States and third countries in the field of energy and repealing Decision No 994/2012/EU. SWD(2016)28.SWD(2016)27.	See also the section on Climate and Energy Strategies, in particular Energy Union.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	e) assessing options for voluntary demand aggregation mechanisms in full	Procedure: <u>2016/031(COD)</u> .	
	compliance with WTO and EU competition rules;		
	i) using all external policy instruments to establish strategic energy	Foreign Affairs Council 20 July 2015:	
	partnerships with increasingly important producing and transit countries,	Council Conclusions on climate diplomacy	
	notably with a view to promoting energy security, while ensuring that the	and on the Energy Diplomacy Action Plan	
	sovereignty and sovereign rights of Member States to explore and develop		
	their natural resources are safeguarded.	Public consultation on the review of the	
	22.24.2	Intergovernmental Agreements Decision	
	23-24 October 2014:	30 July - 22 October 2015.	
	- Make full use of the Decision establishing an information exchange		
	mechanism with regard to intergovernmental agreements between	Commission Communication	
	Member States and third countries in the field of energy, in particular as	COM(2015)80 a Framework Strategy for a	
	regards standard provisions and the Commission's assistance in the	Resilient Energy Union with a Forward-	
	negotiations;	Looking Climate Change Policy.	
	- Encourage that Member States and involved companies provide	Annex 1: Roadmap for the Energy Union,	
	relevant information to the Commission and seek its support throughout negotiations, including on the ex-ante assessment of the	COM(205)80.	
	intergovernmental agreements' compatibility with EU legislation and its	Communication COM/2013/0638 Report	
	energy security priorities;	Implementation of the Communication on	
	- Further strengthen the Energy Community which aims to expand the	Security of Energy Supply and	
	EU's energy acquis to enlargement and neighbourhood countries, in the	International Cooperation and of the	
	light of the EU's security of supply concerns;	Energy Council Conclusions of November	
	- Use EU and Member States foreign policy instruments to convey	2011. SWD(2013)334.	
	consistent messages related to energy security, in particular to strategic	2011.3113(2013)33 11	
	partners and major energy suppliers.	Decision 2012/994 of the European	
	- Will revert to the issue of energy security in 2015 to assess progress.	Parliament and of the Council of 25	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	October 2012 establishing an information	
	22 May 2013:	exchange mechanism with regard to	
	- Given the increasing interlinking of internal and external energy	intergovernmental agreements between	
	markets, Member States will enhance their cooperation in support of	Member States and third countries in the	
	the external dimension of EU energy policy; before the end of 2013, the	field of energy (OJ L 299 27.10.2012, p.	
	Council will follow up on its conclusions of November 2011 and review	0013).	
	developments regarding EU external energy policy, including the need	Procedure: 2011/0238(COD).	
	to ensure a level playing-field vis-à-vis third country energy producers.		
		European Parliament resolution of 12 June	
	<u>9 December 2011:</u>	2012 on Engaging in energy policy	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Called for implementation of the Council conclusions of 24 November 2011 for enhanced coherence and coordination of EU external energy policy, ensuring inter alia that agreements with key supplier and transit countries are fully consistent with EU internal market legislation.	cooperation with partners beyond our borders: A strategic approach to secure, sustainable and competitive energy supply (2012/2029(INI)).	
	 4 February 2011: There is a need for better coordination of EU and Member States' activities with a view to ensuring consistency and coherence in the EU's external relations with key producer, transit, and consumer countries. The Commission is invited to submit by June 2011 a communication on security of supply and international cooperation aimed at further improving the consistency and coherence of the EU's external action in the field of energy. The Member States are invited to inform from 1 January 2012 the Commission on all their new and existing bilateral energy agreements with third countries. The EU should take initiatives in line with the Treaties in the relevant international fora and develop mutually beneficial energy partnerships with key players and around strategic corridors, covering a wide range of issues including regulatory approaches, on all subjects of common interest, such as: a) energy security, safe and sustainable low carbon technologies; b) energy efficiency; c) the investment environment and d) maintaining and promoting the highest standards for nuclear safety. It should encourage neighbouring countries to embrace its relevant internal energy market rules, notably by extending and deepening the Energy Community Treaty and promoting regional cooperation initiatives. In the context of the Energy Strategy 2020 it should also develop measures as necessary to ensure a level playing field for EU power producers vis-à-vis producers outside the European Economic Area. Work should be taken forward as early as possible to develop a reliable, transparent and rules based partnership with Russia in areas of common 	Communication COM(2011)539 On security of energy supply and international cooperation - "The EU Energy Policy: Engaging with Partners beyond Our Borders". SEC(2011) 1022, SEC(2011) 1023.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Partnership and Cooperation Agreement process and in the light of ongoing work on the Partnership for Modernisation and the Energy Dialogue. - The EU will cooperate with third countries in order to address the volatility of energy prices and will take this work forward within the G20.		
Energy	28-29 June 2012: - Invited Member States to ensure the full and timely implementation of	Commission communication COM(2016)0177 Nuclear Illustrative	The Convention on the Safety of Spent Fuel and Radioactive Waste
Nuclear Safety	 Invited Member States to ensure the full and timely implementation of the recommendations presented in the report from ENSREG further to the completion of the nuclear safety stress tests; the Commission and ENSREG have agreed that further work is needed. Noted the Commission's intention to present a comprehensive communication later this year. It called for the rapid implementation of the recommendations of the Ad Hoc Group on Nuclear Security. It called for further efforts to enhance the EU's cooperation with all the EU's neighbours on nuclear safety and security. 9 December 2011: Full and timely implementation of the Directives on nuclear safety and on responsible and safe management of spent fuel and radioactive waste. Continued priority to be given to the extensive review of nuclear safety, taking account of the Commission communication of 23 November, and to the delivery of the final report on the stress tests by June 2012. 	Programme presented under Article 40 of the Euratom Treaty for the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee The Annual reports on the state of the Energy Union include: Report COM(2015) 573 in implementation of Council Directive 2009/71/Euratom of 25 June 2009 establishing a Community framework for the nuclear safety of nuclear installations. SWD(2015) 244 Implementation status of Council Directive 2009/71/Euratom of 25 June 2009 establishing a Community framework for the nuclear safety of nuclear installations.	entered into force in 2001. Under the Convention, each contracting party must submit a report on the measures taken to implement its obligations. The reports will be examined at the next (5th) review meeting that will take place in Vienna in May 2015. Joint Convention on the Safety of Spent Fuel Management and on the Safety of Radioactive Waste Management / IAEA website
	 Intensified efforts to associate all EU neighbouring countries fully with the safety stress test process and to improve the nuclear safety framework both in the EU and internationally. Continued work on nuclear security measures in the EU and its neighbourhood and delivery of the final report by June 2012. 	Public consultation on revision of the information and procedural requirements under Articles 41 to 44 of the Euratom Treaty from 3 November 2015 to 25 January 2016.	
	24-25 March 2011: Recalling that the energy mix is the competence of Member States, it calls for work to be taken forward as a matter of priority on the following aspects:	General Affairs Council 23/7/2014: - The Council took note of an Euratom report on the implementation of the obligations under the Joint Convention on the Safety of Spent Fuel	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 the safety of all EU nuclear plants to be reviewed, on the basis of a comprehensive and transparent risk and safety assessment ("stress tests"); the European Nuclear Safety Regulatory Group (ENSREG) and the Commission are invited to develop as soon as possible the scope and modalities of these tests; the European Council will assess initial findings by the end of 2011, on the basis of a report from the Commission; intensified efforts to associate EU neighbouring countries fully with the stress tests as the EU will request that similar "stress tests" be carried out in the neighbouring countries and worldwide; the highest standards for nuclear safety should be implemented and continuously improved in the EU and promoted internationally; the Commission will review the existing legal and regulatory framework for the safety of nuclear installations and will propose by the end of 2011 any improvements that may be necessary; Member States should ensure the full implementation of the Directive on the safety of nuclear installations. The proposed Directive on the management of spent fuel and radioactive waste should be adopted as soon as possible; the Commission is invited to reflect on how to promote nuclear safety in neighbouring countries; to ensure the full and timely implementation of the recommendations presented in the report from ENSREG further to the completion of the nuclear safety stress tests. 	Management and on the Safety of Radioactive Waste Management (11773/14 ADD 1). Council Directive 2014/87/Euratom amending Directive 2009/71/Euratom establishing a Community framework for the nuclear safety of nuclear installations of 8 July 2014. Procedure: 2013/0340 (NLE). Commission Decision C(2013) 5641 of 5 September 2013 on the conclusion of a Memorandum of Understanding for a partnership between the European Atomic Energy Community and the International Atomic Energy Agency on nuclear safety cooperation. European Parliament resolution of 14 March 2013 on risk and safety assessments ('stress tests') of nuclear power plants in the European Union and related activities (2012/2830(RSP)). Communication COM(2012)571 on the comprehensive risk and safety assessments ('stress tests') of nuclear power plants in the European Union and related activities. SWD(2012)287 Technical summary on the implementation of comprehensive risk and safety assessments of nuclear power plants in the European Union.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Energy	<u>17/18 March 2016:</u>	Energy Union Strategy includes energy	
	- EUCO underlines EU's commitment to reduce greenhouse gas emissions	efficiency and contribution to moderation	
Energy Efficiency	domestically and to increase the share of renewable energy as agreed by	of demand as one of its five dimensions.	
	the European Council in October 2014. Adapting the legislation in order to		
	implement this framework remains a priority. The European Council invites	European Parliament resolution of 13	
	the Commission to rapidly present all the remaining relevant proposals to	September 2016 on an EU Strategy on	
	this end so as to swiftly engage the legislative process.	Heating and Cooling (2016/2058(INI)).	
	<u>17-18 December 2015:</u>	European Parliament resolution of 23 June	
	- The European Council assessed progress in building the Energy Union	2016 on the implementation report on the	
	with a forward-looking climate policy in all its dimensions. In this	Energy Efficiency Directive (2012/27/EU)	
	context, it calls for:	(<u>2015/2232(INI)</u>).	
	() b) full implementation of the legislation on renewable energy,		
	energy-efficiency and other measures, such as improved investment	Communication COM(2016)51 an EU	
	opportunities, in order to meet the 2020 target. ()	Strategy on Heating and Cooling.	
		SWD(2016)24.	
	19-20 March 2015:		
	- While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Energy Union,	The annual reports on the State of the	
	today, the European Council focused on some of the aspects and called for:	Energy Union 2015 also include an energy	
	()	efficiency progress report:	
	g) reviewing and developing legislation related to emissions reduction,	- COM(2015) 574 Assessment of the	
	energy-efficiency and renewables to underpin the agreed 2030 targets. ()	progress made by Member States towards	
	22.24 October 2014.	the national energy efficiency targets for	
	23-24 October 2014:	2020 and towards the implementation of	
	- Indicative target at the EU level of at least 27% is set for improving energy efficiency in 2030 compared to projections of future energy	the Energy Efficiency Directive 2012/27/EU as required by Article 24 (3)	
	consumption based on the current criteria. It will be delivered in a cost-	of Energy Efficiency Directive 2012/27/EU.	
	effective manner and it will fully respect the effectiveness of the ETS-	Assessment by Member State on energy	
	system in contributing to the overall climate goals.	efficiency part 1 SWD(2015) 245.	
	- Review by 2020, having in mind an EU level of 30%.	Assessment by Member State on energy	
	- The Commission will propose priority sectors in which significant energy-	efficiency part 2_SWD(2015) 245.	
	efficiency gains can be reaped, and ways to address them at EU level,	- Circle 10 part 2 5 17 5 (2015) 275.	
	with the EU and the Member States focusing their regulatory and	Public consultation on the review of	
	financial efforts on these sectors.	Directive 2012/27/EU on Energy Efficiency	
	- Targets will be achieved while fully respecting the Member States'	from 4 November 2015 to 29 January	
	freedom to determine their energy mix. Targets will not be translated	2016.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 into nationally binding targets. Individual Member States are free to set their own higher national targets. 26-27 June 2014: Looks forward, in particular, to the Commission presenting by July a review of the Energy Efficiency Directive and how energy efficiency can contribute to the 2030 climate and energy framework. 	Proposal for a Regulation COM(2015)341 setting a framework for energy efficiency labelling and repealing Directive 2010/30/EU. SWD(2015)139, SWD(2015)140. Procedure: 2015/0149(COD).	
	 20-21 March 2014: With a view to an early agreement on a new policy framework for energy and climate in the period 2020 to 2030, the European Council invites the Council and the Commission to continue work and rapidly develop the following elements: () Review the Energy Efficiency Directive in a timely manner and develop an energy efficiency framework; The European Council will take stock of progress made on these issues at its meeting in June with a view to taking a final decision no later than October 2014. 	Commission Communication COM(2015)80 a Framework Strategy for a Resilient Energy Union with a Forward- Looking Climate Change Policy. Annex 1: Roadmap for the Energy Union, COM(205)80. Commission Communication COM(2014) 520 and annexes Energy Efficiency and its contribution to energy security and the 2030 Framework for climate and energy policy. SWD (2014) 255, SWD(2014) 256.	
	 22 May 2013: Energy efficiency measures can make a significant contribution to reversing current trends in energy prices and costs. The Commission to review the Directives on eco-design and energy labelling before the end of 2014, in line with technological developments. 1-2 March 2012: Calls for agreement to be reached on the Energy Efficiency Directive by June. 9 December 2011: The European Council notes that MS commit to reaching an agreement on energy efficiency by the end of June 2012. 	Commission Communication COM (2014)15 A policy framework for climate and energy in the period from 2020 to 2030. European Parliament resolution of 5 February 2014 on a 2030 framework for climate and energy policies (2013/2135(INI)). Green Paper COM (2013)169 A 2030 framework for climate and energy	
	on energy efficiency by the end of June 2012. 4 February 2011:		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 Investments in energy efficiency enhance competitiveness and support security of energy supply and sustainability at low cost. The 2020 20% energy efficiency target as agreed by the June 2010 European Council, which is presently not on track, must be delivered. This requires determined action to tap the considerable potential for higher energy savings of buildings, transport and products and processes. As of 1 January 2012, all Member States should include energy efficiency standards taking account of the EU headline target in public procurement for relevant public buildings and services. The Council is invited to promptly examine the upcoming Commission proposal for a new Energy Efficiency Plan, setting out in more detail a series of policies and measures across the full energy supply chain; it will review the implementation of the EU energy efficiency target by 2013 and consider further measures if necessary. 17 June 2010: Called for moving towards a 20% increase in energy efficiency. 	Commission Communication COM (2013)762 Implementing the Energy Efficiency Directive – Commission Guidance. Directive 2012/27/EU on energy efficiency OJ L 315, 14/11/2012, p. 1). Procedure: 2011/0172(COD). Commission Communication COM(2011)109 Energy Efficiency Plan 2011. Directive 2010/31/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 May 2010 on the energy performance of buildings (OJ L 153 18.06.2010, p.13). Procedure: 2008/0223(COD). Directive 2010/30/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 May 2010 on the indication by labelling and standard product information of the consumption of energy and other resources by energy-related products (OJ L 153, 18.6.2010, p. 1) Procedure: 2008(0222) COD. Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products (OJ L 285, 31.10.2009, p. 10).	
Energy Renewable Energy	17/18 March 2016: - EUCO underlines EU's commitment to reduce greenhouse gas emissions domestically and to increase the share of renewable energy as agreed by the European Council in October 2014. Adapting the legislation in order to	Energy Union Strategy mentions decarbonisation of the economy as one of its five dimensions.	See also title 1. Climate and Energy Strategies, in particular Energy Union.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	implement this framework remains a priority. The European Council invites	European Parliament resolution of 23 June	
	the Commission to rapidly present all the remaining relevant proposals to	2016 on the renewable energy progress	
	this end so as to swiftly engage the legislative process.	report (<u>2016/2041(INI)</u>).	
	<u>17-18 December 2015:</u>	Public consultation on preparation of a	
	- The European Council assessed progress in building the Energy Union	new Renewable Energy Directive for the	
	with a forward-looking climate policy in all its dimensions. In this	period after 2020 from 18 November	
	context, it calls for:	2015 to 10 February 2016.	
	() b) full implementation of the legislation on renewable energy,		
	energy-efficiency and other measures, such as improved investment	Commission report COM(2015)293	
	opportunities, in order to meet the 2020 target. ()	renewable energy progress report 15	
		June 2015.	
	19-20 March 2015:	SWD(2015) 117.	
	- While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Energy Union,	Commission Communication	
	today, the European Council focused on some of the aspects and called for:	Commission Communication	
	() f) developing a more effective, flexible market design which should go	COM(2015)80 a Framework Strategy for a Resilient Energy Union with a Forward-	
	together with enhanced regional cooperation, including with neighbouring	Looking Climate Change Policy.	
	countries, and help integrate renewables, while ensuring that public	Annex 1: Roadmap for the Energy Union,	
	intervention is compatible with the internal market and that the right of	COM(205)80.	
	Member States to decide on their own energy mix is respected.	2011(203)00.	
	g) reviewing and developing legislation related to emissions reduction,	Communication COM(2014)15 A policy	
	energy-efficiency and renewables to underpin the agreed 2030 targets. ()	framework for climate and energy in the	
		period from 2020 to 2030.	
	23-24 October 2014:	·	
	- EU target of at least 27% is set for renewable energy consumed in the	Resolution of EP of 5 February 2014 on a	
	EU in 2030. Target will be binding at EU level. They will not be translated	2030 framework for climate and energy	
	to national binding targets. Targets will be fulfilled through Member	policies (2013/2135(INI)).	
	States contributions guided by the need to deliver collectively the EU		
	target without preventing Member States from setting their own more	Report COM(2013)175 Renewable energy	
	ambitious national targets and supporting them, in line with the state	progress report 2013. SWD(2013)102.	
	aid guidelines, as well as taking into account their degree of integration		
	in the internal energy market. The integration of rising levels of	Commission Communication	
	intermittent renewable energy requires a more interconnected internal	COM(2012)271 Renewable Energy: a	
	energy market and appropriate back up, which should be coordinated as	major player in the European energy	
	necessary at regional level.	market.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 Targets on the share of renewable energy will be achieved while fully respecting the Member States' freedom to determine their energy mix. 20-21 March 2014: Further improve coherence between greenhouse gas emissions reduction, energy efficiency and the use of renewables and deliver the objectives for 2030 in a cost-effective manner, with a reformed Emissions Trading System playing a central role in this regard; Develop a supportive EU framework for advancing renewable energies and ensure international competitiveness; () Provide flexibility for the Member States as to how they deliver their commitments in order to reflect national circumstances and respect their freedom to determine their energy mix. With a view to an early agreement on a new policy framework for energy and climate in the period 2020 to 2030, the European Council invites the Council and the Commission to continue work and rapidly develop the following elements: analyse the implications for individual Member States of the Commission's proposals for EU-wide targets for emission reductions and renewable energy; elaborate mechanisms which will result in an overall fair effort sharing and foster the modernisation of the energy sector; develop measures to prevent potential carbon leakage and call for long-term planning security for industrial investment in order to ensure the competitiveness of Europe's energy-intensive industries; () EUCO will take stock of progress made on these issues at its meeting in June with a view to take a final decision no later than October 2014. 22 May 2013: Reaffirmed the objectives of completing the internal energy market by 2014 and developing interconnections so as to put an end to any isolation of Member States from European gas and electricity networks by 2015 and called for particular priority to be given to: () 	European Parliament resolution of 21 May 2013 current challenges and opportunities for renewable energy in the European internal energy market 2012/2259(INI). European Parliament resolution of 14 March 2013 on the Energy roadmap 2050, a future with energy (2012/2103(INI)). Communication COM(2011)31 Renewable Energy: Progressing towards the 2020 target. SEC (2011)129, SEC (2011)131. Communication COM(2011)885 Energy Roadmap 2050. SEC (2011)1565, SEC (2011)1569. Commission Communication COM(2011)885 Energy Roadmap 2050. SEC (2011)287, SEC (2011)288, SEC (2011)289. Resolution of 15 March 2012 of the Parliament on moving to a competitive low carbon economy in 2050. SEC (2011)289. Resolution of 15 March 2012 of the Parliament on moving to a competitive low carbon economy in 2050 (2011/2095(INI)). 2009/548/EC: Commission Decision of 30 June 2009 establishing a template for National Renewable Energy Action Plans under Directive 2009/28/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (notified under document number C(2009) 5174) (OJ L 182, 15.7.2009, p. 33).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 the implementation of all other related legislation, such as the Directive on the promotion of renewable energies the presentation by the Commission of guidance on efficient and cost-effective support schemes for renewable energies and on ensuring adequate generation capacity; national and EU measures, such as the structural funds, project bonds and enhanced EIB support, to boost the financing of energy and resource efficiency, energy infrastructure and renewables and promote the development of Europe's technological and industrial basis. It remains crucial to further intensify the diversification of Europe's energy supply and develop indigenous energy resources to ensure security of supply, reduce the EU's external energy dependency and stimulate economic growth. To that end: (a) the deployment of renewable energy sources will continue, while ensuring their cost-effectiveness, further market integration and grid stability and building on the experience in some Member States which have heavily invested in renewable energy technologies; (). 	Directive 2009/28/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2009 on the promotion of the use of energy from renewable sources and amending and subsequently repealing Directives 2001/77/EC and 2003/30/EC (OJ L 140, 5.6.2009, p. 16).	
	 4 February 2011: Invites the Commission to strengthen its work with Member States on the implementation of the Renewable Energy Directive, in particular as regards consistent national support schemes and cooperation mechanisms. The EU and its Member States will promote investment in renewables and safe and sustainable low carbon technologies (). 		
Energy Indirect Land Use Change -	 23-24 October 2014: Policy on how to include Land Use and Forestry into the 2030 greenhouse gas mitigation framework will be established as soon as technical conditions allow and in any case before 2020. 	Communication COM(2016)500 Accelerating Europe's transition to a low-carbon economy - communication accompanying measures under the Energy Union Framework Strategy: legislative	
Biofuels	22 May 2013: As regards action taken to facilitate investments, priority will be given to: ()	proposal on binding annual greenhouse gas emissions reductions by Member States from 2021 to 2030, legislative proposal on the inclusion of greenhouse	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
-	(d) phasing out environmentally or economically harmful subsidies, including for fossil fuels; (e) the presentation by the Commission of guidance on efficient and cost-effective support schemes for renewable energies and on ensuring adequate generation capacity.	gas emissions and removals from land use, land use change and forestry into the 2030 climate and energy framework, and communication on a European Strategy for low-emission mobility. Directive 2014/94/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2014 on the deployment of alternative fuels infrastructure (OJ L 307, 28.10.2014, p. 1). Procedure: 2013/0012(COD). Directive (EU) 2015/1513 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 September 2015 amending Directive 98/70/EC relating to the quality of petrol and diesel fuels and amending Directive 2009/28/EC on the promotion of the use of energy from renewable sources	Remarks
		Procedure: 2012/0288(COD). Decision No 529/2013/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 May 2013 on accounting rules on greenhouse gas emissions and removals resulting from activities relating to land use, land-use change and forestry and on information concerning actions relating to those activities (OJ L 165, 18.6.2013, p. 80). Procedure: 2012/0042(COD). Directive 2009/28/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2009 on the promotion of the use of energy from renewable sources and amending and subsequently repealing	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Directives 2001/77/EC and 2003/30/EC (OJ L 140, 5.6.2009, p. 16).	
Energy / Internal Energy Market Addressing High Energy Prices	 19-20 March 2015: While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Energy Union, today, the European Council focused on some of the aspects and called for: () Developing a more effective, flexible market design will help provide affordable energy to households and industry. Calls for sustained efforts to moderate the energy costs borne by energy end-users, in particular through:	European Parliament resolution of 26 May 2016 on delivering a new deal for energy consumers (2015/2323(INI)). Proposal COM(2015)0496 for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on European statistics on natural gas and electricity prices and repealing Directive 2008/92/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning a Community procedure to improve the transparency of gas and electricity prices charged to industrial end-users. Procedure: 2015/0239(COD). Commission Communication COM(2015)339 on delivering a new deal for energy consumers. SWD(2015)141 Communication COM(2014) 21 Energy prices and costs in Europe. SWD(2014) 19, SWD(2014) 20.	See also the section on Climate and Energy Strategies, in particular Energy Union.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 Work should be taken forward on the following aspects: diversification and improved liquidity in the internal energy market also have a particular role to play when addressing energy costs; issue of the contractual linkage of gas and oil prices needs to be looked at in this context; Commission intends to present an analysis of the composition and drivers of energy prices and costs in Member States before the end of 2013, with a particular focus on the impact on households, SMEs and energy intensive industries, and looking more widely at the EU's competitiveness vis-à-vis its global economic counterparts; These issues will be addressed in the context of the discussion scheduled for the February 2014 European Council on industrial competitiveness and policy. Investments in new and intelligent energy infrastructure to secure uninterrupted supply of energy at affordable prices. 14-15 March 2013: Europe needs investment in modern energy infrastructure and the challenge of high energy prices which hamper competitiveness needs to be tackled. 		
Strategy for research, innovation and competitiveness	 17-18 December 2015: The European Council assessed progress in building the Energy Union with a forward-looking climate policy in all its dimensions. In this context, it calls for:	Open public online consultation from 04.03.2016 to 31.05.2016 on the development of a comprehensive, integrated Research, Innovation, and Competitiveness Strategy for the Energy Union. Commission Communication C(2015) 6317 Towards an Integrated Strategic Energy Technology (SET) Plan: Accelerating the European Energy System Transformation 15 September 2015.	

V. Freedom, Security and Justice

Analytical Summary

Main commitments

The <u>priorities for the European Union in the area of Freedom, Security and Justice</u>, as defined by the European Council, are to 'better manage migration in all aspects; prevent and combat crime and terrorism; [and] improve judicial cooperation among EU countries'.

Migration was again the main focus of the European Council in the first half of 2016. At all four European Council meetings in 2016, as well as at the informal meeting of the 27 Heads of State or Government in Bratislava, migration featured high on the agenda, taking up significant parts of the European Council conclusions and the Bratislava declaration and roadmap respectively. The more prominent commitments made by the European Council continue to focus on: strengthening EU border control, reinforcing internal solidarity and responsibility, and enhancing cooperation with third countries. Regarding the latter, EU leaders also agreed on the EU-Turkey Statement which aimed at further reducing illegal border crossing from Turkey to the EU. The controversy arising over the implementation of the relocation scheme still poses a significant challenge to a common EU migration policy.

State of play

In 2016 the European Commission, European Parliament and the Council has continued to work intensively on many legislative proposals relating to European Council commitments in the area of migration; several of these have been adopted, notably the European Boarder and Coast Guard proposal which was approved by the European Parliament and Council in a record time of just nine months.

Other milestones in the area of Freedom, Security and Justice were the adoption of the passenger name record data legislation, the proposal for a reform of the Common European Asylum System and the proposal for establishing a security union.

Main challenges

So far the biggest challenge for the European Council has been that Member States' implementation of European Council commitments was often either insufficient or non-existent. European Council President Donald Tusk <u>identified</u> a 'clear delivery deficit on many fronts, from hotspots and security screening in frontline

countries to relocation and returns.' Another example, Member States' response to the commitment made by the European Council to support the United Nations' World Food Programme with at least an additional one billion euro of financial assistance was so limited that the next European Council meeting needed to remind Member States to deliver upon their pledge to provide additional personal and financial assistance.

The earlier aim of the European Council to conclude mobility partnerships, which originated in the European Commission's <u>Global Approach to Migration and Mobility</u> (GAMM), resulted in nine mobility Partnerships between the EU and third countries, with another one to be signed soon with the Republic of Lebanon. Readmission agreements are a core component of mobility partnerships and have been consistently called for by the European Council in the period 1999-2009. While the European Council has not used the term 'mobility partnerships' since December 2013, its Conclusions in <u>April, June</u> and <u>October</u> 2015 stressed the need to conclude 're-admission agreements' with third countries. So far, the EU has concluded 17 <u>re-admission agreements</u>, most recently in 2014.

Since 2012, there have been no substantial developments (indicated by the red colour) on Bulgaria's and Romania's potential accession to the Schengen area.

Outlook

Migration is likely to continue to be a very important part of the European Council's agenda during the rest of 2016 and early 2017, leading to further commitments in this area.

Due also to the numerous terrorist attacks across Europe, the issue of internal security will receive increased attention within the field of freedom, security and justice; several initiatives are already being prepared in this respect, for example the creation of a European Travel Information and Authorisation System (ETIAS).

The European Council's mid-term review of the 'Strategic Agenda for the Union in Time of Change' is to be carried out by 2017.

Change (five year plan, annex to conclusions 26-27/6 2014) The prevention of those in need through a strong asylum policy; strengthened, modern management of the Union's external borders; prevent and combat crime and terrorism: cracking down on organised crime (human trafficking, smuggling and cybercrime); tackling corruption; fighting terrorism and countering radicalisation — while guaranteeing fundamental rights and values (incl. the protection of personal data); - improve judicial cooperation among our countries: building bridges between different justice systems and traditions; strengthening common tools (incl. Eurojust); mutual recognition of judgments so that citizens and companies can more easily exercise their rights across the Union. Skins and activating terrorism and stracting is defined. On readmission); protecting those in need through a strong asylum policy; strengthened, modern management of the Union's external borders; - prevent and combat crime and terrorism: cracking down on organised crime (human trafficking, smuggling and cybercrime); tackling corruption; fighting terrorism and countering radicalisation — while guaranteeing fundamental rights and values (incl. the protection of personal data); - improve judicial cooperation among our countries: building bridges between different justice systems and traditions; strengthening citizens and companies can more easily exercise their rights across the Union. Skins and activating might of though a strong asylum policy; commission Work Programme 2015, A New Start. See especially priority 7. An Area of Justice and Fundamental Rights Based on Mutual Trust and Priority 8. Towards a New Policy on Migration. A New Start for Europe: My Agenda for Jobs, Growth, Fairness and Democratic Change - Political Guidelines for the next European Commission: Opening Statement in the European Parliament of the European Commission of European Commissi	Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
5/12/2014 Council approved guidelines for an EU Strategy to Combat Radicalisation and Recruitment to Terrorism, designed to implement the	V.1. Freedom, Sec Union of Freedom, Security and Justice Strategic Agenda for the Union in Time of Change (five year plan, annex to conclusions	Priorities set for the Union for the next five years are to: - better manage migration in all aspects: addressing shortages of specific skills and attracting talent; dealing more robustly with irregular migration through better cooperation with third countries (incl. on readmission); protecting those in need through a strong asylum policy; strengthened, modern management of the Union's external borders; - prevent and combat crime and terrorism: cracking down on organised crime (human trafficking, smuggling and cybercrime); tackling corruption; fighting terrorism and countering radicalisation — while guaranteeing fundamental rights and values (incl. the protection of personal data); - improve judicial cooperation among our countries: building bridges between different justice systems and traditions; strengthening common tools (incl. Eurojust); mutual recognition of judgments so that citizens and companies can more easily exercise their rights across the	COM(2015) 610 Commission Work Programme 2016: No time for business as usual. Communication COM(2014)910 on Commission Work Programme 2015, A New Start. See especially priority 7. An Area of Justice and Fundamental Rights Based on Mutual Trust and Priority 8. Towards a New Policy on Migration. A New Start for Europe: My Agenda for Jobs, Growth, Fairness and Democratic Change - Political Guidelines for the next European Commission: Opening Statement in the European Parliament Plenary Session Candidate for President of the European Commission, Strasbourg, 15 July 2014/ Jean-Claude Juncker. Justice and Home Affairs Council 5/12/2014 Council approved guidelines for an EU Strategy to Combat Radicalisation and Recruitment to	Justice and Home Affairs Council 13/03/2015: agreement on a general approach on a regulation on Eurojust. Justice and Home Affairs Council 5/12/2014: the new regulation streamlines Eurojust's functioning and structure in line with the Lisbon Treaty and increases its democratic legitimacy; the EP and national parliaments are to become more involved in the evaluation of Eurojust's

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Communication COM(2012)0286 of 19 June 2012: "The EU Strategy towards the	
		Eradication of Trafficking in Human Beings 2012–2016".	
		Communication COM(2014)0635 of 17	
		October 2014 on the application of	
		Directive 2004/81 on the residence permit issued to third-country nationals	
		who are victims of trafficking in human	
		beings or who have been the subject of	
		an action to facilitate illegal immigration, who cooperate with the competent	
		authorities. SWD(2014)0318.	
		Communication COM(2013)0941 of 15	
		January 2014 on preventing radicalisation	
		to terrorism and violent extremism: Commission expected to present report	
		on implementation of actions contained	
		in it - end of 2015.	
		Proposal COM(2013)0535 of 17 July 2013	
		for a Regulation aimed at providing Eurojust with powers to initiate	
		investigations, making internal structure	
		more efficient, introduce specific	
		procedures for evaluation. Procedure: 2013/0256 (COD).	
Area of Freedom,	26-27 June 2014:	COM(2016) 378 of 7 June 2016 proposal	18/12/2015 the Permanent
Security and Justice	- One key objective of EU: to build an area of freedom, security and	for a directive of the European Parliament	Representatives Committee (Coreper) confirmed the
Legislative and operational planning in	justice without internal frontiers, and with full respect for fundamental rights. To this end, coherent policy measures need to be taken with	and of the Council on the conditions of entry and residence of third-country	compromise texts agreed
the Area of Freedom,	respect to asylum, immigration, borders, and police and judicial	nationals for the purposes of highly skilled	with the European Parliament on data protection reform.
Security and Justice	cooperation, in accordance with the Treaties and their relevant Protocols.	employment.	on data protection reform.

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	 Link between the EU's internal and external policies to be improved as all dimensions interlinked in a Europe that protects its citizens and offers effective rights to people inside and outside. Building on past programmes, overall priority now is to consistently transpose, effectively implement and consolidate legal instruments and 	COM(2016) 377 of 7 June 2016 Action Plan on the integration of third-country nationals.	Justice and Home Affairs Council 9/10/2015: Agreed its negotiating position on the draft data protection directive.
	 policy measures in place. Intensifying operational cooperation while using potential of Information and Communication Technologies' innovations, enhancing role of EU agencies and ensuring strategic use of EU funds will be key. In further developing the area of freedom, security and justice over the next years, it will be crucial to ensure protection and promotion of 	Adopted Justice and Home Affairs Council 14 September 2016 approves European Border and Coast Guard regulation. European Parliament legislative resolution	Justice and Home Affairs Council 13/03/2015: agreement on a partial general approach for a general EU framework on data protection.
	fundamental rights (incl. data protection), whilst addressing security concerns (also in third country relations), and to adopt a strong EU General Data Protection framework by 2015. - Efficient and well-managed migration, asylum and borders policy, guided by Treaty principles of solidarity and fair sharing of responsibility, in accordance with Article 80 TFEU and its effective implementation needed. Comprehensive approach required,	of 6 July 2016 on the proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the European Border and Coast Guard and repealing Regulation (EC) No 2007/2004, Regulation (EC) No 863/2007 and Council Decision 2005/267/EC (COM(2015)0671 — C8-	Special report of the European Ombudsman in an own-initiative inquiry concerning Frontex - 2014/2215(INI). Communication COM(2014) 365 of 20 June 2014 Final
	 optimising benefits of legal migration and offering protection to those in need while tackling irregular migration resolutely and managing EU's external borders efficiently. To attract talents and skills, strategies must be developed to maximise opportunities of legal migration through coherent and efficient rules, and informed by dialogue with business community and social partners. 	O408/2015 – 2015/0310(COD)) Adopted Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the protection of natural persons with regard	implementation report of EU International Security Strategy 2010-2014. 22/10/2014 - European Ombudsman opened investigation into how Frontex
	 EU should also support Member States' efforts to pursue active integration policies which foster social cohesion and economic dynamism. EU institutions and Member States to ensure appropriate legislative and operational follow-up to guidelines above; mid-term review to be held in 2017. 	to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation). Procedure: 2012/0011(COD).	ensures respect of fundamental rights of migrants who are subjects to forced returns. See Press Release 20/2014.
	 27-28 June 2013: Is to hold discussion in June 2014 to define strategic guidelines for legislative and operational planning in the area of freedom, security and justice (pursuant to Article 68 (TFEU). 	Public consultation on the EU Blue Card and the EU's labour migration policies. Communication COM(2014)0288 of 22 May 2014 5th Annual Report on	1/12/2014 - End of transition period. 10/10/2014 - Justice and Home Affairs Council Conclusions:

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		Immigration and Asylum (2013). SWD(2014)0165.	orientation debate on General Data Protection Regulation -
			partial agreement on general
		European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u>	approach reached. See Presse
		of 6 October 2015 on the draft Council	<u>505</u> .
		decision authorising Member States to	
		ratify, in the interests of the European	<u>14/11/2014</u> Presidency note
		Union, the Protocol of 2014 to the Forced	on Cohesion Policy and the
		Labour Convention, 1930, of the	Europe 2020 Strategy mid-
		International Labour Organisation as	term review. Review to be
		regards Articles 1 to 4 of the Protocol with regard to matters relating to judicial	endorsed by European Council in 2015.
		cooperation in criminal matters.	Council III 2013.
		Procedure: 2014/0258(NLE).	
		Council decision of 10 November 2015	
		authorising Member States to ratify, in the	
		interests of the European Union, the	
		Protocol of 2014 to the Forced Labour	
		Convention, 1930, of the International	
		Labour Organisation as regards Articles 1	
		to 4 of the Protocol with regard to matters	
		relating to judicial cooperation in criminal	
		matters.	
		Proposal COM(2014)0559 of 11	
		September 2014 for a Council Decision	
		authorising Member States to ratify, in the	
		interest of the European Union, the	
		Protocol of 2014 to the Forced Labour	
		Convention, 1930, of the International	
		Labour Organisation with regard to	
		matters related to judicial cooperation in	
		criminal matters.	
		1/12/2014 Police and judicial cooperation	
		in criminal matters now fully integrated	

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		into EU legal system - Article 10 of Protocol 36 on Transitional Provisions, TEU (OJ L 306, 17.12.2007, p. 1). Justice and Home Affairs Council 5/12/2014: agreement on specific aspects of the draft regulation setting out a general framework for data protection. European Parliament legislative resolution of 12 March 2014 on the proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (General Data Protection Regulation). Communication COM(2012/011) on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (General Data Protection Regulation).	
Migration Migration flows	 16 September 2016 Bratislava Objective Never to allow return to uncontrolled flows of last year and further bring down number of irregular migrants Ensure full control of our external borders and get back to Schengen Broaden EU consensus on long term migration policy and apply the principles of responsibility and solidarity 	European Parliament legislative resolution of 15 September 2016 on the proposal for a Council decision amending Council Decision (EU) 2015/1601 of 22 September 2015 establishing provisional measures in the area of international protection for the benefit of Italy and Greece (COM(2016)0171 – C8-0133/2016 – 2016/0089(NLE)).	17/05/2016 Europol-INTERPOL Report on Migrant Smuggling Networks. 20/4/2016 European Commission's first report on the progress made in the implementation of the EU-Turkey Statement.
	Concrete measures	European Parliament resolution of 5 July 2016 on refugees: social inclusion and	17-18 March 2016 Meeting of the EU Heads of State or

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	a) full commitment to implementing the EU-Turkey statement as well as continued support to the countries of the Western Balkans b) commitment today by a number of Member States to offer immediate	integration into the labour market (2015/2321(INI)).	Government with Turkey leading to a statement.
	assistance to strengthen the protection of Bulgaria's border with Turkey, and continue support to other frontline States c) before the end of the year, full capacity for rapid reaction of the	European Parliament resolution of 5 July 2016 on the fight against trafficking in human beings in the EU's external relations.	11/02/2016 NATO Defence Ministers agree on NATO support to assist with the Refugee and Migrant Crisis.
	European Border and Coast Guard, now signed into law d) migration compacts for cooperation and dialogue with third countries to lead to reduced flows of illegal migration and increased return rates, to be assessed by the December European Council e) work to be continued to broaden EU consensus in terms of long term migration policy, including on how to apply the principles of responsibility and solidarity in the future.	COM(2016) 468 of 13 July proposal for a Regulation establishing a Union Resettlement Framework and amending Regulation (EU) No 516/2014 of the European Parliament and the Council.	10/02/2016 The European Commission issued reasoned opinions against Member States in 9 infringement cases concerning their nontransposition of the Common European Asylum System.
	17-18 March 2016 1. The European Council confirms its comprehensive strategy to tackle the migration crisis. Several elements of our common European response are in place today and are yielding results. Work on other elements is being taken forward diligently, so that they can be implemented as soon as possible. Priority will continue to be given to requiring control of our	COM(2016) 480 Fifth report on relocation and resettlement. European Parliament legislative resolution of 15 September 2016 on the proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on a European travel	29/01/2016 European Commission overview of the state of play regarding the measures to Address the Refugee Crisis.
	possible. Priority will continue to be given to regaining control of our external borders.2. Following the decisions of the Heads of State or Government of 7 March, and in the context of the Joint Action Plan with Turkey and its expansion, the European Council calls for:	document for the return of illegally staying third-country nationals (COM(2015)0668 – C8-0405/2015 – 2015/0306(COD)). European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u> of 26 May 2016 on the proposal for a	29/01/2016 Progress following Western Balkans Route Leaders' Meeting: Fourteenth Contact Points Video Conference
	 more work to be done on hotspots; much progress has been achieved in making all hotspots fully operational and increasing reception capacities; this effort should be continued, with the full assistance of the EU, including support for Greek asylum structures; the use of all means to support the capacity of Greece for the return of 	Council decision establishing provisional measures in the area of international protection for the benefit of Sweden in accordance with Article 9 of Council Decision (EU) 2015/1523 and Article 9 of	08/01/2016 Progress following Western Balkans Route Leaders' Meeting: <u>Eleventh video conference</u> .
	irregular migrants to Turkey in the context of the Greek-Turkish readmission Protocol and the EU-Turkey readmission agreement as of 1 June 2016. Member States declare their willingness to provide Greece at short notice with the necessary means, including border guards, asylum	Council Decision (EU) 2015/1601 establishing provisional measures in the area of international protection for the benefit of Italy and Greece	15/12/2015 European Commission <u>proposals</u> for Borders Package and Voluntary Humanitarian

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	experts and interpreters. The European Council asks the Commission to coordinate all necessary support for Greece, for the full implementation of the EU-Turkey statement, and to develop an operational plan. The Commission will coordinate and organise together with Member States and agencies the necessary support structures to implement it effectively. The Commission will regularly report to the Council on its implementation; • emergency support to be provided to help Greece cope with the humanitarian situation. The rapid adoption of the Regulation on emergency support is an important step in that respect. The draft amending budget presented by the Commission should be adopted without delay. Member States are invited to make immediate additional contributions under the Civil Protection Mechanism as well as to provide bilateral humanitarian assistance; • accelerated relocation from Greece, which includes conducting the necessary security checks; the number of applications now being larger	(COM(2015)0677 – C8-0017/2016 – 2015/0314(NLE)) (Consultation). Procedure: 2015/0314(NLE). Foreign Affairs Council 23/05/2016 conclusions on the external aspects of migration. COM(2016) 267 First Report on progress in the fight against trafficking in human beings. COM(2016) 360 Third report on relocation and resettlement. European Parliament resolution of 12 April	Admission Scheme with Turkey as well as reports on migration in Greece, Italy and the Western Balkans. European Parliament resolution of 2 December 2015 on the Special Report of the European Ombudsman in own-initiative inquiry OI/5/2012/BEH-MHZ concerning Frontex. (2014/2215(INI). 29/11/2015 Meeting of the EU heads of state or government with Turkey leading to a
	than the number of offers, as shown in the Commission report of 16 March, Member States should swiftly offer more places, in line with the existing commitments. 3. The European Council takes note of the Commission Communication "Next operational steps in EU-Turkey cooperation in the field of migration", in particular as to how an asylum application from a migrant crossing from Turkey into Greece can be declared inadmissible, based on the concept of "first country of asylum" or "safe third country", in accordance with European and international law.	2016 on the situation in the Mediterranean and the need for a holistic EU approach to migration. COM(2016) 205 of 6 April Stronger and Smarter Information Systems for Borders and Security. COM(2016) 140 of 4 March Second Report	statement and the adoption of the EU-Turkey joint action plan. 17/11/2015 European Commission overview of the state of play regarding the measures to Address the
	 4. The EU reiterates that it expects Turkey to respect the highest standards when it comes to democracy, rule of law, respect of fundamental freedoms, including freedom of expression. 5. The European Council reaffirms its support to Jordan and Lebanon. It calls for pledges to be disbursed promptly and EU Compacts to be finalised to enhance support to refugees and host communities in both countries. 	on progress by Turkey in fulfilling the requirements of its visa liberalisation roadmap. COM(2016) 115 of 2 March proposal for a Council Regulation on the provision of emergency support within the Union. Procedure: 2016/0069 (NLE).	Refugee Crisis. 13/11/2015 European Commission overview of the state of play regarding the measures to Address the Refugee Crisis. 12/11/2015 European Commission overview of the

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	6. The European Council calls for strengthening of cooperation with the	European Parliament <u>resolution</u> of 13 April	progress following Western
	Western Balkans countries in tackling the migration crisis and contributing	2016 on the Council position on Draft	
	to the objectives of the European Council.	amending budget No 1/2016 of the	
		European Union for the financial year	Video Conference.
	7. Further to its February 2016 conclusions, the European Council invites	2016, New instrument to provide	
	the European Investment Bank to present to its June meeting a specific	emergency support within the Union	5/11/2015 European
	initiative aimed at rapidly mobilising additional financing in support of	Procedure: <u>2016/2037(BUD)</u> .	Commission overview of the
	sustainable growth, vital infrastructure and social cohesion in Southern		progress following Western
	neighbourhood and Western Balkans countries.	COM(2016) 152 of 9 March Draft	Balkans Route Leaders'
		amending budget No 1 to the general	Meeting: Second Contact
	8. The European Council is extremely vigilant as regards possible new	budget 2016 New instrument to provide	Points Video Conference.
	routes for irregular migrants and calls for taking any measures that may	emergency support within the Union.	
	become necessary in that respect. In this context, the fight against	Procedure: <u>2016/2037(BUD)</u> .	4/11/2015 European
	smugglers everywhere and by all appropriate means remains key. The EU		Commission overview of the
	stands ready to support the Government of National Accord, as the sole	Economic and Financial Affairs Council	state of play regarding the
	legitimate government of Libya, including, at its request, to restore	12/02/2016 adopted a recommendation	measures to Address the
	stability, fight terrorism and manage migration in the central	on addressing serious deficiencies	Refugee Crisis.
	Mediterranean.	identified during an evaluation of Greece's	
	9. The European Council reaffirms its previous conclusions on the various	application of the Schengen acquis in the	30/10/2015 The Luxembourg
	elements of the comprehensive strategy and is pleased with progress on	area of external border management.	Presidency decided to <u>trigger</u>
	the European Border and Coast Guard proposal, which should be adopted		the Integrated Political Crisis
	as soon as possible. Work will also be taken forward on the future	COM(2016) 85 on the State of Play of	Response (IPCR).
	architecture of the EU's migration policy, including the Dublin Regulation.	Implementation of the Priority Actions	29/10/2015 European
	distinctions of the 20 3 migration policy, including the Dublin Regulation.	under the European Agenda on	Commission overview of the
	18-19 February 2016	Migration.	Progress following Western
	5.In response to the migration crisis facing the EU, the objective must be		Balkans Route Leaders'
	to rapidly stem the flows, protect our external borders, reduce illegal	COM(2016) 85 Annex 11 EU-Turkey Joint	Meeting.
	migration and safeguard the integrity of the Schengen area. As part of this	Action Plan - Implementation Report.	
	comprehensive approach, the European Council assessed, on the basis of		25/10/2015 Meeting on the
	detailed reports from the Presidency and the Commission, the state of	COM(2016) 85 Annex 2 Greece - State of	Western Balkans Migration
	implementation of the orientations agreed in December.	Play Report.	Route: Leaders Agree on 17-
	mp. s		point plan of action.
	6. The European Council welcomes NATO's decision to assist in the	COM(2016) 85 Annex 3 Italy - State of Play	
	conduct of reconnaissance, monitoring and surveillance of illegal	Report.	6/10/2015 Draft Action Plan:
	crossings in the Aegean sea and calls on all members of NATO to support		Stepping up <u>EU-Turkey</u>
	<u> </u>		cooperation on support of

this measure actively. The EU, in particular FRONTEX, should closely cooperate with NATO. 7. The full and speedy implementation of the EU-Turkey Action Plan remains a priority, in order to stem migration flows and to tackle traffickers and smugglers networks. Steps have been taken by Turkey to implement the Action Plan, notably as regards access by Syrian refugees to Turkey's labour market and data sharing with the EU. However, the flows of migrants arriving in Greece from Turkey remain much too high. We need to see a substantial and sustainable reduction of the number of illegal entries from Turkey into the EU. This calls for further, decisive efforts also on the Turkey and calls on the Commission and the Member States to implement swiftly the priority projects. It also welcomes the progress on preparing a credible voluntary humanitarian admission programme with Turkey. 8. In addition, a) regarding relations with relevant third countries, the comprehensive and tailor-made packages of incentives that are currently being developed for specific countries to ensure effective returns and readmission require the full support of the EU and the Member States to monitor and address any factors that may prompt migration also calls on the Commission, the High Representative and the Member States to monitor and address any factors that may prompt migration of the full support of the EU and the Member States to monitor and address any factors that may prompt migration of the full support of the EU and the Member States to monitor and address any factors that may prompt migration of the full support to complete the full support of the EU and the Member States to monitor and address any factors that may prompt migration of the full support to complete the support to complete the full support to complete the full support to complete the support to complete the full support to compl	Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
refugees and to the countries neighbouring Syria. This is an urgent global responsibility. In this context, the European Council welcomes the outcome of the Conference on supporting Syria and the Region in London establishing provisional measures in the suspension of the Felocation of 30% of Asylum, Migration and applicants allocated to Austria under Untegration Fund (AMIF) and Council Decision (EU) 2015/1601 under the Integration Fund (ISF).	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	this measure actively. The EU, in particular FRONTEX, should closely cooperate with NATO. 7. The full and speedy implementation of the EU-Turkey Action Plan remains a priority, in order to stem migration flows and to tackle traffickers and smugglers networks. Steps have been taken by Turkey to implement the Action Plan, notably as regards access by Syrian refugees to Turkey's labour market and data sharing with the EU. However, the flows of migrants arriving in Greece from Turkey remain much too high. We need to see a substantial and sustainable reduction of the number of illegal entries from Turkey into the EU. This calls for further, decisive efforts also on the Turkish side to ensure effective implementation of the Action Plan. The European Council welcomes the agreement reached on the Facility for Refugees in Turkey and calls on the Commission and the Member States to implement swiftly the priority projects. It also welcomes the progress on preparing a credible voluntary humanitarian admission programme with Turkey. 8. In addition, a) regarding relations with relevant third countries, the comprehensive and tailor-made packages of incentives that are currently being developed for specific countries to ensure effective returns and readmission require the full support of the EU and the Member States. The European Council also calls on the Commission, the High Representative and the Member States to monitor and address any factors that may prompt migration flows; b) implementation and operational follow-up to the Valletta Summit, in particular the agreed list of 16 priority actions, should continue and be stepped up; c) humanitarian assistance should continue to be provided to Syrian refugees and to the countries neighbouring Syria. This is an urgent global responsibility. In this context, the European Council welcomes the	COM(2016) 85 COM(2016) 85 Annex 4 Relocation - State of Play Table. COM(2016) 85 Annex 5 Follow up to Western Balkans Leaders' Meeting - State of Play report. COM(2016) 85 Annex 6 Ongoing actions contributing to the protection of children in migration. COM(2016) 85 Annex 7 Member States' pledging to Trust Funds - State of Play table. COM(2016) 85 Annex 8 Implementation of EU law - State of Play. COM(2016) 85 Annex 9 Accepted Member States' Support to Civil Protection Mechanism for Serbia, Slovenia, Croatia and Greece. C(2016) 871 addressed to the Hellenic Republic on the urgent measures to be taken by Greece in view of the resumption of transfers under Regulation (EU) No. 604/2013. COM(2016) 80 on the temporary suspension of the relocation of 30% of applicants allocated to Austria under Council Decision (EU) 2015/1601	refugees and migration management in view of the situation in Syria and Iraq. 9/09/2015 European Commission set up an "Emergency Trust Fund for stability and addressing root causes of irregular migration and displaced persons in Africa". 8/09/2015 – €9 million in emergency funding for Austria and Hungary from the Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund (AMIF). 31/08/2015 – €5.2 million in emergency assistance funding to support France in helping to address the situation in Calais. 10/08/2015 – European Commission approved 23 new multiannual national programmes under the Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund (AMIF) and under the Internal Security

d) the continued and sustained irregular migrant flows along the Western Balkans route remain a grave concern that requires further concerted action and an end to the wave-through approach and to uncoordinated measures along the route, taking into account humanitarian consequences for Member States affected it is also important to remain vigilant about potential developments regarding other routes so as to be able to take rapid and concerted action; e) the Council adopted a Recommendation on 12 February 2016. It is important to restore, in a concerted manner, the normal functioning of the Schengen area, with full support for Member States which face difficult circumstances. We need to get back to a situation where all Members of the Schengen area apply fully the Schengen Borders Code and refuse entry at external borders to third-country nationals who do not satisfy the entry conditions or who have not made an asylum application despite having had the opportunity to do so, while taking into account the specificities of maritime borders, including by implementing the EUTurkey agends; f) with the help of the EU, the setting up and functioning of hotspots is gradually improving as regards identification, registration, of allerities including systematic security checks on persons and travel documents, however, much ensure the full 100% identification and registration of all entires (including systematic security checks against European databases, in particular the Schengen Information System, as required under EU law), to fully implement the relocation process, to stem secondary flows of irregular migrants and asylum-seekers and to provide the significant reception for the right to choose the Member State in which they seek asylum; g) the humanitarian situation of migrants along the Newstern Balkans route calls for urgent action using all available EU and national means to alleviate it. To this end, the European Council considers in necessary to	Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
now put in place the capacity for the EU to provide humanitarian assistance internally, in cooperation with organisations such as the COM(2015) 673 final A European Border	Specific Issue	Balkans route remain a grave concern that requires further concerted action and an end to the wave-through approach and to uncoordinated measures along the route, taking into account humanitarian consequences for Member States affected. It is also important to remain vigilant about potential developments regarding other routes so as to be able to take rapid and concerted action; e) the Council adopted a Recommendation on 12 February 2016. It is important to restore, in a concerted manner, the normal functioning of the Schengen area, with full support for Member States which face difficult circumstances. We need to get back to a situation where all Members of the Schengen area apply fully the Schengen Borders Code and refuse entry at external borders to third-country nationals who do not satisfy the entry conditions or who have not made an asylum application despite having had the opportunity to do so, while taking into account the specificities of maritime borders, including by implementing the EUTurkey agenda; f) with the help of the EU, the setting up and functioning of hotspots is gradually improving as regards identification, registration, fingerprinting and security checks on persons and travel documents; however, much remains to be done, in particular to make hotspots fully functional, to ensure the full 100% identification and registration of all entries (including systematic security checks against European databases, in particular the Schengen Information System, as required under EU law), to fully implement the relocation process, to stem secondary flows of irregular migrants and asylum-seekers and to provide the significant reception facilities needed to accommodate migrants under humane conditions while their situation is being clarified. Asylum seekers do not have the right to choose the Member State in which they seek asylum; g) the humanitarian situation of migrants along the Western Balkans route calls for urgent action using all available EU and national means to alleviate it. To this end, th	of 2 February 2016 on the proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on a Union Code on the rules governing the movement of persons across borders (Schengen Borders Code). 2015/0006(COD). COM(2015) 677 Proposal for a Council Decision establishing provisional measures in the area of international protection for the benefit of Sweden in accordance with Article 9 of Council Decision (EU) 2015/1523 and Article 9 of Council Decision (EU) 2015/1523 and Article 9 of Council Decision (EU) 2015/1601 establishing provisional measures in the area of international protection for the benefit of Italy and Greece. COM(2015) 671 final on the European Border and Coast Guard and repealing Regulation (EC) No 2007/2004, Regulation (EC) No 863/2007 and Council Decision 2005/267/EC. COM(2015) 668 final on a European travel document for the return of illegally staying third-country nationals. COM(2015) 670 final amending Regulation No 562/2006 (EC) as regards the reinforcement of checks against relevant databases at external borders.	Operational Plan of Joint Operation Triton 22/04/2015 joint declaration of the Chairmen of the ALDE, EPP and S&D Groups on migration. 25/03/2015 Law enforcement officers with the support of Europol and Eurojust carry out an operation to dismantle a migrant smuggling network. 17/03/2015 Launch of joint operational team to combat irregular migration in the Mediterranean. Justice and Home Affairs Council 9/10/2014 Conclusions on Taking action to better manage migratory flows: strategic approach agreed; proposals on responding to migratory pressures introduced by

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	migrants, building on the experience of the EU Humanitarian Aid and Civil Protection department. The European Council welcomes the Commission's intention to make concrete proposals as soon as possible;	management of Europe's external borders.	
	h) all the elements agreed last December should be implemented rapidly, including the decisions on relocation and measures to ensure returns and readmissions. As far as the 'European Border and Coast Guard' proposal is concerned, work should be accelerated with a view to reaching a political agreement under the Netherlands Presidency and to make the new system operational as soon as possible; i) the European Council invites the European Investment Bank to rapidly develop ideas, in cooperation with the Commission, on how it can contribute to the EU response.	C(2015) 9206 final Commission recommendation of 15.12.2015 adopting the Practical handbook for implementing and managing the European Border Surveillance System (EUROSUR Handbook). COM(2015) 675 final Eighth biannual report on the functioning of the Schengen area.	
	9. The comprehensive strategy agreed in December will only bring results if all its elements are pursued jointly and if the institutions and the Member States act together and in full coordination. At the same time, progress must be made towards reforming the EU's existing framework so as to ensure a humane and efficient asylum policy. To this end, following today's in-depth discussion, preparations will be stepped up so as to allow for a comprehensive debate at the next European Council, where, on the basis of a more definitive assessment, further orientations have to be fixed and choices made.	COM(2015) 678 final Progress Report on the Implementation of the hotspots in Greece. COM(2015) 679 final Progress Report on the Implementation of the hotspots in Italy. COM(2015) 677 final on provisional	
	17-18 December 2015 1. Over the past months, the European Council has developed a strategy aimed at stemming the unprecedented migratory flows Europe is facing. However, implementation is insufficient and has to be speeded up. For the integrity of Schengen to be safeguarded it is indispensable to regain control over the external borders. Deficiencies, notably as regards hotspots, relocation and returns, must be rapidly addressed. The EU	measures in the area of international protection for the benefit of Sweden in accordance with Article 9 of Council Decision (EU) 2015/1523 and Article 9 of Council Decision (EU) 2015/1601 establishing provisional measures in the area of international protection for the benefit of Italy and Greece.	
	institutions and the Member States must urgently: a) address the shortcomings at the Schengen external borders, notably by ensuring systematic security checks with relevant databases, and prevent document fraud;	C(2015) 9490 Commission recommendation of 15.12.2015 for a voluntary humanitarian admission scheme with Turkey	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	b) address deficiencies in the functioning of hotspots, including by	Justice and Home Affairs Council	
	establishing the necessary reception capacity to achieve their objectives;	9/11/2015 conclusions on measures to	
	rapidly agree a precise calendar for further hotspots to become	handle the refugee and migration crisis.	
	operational; ensure that Frontex and EASO have the necessary expertise		
	and equipment;	Declaration of the 8 October 2015 Eastern	
	c) ensure systematic and complete identification, registration and	Mediterranean - Western Balkans route	
	fingerprinting, and take measures to tackle refusal of registration and	conference.	
	stem irregular secondary flows;	hosting and Hama Affaire Council	
	d) implement relocation decisions as well as consider including among the	Justice and Home Affairs Council	
	beneficiaries of existing decisions other Member States under high	8/10/2015 conclusions on the future of	
	pressure who have requested this;	the return policy.	
	e) take concrete measures to ensure the actual return and readmission of people not authorised to stay and provide support to Member States as	Justice and Home Affairs Council	
	regards return operations;	8/10/2015 approved additional financial	
	f) enhance measures for fighting smuggling and trafficking of human	assistance from the 2015 EU budget in	
	beings;	response to the migration crisis.	
	g) ensure implementation and operational follow up to:	response to the migration crisis.	
	• the High Level Conference on the Eastern Mediterranean - Western	COM(2015) 510 Managing the refugee	
	Balkans route; in this context, it is important to help non EU Member	crisis: State of Play of the Implementation	
	States along the Western Balkans route to accomplish registration	of the Priority Actions under the European	
	according to EU standards;	Agenda on Migration.	
	 the Valletta Summit, particularly as regards returns and readmission, 	The state of the s	
	and	European Parliament <u>resolution</u> of 25	
	• the EU-Turkey Statement of 29 November 2015 and the EU-Turkey	November 2015 on the proposal for a	
	Action Plan; in this context COREPER is asked to rapidly conclude its work	decision of the European Parliament and	
	on how to mobilise the 3 billion euro for the Turkey Refugee Facility;	of the Council on the mobilisation of the	
	h) continue implementing the agreed resettlement scheme;	Flexibility Instrument for immediate	
	i) continue to closely monitor flows along migration routes so as to be able	budgetary measures to address the	
	to rapidly react to developments.	refugee crisis.	
	2. The Council should continue work on the crisis relocation mechanism	<u>2015/2264(BUD)</u> .	
	taking into account experience gained, and rapidly decide on its position		
	on the list of safe countries of origin. The Council is invited to rapidly	European Parliament <u>resolution</u> of 14	
	examine the situation concerning Afghanistan. The Council should rapidly	October 2015 on the proposal for a	
	examine the Commission proposals of 15 December on a "European	decision of the European Parliament and	
	Border and Coast Guard", the Schengen Borders Code, "A voluntary	of the Council on the mobilisation of the	
	humanitarian admission scheme", and travel documents for returns. The	Flexibility Instrument for immediate	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Council should adopt its position on the "European Border and Coast	budgetary measures under the European	
	Guard" under the Netherlands Presidency. The Commission will rapidly	Agenda on Migration.	
	present the review of the Dublin system; in the meantime, existing rules	<u>2015/2253(BUD).</u>	
	must be implemented. It will also soon present a revised proposal on		
	Smart Borders.	European Parliament resolution of 14	
	3. The Presidency, the Commission and the High Representative will	October 2015 on the Council position on	
	report back on progress before the February meeting of the European	Draft amending budget No 7/2015 of the	
	Council.	European Union for the financial year	
		2015, Managing the refugee crisis: immediate budgetary measures under the	
	15 October 2015	European Agenda on Migration.	
	Cooperating with third countries to stem the flows	2015/2252(BUD).	
	a) welcomes the joint Action Plan with Turkey as part of a comprehensive	2013/2232(000).	
	cooperation agenda based on shared responsibility, mutual	COM(2015) 490 final/2 Managing the	
	commitments and delivery. Successful implementation will contribute to accelerating the fulfilment of the visa liberalisation roadmap	refugee crisis: immediate operational,	
	to accelerating the fulfillient of the visa liberalisation roadinap towards all participating Member States and the full implementation	budgetary and legal measures under the	
	of the readmission agreement. Progress will be assessed in spring	European Agenda on Migration.	
	2016. The EU and its Member States stand ready to increase		
	cooperation with Turkey and step up their political and financial	C(2015) 6250 establishing a common	
	engagement substantially within the established framework. The	"Return Handbook" to be used by Member	
	accession process needs to be re-energized with a view to achieving	States' competent authorities when	
	progress in the negotiations in accordance with the negotiating	carrying out return related tasks.	
	framework and the relevant Council conclusions.		
	b) ensure effective and operational follow up to the High-level	European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u>	
	Conference on the Eastern Mediterranean/Western Balkans Route,	of 17 September 2015 on provisional	
	with particular emphasis on the management of migratory flows and	measures in the area of international	
	the fight against criminal networks;	protection for the benefit of Italy, Greece	
	c) achieve concrete operational measures at the forthcoming Valletta	and Hungary.	
	Summit with African Heads of State or Government, focusing, in a fair	2015/0209(NLE).	
	and balanced manner, on effective return and readmission,	COM/2015) 454 on Dublic Dragurant	
	dismantling of criminal networks and prevention of illegal migration,	COM(2015) 454 on Public Procurement rules in connection with the current	
	accompanied by real efforts to tackle root causes and to support the	asylum crisis.	
	African socio-economic development together with a commitment	asylum crisis.	
	concerning continued possibilities for legal migration;	COM(2015) 453 EU Action Plan on return.	
	d) explore possibilities for developing safe and sustainable reception	COMPOSED TO ACCOUNT IN SHIP COMM.	
	capacities in the affected regions and providing lasting prospects and		

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	adequate procedures for refugees and their families, including	Justice and Home Affairs Council	
	through access to education and jobs, until return to their country of	3/09/2015: draft decision establishing	
	origin is possible;	provisional measures in the area of	
	e) ask Member States to further contribute to the efforts made to support UNHCR, World Food Programme and other agencies, as well	international protection for the benefit of Italy and of Greece.	
	as to support the EU's Regional Trust Fund responding to the Syria	I italy and of Greece.	
	crisis and the EU Trust Fund for Africa.	Justice and Home Affairs Council	
	chois and the 25 mastrana for funda.	$\frac{20/07/2015}{20}$: conclusions on the	
	Strengthening the protection of the EU's external borders (building on the	agreement on resettling through	
	Schengen acquis)	multilateral and national schemes 22 504	
	f) work towards the gradual establishment of an integrated	displaced persons in clear need of	
	management system for external borders;	international protection.	
	g) make full use of the existing Frontex mandate, including as regards the		
	deployment of Rapid Border Intervention Teams;	Justice and Home Affairs Council	
	h) in accordance with the distribution of competences under the Treaty,	20/07/2015:	
	in full respect of the national competence of the Member States, enhance the mandate of Frontex in the context of discussions over the	conclusions on the designation of certain third countries as safe countries of origin.	
	development of a European Border and Coast Guard System, including	tillia countries as sale countries of origin.	
	as regards the deployment of Rapid Border Intervention Teams in	Justice and Home Affairs Council	
	cases where Schengen evaluations or risk analysis demonstrate the	17/07/2015: note on the implementation	
	need for robust and prompt action, in cooperation with the Member	of the Eurodac Regulation as regards the	
	State concerned;	obligation to take fingerprints.	
	i) devise technical solutions to reinforce the control of the EU's external		
	borders to meet both migration and security objectives, without	Proposal COM (2015) 452 for a regulation	
	hampering the fluidity of movement;	of the European Parliament and of the	
	j) welcome the Commission's intention to rapidly present a package of	Council establishing an EU common list of	
	measures with a view to improving the management of our external	safe countries of origin for the purposes of	
	borders.	Directive 2013/32/EU of the European	
	Responding to the influx of refugees in Europe and ensuring returns	Parliament and of the Council on common procedures for granting and withdrawing	
	k) in accordance with the decisions taken so far, press ahead with the	international protection, and amending	
	establishment of further hotspots within the agreed timeframe to	Directive 2013/32/EU.	
	ensure the identification, registration, fingerprinting and reception of	2015/0211(COD).	
	applicants for international protection and other migrants and at the		
	same time ensure relocation and returns. Member States will support	Proposal COM (2015) 451 for a Council	
	these efforts to the full, in the first place by meeting the calls for	decision establishing <u>provisional measures</u>	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	expertise from Frontex and EASO for the Migration Management Support Teams to work in hotspot areas and by the provision of necessary resources; I) further to the first successful relocations, proceed rapidly with the full implementation of the decisions taken so far on relocation as well as our commitments on resettlement and on the functioning of hotspots; m) at the same time step up implementation by the Member States of the Return Directive and, before the end of the year, create a dedicated return office within Frontex in order to scale up support to Member States; n) enlarge the Frontex mandate on return to include the right to organise joint return operations on its own initiative, and enhance its role regarding the acquisition of travel documents for returnees; o) promote the acceptance by third countries of an improved European return laissez-passer as the reference document for return purposes; p) effectively implement all readmission commitments, whether undertaken through formal readmission agreements, the Cotonou Agreement or other arrangements; q) further increase leverage in the fields of return and readmission, using where appropriate the "more-for-more" principle. In this regard, the Commission and the High Representative will propose, within six months, comprehensive and tailor-made incentives to be used vis-àvis third countries. The orientations set out above represent a further important step towards our comprehensive strategy, consistent with the right to seek asylum, fundamental rights and international obligations. There are however other important priority actions that require further discussions in the relevant fora, including the Commission proposals. And there is a	in the area of international protection for the benefit of Italy, Greece and Hungary. 2015/0209(NLE). Proposal COM (2015) 0450 for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a crisis relocation mechanism and amending Regulation (EU) No 604/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 establishing the criteria and mechanisms for determining the Member State responsible for examining an application for international protection lodged in one of the Member States by a third country national or a stateless person. 2015/0208(COD). European Parliament resolution of 10 September 2015 on migration and refugees in Europe. 2015/2833(RSP). European Parliament Non-legislative enactment of 9 September 2015 on the proposal for a Council decision establishing provisional measures in the area of international protection for the benefit of Italy and Greece.	
	need for continuing reflection on the overall migration and asylum policy of the EU. The European Council will keep developments under review.	<u>2015/0125(NLE)</u> . See also <u>2015/2126(BUD)</u> .	
	23 September 2015 - respond to the urgent needs of refugees in the region by helping the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, the World Food Programme and other agencies with at least an additional 1 billion	Foreign Affairs Council 20/07/2015: conclusions on migration. COM (2015) 3560/2 on a European	
	euro;	resettlement scheme.	

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	 assist Lebanon, Jordan, Turkey and other countries in dealing with the Syrian refugee crisis, including through a substantial increase of the EU's Regional Trust Fund in response to the Syrian Crisis ("Madad Fund"); reinforce the dialogue with Turkey at all levels, including at the upcoming visit of the Turkish President (5 October), in order to 	Proposal COM(2015) 286 for a Council decision establishing provisional measures in the area of international protection for the benefit of Italy and Greece.	
	strengthen our cooperation on stemming and managing the migratory flows; - assist the Western Balkan countries in handling the refugee flows, including through pre-accession instruments, as well as ensure a speedy and solid preparation of the Western Balkans route conference	COM(2015) 285 EU Action Plan against migrant smuggling (2015 - 2020). SWD(2015) 150 on Implementation of the	
	 (8 October); increase the funding of the Emergency Trust Fund for stability and addressing the root causes of irregular migration and displaced persons 	Eurodac Regulation as regards the obligation to take fingerprints. Communication COM(2015) 240	
	 in Africa through additional contributions by Member States, and ensure an optimal preparation of the Valletta Summit (11-12 November) to achieve maximum progress; tackle the dramatic situation at our external borders and strengthen 	European Agenda for Migration. European Parliament <u>resolution</u> of the 9 April 2015 on the latest tragedies in the	
	controls at those borders, including through additional resources for Frontex, EASO and Europol, and with personnel and equipment from Member States; - meet requests from front-line Member States for assistance by the	Mediterranean and EU migration and asylum policies 2015/2660(RSP). 20/04/2015 European Commission Ten	
	institutions, the agencies and other Member States in order to ensure identification, registration and fingerprinting of migrants (hotspots) and at the same time ensure relocation and returns, at the latest by November 2015;	point action plan on migration IP/15/4813. Foreign Affairs Council 12/12/2014:	
	 enhance the funding of the Emergency Fund for Asylum, Integration and Migration and the Internal Security Fund-Borders. The orientations agreed today must be complemented by the transposition and implementation by Member States of the rules of the 	conclusions on migration in EU development cooperation. European Parliament Resolution of 17 December 2014 on the situation in the	
	Common Asylum System. In this context it is important to create the conditions for all Member States to participate fully in the Dublin system. - urge institutions, agencies and Member States to accelerate their work	Mediterranean and the need for a holistic EU approach to migration. 2014/2907(RSP).	
	on all aspects of the migration crisis. The Commission will present		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	proposals on the mobilisation of the EU budget to support these orientations. Member States will match them with their contributions. The European Council will revert to the challenge of migration at the October European Council. 25-26 June 2015 Europe needs a balanced and geographically comprehensive approach to migration, based on solidarity and responsibility. Following the decisions taken by the European Council last April, concrete measures have been taken to prevent further loss of life at sea, to find new ways of confronting smugglers and to intensify cooperation with countries of origin and transit, while respecting the right to seek asylum. The launch of the EUNAVFOR MED mission, decided on 22 June by the Council, is an important contribution in this respect. Operational action to tackle the traffickers and smugglers in accordance with international law is an essential part of our comprehensive approach. Further to the Commission's European Agenda on Migration, work should be taken forward on all dimensions of a comprehensive and systemic approach. Wider efforts, including the reinforcement of the management of the Union's external borders, are required to better contain the growing flows of illegal migration. Today, the European Council focused on three key dimensions which must be advanced in parallel: relocation/resettlement, return/readmission/reintegration and cooperation with countries of origin and transit. The Council will	Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1048/2014 of 30 July 2014 laying down information and publicity measures for the public and information measures for beneficiaries pursuant to Regulation (EU) No 514/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down general provisions on the Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund and on the instrument for financial support for police cooperation, preventing and combating crime, and crisis management (OJ L 291, 07.10.2014, p. 6).	Remarks
	regularly assess progress in all three strands and report back later in the year. Relocation/resettlement - In the light of the current emergency situation and of our commitment to reinforce solidarity and responsibility, and in line with its April decision in all its regards, including paragraph 3, the European Council agreed on the following interlinked measures to help 60.000 people: - the temporary and exceptional relocation over two years from the		

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	 40.000 persons in clear need of international protection, in which all Member States will participate; the rapid adoption by the Council of a Decision to this effect; to that end, all Member States will agree by consensus by the end of July on the distribution of such persons, reflecting the specific situations of Member States; the setting up of reception and first reception facilities in the frontline Member States, with the active support of Member States' experts and of EASO, Frontex and Europol to ensure the swift identification, registration and fingerprinting of migrants ("hotspots"). This will allow to determine those who need international protection and those who do not. The Commission will draw up, in close cooperation with the hosting Member States, a roadmap by July 2015 on the legal, financial and operational aspects of these facilities; the immediate provision of enhanced financial assistance to the frontline Member States to help alleviate the costs of receiving and processing applications for international protection; the agreement that all Member States will participate including through multilateral and national schemes in the resettling of 20.000 displaced persons in clear need of international protection, reflecting 		
	the specific situations of Member States. Return/readmission/reintegration - Effective return, readmission and reintegration policies for those not qualifying for protection are an essential part of combating illegal migration and will help discourage people from risking their lives. All tools shall be mobilised to promote readmission of irregular migrants to countries of origin and transit, building on the ideas presented by the Commission at the Council on 16 June. In particular: - high-level dialogues with the main countries of origin of irregular migrants should be launched by the High Representative as soon as possible, in close cooperation with the Member States. The Council, together with the Commission, will prepare a global package to support the negotiations with the third countries concerned;		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 the Commission will ensure that readmission commitments are implemented effectively as soon as possible, notably those under the Cotonou Agreement, and that ongoing negotiations on readmission agreements are accelerated and concluded as soon as possible, while new negotiations will be launched with other third countries building on the "more-for-more" principle, EU assistance and policies will be used to create incentives for implementing existing readmission agreements and concluding new ones. Commitments set out in trade agreements regarding the temporary presence of persons for the provision of services should be used as an incentive to conclude readmission agreements; development policy tools should reinforce local capacity building, including for border control, asylum, countersmuggling and reintegration; Member States will fully implement the Return Directive, making full use of all measures it provides to ensure the swift return of irregular migrants; return decisions issued by the Member States will be introduced in the Schengen Information System; the Commission will set out by July 2015 how Frontex will bring immediate support to frontline States on return. The Commission has announced its intention to propose to amend the Frontex Regulation to strengthen the role of Frontex, notably so that it can initiate return missions; in order to accelerate the treatment of asylum applications, the Commission will set out by July 2015 measures to be taken to use EASO to coordinate the implementation of the "safe country of origin" provisions in the Asylum Procedures Directive. The Commission has indicated its intention to strengthen the "safe country of origin" provisions in the Asylum Procedures Directive, including the possible establishment of a common EU list of safe countries of origin; adequate means will rapidly be made available in support of an effective EU return policy; furthermore, the Commission is invited to make proposals in t		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	Cooperation with countries of origin and transit It is crucial to reinforce our overall cooperation with countries of origin and transit, both on stemming the flows of irregular migrants and on tackling the root causes of migration so as to reduce the incentives for illegal migration and to combat the smuggling networks. Development assistance will play an important role in this respect. A true partnership between European and African countries, working together to tackle illegal migration in an integrated way, is essential. The Valletta Summit will seek in particular to achieve, together with the African partners: assistance to partner countries in their fight against smugglers; a strengthened cooperation on an effective return policy; better targeting of development cooperation and enhancing investments in Africa to address the root causes of migration, as well as providing economic and social opportunities. The Council will prepare proposals for areas of cooperation with countries of origin and transit for the Valletta Summit. The EU will also step up its cooperation with Turkey and the relevant countries in the Middle East (notably Iraq, Jordan and Lebanon). A high-level conference will be organised to address the challenges of the Western Balkans route. 23 April 2015 rapidly reinforce EU Operations Triton and Poseidon by at least tripling the financial resources for this purpose in 2015 and 2016 and reinforcing the number of assets, thus allowing to increase the search and rescue possibilities within the mandate of FRONTEX. We welcome the commitments already made by Member States which will allow to reach this objective in the coming weeks; disrupt trafficking networks, bring the perpetrators to justice and seize their assets, through swift action by Member State authorities in cooperation with EUROPOL, FRONTEX, the European Asylum Support		
	Office (EASO) and EUROJUST, as well as through increased intelligence and police-cooperation with third countries; - undertake systematic efforts to identify, capture and destroy vessels before they are used by traffickers;		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- at the same time, the High Representative is invited to immediately		
	begin preparations for a possible CSDP operation to this effect; - use EUROPOL to detect and request removal of internet content used		
	by traffickers to attract migrants and refugees, in accordance with		
	national constitutions;		
	- increase support to Tunisia, Egypt, Sudan, Mali and Niger among		
	others, to monitor and control the land borders and routes, building on		
	current CSDP operations in the region, as well as on regional		
	cooperation frameworks (Rabat and Khartoum processes); step up		
	dialogue with the African Union at all levels on all these issues;		
	 reinforce our political cooperation with African partners at all levels in order to tackle the cause of illegal migration and combat the smuggling 		
	and trafficking of human beings. The EU will raise these issues with the		
	African Union and the key countries concerned, with whom it will		
	propose the holding of a summit in Malta in the coming months;		
	- step up cooperation with Turkey in view of the situation in Syria and		
	Iraq;		
	- deploy European migration liaison officers in key countries to gather		
	information on migratory flows, co-ordinate with national liaison		
	officers, and co-operate directly with the local authorities;		
	- work with regional partners in building capacity for maritime border		
	management and search and rescue operations; - launch Regional Development and Protection programmes for North		
	Africa and the Horn of Africa;		
	- invite the Commission and the High Representative to mobilise all tools,		
	including through development cooperation and the implementation		
	of EU and national readmission agreements with third countries, to		
	promote readmission of unauthorised economic migrants to countries		
	of origin and transit, working closely with the International		
	Organisation for Migration;		
	- while respecting the right to seek asylum, set up a new return		
	programme for the rapid return of illegal migrants from frontline Member States, coordinated by FRONTEX;		
	- increase emergency aid to frontline Member States and consider		
	options for organising emergency relocation between all Member		
	States on a voluntary basis;		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 deploy EASO teams in frontline Member States for joint processing of asylum applications, including registration and finger-printing; set up a first voluntary pilot project on resettlement across the EU, offering places to persons qualifying for protection. The EU institutions and the Member States will work immediately on the full implementation of these orientations. The Presidency and the Commission will present a roadmap setting out work up to June. The European Council looks forward to the Commission Communication on a European Agenda for Migration, in order to develop a more systemic and geographically comprehensive approach to migration. The European Council will remain seized of the situation and will closely monitor the implementation of these orientations. The Council and the Commission will report to the European Council in June. 		
	 19-20 March 2015 The European Council deplores the continuing loss of migrants' lives at sea, greatly increased by organised people smugglers and human traffickers. Implementation of the actions, agreed by the Council in October 2014 to better manage migratory flows, should now be stepped up, including by strengthening Triton, the Frontex Operation in the Central Mediterranean. A more concerted effort is needed to increase the EU's support to the countries of origin and transit. The need to manage migration properly concerns the EU as a whole. Hence the European Council welcomes the Commission's initiative to submit in May a European Agenda for Migration built around the objectives of an effective asylum policy, well-managed regular migration, the fight against and the prevention of illegal migration and securing the external borders. 		
	 26-27 June 2014: Addressing root causes of irregular migration flows is essential part of EU migration policy. This, together with the prevention and tackling of irregular migration, will help avoid the loss of lives of migrants undertaking hazardous journeys. A sustainable solution can only be found by intensifying cooperation with countries of origin and transit, including through assistance to strengthen their migration and border management capacity. Migration policies must become a much 		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	stronger integral part of the Union's external and development policies, applying the "more for more" principle and building on the Global Approach to Migration and Mobility. The focus should be on the following elements: - strengthening and expanding Regional Protection Programmes, in particular close to regions of origin, in close collaboration with UNHCR; increase contributions to global resettlement efforts, notably in view of the current protracted crisis in Syria; - addressing smuggling and trafficking in human beings more forcefully, with a focus on priority countries and routes; - establishing an effective common return policy and enforcing readmission obligations in agreements with third countries; - fully implementing the actions identified by the Task Force Mediterranean.		
	 19-20 December 2013: Increase engagement with third countries in order to avoid that migrants embark on hazardous journeys towards EU. Important components of comprehensive approach: Information campaigns, regional protection programmes, mobility partnerships and an effective return policy. Call for reinforcement of FRONTEX border surveillance operations and actions to fight smuggling and human trafficking. European Council to return to asylum and migration issue in June 2014 in a broader and longer term policy perspective, when strategic guidelines for further legislative and operational planning in the area of freedom, security and justice will be defined. 		
	 24-25 October 2013: Appropriate EU development support and effective return policy should be granted. Closer cooperation to be ensured with relevant international organizations (UNHCR, IOM) in third countries concerned. Fight against trafficking and human smuggling stepped up in EU but also in countries of origin and transit. 		

Migration flows Mobility partnerships - Full implementation of actions identified by Task Force Mediterranean mentioned in EUCO conclusions 27.6.2014. - Welcomed Commission communication outlining 38 operational actions and calls for mobilisation of all efforts in order to implement them within a clear timeframe to be indicated by Commission. - Increased engagement with third countries in order to avoid that migrants embark on hazardous journeys towards EU to be prioritised. - Important components of comprehensive approach: information campaigns, regional protection programmes, mobility partnerships and an effective return policy. Ethiopia, Cape V Moldova, Georgia Azerbaijan and Tur Jordan. SWD(2014)0173 "Implementation on the Work Mediterranean". Mediterranean".	e of play Remarks
protection and to contributing to global efforts in this field. - Called for reinforcement of FRONTEX border surveillance operations and actions to fight smuggling and human trafficking; to ensure that appropriate solidarity was shown to all Member States under high migration pressure. - Invited Council to regularly monitor implementation of actions. - Is to return to asylum and migration issue in June 2014 with broader and longer term policy perspective; strategic guidelines for further legislative and operational planning in the area of freedom, security and justice to be defined then. - invited the Commission to report to Council on implementation of actions set out in its communication before June 2014 meeting. To the tragic exploit to the tragic explosion of 2013/2827(RSP). Communication December 2013 or Force Mediterrance 29/09/2014 Council 29/	Justice and Home Affairs Council 9/11/2015 endorse the draft Joint Declaration establishing a Mobility Partnership between the Republic of Lebanon and th European Union. Justice and Home Affairs Council 9/11/2015 endorse the draft Joint Declaration establishing a Mobility Partnership between the Republic of Lebanon and th European Union. Justice and Home Affairs Council 9/10/2014: follow-to on Task Force Mediterranes (first report to come out in December 2014), introduction of operation TRITON. See 14044/14.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 Objective must be to address root causes of migration at structural level. To that end, and in framework of European Neighbourhood Policy, partnerships to be developed with Southern and Eastern Neighbourhood countries. Mobility Partnerships to be differentiated according to partner countries' individual merits; to be agreed with each partner country separately; to be conditional on efforts and progress made in all areas (migration, readmission, mobility and security); and to include an efficient monitoring mechanism. 	3/03/2014 Mobility partnership signed with Tunisia. 5/12/2013 Mobility partnership signed with Azerbaijan. 7/06/2013 Mobility partnership signed with Morocco.	
	 11 March 2011: Council, in cooperation with Commission, invited to submit plan for development of capacities to manage migration and refugee flows before June 2011 European Council. EU must respond to mobility challenge and promote people-to-people contacts, using such instruments as mobility partnerships with all partners sufficiently advanced in their reform processes and cooperating in fight against human trafficking and irregular immigration. Commission invited to make proposals to encourage exchanges between European and South Mediterranean youth. Council should urgently agree on pending proposals on pan-Euro-Mediterranean rules of origin; Commission invited to present proposals on further means to enhance trade and foreign direct investment in the region in short, medium and long term. 		
Migration Schengen monitoring system	 12 February 2015: Full use is to be made of the existing Schengen framework to reinforce and modernise external borders' control: agreement to proceed without delay to systematic and coordinated checks on individuals enjoying the right of free movement against databases relevant to the fight against terrorism based on common risk indicators (Commission should rapidly issue operational guidelines to this effect); a targeted amendment to the Schengen Borders Code will also be considered where necessary to provide for permanent checks, based on a proposal by the Commission. 26-27 June 2014: 	Justice and Home Affairs Council 20/05/2016 agreed its negotiating position on the proposed regulation to revise the suspension mechanism which can be applied to all existing visa liberalisation agreements. Council adopts on 12 May recommendation for continuation of internal border controls.	04/05/20016 The European Commission proposed the lifting of visa requirements for citizens of Turkey. 04/05/20016 European Commission proposed visa- free travel for the people of Kosovo. 20/04/2016 European Commission proposed visa-

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Schengen area and the increasing numbers of people travelling to EU	COM(2016) 275 of 4 May setting out a	free travel for citizens of
	require efficient management of EU's common external borders to	recommendation for temporary internal	Ukraine.
	ensure strong protection.	border control in exceptional	
	- Integrated Border Management of external borders should be	circumstances putting the overall	Economic and Financial
	modernized in a cost efficient way to ensure smart border management	functioning of the Schengen area at risk.	Affairs Council 12/02/2016
	with an entry-exit system and registered travellers programme and		recommendation on
	supported by new Agency for Large Scale IT Systems (eu-LISA);	COM(2016) 120 of 4 March Back to	addressing serious deficiencies identified during
	 Frontex, as an instrument of European solidarity in border management area, should reinforce its operational assistance, 	Schengen - A Roadmap.	an evaluation of Greece's
	particularly to support Member States facing strong pressure at	Furgrand Pauliana ant la siglativa magalutian	application of the Schengen
	external borders, and increase its reactivity towards rapid evolutions in	European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u> of 14 October 2015 on the draft Council	acquis in the area of external
	migration flows, making full use of new European Border Surveillance	Implementing Decision fixing the date of	border management.
	System EUROSUR;	effect of Decision 2008/633/JHA	border management.
	As to long-term development of Frontex, possibility of setting up	concerning access for consultation of the	27/01/2016 Commission
	European system of border guards to enhance control and surveillance	Visa Information System (VIS) by	discusses <u>draft Schengen</u>
	capabilities at external borders should be studied.	designated authorities of Member States	Evaluation Report on Greece.
	- Common visa policy needs to be modernised by facilitating legitimate	and by Europol for the purposes of the	
	travel and reinforced local Schengen consular cooperation while	prevention, detection and investigation of	29/05/2015 – <u>Communication</u>
	maintaining high level of security and implementing new Schengen	terrorist offences and of other serious	COM (2015) 236: European
	governance system.	criminal offences.	Commission adopted its 7th
		2015/0807(CNS).	bi-annual report on the
	1-2 March 2012:		functioning of the Schengen
	- Recalled importance of reaching swift agreement on Regulation on the	Proposal COM (2015) 303 for a regulation	area.
	establishment of an evaluation and monitoring mechanism to verify the	amending Regulation (EC) No 1683/1995	
	application of the Schengen acquis; this mechanism should also address	of 29 May 1995 laying down a uniform	29/07/2015 – European
	required functioning of institutions involved in application of Schengen	format for visas.	Commission launched a
	acquis.	<u>2015/0134 (COD)</u> .	<u>public consultation</u> on the
	22 24 lun - 2044.		Smart Borders Package.
	23-24 June 2011:	Proposal COM(2015)0008 for a	C(2014) 7219 Commission
	- Enforcement of common rules, particularly through Schengen evaluation system, to be further improved and deepened so as to be	Regulation on a Union Code on the rules	C(2014) 7218 Commission
	able to give an efficient response to future challenges; effective and	governing the movement of persons	report assessing situation of non-reciprocity with certain
	reliable monitoring and evaluation system necessary to ensure this is	across borders (Schengen Borders Code).	third countries regarding visa
	achieved; Commission invited to regularly report on evaluation results	Procedure: 2015/0006 (COD).	policy.
	and where necessary propose measures to respond to any identified	Justice and Home Affairs Council	policy.
	deficiencies.	5/12/2014: conclusions on Legacy of	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 Mechanism to be introduced in order to respond to exceptional circumstances putting overall Schengen cooperation functioning at risk, without jeopardising principle of free movement of persons. It should comprise a series of measures to be applied in a gradual, differentiated and coordinated manner in order to assist Member States facing heavy pressure at external borders; these could include inspection visits and technical and financial support, assistance, coordination and intervention from Frontex. As a last resort in this framework: to introduce safeguard clause to allow exceptional reintroduction of internal border controls in truly critical situations where Member State is no longer able to comply with its obligations under Schengen rules; Commission invited to submit proposal for such a mechanism in September. European Border Surveillance System to be further developed as a matter of priority in order to become operational by 2013 and allow Member States' authorities carrying out border surveillance activities to share operational information and improve cooperation. Called for work on "smart borders", to ensure new technologies are harnessed to meet challenges of border control; in particular, entry/exit system and registered travellers' programme are to be introduced. In line with Stockholm Programme, framework for cooperation between national border guards to be further developed, notably by promoting common training and sharing of capacities and standards; Commission, in close cooperation with Frontex, invited to present further ideas in that respect by the end of the year. 	Schengen evaluation within the Council and its future role and responsibilities under the new mechanism. Proposal COM(2014)0382 for a Regulation on International Protection: determining Member State responsible for examining the application of unaccompanied minors amending Regulation (EU) No 604/2013. Proposal COM(2014)0164 of 1 April 2014 for a Regulation on the Union Code on Visas (Visa Code) (recast). SWD(2014)067 and SWD(2014)068. Procedure: 2014/0094 (COD). Council Regulation (EU) No 1053/2013 of 7 October 2013 establishing an evaluation and monitoring mechanism to verify the application of the Schengen acquis (OJ L 295, 06.11.2013, p. 27). Regulation (EU) No 610/2013 of 26 June 2013 of European Parliament and Council, amending Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 on the rules governing the movement of persons across borders (Schengen Borders Code) (OJ L 182, 29.06.2013, p. 1). Regulation (EU) No 656/2014 of 15 May 2014 of European Parliament and Council establishing rules of surveillance of external sea borders in the context of operational cooperation coordinated by the European Agency for the Management	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		of Operational Cooperation at the External	
		Borders of the Member States of the EU (OJ L 189, 27. 06. 2014, p. 93).	
		Regulation (EU) No 1051/2013 of 22	
		October 2013 of European Parliament and	
		Council amending Regulation (EC) No.	
		562/2006 in order to provide for common	
		rules on the temporary reintroduction of	
		border control at internal borders in	
		exceptional circumstances (OJ L 295,	
		06.11.2013, p. 1).	
		Regulation (EU) No 1052/2013 of 22	
		October 2013 of European Parliament	
		and Council establishing the European	
		Border Surveillance System (Eurosur) (OJ	
		L 295, 06.11.2013, p. 11).	
		Proposal COM(2013)097 of 28 February	
		2013 for a Regulation establishing a	
		Registered Traveller Programme (RTP)	
		(2013/0059 (RTP)). SWD(2013)050,	
		SWD(2013)051 and SWD(2013)052.	
		Procedure: <u>2013/0059 (COD)</u> .	
		Proposal COM(2013)095 of 28 February	
		2013 for a Regulation establishing Entry/Exit System (EES) to register entry	
		and exit data of third country nationals.	
		Procedure: <u>2013/0057 (COD).</u>	
		SWD(2013)047, SWD(2013)048 and	
		SWD(2013)049.	
		Draw and COM/2012\000 of 20 February	
		Proposal COM(2013)096 of 28 February 2013 for a Regulation amending	
		Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 as regards	
		the use of the Entry/Exit System (EES) and	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		the Registered Traveller Programme	
		(RTP). Procedure: <u>2013/0060 (COD)</u> .	
Migration	<u>1-2 March 2012:</u>	As of 09/06/2016, Bulgaria and Romania	
Schengen accession	- Reiterated all legal conditions had been met for decision on Bulgaria's	are still not part of the Schengen area.	
Romania	and Romania's accession to Schengen area to be taken.		
Bulgaria	 Asked Council to return to this issue in order to adopt decision at JHA Council meeting in September 2012. 		
	8-9 December 2011:		
	- Noted: all the legal conditions had been met for decision to be taken in		
	favour of accession of Bulgaria and Romania to Schengen area.		
	- Called on Council to adopt this decision as soon as possible. If		
	necessary, European Council would return to this issue at its March		
	2012 meeting.		
Migration	23 April 2015	<u>C(2016)</u> 6311 Commission	Justice and Home Affairs
Common European	The European Council commits to:	recommendation of 28 September 2016	Council 21/04/2016
Asylum System (CEAS)	n) rapid and full transposition and effective implementation of the	addressed to the Hellenic Republic on the	conclusions on Asylum
	Common European Asylum System by all participating Member States,	specific urgent measures to be taken by	decision practices.
	thereby ensuring common European standards under existing legislation;	Greece in view of the resumption of	
		transfers under Regulation (EU) No.	10/02/2016 The European
	<u>26-27 June 2014:</u>	604/2013.	Commission issued reasoned
	- Full transposition and effective implementation of Common European		opinions against Member
	Asylum System (CEAS) is an absolute priority: high common standards and	COM(2016) 466 proposal for a regulation	States in 9 infringement cases
	stronger cooperation, creation of level playing field where asylum seekers	of the European Parliament and of the	concerning their non-
	are given the same procedural guarantees and protection throughout the	Council on standards for the qualification	transposition of the Common
	EU are to be achieved. European Asylum Support Office (EASO) to have	of third-country nationals or stateless	European Asylum System.
	reinforced role, particularly in promoting uniform application of acquis.	persons as beneficiaries of international	10/12/2015 The European
	28-29 June 2012:	protection, for a uniform status for	10/12/2015 The European Commission adopted 8
	Welcomed progress achieved on Dublin Regulation, Directive on	refugees or for persons eligible for subsidiary protection and for the content	infringement decisions for
	Reception Conditions and Directive on Asylum Procedures, and in relation	of the protection granted and amending	failing to fully transpose and
	to resettlement.	Council Directive 2003/109/EC of 25	implement the Common
	to resettient.	November 2003 concerning the status of	European Asylum System.
	23-24 June 2011:	third-country nationals who are long-term	European Asylam System.
	It is crucial that the Common European Asylum System (CEAS be	residents.	10/12/2015 The European
	completed by 2012, based on high protection standards combined with		Commission opens

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	fair and effective procedures capable of preventing abuses and allowing	COM(2016) 465 proposal for a directive of	infringement procedure
	for rapid examination of asylum applications in order to ensure system	the European Parliament and of the	against Hungary concerning
	sustainability.	Council laying down standards for the	its asylum law.
		reception of applicants for international protection (recast).	While being completed at the
		protection (recast).	European level, it still needs
		COM(2016) 467 of 13 July proposal for a	to be transposed and
		regulation establishing a common	implemented by numerous
		procedure for international protection in	Member States.
		the Union and repealing Directive	
		2013/32/EU.	9/10/2014 - Justice and Home Affairs Council: Revised Greek
		COM(2016) 271 of 4 May on the European	Action Plan of Asylum and
		Union Agency for Asylum and repealing	Migration Management -
		Regulation (EU) No 439/2010.	state of play and
			implementation. See <u>Presse</u>
		<u>COM(2016) 272 of 4 May</u> on the	<u>505</u> .
		establishment of 'Eurodac' for the comparison of fingerprints for the	
		effective application of [Regulation (EU)	
		No 604/2013 establishing the criteria and	
		mechanisms for determining the Member	
		State responsible for examining an	
		application for international protection	
		lodged in one of the Member States by a	
		third-country national or a stateless	
		person], for identifying an illegally staying	
		third-country national or stateless person	
		and on requests for the comparison with	
		Eurodac data by Member States' law	
		enforcement authorities and Europol for	
		law enforcement purposes (recast). Procedure: 2016/0132 (COD).	
		F10Cedule. 2010/0132 (COD).	
		COM(2016) 270 of 4 May establishing the	
		criteria and mechanisms for determining	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		the Member State responsible for	
		examining an application for international	
		protection lodged in one of the Member States by a third-country national or a	
		stateless person (recast).	
		stateless person (recast).	
		COM(2016)197 of 6 April Towards a	
		reform of the Common European Asylum	
		System and Enhancing Legal Avenues to	
		Europe.	
		CEAS completed	
		Directive 2013/32/EU of 26 June 2013 of	
		European Parliament and Council on	
		common procedures for granting and	
		withdrawing international protection (OJ L	
		180, 29.06.2013, p. 60).	
		Directive 2013/33/EU of 26 June 2013 of	
		European Parliament and Council laying	
		down standards for the reception of	
		applicants for international protection (OJ	
		L 180, 29.06.2013, p. 96).	
		Directive 2011/95/EU of 13 December	
		2011 of European Parliament and Council	
		on standards for the qualification of third-	
		country nationals or stateless persons as	
		beneficiaries of international protection,	
		for a uniform status for refugees or for	
		persons eligible for subsidiary protection,	
		and for the content of the protection	
		granted (OJ L 337, 20.12.2011, p. 9).	
		Regulation (EU) No 604/2013 of 26 June	
		2013 of European Parliament and Council	
		establishing the criteria and mechanisms	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		for determining the Member State	
		responsible for examining application for international protection lodged in one of	
		the Member States by a third-country	
		national or a stateless person (OJ L 180,	
		29.06.2013 p. 31).	
		Regulation (EU) No 603/2013 of 26 June	
		2013 of European Parliament and Council	
		on the establishment of 'Eurodac' for the	
		comparison of fingerprints for the effective application of Regulation (EU) No	
		604/2013 establishing the criteria and	
		mechanisms for determining the Member	
		State responsible for examining an	
		application for international protection	
		lodged in one of the Member States by a	
		third-country national or a stateless	
		person and on requests for the	
		comparison with Eurodac data by Member States' law enforcement authorities and	
		Europol for law enforcement purposes,	
		and amending Regulation (EU) No	
		1077/2011 establishing a European	
		Agency for the operational management	
		of large-scale IT systems in the area of	
		freedom, security and justice (OJ L 180, 29.06.2013, p.1).	
European Area of	16 September 2016 Bratislava	COM(2016) 602 of 14 September 2016	Justice and Home Affairs
Security	Objective	Enhancing security in a world of mobility:	Council 10/06/2016: Agreed
Combatting organised	- Do everything necessary to support Member States in ensuring	improved information exchange in the	its negotiating position on
crime and terrorism	internal security and fighting terrorism	fight against terrorism and stronger	strengthening control of
	Community and a second	external borders.	firearms.
	Concrete measures a) intensified cooperation and information-exchange among security	General Affairs Council 20/09/2016	8/09/2016 opinion of the
	services of the Member States	adopted a legal framework which allows	advocate-general of the

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	b) adoption of the necessary measures to ensure that all persons, including nationals from EU Member States, crossing the Union's external borders will be checked against the relevant databases, that must be interconnected c) start to set up a Travel Information and Authorisation System (ETIAS) to allow for advance checks and, if necessary, deny entry of visa-exempt travellers d) a systematic effort against radicalisation, including through expulsions and entry bans where warranted as well as EU support to Member States' actions in prevention	the EU to apply sanctions autonomously to ISIL/Da'esh and Al-Qaida and persons and entities associated or supporting them. Justice and Home Affairs Council 9/06/2016 conclusions on improving criminal justice in cyberspace. COM(2016) 491 of 7 September proposal for a regulation establishing a Union	European Court of Justice on the compatibility of the draft agreement between Canada and the European Union on the transfer and processing of Passenger Name Record data — 'Passenger Name Record (PNR)' data — with Article 16 TFEU and Articles 7 and 8 and Article 52(1) of the Charter of Fundamental
	17-18 December 2015 4. The Paris terrorist attacks of 13 November 2015 have only strengthened our resolve to continue our uncompromising fight against terrorism and to make full use of all the tools at our disposal, including close cooperation with key partners such as the United States. The measures set out in the Statement of the Heads of State or Government of 12 February 2015, including those operationalised by the Council conclusions of 20	certification system for aviation security screening equipment. COM(2016) 379 final of 14 June 2016 Communication on supporting the prevention of radicalisation leading to violent extremism.	Rights of the European Union. 25/01/2016 Europol's new European Counter Terrorism Centre (ECTC) was launched. Justice and Home Affairs
	November 2015, need to be urgently implemented. The European Council will keep the situation regularly under review. 5. The recent terrorist attacks demonstrate in particular the urgency of enhancing relevant information sharing, notably as regards: a) ensuring the systematic entry of data on foreign terrorist fighters into the Schengen Information System II; b) ensuring the systematic sharing of criminal records data for people	Justice and Home Affairs Council 9/06/2016 conclusions on the European Judicial Cybercrime Network. Justice and Home Affairs Council 9/06/2016 endorsed a roadmap to enhance information exchange and	Council 04/12/2015 approved the compromise text agreed with the European Parliament on a draft regulation on the European Agency for Law Enforcement Cooperation and Training (Europol).
	connected to terrorism (and serious and organised crime) and the extension of European Criminal Records Information System (ECRIS) to third country nationals; c) ensuring the interoperability of the relevant databases with regard to security checks; d) improving information exchange between Member States' counterterrorism authorities, supporting the work of the new Europol CT Centre, and e) increasing Member States' contributions to Europol databases, as well as providing for the access of Europol and Frontex to relevant databases.	information management including interoperability solutions in the Justice and Home Affairs area. Adopted Regulation (EU) 2016/794 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 May 2016 on the European Union Agency for Law Enforcement Cooperation (Europol)	17/11/2015 European Commission overview of the state of play of the European Agenda on Security. 14/11/2015 Statement of the EU heads and EU institutions on attacks in Paris.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	6. The agreement between the co-legislators on the proposal for a	and replacing and repealing Council	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Directive on the use of passenger name record (PNR) data for the	Decisions 2009/371/JHA, 2009/934/JHA,	against cyber attacks came
	prevention, detection, investigation and prosecution of terrorist offences	2009/935/JHA, 2009/936/JHA and	into force.
	and serious crime paves the way for its rapid adoption and	2009/968/JHA	
	implementation which will constitute a crucial step in the fight against	Procedure: <u>2013/0091(COD)</u> .	1/09/2015 – publication by
	terrorism. The European Council recalls the commitment of all Member		European Commission of
	States to apply the PNR to intra-EU flights, as well as to non air-carriers	COM(2016) 230 of 20 April delivering on	Radicalisation Awareness
	such as travel agencies and tour operators.	the European Agenda on Security to fight	Network (RAN) Collection of
	7. The commitment made by the Heads of State or Government last	against terrorism and pave the way	
	February for deeper cooperation between security services should be	towards an effective and genuine Security	
	further pursued, in full respect of Member States' sole responsibility for national security, notably by structuring further their information	Union.	radicalisation.
	exchange so that interested Member States can engage in enhanced joint	Justice and Home Affairs Council	24/06/2015 Europol
	operational threat analysis.	21/04/2016 adopted a directive on the use	supported international
	8. It is also crucial that Member States implement systematic and	of passenger name record (PNR) data for	operation to tackle organised
	coordinated checks at external borders, including on individuals enjoying	the prevention, detection, investigation	crime (Operation Blue
	the right of free movement.	and prosecution of terrorist offences and	Amber).
	9. The Council will rapidly examine the Commission proposals on	serious crime.	
	combatting terrorism and on firearms, in particular on high-powered		10/06/2015 Follow-up to the
	semi-automatic weapons. Member States should fully implement the	European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u>	statement of the Members of
	Regulation on explosives precursors.	of 14 April 2016 on the proposal for a	the European Council of 12
	10. The Council and the Commission will take rapidly further action	directive of the European Parliament and	February 2015 on counter-
	against terrorist finance in all domains identified by the Council of 20	of the Council on the use of Passenger	terrorism: Report on
	November; regarding in particular asset freeze and other restrictive	Name Record data for the prevention,	<u>implementation</u>
	measures, priority should be given to strengthening and, if need be,	detection, investigation and prosecution	of measures.
	extending the existing measures to tackle ISIL/Da'esh-related activity	of terrorist offences and serious crime.	
	throughout the EU.	Procedure: <u>2011/0023(COD).</u>	1/07/2015 – Europol
	11. The EU will urgently strengthen counter-terrorism engagement with		launched the European Union
	partners in North Africa, the Middle East, Turkey and the Western Balkans.	European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u>	Internet Referral Unit (EU
	12. To support criminal investigations, work will be taken forward on	of 14 April 2016 on the Council position at	IRU) to combat terrorist
	obtaining electronic evidence, especially when located abroad. This will	first reading with a view to the adoption of	propaganda and related
	include further engagement with the internet industry.	a directive of the European Parliament and	violent extremist activities on
	13. The Commission, the High Representative and the EU Counter-	of the Council on the protection of natural	the internet.
	terrorism Coordinator will monitor the situation closely and report to the	persons with regard to the processing of	
	Council.	personal data by competent authorities	17/02/2015 Updated draft
		for the purposes of the prevention,	report by EP rapporteur on

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 25-26 June 2015 further to the Commission's "European Agenda on Security" and the Council conclusions of 16 June 2015, work will be taken forward on the renewed European Union Internal Security Strategy; full implementation of the orientations on the fight against terrorism agreed at the February 2015 meeting remains a priority; 12 February 2015: The security of citizens is an immediate necessity; tools we already have 	investigation, detection or prosecution of criminal offences or the execution of criminal penalties, and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Council Framework Decision 2008/977/JHA. Procedure: 2012/0010(COD).	the use of Passenger Name Record data for the prevention, detection, investigation and prosecution of terrorist offences and serious crime. Procedure 2011/0023(COD) 15/01/2015.
	must be better implemented and further developed, in particular to detect and disrupt terrorist-related travel, notably foreign terrorist fighters. It is asked that: - EU legislators adopt a strong and effective European Passenger Name Records directive with solid data protection safeguards;	COM(2015) 624 on Implementing the European Agenda on Security: EU action plan against illicit trafficking in and use of firearms and explosives.	11/01/2015 <u>Joint Statement</u> of European interior ministers. <u>Justice and Home Affairs</u>
	 Full use is to be made of the existing Schengen framework to reinforce and modernise external borders' control: agreement to proceed without delay to systematic and coordinated checks on individuals enjoying the right of free movement against databases 	COM/2016/050 on an Action Plan for strengthening the fight against terrorist financing.	Council 5/12/2014: ministers agreed to assess the need to update Framework Decision 2002/475/JHA on combating terrorism in light of the
	relevant to the fight against terrorism based on common risk indicators (Commission should rapidly issue operational guidelines to this effect); a targeted amendment to the Schengen Borders Code will also be considered where necessary to provide for permanent checks, based on a proposal by the Commission;	Economic and Financial Affairs Council 12/02/2016 conclusions on the fight against the financing of terrorism.	recently adopted UN Security Council Resolution 2178(2014).
	 Law enforcement and judicial authorities step up information sharing and operational cooperation including through Europol and Eurojust; All competent authorities should increase cooperation in the fight against illicit trafficking of firearms, incl. the swift adaptation of relevant legislation; Member States' security services must deepen their cooperation; Members States should quickly implement the strengthened rules to prevent money laundering and terrorist financing, and all competent 	Justice and Home Affairs Council 04/12/2015 approved the compromise text agreed with the European Parliament on the proposal for a directive on the use of passenger name record (PNR) data for the prevention, detection, investigation and prosecution of terrorist offences and serious crime.	Justice and Home Affairs Council 9/10/2014 - implementation follow-up on EU priorities in combatting serious and organised international crime; Operation Archimedes results presented.
	authorities should step up action to trace financial flows and to freeze effectively assets used for financing terrorism;	European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u> of 16 December 2015 on the draft Council implementing decision approving the conclusion by the European Police Office	Justice and Home Affairs Council 5/12/2014: took note of the Presidency's information regarding a proposal for a directive on

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Work towards the adoption of the Network and Information Security	(Europol) of the Agreement on	the use of PNR data for the
	Directive should advance rapidly, given the importance of cyber-	Operational and Strategic Cooperation	prevention, detection,
	Security;	between Bosnia and Herzegovina and Europol.	investigation and prosecution of terrorist offences and
	 Preventing radicalisation is a key element of the fight against terrorism so instruments need to be brought together in a comprehensive 	2015/0808(CNS).	serious crimes; ministers
	approach to address this phenomenon. The European Council calls for:	2013/0808(CN3).	agreed on the urgency to
	- Adequate measures to be taken, in accordance with national	European Parliament legislative resolution	adopt this directive and called
	constitutions, to detect and remove internet content promoting	of 15 December 2015 on the draft Council	on EP to adopt a position as
	terrorism or extremism, incl. through greater cooperation between	implementing decision approving the	soon as possible.
	public authorities and the private sector at EU level, also working with	conclusion by the European Police Office	·
	Europol to establish internet referral capabilities;	(Europol) of the Agreement on Strategic	General Affairs Council
	- Communication strategies to promote tolerance, non-discrimination,	Cooperation in the fight against serious	<u>10/2/2015</u> : agreement with
	fundamental freedoms and solidarity throughout the EU, incl.	crime and terrorism between the United	EP on strengthened rules to
	through stepping up inter-faith and other community dialogue, and	Arab Emirates and Europol.	prevent money laundering and terrorist financing
	narratives to counter terrorist ideologies, incl. by giving a voice to	<u>2015/0809(CNS).</u>	approved.
	victims;	Furnament Devlienment recolution of 25	approved.
	 Initiatives regarding education, vocational training, job opportunities, social integration and rehabilitation in the judicial context to address 	European Parliament <u>resolution</u> of 25 November 2015 on the prevention of	General Affairs Council
	factors contributing to radicalisation, incl. in prisons.	radicalisation and recruitment of	<u>10/2/2015</u> : Europol work
	ractors continuating to radicalisation, men in prisonsi	European citizens by terrorist	programme for 2015
	26-27 June 2014:	organisations.	endorsed.
	- Effective EU counter terrorism policy is needed, whereby all relevant	2015/2063(INI).	- /- /
	actors work closely together, integrating internal and external aspects		5/6/2014 JHA Council: new
	of the fight against terrorism. In this context, European Council	Justice and Home Affairs Council	draft regulation aimed at "lisbonising" current Council
	reaffirms the role of the EU Counter Terrorism Coordinator. In its fight	<u>20/11/2015</u>	decision on Europol.
	against crime and terrorism, the EU should back national authorities by	Conclusions of the Council of the EU and of	accision on Europoi.
	mobilising all instruments of judicial and police cooperation, with a	the Member States meeting within the	
	reinforced coordination role for Europol and Eurojust, including	Council on Counter-Terrorism.	
	through: - review and update of the internal security strategy by mid-2015;	harting and Hama Affairs C. "	
	- improvement of cross-border information exchanges (incl. on	Justice and Home Affairs Council 20/11/2015	
	criminal records);	Conclusions of the Council of the	
	- further development of comprehensive approach to cyber security	European Union and of the Member	
	and cybercrime;	States meeting within the Council on	
	- prevention of radicalisation and extremism and action to address	enhancing the criminal justice response to	
	phenomenon of foreign fighters, including through effective use of	<u> </u>	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	existing instruments for EU-wide alerts and development of instruments such as the EU Passenger Name Record (PNR) system.	radicalisation leading to terrorism and violent extremism.	
		Proposal COM (2015)750 for a directive of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Council Directive 91/477/EEC on control of the acquisition and possession of weapons. 2015/0269(COD).	
		Commission regulation C(2015)9100/1 establishing common guidelines on deactivation standards and techniques for ensuring that deactivated firearms are rendered irreversibly inoperable.	
		Report from the Commission COM (2015)751 to the European Parliament and the Council Evaluation of Council Directive 91/477/EC of 18 June 1991, as amended by Directive 2008/51/EC of 21 May 2008, on control of the acquisition and possession of weapons.	
		Proposal COM(2015) 625 on combating terrorism and replacing Council Framework Decision 2002/475/JHA on combating terrorism.	
		COM(2015)285 EU Action Plan against migrant smuggling (2015 - 2020). Justice and Home Affairs Council 15-16/06/2015: conclusions on the Renewed European Union Internal Security Strategy 2015-2020.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament <u>resolution</u> of 9 July 2015 on the European Agenda on Security. 2015/2697(RSP).	
		Proposal COM (2015)292 for a Council decision on the signing, on behalf of the European Union, of the Council of Europe Convention on the Prevention of Terrorism (CETS No 196). 2015/0131 (NLE).	
		Proposal COM (2015)291 for a Council decision on the signing, on behalf of the European Union, of the Additional Protocol to the Council of Europe Convention on the Prevention of Terrorism (CETS No 196). 2015/0130 (NLE).	
		Justice and Home Affairs Council 08/10/2015 conclusions on strengthening the use of means of fighting trafficking of firearms.	
		Directive 2015/849 of the European Parliament and the Council of 20 May 2015 on the prevention of the use of the financial system for the purposes of money laundering or terrorist financing, amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of	
		the European Parliament and of the Council, and repealing Directive 2005/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Commission Directive 2006/70/EC.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Communication COM(2015)185 entitled 'European Agenda on Security: Strengthening EU cooperation in the fight against terrorism, organised crime and cybercrime'.	
		Foreign Affairs Council conclusions 9/2/2015: conclusions on counterterrorism. European Parliament Resolution of 11 February 2015 on anti-terrorism measures. 2015/2530(RSP).	
		Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/64 amending for the 224th time Council Regulation (EC) No 881/2002 imposing certain specific restrictive measures directed against certain persons and entities associated with the Al-Qaeda network (OJ L 11, 17.1.2015, p. 65).	
		Justice and Home Affairs Council 5/12/2014 approved guidelines for the EU Strategy for Combating Radicalisation and Recruitment to Terrorism.	
		Justice and Home Affairs Council 04/12/2014 EU Counter-Terrorism Coordinator report on the implementation of the EU Counter-terrorism strategy December 2012-mid-October 2014. 15799/14.	
		European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u> of 11 March 2014 on the proposal for a	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the prevention of the use of the financial system for the purpose of money laundering and terrorist financing. Procedure 2013/0025(COD).	
		Proposal COM(2013)0045 for a Directive on Prevention of the use of the financial system for the purpose of money laundering and terrorist financing. Procedure: 2013/0025 (COD). SWD(2013)0021 and SWD(2013)0022. EP Resolution of 17 December 2014 on reviewing the EU Internal Security	
		Strategy Procedure: 2014/2918(RSP). Justice and Home Affairs Council 4/12/2014 conclusions on the development of a renewed European Union Internal Security Strategy. 15670/2014.	
		European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u> of 25 February 2014 on the proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the European Union Agency for Law Enforcement Cooperation and Training (Europol) and repealing Decisions <u>2009/371/JHA</u> and <u>2005/681/JHA</u> . Procedure: <u>2013/0091(COD)</u> .	
		Proposal COM(2013)0173 of 27 March 2013 for a new Europol Regulation; merger with Cepol so far opposed by Parliament and Council, but revision of	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		original regulation remains a high priority. Procedure: 2013/0091 (COD). SWD(2013)098, SWD(2013)099 and SWD(2013)0100.	
		Justice and Home Affairs Council 4/12/2014 resolution on creation of an operational network - @ON - to counter mafia- style serious and organised crime groups.	
		Council Decision 2012/381/EU of 13 December 2011 on the conclusion of the Agreement between the European Union and Australia on the processing and transfer of Passenger Name Record (PNR) data by air carriers to the Australian Customs and Border Protection Service	
		(OJ L 186, 14.07.2012, p. 3). Proposal COM(2013)0528 of 18 July 2013 for a Council Decision on the conclusion of Agreement with Canada on transfer of PNR data. Procedure: 2013/0250 (NLE).	
		European Parliament Resolution of 12/09/2013 on implementation of the of the EU Internal Security Strategy Procedure 2013/2636(RSP).	
European Area of Justice European Area of Justice	 26-27 June 2014: Smooth functioning of a true European area of justice with respect to different legal systems and traditions of Member States is vital for the EU: mutual trust in one another's justice systems to be further enhanced. Further action is required to: 	Communication COM(2014)0158 of 19 March 2014: "A New EU Framework to Strengthen Rule of Law". Proposal COM(2013)0824 of 27 November 2013 for a Directive on	15/12/2015 Council and the European Parliament reached an agreement on the proposal for a directive on procedural safeguards for children.

Policy Field Commitment Specific issue	and/or request	State of play	Remarks
businesses; - simplify access to justice; productechnological innovations include - continue efforts to strengthen in criminal proceedings; - examine reinforcement of right proceedings to facilitate enformand in civil and commercial material reinforce protection of victims; - enhance mutual recognition of criminal matters; - reinforce exchanges of informates States; - fight fraudulent behaviour and advancing negotiations on E(EPPO); - facilitate cross-border activities enhance training for practitions	ights of accused and suspect persons its of persons, notably children, in tement of judgements in family law ters with cross-border implications; decisions and judgments in civil and tion between authorities of Member damages to EU budget, including by propean Public Prosecutor's Office and operational cooperation; rs;	provisional legal aid for suspects or accused persons deprived of liberty and legal aid in European arrest warrant proceedings. Procedure: 2013/0409 (COD). SWD(2013)0476, SWD(2013)0477 and SWD(2013)0499. Adopted Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on procedural safeguards for children suspected or accused in criminal proceedings. Proposal COM(2013)0822 of 27 November 2013 for a Directive to establish common minimum standards on procedural safeguards for children suspected or accused in criminal proceedings. Procedure: 2013/0408 (COD). European Parliament resolution of 29 April 2015 on the proposal for a Council regulation on the establishment of the European Public Prosecutor's Office. Procedure 2013/0091(COD). Proposal COM(2016) 7 final for a Directive amending Council Framework Decision 2009/315/JHA, as regards the exchange of information on third country nationals and as regards the European Criminal Records Information System (ECRIS), and replacing Council Decision 2009/316/JHA.	11/2015 EU Agency for Fundamental Rights report on surveillance by intelligence services: fundamental rights safeguards and remedies in the EU. 4/11/2015 Coreper approved a compromise text agreed with the European Parliament on a directive on the strengthening of certain aspects of the presumption of innocence and the right to be present at trial in criminal proceedings. Justice and Home Affairs Council 13/03/2015: agreement on the proposal for a directive on the right to provisional legal aid for citizens suspected or accused of a crime and for those subject to a European arrest warrant. 6/6/2014 Justice and Home Affairs Council: agreement on general approach. See Presse 328. Justice and Home Affairs Council 9/10/2015 provisionally agreed certain articles of the draft regulation

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Justice and Home Affairs Council 12/02/2016 adopted a directive on the strengthening of certain aspects of the presumption of innocence and the right to be present at trial in criminal proceedings. Proposal COM(2013)0821 of 27 November 2013 for a Directive to ensure right to a fair trial by setting out common minimum standards on certain aspects of the presumption of innocence and of the right to be present at trial in criminal proceedings. Procedure: 2013/0407 (COD). SWD(2013)0478, SWD(2013)0479 and SWD(2013)0500. Proposal COM(2013)0534 of 17 July 2013 for a Council Regulation on the establishment of the European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO). Procedure: 2013/0255 (APP). SWD(2013)0274 and SWD(2013)0275.	establishing the European public prosecutor's office. 10/10/2014 Debate in Council: Presidency briefed Council on state of play of proposal. Justice and Home Affairs Council 5/12/2014: proposal debated; main points of debate were how to ensure the independence of decision-making of the EPPO; ministers agreed to discuss Articles 13 and 14 of the proposal in light of suggestions by the Presidency.

VI. External Policies

Analytical Summary

Main commitment

The June 2015 European Council mandated the High Representative/Vice President of the European Commission (HR/VP), Federica Mogherini, to undertake a strategic review and prepare a Global Strategy for the European Union. At their June 2016 meeting, the Heads of State or Government 'welcomed the presentation' of the document and invited the HR/VP, the Commission and the Council 'to take the work forward'. More recently, the HR/VP declared that the strategy 'has to become action' and that a roadmap for implementation will be presented until the end of 2016.

State of play

The security landscape has fundamentally changed in recent years, with the EU increasingly facing security instability in its neighbourhood, in both the East and the South. Throughout 2014, 2015 and 2016, the European Council has closely followed crises in the EU's neighbourhood, with particular attention being dedicated to Ukraine, Libya and Syria. All of the eight European Council meetings that were held in 2014 - four regular, three extraordinary and one informal discussed the situation in Ukraine. The European Council underlined the EU's commitment to support capacity building, the implementation of the Minsk Agreements and the imposition of sanctions on Russia following the illegal annexation of Crimea. In 2015, only two - one regular and one informal - out of the eight European Council meetings have considered the situation in Ukraine. The situation continued to be monitored at the Foreign Affairs Ministerial level in the Council where it was decided to renew sanctions against Russia. The October 2016 European Council will, most probably, address the question of sanctions as part of the scheduled debate on relations with Russia. Additionally, the European Parliament has voted on eight resolutions concerning Ukraine in the past three years.2

In 2015, the European Council's attention progressively shifted to the migration crisis, including the external dimension of the migration crisis, which is being accentuated by crises in both Libya and Syria. Libya was discussed at five - three regular, one extraordinary and one informal - European Councils in 2015 and two regular summits in 2016. During their October 2015 and December 2015 meetings, EU Heads of State or Government welcomed the conclusion of a <u>Political</u>

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 $^{^{2}}$ The resolutions voted by the European Parliament concerning Ukraine are listed later in this chapter.

Agreement formed under the auspices of the UN. In February 2016, the European Council continued to monitor the situation in Libya, calling for the implementation of the Libyan Political Agreement and offering support to capacity building. Since then, the EU has reiterated its support to cooperate closely with the appointed Government of National Accord of Prime Minister Fayez-al-Sarraj on counterterrorism, trafficking in human beings, countering migration and border assistance programmes. The European Parliament adopted one resolution on the situation in Libya in 2015 and a second in 2016.

Syria featured in the European Council's conclusions five times in 2015, following two regular, one informal and two extraordinary meetings. More recently, the European Council discussed the situation in Syria at its February 2016 meeting. It welcomed the outcome of the International Syria Support Group (ISSG) meeting in Munich and called for the implementation of commitments made, particularly with respect to establishing a ceasefire. On 27 May 2016, the Council extended sanctions against the Syrian regime until June 2017, with Foreign Affairs Ministers continuing to closely monitor the evolution of the situation, as an update of the strategy in Syria was equally adopted. Most concerns are linked to the political-military situation on the ground and the high number of displaced persons both in Syria and in the neighbouring countries. The European Parliament adopted four resolutions on the situation in Syria since 2015.³

Regarding the Common Security and Defence Policy (CSDP), the December 2013 European Council set three directions for action in the area of crisis management, capabilities, defence market and defence industry with the aim to enhance defence cooperation. It has called upon the Council and the HR/VP to report on the progress made by June 2015. The European Council identified a number of deadlines, which were met before June 2015 (e.g. the EU Cyber Defence PolicyFramework or the EU Maritime Security Strategy, both adopted in 2014). Greater effort is required to improve capabilities development, the defence market and the defence industry, as recalled by the June 2015 European Council. The December 2016 European Council will, as announced by the 27 Heads of State or Government in Bratislava, focus on security and defence, considering with priority the question of capabilities, the EU-NATO relations, and the options available to fully implement the defence and security related Lisbon Treaty provisions.

Main challenge and outlook

The main challenge in the coming months is to define the roadmap for the implementation of the Global Strategy, including concrete timelines and steps. The HR/VP already outlined four main areas for action as follows: 1) security and

³ The resolutions voted by the European Parliament concerning Syria are listed later in this chapter.

defence, 2) the internal/external security nexus, 3) an integrated approach to crises and conflicts, and 4) the assessment, review and implementation of the different EU sectorial strategies (ie. Strategy for the Sahel, EU Maritime Security Strategy). She has outlined that there is currently an 'evident window of political opportunity' to make rapid progress in the area of security and defence.

The main challenge in the area of security and defence remains linked to capabilities development, the defence market and the defence industry. This challenge could be addressed by developing more collaborative projects which could help overcome existing domestic budgetary constraints to provide timely and rapidly deployable capabilities. A 'defence industrial strategy' could offer a structured framework for increased cooperation in the defence industry.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
VI.1. Common Sec	curity and Defence Policy (CSDP)		
Defence - General orientations	16 September 2016, Bratislava (informal EU27): - External Security and Defence Objective In a challenging geopolitical environment, strengthen EU cooperation on external security and defence	European Parliament resolution of 13 April 2016 on the EU in a changing global environment — a more connected, contested and complex world (2015/2272(INI)).	
	Concrete measures a) December European Council to decide on a concrete implementation plan on security and defence and on how to make better use of the options in the Treaties, especially as regards capabilities b) start implementing the joint declaration with NATO immediately.	European Parliament resolution of 21 January 2016 on the mutual defence clause (Article 42(7) TEU) (2015/3034(RSP).	
	28 June 2016 EU-NATO cooperation was discussed in the presence of the NATO Secretary General. The European Council called for further enhancement of the relationship, in light of our common aims and values and given unprecedented challenges from the South and East. This new ambition should take the form of accelerated practical cooperation in selected areas. The new impetus in EU-NATO cooperation will take place in the spirit of full openness and in full respect of the decision-making autonomy and procedures of both organisations, be based on the principle of inclusiveness and be without prejudice to the specific character of the security and defence policy of any Member State. The President of the European Council and the President of the European Commission will issue a declaration together with the NATO Secretary General in Warsaw in July. 25 - 26 June 2015	European Parliament resolution of 17 December 2015 on Arms export: implementation of Common Position 2008/944/CFSP (2015/2114(INI)). Foreign Affairs Council of 17 November 2015: Conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (14120/15). European Parliament resolution of 16 September 2015 on the Commission Work Programme 2016 (2015/2729(RSP)). Council Decision 2015/1835/CFSP of 12 October 2015 defining the statute, seat and operational rules of the European Defence Agency.	Joint declaration by the President of the European Council, the President of the European Commission, and the Secretary General of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, 8 July 2015. President Jean-Claude Juncker
	The High Representative will continue the process of strategic reflection with a view to preparing an EU global strategy on foreign and security policy in close cooperation with Member States, to be submitted to the European Council by June 2016 .	European Parliament resolution of 9 July 2015 on the European Agenda on Security (2015/2697(RSP)).	appointed Michel Barnier as Special Adviser on European Defence and Security Policy, 17 February 2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	In line with the European Council conclusions of December 2013 and the	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 May 2015:	Policy Framework for
	Council conclusions of 18 May 2015, work will continue on a more	Council Conclusions on the Common	Systematic and Long-Term
	effective, visible and result-oriented CSDP, the further development of	Security and Defence Policy (8971/15).	Defence Cooperation,
	both civilian and military capabilities, and the strengthening of Europe's		18 April 2015.
	defence industry, including SMEs.	Joint Staff Working Document	
		SWD(2015)085 of 14 April 2015 on Taking	
	The European Council recalls the need for:	Forward the EU's Comprehensive	
	the Member States to allocate a sufficient level of expenditure for defence	Approach to external conflict and crises -	
	and the need to make the most effective use of the resources.	Action Plan 2015.	
		European Parliament resolution of 12	
	The European Council will keep security and defence policy regularly on its	March 2015 on the Annual Report from the	
	agenda.	High Representative of the European	
	Informal 12 February 2015	Union for Foreign Affairs and Security	
	Informal - 12 February 2015: Commission is to present a proposal in April 2015 for a comprehensive	Policy to the European Parliament (2014/2219(INI)).	
	European Agenda on Security;	(<u>2014/2219(INI)</u>).	
	Council will report on the detailed implementation of these orientations	European Parliament resolution of 21 May	
	by the June European Council.	2015 on financing the Common Security	
	by the June European council.	and Defence Policy (2014/2258(INI)).	
	<u> 26 - 27 June 2014</u>	and Bereinee Folicy (2014/2230(IVII)).	
	Develop security and defence cooperation to be able to live up to	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 November	
	commitments and responsibilities across the world: by strengthening	2014: Council Conclusions on the Common	
	Common Security and Defence Policy in full complementarity with NATO;	Security and Defence Policy (15573/14).	
	by ensuring Member States maintain and develop necessary civilian and	, ,	
	military capabilities, incl. through pooling and sharing; with stronger	Communication COM(2015)0185 of 28	
	European defence industry.	April 2015 on the European Agenda on	
		Security.	
	<u>13 - 14 December 2012:</u>		
	Invited the High Representative, notably through the European External	Communication JOIN(2015)0017 of 28	
	Action Service and the European Defence Agency, as well as the	April 2015 on Capacity building in support	
	Commission, to develop further proposals and actions to strengthen	of security and development – Enabling	
	CSDP and improve the availability of the required civilian and military	partners to prevent and manage crises.	
	capabilities, and to report on such initiatives, at the latest by September		
	2013, with a view to the December 2013 European Council.	European Parliament resolution of 21 May	
		2015 on the impact of developments in	
		European defence markets on the security	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Increase the effectiveness, visibility and impact of CSDP by Further developing the comprehensive approach to conflict prevention, crisis management and stabilisation, including by developing ability to respond to emerging security challenges; Strengthening the EU's ability to deploy the right civilian and military capabilities and personnel rapidly and effectively on the whole spectrum of crisis management action.	and defence capabilities in Europe (2015/2037(INI)). European Parliament Resolution of 17 December 2014 on reviewing the EU Internal Security Strategy (2014/2918(RSP)).	
	Enhance the development of defence capabilities by Identifying current redundancies, capabilities, shortfalls and prioritising future requirements for European civilian and military capabilities; Facilitating more systematic and longer term European defence cooperation, including through "pooling and sharing" of military capabilities; and in this regard, systematically consider cooperation from the outset in national defence planning by Member States; Facilitate synergies between bilateral, sub-regional, European and multilateral initiatives, including EU's "pooling and sharing" and NATO's "smart defence".	Commission Directive 2014/108/EU of 12 December 2014 amending Directive 2009/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the list of defence-related products (OJ L 359, 16.12.2014, p. 117). Foreign Affairs Council of 12 may 2014: Council Conclusions on the EU's comprehensive approach.	
	Strengthen Europe's defence industry by Developing more integrated, sustainable, innovative and competitive European defence technological and industrial base; Developing greater synergies between civilian and military research and development; Promoting well-functioning defence market, in particular through effective implementation of public procurement and intra-EU transfers directives, be open to SMEs and benefit from their contributions.	Communication JOIN(2013)0030 of 11 December 2013 on EU's comprehensive approach to external conflict and crises. European Parliament resolution of 23 November 2010 on civilian-military cooperation and development of civilian-military capabilities (2010/2071(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 21 November 2013 on implementation of Common Security and Defence Policy (based on the Annual Report from Council to European Parliament on Common Foreign and Security Policy) (2013/2105(INI)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament resolution of 21 November 2013 on European Defence Technological and Industrial Base (2013/2125(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 12 September 2013 on EU's military structures: state of play and future prospects (2012/2319(INI)).	
		Communication COM(2013)0542 of 24 July 2013 Towards a more competitive and efficient defence and security sector. Procedure: SWD(2013)0279.	
		European Parliament resolution of 22 November 2012 on the role of the Common Security and Defence Policy in case of climate driven crises and natural disaster (2012/2095(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 12 September 2012 on the Annual Report on Common Foreign and Security Policy (2012/2050 (INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 11 May 2011 on development of common security and defence policy following entry into force of the Lisbon Treaty (2010/2299(INI)).	
CSDP Operations	Extraordinary - 23 April 2015 - Committed to undertake systematic efforts to identify capture and destroy vessels before they are used by traffickers. The High Representative is invited to immediately begin preparations for a	European Parliament resolution of 5 July 2016 on the fight against trafficking in human beings in the EU's external relations (2015/2340(INI)).	EUNAVFOR Med: EU agrees to start the active phase of the operation against human smugglers and to rename it

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	possible CSDP operation to this effect, in accordance with international law; Invited to build on current CSDP operations in the region, as well as on regional cooperation frameworks (Rabat and Khartoum processes); Invited to step up dialogue with the African Union. 20 - 21 March 2014 The European Union will continue to provide operational support through its civilian crisis management missions and military operations, at the request of individual countries and in close cooperation with other regional and international actors.	Foreign Affairs Council of 20 June 2016: Conclusions on EUNAVFOR MED operation Sophia (10495/16). Foreign Affairs Council of 23 May 2016: Conclusions on EUNAVFOR MED operation Sophia (9300/16). Foreign Affairs Council of 17 November 2015: Conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (14120/15).	"Operation Sophia, 28 September 2015. Remarks by High Representative/Vice-President Federica Mogherini at the joint press conference with Etienne Schneider, Luxembourg Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Defence, following the Informal meeting of EU Ministers of Defence, Luxembourg, 3 September 2015.
	 Underlined the urgency of mobilising financial and operational support for the African-led International Support Mission to the Central African Republic (MISCA) and reaffirms the Union's commitment to deploy its operation EUFOR RCA in the coming weeks. 	Council Decision 2015/594/CFSP of 27 October 2015 amending Decision 2015/778/CFSP on a European Union military operation in the Southern Central Mediterranean (EUNAVFOR MED). European Parliament resolution of 10 September 2015 on migration and refugees in Europe (2015/2833(RSP)).	HR/VP Federica Mogherini's remarks at the UN Security Council, New York, 11 May 2015. European Commission Factsheet, The European Union's Cooperation with Africa on Migration, 22 May 2015.
		General Affairs Council of 14 September 2015: EUNAVFOR Med: Council adopts a positive assessment on the conditions to move to the first step of phase 2 on the high seas. Council Decision 2015/972/CFSP of 22 June 2015 launching the European Union military operation in the southern Central Mediterranean (EUNAVFOR MED).	EUCAP Sahel to help prevent irregular migration, 13 May 2015. Statement by President Donald Tusk following the extraordinary European Council meeting, 23 April 2015. Completion of EUFOR RCA, 15 March 2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Foreign Affairs Council of 18 May 2015: Council Conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (8971/15).	EU financial support to the African-led International Support Mission to the Central
		Council Decision 2015/778/CFSP of 18 May 2015 on a European Union military operation in the Southern Central Mediterranean EUNAVFOR MED.	African Republic, 6 December 2013.
		European Parliament resolution of 29 April 2015 on the latest tragedies in the Mediterranean and EU migration and asylum Policies (2015/2660(RSP)). Foreign Affairs Council of 19 April 2016: Central African Republic: EU military training mission approved for two years (8022/16).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 14 March 2016: Council conclusions on the Central African Republic (7042/16).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 17 November 2015: Conclusions on the Central African Republic.	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 20 July 2015: Conclusions on the Central African Republic.	
		Council Decision 2015/442/CFSP of 16 March 2015 on the launch of a European Union CSDP military Advisory Mission in the Central African Republic (EUMAM RCA) and amending Decision 2015/78/CFSP.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Council Decision 2015/78/CFSP of 19 January 2015 on a European Union CSDP Military Advisory Mission in the Central African Republic. Foreign Affairs Council of 15 December 2014: Council Conclusions on the Central African Republic.	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 14 April 2014: Council Conclusions on the Central African Republic (8763/14).	
		Council Decision 2014/183/CFSP of 1 April 2014 on the launch of a European Union Military Operation in the Central African Republic (EUFOR RCA).	
Defence - Increase the effectiveness, visibility and impact of CSDP	 25 - 26 June 2015 The European Council recalls the need for: - mobilising EU instruments to help counter hybrid threats; - intensifying partnerships, namely with the UN, NATO, OSCE and AU; - empowering and enabling partners to prevent and manage crises, including through concrete projects of capacity building with a flexible geographic scope. 26 - 27 June 2014: To strengthen the Common Security and Defence Policy, in full complementarity with NATO, by ensuring that member states maintain and develop the necessary civilian and military capabilities, including 	Joint Staff Working Document (SWD(2016)0211 final) of 5 July 2016 Lessons drawn from past interventions and stakeholders' views. Accompanying the Joint Communication to the European Parliament and the Council Elements for an EU-wide strategic framework to support security sector reform. Joint Communication (JOIN(2016) 31 final) of 5 July 2016 to the European Parliament and the Council on the 'Elements for an EU-	EU-wide cybersecurity rules adopted by the Council, 17 May 2016. Remarks by President Donald Tusk after the European Council meeting, 26 June 2015. Factsheet on the EU Maritime Strategy and Action Plan, 15 July 2015.
	through pooling and sharing; with a stronger European defence industry. - Endorsed the European Union Maritime Security Strategy. 19 - 20 December 2013: - Improve efficiency and effectiveness of EU comprehensive approach, combining policies and tools ranging from diplomacy, security and defence to finance trade, development and justice.	wide strategic framework to support security sector reform'. European Parliament resolution of 7 June 2016 on Peace Support Operations – EU engagement with the UN and the African Union (2015/2275(INI))	The document establishing the basis for future cooperation between EDA and Athena was signed by Jorge Domecq, EDA Chief Executive and Hans-Werner Grenzhäuser on 2 March 2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Financial Mechanisms: The financial aspects of EU missions and operations should be rapidly examined, including in the context of the Athena mechanism review, with a view to improving the system of their financing, based on a report from the High Representative. The Commission, the High Representative and the Member States are to ensure that the procedures and rules for civilian missions enable the Union to be more flexible and speed up the deployment of EU civilian missions. New Security Challenges: - Create EU Cyber Defence Policy Framework in 2014; - Draw-up EU Maritime Security Strategy by June 2014; - Increase synergies between CSDP and Freedom/Security/Justice actors tackle horizontal issues such as illegal migration, organised crime and terrorism; - Achieve progress in developing CSDP support for third states and regions, in order to help them improve border management; - Further strengthen cooperation to tackle energy security challenges. - Invited the High Representative, in close cooperation with Commission, to assess impact of changes in global environment, and to report to Council in 2015.	Foreign Affairs Council of 19 April 2016: Council conclusions on the Mission Support Platform (8022/16). Foreign Affairs Council of 19 April 2016: Council conclusions on countering hybrid threats (8022/16). Joint Communication (JOIN(2016) 18 final) of 6 April 2016 of the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy to the European Parliament and the Council on a 'Joint Framework on countering hybrid threats - a European Union response'. Economic and Financial Affairs Council of 12 February 2016, Council conclusions on the fight against the financing of terrorism (5936/16). Foreign Affairs Council of 17 November 2015: Conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (14120/15). European Parliament resolution of 9 July 2015 on the European Agenda on Security (2015/2697(RSP)). Foreign Affairs Council of 18 May 2015: Council Conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (8971/15). Foreign Affairs Council of 18 November 2014: Council Conclusions on the	Factsheet on Financing of military operations: the Athena Mechanism, 10 January 2014. Six-Month report on the Implementation of the Cyber Defence Policy Framework, 26 June 2015. Report by the HR/VP Federica Mogherini on the EU's activities in Security and Defence since December 2013, Brussels, 8 May 2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Common Security and Defence Policy (15573/14).	
		European Parliament resolution of 21 May 2015 on the Implementation of the Common Security and Defence Policy (2014/2020(INI)).	
		Communication COM(2015)0185 of 28 April 2015 on the European Agenda on Security.	
		European Parliament resolution of 12 March 2015 on the Annual Report from the High Representative of the European Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy to the European Parliament (2014/2219(INI)).	
		Council Decision CFSP/2015/528 of 27 March 2015 establishing a mechanism to administer the financing of common costs of European Union operations having military or defence implications (Athena) and replacing Decision 2011/871/CFSP.	
		European Parliament resolution of 30 November 2011 on the impact of the financial crisis on the defence sector in the EU Member States (2011/2177(INI)).	
		Communication JOIN(2013)01 of 7 February 2013 on the Cybersecurity Strategy of the European Union: An Open, Safe and Secure Cyberspace.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament Motion for a Resolution on Cyber-Attacks against the Media - new level of threat to Cyber security (2015/2709(RSP0). Plenary debate scheduled for 27 May 2015.	
		European Parliament resolution of 22 November 2012 on Cyber Security and Defence (2012/2096(INI)).	
		Communication COM(2014)0451 of 8 July 2014 on the Next steps within the Common Information Sharing environment for the EU Maritime Domain.	
		General Affairs Council of 16 December 2014 on the EU Maritime Security Strategy (EUMSS) - Action Plan (17002/14). European Parliament resolution of 12 March 2014 on an anti-missile shield for Europe and its political and strategic implications (2013/2170(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 21 November 2013 on the implementation of the Common Security and Defence Policy (2013/2105(INI)).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 18 November 2014: Council Conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (15573/14).	
		General Affairs Council of 24 June 2014 on the EU Maritime Security Strategy (11205/14).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Communication JOIN(2015)0017 of 28 April 2015 "Capacity Building in support of security and development - Enabling partners to support and manage crises".	
		Communication JOIN(2014)0009 of 6 March 2014 "For an open and secure global maritime domain: elements for a European Union maritime security strategy".	
		European Parliament resolution of 20 December 2013 on preparations for the European Council meeting (19 - 20 December 2013) (2013/2626(RSP)).	
Defence - Developing the European technological industrial base (EDTIB)	 25 - 26 June 2015 The EU budget to ensure appropriate funding for the preparatory action on CSDP-related research, paving the way for a possible future defence research and technology programme; 	Foreign Affairs Council of 17 November 2015: Conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (14120/15).	Preparatory Action for Defence Research, EDA News, 12 September 2016.
	 19 - 20 December 2013: Open up the defence market: To ensure full implementation of two Defence Directives of 2009, i.e. in view of opening up market to subcontractors from all over Europe, ensuring economies of scale and allowing better circulation of defence products. 	European Parliament resolution of 21 May 2015 on the impact of developments in European defence markets on the security and defence capabilities in Europe (2015/2037(INI)).	Report of the Group of Personalities on the Preparatory Action for CSDP related research, 23 February 2016.
	 Develop Dual use research: To develop greater synergies between civilian and military research and development. Commission and European Defence Agency invited to develop proposals to stimulate further dual use research; Preparatory Action on CSDP-related research to be set up, while seeking synergies with national 	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 May 2015: Council Conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (8971/15). Commission Delegated Regulation C(2014)7567 of 22 October 2014 amending Council Regulation (EC) No 428/2009 setting up a Community regime	EU-funded defence research: 2nd meeting of high-level group advising Commissioner Bieńkowska, 17 November 2015. Contract awarded for the Study on the dual-use potential of key
	research programmes whenever possible.	for the control of exports, transfer,	on the dual-use potential of key enabling technologies (KETs),

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Allow greater access of SMEs to defence and security markets: - Commission to investigate possibilities for additional measures to open up supply chains to SMEs from all MS. - Welcomed Commission proposals to promote greater access of SMEs to defence and security markets and to encourage strong involvement of SMEs in future EU funding programmes. Develop EU-wide Security of Supply: - Commission to develop roadmap for comprehensive EU-wide Security of Supply regime which takes account of the globalised nature of critical supply chains.	brokering and transit of dual use items. Procedure: 2014/2926 (DEA). Communication COM(2014)0387 of 24 June 2014: Report on New Deal for European Defence - Implementation Roadmap for Communication COM(2013)0542 "Towards a more competitive and efficient defence and security sector". Directive 2009/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 May 2009 simplifying terms and conditions of transfers of defence-related products within the Community. Directive 2009/81/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 on the coordination of procedures for the award of certain works contracts, supply contracts and service contracts by contracting authorities or entities in the fields of defence and security, and amending Directives 2004/17/EC and 2004/18/EC. European Parliament resolution of 20 December 2013 on preparations for the European Council meeting (19 - 20 December 2013) (2013/2626(RSP)).	9 July 2015. High-level Expert Group on KETs publishes final recommendations, 24 June 2015. High-level Group of Personalities on defence research issues statement, 17 June 2015. Report on the implementation of the European Commission's communication on defence, Brussels, 8 May 2015. Setting up the High-Level Group of Experts on defence research, 30 March 2015. European Commission Guide on EU Funding for Dual Use Projects, 10 October 2014.
Defence - Enhancing the development of capabilities	 25 - 26 June 2015: Fostering greater and more systematic European defence cooperation to deliver key capabilities, including through EU funds; 19 - 20 December 2013: 	Foreign Affairs Council of 17 November 2015: Conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (14120/15).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 Military capabilities Welcomed: Development of Remotely Piloted Aircraft Systems (RPAS) in the 2020-2025 timeframe: preparations for programme of next-generation European Medium Altitude Long Endurance RPAS; Establishment of an RPAS user community among participating Member States; Close synergies with Commission on regulation (for initial RPAS integration into European Aviation System by 2016); appropriate funding from 2014 for R&D activities; Development of Air-to-Air refuelling capacity: progress towards increasing overall capacity and reducing fragmentation, especially as regards establishment of Multi-Role Tanker Transport capacity, with synergies in field of certification, qualification, in-service support and training; Satellite communication: preparations for next generation of Governmental Satellite Communication through close cooperation 	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 May 2015: Conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (8971/15). Foreign Affairs Council of 18 November 2014: Council Conclusions on the European Defence Agency - Budget 2015(15573/14). European Parliament resolution of 21 May 2015 on the impact of developments in European defence markets on the security and defence capabilities in Europe (2015/2037(INI)). Communication COM(2014)0500 of 30 July 2014 on The annual Union work programme for European standardisation for 2015.	
	between Member States, the Commission and the European Space Agency; a user's group to be set up in 2014; - Cyber: developing a roadmap and concrete projects focused on training exercises, improving civil/military cooperation on the basis of the EU Cyber Security Strategy as well as the protection of assets in EU missions and operations.	Communication COM(2014)0207 of 8 April 2014 on a new era for aviation: Opening the aviation market to the civil use of remotely piloted aircraft systems in a safe and sustainable manner.	
	Defence planning - Invited the High Representative and the European Defence Agency to put forward an appropriate policy framework by the end of 2014, in full coherence with existing NATO planning processes.	European Parliament Motion for Resolution on Cyber-Attacks against the Media - new level of threat to Cyber security (2015/2709(RSP0). Plenary debate scheduled for 27 May 2015.	
	Procurement - Welcomes progress achieved in cooperation through the European Defence Agency Code of Conduct on Pooling and Sharing The European Council Invites the European Defence Agency to examine ways in which Member States can cooperate more effectively and	Communication JOIN(2013)01 of 7 February 2013 on the Cybersecurity Strategy of the European Union: An Open, Safe and Secure Cyberspace.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Defence - Certification and standardisation	efficiently in pooled procurement projects, with a view to reporting back to the Council by the end of 2014. 19 - 20 December 2013: - The European Defence Agency and the Commission will prepare a roadmap for the development of defence industrial standards by mid-2014, without duplicating existing standards, in particular NATO standards. - European Defence Agency to develop, together with Commission and Member States, options for lowering costs of military certification, including by mutual recognition between EU Member States. It should report to the Council on both issues by mid 2014.	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 November 2014: Council Conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy. EDA Code of Conduct on Pooling and Sharing, adopted on 19 November 2012 by the Ministers of Defence. European Parliament resolution of 20 December 2013 on preparations for the European Council meeting (19 - 20 December 2013) (2013/2626(RSP)). Staff Working Document SDW (2015) 0301 final on the implementation of the actions foreseen in the 2015 and 2016 Union work programmes for European standardisation, including the implementing acts and mandates sent to the European standardisation organisations Accompanying the document Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council and the European Economic and Social Committee The Annual Union work programme for European standardisation for 2016. Foreign Affairs Council of 17 November 2015: Conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (14120/15).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 18 May 2015: Council Conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Communication COM(2014)0500 of 30 July 2014 on The annual Union work programme for European standardisation for 2015.	
		Communication COM(2014)0387 of 24 June 2014: Report on New deal for European Defence - Implementation Roadmap for Communication COM(2013)542 "Towards a more competitive and efficient defence and security sector".	
		Communication COM(2013)0542 of 24 July 2013 "Towards a more competitive and efficient defence and security sector". Procedure: SWD (2013)0279.	
VI.2. Common Forei	gn and Security Policy (CFSP)		
External relations - The Union as a strong global actor Strategic Agenda for the Union in Times of Change (EUCO five year	28 June 2016: The European Council welcomes the presentation of the Global Strategy for the European Union's Foreign and Security Policy by the High Representative and invites the High Representative, the Commission and the Council to take the work forward.	European Parliament resolution of 13 April 2016 on the EU in a changing global environment – a more connected, contested and complex world (2015/2272(INI)).	Shared Vision, Common Action A Stronger Europe - A Globa Strategy for the Europear Union's Foreign and Security Policy, Brussels, 26 June 2016.
plan Annex to conclusions 26-27/6 2014)	 26 - 27 June 2014: Defend our interests and values and to protect citizens; stronger engagement of EU in world affairs crucial. Following foreign policy priorities to be key in years ahead: Maximise our clout: by ensuring consistency between member states' and EU foreign policy goals and by improving coordination and coherence between main fields of EU external action (e.g. trade, energy, justice and home affairs, development and economic policy); 	European Parliament resolution of 16 September 2015 on the Commission Work Programme 2016 (2015/2729(RSP)). Draft Annual report from the High Representative of the European Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy to the European Parliament on the main aspects	Address by President Donald Tusk at the annual EU Ambassadors' conference, Brussels, 3 September 2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	 Be a strong partner in neighbourhood: by promoting stability, prosperity and democracy in countries closest to EU, on European continent, in Mediterranean, Africa and Middle East; Engage global strategic partners, in particular transatlantic partners, on wide range of issues – from trade and cyber security to human rights and conflict prevention, to non-proliferation and crisis management – bilaterally and in multilateral fora. 28-29 June 2012: Human rights and democracy: the European Council welcomed the adoption by the Council of the EU Strategic Framework for Human Rights and Democracy and the related Action Plan and underlined the importance of keeping human rights and democracy at the centre of EU foreign policy. 	and basic choices of the CFSP (part II, point E, paragraph 25 of the Interinstitutional Agreement of 2 December 2013) - 2014, as endorsed by the Council on 20 July 2015. European Parliament resolution of 9 July 2015 on the European Agenda on Security (2015/2697(RSP)). European Parliament resolution of 21 May 2015 on the implementation of the Common Security and Defence Policy (2014/2020(INI)). European Parliament resolution of 12 March 2015 on the Annual Report from the High Representative of the European Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy to the European Parliament (2014/2219(INI)). Communication COM(2014)0501 of 13 August 2014 Annual Report of EU's development and external assistance policies and their implementation in 2013. Procedure: SWD(2014)0258. European Parliament resolution of 3 April 2014 on EU comprehensive approach and its implications for the coherence of EU external action (2013/2146(INI)). European Parliament resolution of 12 March 2014 on an anti-missile shield for Europe and its political and strategic implications (2013/2170(INI)).	High Representative Federica Mogherini announces the adoption of a modified organisational chart of the EEAS, 27 July 2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament resolution of 21 November 2013 on the implementation of the Common Security and Defence Policy (2013/2105(INI)). Foreign Affairs Council of 20 July 2015 Council adoption of the EU action plan on human rights and democracy. Foreign Affairs Council of 22 June 2015 Council adoption of the EU annual report on human rights and democracy in the world in 2014. Foreign Affairs Council of 23 June 2014 Council adoption of the EU's annual report on human rights and democracy in the world in 2013.	
Humanitarian Aid Ebola crisis	 24 October 2014: Funding from the European Union and its Member States has now reached more than 600 million euro. The recent Foreign Affairs Council and the meeting of EU Ministers for Health have further defined EU action and the European Council urges the swift implementation of their conclusions. A sustained, coordinated and increased response is required to curb current trends. Additional assistance is needed to scale-up the response on the ground, notably regarding medical care and equipment, as well as reinforced exit screening. The European Council welcomed Member States' commitments to increase financial assistance, which will bring total funding to 1 billion euro. 	Foreign Affairs Council of 25 June 2012 Council Conclusions on human rights. European Parliament resolution of 27 October 2015 on the Ebola crisis: long-term lessons and how to strengthen health systems in developing countries to prevent future crises (2014/2204(INI)). Foreign Affairs Council 16/03/2015 Council recalls its invitation to Member States and the Commission to establish a pool of health experts on a voluntary basis for rapid and targeted deployment, through the EU Civil Protection Mechanism.	See ECHO Factsheet of March 2016 for details about the financial aid (close to €2 billion) made available by the EU and Member States. EU launched a new European Medical Corps to respond faster to emergencies. See IP/16/263, 15.02.2016. EU welcomed the end of Ebola in West Africa and the creation

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Commission also agreed to guarantee appropriate care for international	General Secretariat of the Council	and equipment from Member
	health workers within available resources to receive the treatment they	<u>24/11/2014:</u>	States can be deployed swiftly
	need, including through medical evacuation. Furthermore, the use of the	The Commission launched on 11	to deal with future health
	Emergency Response Coordination Centre as a clearing house	November an EU Network of clinicians	emergencies
	mechanism for the deployment of voluntary health experts is a priority.	nominated by the Health Security	STATEMENT/16/72 14.01.2016.
	- The European Council calls on the High Representative and the	Committee.	
	Commission to develop a package of measures addressing the wider		The European Commission is
	political, security and economic implications of the Ebola crisis in West	Foreign Affairs Council 18/11/2014:	providing <u>€1 million</u> in funding
	Africa.	Together with Member States,	so that children orphaned and
	- Helping West Africa to cope with the crisis is the most effective way to	Commission is invited to further explore	affected by Ebola receive
	prevent a serious outbreak of the disease elsewhere. At the same time,	the establishment of a reserve pool of	education and psychosocial
	with the first confirmed cases of Ebola infections in Europe, the state of	health experts from Member States, on a	support. 07.09.2015.
	preparedness within the European Union and further work to protect	voluntary basis, for rapid and targeted	
	European Union countries and their citizens are of utmost importance,	deployment - detailed work shall start	The European Commission will
	in particular precautionary measures to reduce risks of contagion,	once the acute phase of the crisis is over.	pledge approximately €450
	including coordinated preventive actions within the EU such as sharing		million to support the recovery
	of information and best practices, training of health professionals and,	Foreign Affairs Council meeting	of the three countries most
	where appropriate, entry screening.	20/10/2014	affected by Ebola. <u>IP/15/5338</u>
	- With a view to further reinforcing the EU Ebola response capacity the EU	The Council invites the EEAS and the	10.07.2015.
	has appointed incoming Commissioner Christos Stylianides as EU Ebola	Commission to enhance the collective EU	
	coordinator. Assisted by the Emergency Response Coordination Centre,	response to the Ebola crisis, including its	The team of scientists involved
	he will work with EU institutions, Member States, the UN and other	wider political, security and economic	in the EU-funded EVIDENT
	international organisations and stakeholders.	implications.	project confirmed that the
	- The European Council invites the President of the Commission and the		Ebola virus mutations in the
	High Representative to report back at its next meeting on the measures	<u>Draft EU Comprehensive Response</u>	recent outbreak have been
	taken to respond to the Ebola crisis.	<u>Framework</u> for the Ebola Virus Outbreak	fewer than feared. See more
	30 August 2014:	in West Africa (circulated in October	information <u>here</u> . 18.06.2015
	- The European Council expresses concern about the crisis caused by the	2014).	After 42 days without new
	Ebola virus in Africa, and stresses the importance of the international	European Parliament resolution of 20	cases, the World Health
	community as a whole providing substantial coordinated support to the	October 2014 on Response to Ebola crisis	Organization (WHO) declared
	countries of the region, to NGOs and to the World Health Organisation	<u>2014/2896 (RSP).</u>	the end of the Ebola outbreak
	(WHO) to help them tackle the disease as swiftly and efficiently as		in Liberia. See <u>Press Release</u>
	possible.	European Parliament resolution of 18	09.05.2015.
	- In this regard the European Council welcomes the additional funds	September 2014 on EU's response to	
	provided by the European Union and its Member States and their efforts	Ebola outbreak 2014/2842 (RSP).	Second report from EU Ebola
	to provide further financial and human resources to meet in particular		Coordinator, to the European

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	the increased demand for experts on the ground. The European Council pays tribute to the efforts of humanitarian and health workers in the front line It urges all countries to follow the WHO guidelines and allow continued, if controlled, air links to and from the countries concerned so as to enable support efforts to be effective and to allow their economies to continue functioning. The European Council calls for increased coordination at EU level of the assistance provided by EU Member States and invites the Council to adopt a comprehensive EU response framework to address this crisis.	State of play	Council 18.03.2015. The total pledged by the EU at 10 March 2015 stands at €1.38 bn (of which €415 m from the EU budget). See also First Report. The EU hosted an international conference on 3 March to take stock of the fight against the outbreak IP/15/4521 03.03.2015. EU funded Ebola treatment delivers encouraging results. See MEX/15/4484 24/02/2015. EU research projects announced - 8 research projects in the fight against Ebola. See IP/15/3343 16.01.2015. Member States send additional health personnel to the Ebola-affected region. See IP/14/2440 6.12.2014. EU-UNICEF partnership began transporting medical and health
			equipment by sea to Liberia, Sierra Leone and Guinea. See IP/14/1462 6.11.2014. EU's Ebola response coordinator was appointed,
			Christos Stylianides Statement/14/339 24.10.2014

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
			EU to boost Ebola research with €24.4 million from Horizon 2020. See IP/14/1194 23.10.2014.
			Agreement reached by Member States to coordinate and check the effectiveness of control measures at entry points; decision to introduce screening remains with Member States SPEECH/14/698 16.10.2014.
			The EU scaled up its Ebola response with an airlift operation to affected countries. See IP/14/1108 07.10.2014.
			The EU supports African Union mission to fight Ebola. See IP/14/983 08.09.2014.
Humanitarian Aid Gaza Strip	30 August 2014: - The European Council welcomes the cease-fire agreement reached under the auspices of the Egyptian authorities. It urges both parties to fully respect it and to continue negotiations leading to a fundamental improvement of the living conditions for the Palestinian people in the Gaza Strip through the lifting of the Gaza closure regime, and to ending the threat to Israel posed by Hamas and other militant groups in Gaza.	Foreign Affairs Council of 20/06/2016: Council conclusions on the Middle East Peace process. Commission Implementing Decision C(2016) 1359 final of 29.02.2016 on the Annual Action Programme 2016 part 1 in	EU renews its support to the Palestinian Authority and Palestinian refugees with a first 2016 assistance package totalling €252.5 million. IP/16/464.
	This should be supported by international monitoring and verification to ensure full implementation of a comprehensive agreement. All terrorist groups in Gaza must disarm. - It is therefore urgent that the Palestinian consensus government exercise its full responsibilities in both the West Bank and the Gaza Strip including in the field of security and civil administration.	favour of Palestine to be financed from the general budget of the European Union. Commission Implementing Decision C(2016) 1128 final of 19.02.2016 modifying Decision C (2014) 5986 final on	See ECHO Factsheet of February 2016 for the humanitarian situation in Palestine. New EU funding was provided for Palestinian refugees and vulnerable Palestinian families

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- The European Council remains deeply concerned about the disastrous	the Annual Action Programme 2014 in	through UNRWA, 23.11.2015,
	humanitarian situation in the Gaza Strip. It calls for immediate and	favour of Palestine to be financed from	<u>IP-15-6142</u> .
	unimpeded humanitarian access in accordance with international law.	the general budget of the European	
	- The European Council reiterates the readiness of the European Union to	Union.	The EU provides €30 million to
	contribute to a comprehensive and sustainable solution enhancing the		support Palestinian refugees
	security, welfare and prosperity of Palestinians and Israelis alike.	Foreign Affairs Council 18/01/2016:	through UNRWA. See
	- Only a final agreement based on the two State solution will bring	Council Conclusions on the Middle East	<u>IP/15/5750</u> 30.09.2015.
	durable peace and stability. The European Council therefore encourages	Peace Process.	
	both parties to re-engage in negotiations to this end. The Gaza strip shall		The European Commission is
	be part of a future State of Palestine.	Commission Implementing Decision	giving an additional €5 million
		C(2015) 7928 final of 10.11 2015	to support emergency relief
	16 July 2014:	modifying Decision C (2015) 690 final on	operations in the Gaza Strip.
	- The European Council condemns the firing of rockets from Gaza into	the Annual Action Programme 2015 part 1	See <u>IP-14-881</u> 25.07.2015
	Israel and the indiscriminate targeting of civilians. Israel has the right to	in favour of Palestine to be financed from	
	protect its population from this kind of attacks. In doing so, it must act	the general budget of the European	Since February 2008, nearly €1.9
	proportionately and ensure the protection of civilians at all times.	Union.	billion have been disbursed
	- It deeply deplores the loss of innocent lives and the high number of	Commission Implementing Decision	through the PEGASE direct
	wounded civilians in the Gaza Strip as a result of Israeli military	<u>C(2015) 6147 final of 1.09. 2015</u> on the	financial support programmes.
	operations and is deeply concerned about the rapid and dramatic	Annual Action Programme 2015 part 3 in	See <u>PR/16/2015</u> 14.07.2015.
	deterioration of the humanitarian situation	favour of Palestine to be financed from	
	- The European Council calls on both sides to de-escalate the situation, to	the general budget of the European	The Government of Italy
	end the violence, to end the suffering of the civilian populations notably	Union.	announces a €1.0 million
	by allowing access to humanitarian assistance, and return to calm.		contribution to support East
	- The European Council welcomes on-going efforts by regional partners,	Commission Implementing Decision	Jerusalem Hospitals PR/07/2015
	and in particular the initiative launched by Egypt, to establish a cease-	<u>C(2015) 5243 final of 22.07.2015</u> on the	- 27.04.2015.
	fire and calls on Hamas to agree on such cease-fire.	Annual Action Programme 2015 part 2 in	
	- The European Union stands ready to provide the necessary support to	favour of Palestine to be financed from	The EU contributes €3.5 million
	this end. The European Union continues to call for the full	the general budget of the European	to support Palestinians access to
	implementation of United Nations Security Council Resolution 1860	Union.	essential social and public
	(2009).		infrastructure in Area C of the
	- The tragic events of the past days highlight the urgent need for all parties	Foreign Affairs Council 20/07/2015:	West Bank. <u>PR/05/2015</u> -
	to work towards a resumption of the diplomatic process and to pursue a	Council Conclusions on the Middle East	25.03.2015.
	two-state solution to the Israeli-Palestinian conflict. The European Union	<u>Peace Process</u> .	
	reiterates its offer to both parties of a package of European political and		The EU and the Palestinian
	economic support and of a Special Privileged Partnership with the	Commission Implementing Decision	Authority announced a new
	European Union in the event of a final peace agreement.	<u>C(2015) 690 final</u> of 10.2.2015 on the	contribution of €7.3 million to

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	24 June 2011: The European Council notes that the situation in Gaza remains of concern. Humanitarian assistance delivered to the population in Gaza should be in accordance with the relevant framework and decisions of the UN and should take care not to endanger human lives.	Annual Action Programme 2015 part 1 in favour of Palestine to be financed from the general budget of the European Union. Commission Implementing Decision C(2014) 8215 final of 30.10.2014 on Annual Action Programme 2014 part 2 in favour of Palestine to be financed from the general budget of the European Union. Commission Implementing Decision C(2014) 5986 final of 26.8.2014 on the Annual Action Programme 2014 in favour of Palestine to be financed from the general budget of the European Union. Commission Implementing Decisions C(2014) 2692 final of 16.4.2014 on the Special measure 2014 in favour of Palestine to be financed from the general budget of the European Union. European Parliament resolution of 17 December 2014 on recognition of Palestine statehood (2014/2964(RSP)). Single Support Framework 2014-2015 (SSF): The SSF sets out, for the first time, the EU's priorities for assistance to the Palestinian people on a multiannual basis (signature on 15.10.2014).	support the second cycle of the Municipal Development Program II.PR/03/2015 16.03.2015. EU released the first instalment (€212 million) of its 2015 financial support to the Palestinian Authority and to the UNRWA. See IP/15/4440 17.02.2015. Finland provided €2.5 million to East Jerusalem Hospitals to sustain patient services for all Palestinians PR/01/2015 12.02.2015. Aid of €450 million to Gaza was pledged by the EU. See Press Release 141012/01 12.10.2014. Commission gave additional €5 million to support emergency relief operations in Gaza Strip. See IP/14/881 25.07.2014.
		Foreign Affairs Council 15/08/2014:	

Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		The Council called for increased efforts to facilitate humanitarian access to Gaza	
		Strip.	
		Foreign Affairs Council 22/7/2014:	
		Council Conclusions on the Middle East Peace Process.	
		r edge i rocessi	
		European Parliament resolution of 18	
		September 2014 on Israel-Palestine after	
		the Gaza war and the role of the EU (2014/2845(RSP)).	
		(2014) 2045(NSF)).	
		Commission Implementing Decision	
		C(2013) 5053 final of 7.8.2013 on a Special	
		Measure (Part III) in favour of Palestine, to be financed from the general budget of	
		the European Union.	
		<u></u>	
		Commission Implementing Decision	
		C(2013) 1862 final of 26.3.2013 on Special	
		Measure in favour of the occupied Palestinian territory (West Bank and Gaza	
		Strip) to be financed from the general	
		budget of the European Union.	
Humanitarian Aid	<u>30 August 2014:</u>	Foreign Affairs Council 23/05/2016:	EU earmarked €104 million in
Iraq	- The European Council is extremely dismayed by the deterioration of the	Council conclusions on the EU regional	emergency aid for conflict
	security and humanitarian situation in Iraq and in Syria as a result of the occupation of parts of their territory by the "Islamic State in Iraq and the	strategy for Syria and Iraq as well as the Da'esh threat.	victims.23.07.2016.See <u>press</u> release.
	Levant (ISIL)".	Da esti tilleat.	<u>release</u> .
	- The European Council is appalled by and firmly condemns the	Foreign Affairs Council 14/12/2015:	The European Union announced
	indiscriminate killings and human rights violations perpetrated by this	Council Conclusions on Iraq.	€194 million to support Iraq at
	and other terrorist organisations, in particular against Christian and	1000 (0045) 0 (0 14 4 4 5	an international pledging
	other religious and ethnic minorities who should be part of a new,	JOIN (2015) 2 final Joint Communication	conference held in Washington.
	democratic Iraq and the most vulnerable groups. EU remains committed to provide humanitarian assistance.	Elements for an EU regional strategy for Syria and Iraq as well as the Da'esh threat.	See <u>press release</u> . 20.07.2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
-	Commitment and/or request	European Parliament resolution of 12 February 2015 on the humanitarian crisis in Iraq and Syria, in particular in the IS context 2015/2559(RSP). Foreign Affairs Council 20/10/2014: Council Conclusions on Iraq / Syria / ISIL. Foreign Affairs Council 15/08/2014: Council Conclusions on Iraq.	See ECHO Factsheet of September 2016 on the humanitarian situation in Iraq. The Commission on the 1st of December 2015 delivered an additional €200 million. See Press Release IP/15/6205. Draft Action Plan: Stepping up EU-Turkey cooperation in support of refugees and migration management in view of the situation in Syria and Iraq, 6.10.2015, MEMO-15-5777. The European Commission announced an additional €25 million in aid for the victims of the worsening humanitarian crisis in Iraq following the recent launch of the funding appeal, the Iraq Humanitarian Response Plan (HRP), IP/15/5115 04.06.2015 EU Trust Fund launched the first response programmes for €40 million, helping up to 400,000 people in Lebanon, Turkey,
			Jordan and Iraq. See IP-15-5074 29.05.2015. Responding to the urgent humanitarian needs outlined in the UN's 'fast-track' appeal for

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
			Iraq, the EU is the first donor to contribute an initial €5 million 10.03.2015.
			The EU increased humanitarian aid to Iraq with additional €3 million going towards assisting displaced populations. IP/14/119322.10.2014.
			The EU increased humanitarian aid to Iraq by additional €5 million in response to growing needs, bringing overall funding for Iraq to 17 million EUR in 2014. IP/14/923 12.08.2014.
Humanitarian Aid	25 March 2011:	Foreign Affairs Council, 18-19/04/2016:	See <u>ECHO Factsheet</u> of
Libya	- The humanitarian situation in Libya and on its borders remains a source	Council Conclusions on Libya.	December 2015 on the
	of serious concern The EU will continue to provide humanitarian assistance to all those	European Parliament resolution of 4	humanitarian situation in Libya.
	affected, in close cooperation with all the humanitarian agencies and	February 2016 on the situation in Libya	The EU has increased its
	NGOs involved. The EU has stepped up and will continue its planning on	2016/2537(RSP).	humanitarian funding for Libya
	support for humanitarian assistance / civil protection operations,		by €6 million as the conflict
	including by maritime means.	Foreign Affairs Council 18/01/2016:	endures and needs continue to
	- The humanitarian emergency in Libya and at its borders is reaching worrying proportions, aggravated by the massive migration movements	Council Conclusions on Libya.	rise. 03.08.2015.
	resulting from the events. Ensuring the safe evacuation of EU citizens	Foreign Affairs Council 14/12/2015:	The European Commission
	and other nationals wishing to flee the fighting remains a priority.	Council Conclusions on Libya.	contributed €2 million in
	- The European Union and the Member States have mobilised	,	emergency funding to assist
	humanitarian aid and are committed to further assist people in Libya and	Foreign Affairs Council of 12/10/2015:	Libyans. See <u>IP-14-2841</u>
	people crossing its borders, in close cooperation with the United Nations	Council Conclusions on Libya.	22.12.2014.
	High Commissioner for Refugees, the Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs, the International Organisation for Migration, the	Foreign Affairs Council 16/03/2015:	
	International Committee of the Red Cross / International Federation of	Council Conclusions on Libya.	
	Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies and non-governmental	Council Conclusions on Libya.	
	organisations.	Foreign Affairs Council 9/2/2015:	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- The European Union calls on all parties concerned to allow humanitarian agencies and operators access to any zone where aid is needed and stands ready to support their work. To this end, the European Union will enhance its coordination in order to provide coherent and effective use of assets and capabilities, in line with humanitarian principles.	Council Conclusions on Libya. Foreign Affairs Council of 20/10/2014: Council Conclusions on Libya.	
	11 March 2011: The humanitarian emergency in Libya and at its borders is reaching worrying proportions, aggravated by the massive migration movements resulting from the events. Ensuring the safe evacuation of EU citizens and other nationals wishing to flee the fighting remains a priority. The European Union and the Member States have mobilised humanitarian aid and are committed to further assist people in Libya and people crossing its borders, in close cooperation with the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, the Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs, the International Organisation for Migration, the International Committee of the Red Cross / International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies and non-governmental organisations. The European Union calls on all parties concerned to allow humanitarian agencies and operators access to any zone where aid is needed and stands ready to support their work. To this end, the European Union will enhance its coordination in order to provide coherent and effective use of assets and capabilities, in line with humanitarian		
Humanitarian Aid Syria	principles. 18 February 2016: c) humanitarian assistance should continue to be provided to Syrian refugees and to the countries neighbouring Syria. This is an urgent global responsibility. In this context, the European Council welcomes the outcome of the Conference on supporting Syria and the Region in London on 4 February and calls on the Commission, Member States and all other contributing countries to rapidly implement their commitments; -The European Council welcomes the start of delivery of humanitarian aid within one week to civilians in besieged areas and urges all sides to ensure that this continues and use this as a first step to full sustained and unimpeded humanitarian access throughout Syria, as agreed in Munich,	Foreign Affairs Council 23/05/2016: Council conclusions on the EU regional strategy for Syria and Iraq as well as the Da'esh threat. Foreign Affairs Council 15/02/2016: Council Conclusions on Syria. European Parliament resolution of 4 February 2016 on the systematic mass murder of religious minorities by the so-called 'ISIS/Da'esh' (2016/2529(RSP)).	See <u>ECHO Factsheet</u> of September 2016 for the current humanitarian situation in Syria. <u>Statement</u> by the HR/VP and Commissioner for Humanitarian aid and Crisis management in support of the latest UN appeal for a ceasefire in Syria. 09.08.2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 including Aleppo, and in full compliance with international humanitarian law. 17 December 2015: The European Council looks forward to the Syria Conference to be cohosted by Germany, Norway, Kuwait, the UK and the UN on 4 February 2016. The European Council notes that the objective of providing an additional 1 billion euro to respond to the urgent needs of refugees in the region to the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, the World Food Programme and other agencies has been exceeded and that it will 	COM (2015) 510 final Managing the refugee crisis: State of Play of the Implementation of the Priority Actions under the European Agenda on Migration. Annex VII: Member States' humanitarian aid pledges since 23 September 2015. Foreign Affairs Council of 12/10/2015: Council Conclusions on Syria.	Statement by the HR/VP and Commissioner for Humanitarian aid and Crisis management on the humanitarian situation in Aleppo city, Syria. 28.07.2016. A new EU package of more than €200 million was announced to support one million refugees from Syria in Turkey, Jordan and Lebanon. See press release.
	remain attentive to the needs of the countries of the region. 15 October 2015: - Today, the European Council set out the following further orientations: e) ask Member States to further contribute to the efforts made to support UNHCR, World Food Programme and other agencies, as well as to support the EU's Regional Trust Fund responding to the Syria crisis and the EU Trust Fund for Africa.	European Parliament Resolution of 30 April 2015 on the situation of the Yarmouk refugee camp in Syria 2015/2664(RSP). JOIN (2015) 2 final Joint Communication Elements for an EU regional strategy for Syria and Iraq as well as the Da'esh threat.	22.06.2016. EU supports UNICEF and WHO with €3 million in humanitarian aid for polio vaccinations in Syria. See IP/16/1650, 03.05.2016.
	 23 September 2015: -We ask the EU institutions and our Governments to work speedily on the Priority Actions proposed by the Commission. We want operational decisions on the most pressing issues before the October European Council, along the following orientations:	European Parliament Resolution of 12 February 2015 on the humanitarian crisis in Iraq and Syria, in particular in the IS context 2015/2559(RSP). Foreign Affairs Council 15/12/2014: Council Conclusions on Syria. Commission Decision C (2014) 9615 final on the establishment of a European Union Regional Trust Fund in response to the Syrian crisis, "the Madad Fund".	European Commission announces €445 million in humanitarian aid, EC press release IP-16-824, 15.03.2016. The EU and its Member States pledged more than € 3 billion to assist the Syrian people inside Syria as well as refugees and the communities hosting them in the neighbouring countries for the year 2016.
	 30 August 2014: The European Council is extremely dismayed by the deterioration of the security and humanitarian situation in Iraq and in Syria as a result of the occupation of parts of their territory by the "Islamic State in Iraq and the Levant (ISIL)". 	Transfer of appropriations No DEC 21/2014 within Section III of the general budget for 2014 through which	EU contributed humanitarian funding to the first aid convoy which arrived in Madaya, on 11

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- It also remains committed to provide humanitarian assistance to the affected populations.	humanitarian assistance to Syria was increased.	January 2015. 12.01.2016. See MEX/16/47.
	 20 December 2013: In view of the Syria pledging conference on 15 January 2014 in Kuwait, the European Council recalls the lead role of the EU in spearheading international aid efforts with over EUR 2 billion mobilised since the beginning of the crisis. The EU is supporting the work of humanitarian organisations, notably the UN agencies. Welcomed signature of biggest ever single EU humanitarian financial allocation to Syria; confirmed of the EU to continue to advocate for humanitarian access inside Syria to help those in need and to mobilise adequate funding building on a comprehensive aid strategy, and calls for further measures to improve the effectiveness of EU support. The European Council also calls on other major international donors to step up and assume their responsibilities. 08 February 2013: It will continue to provide humanitarian aid and other civilian support to the Syrian population. In this context and in light of the humanitarian emergency situation, the European Council welcomes the significant pledges made at the Kuwait donor conference, encourages Member States and the Commission to further increase their respective contributions and calls on all parties to the conflict to facilitate humanitarian access. The European Council recalls its tasking to the Council in December to work on all options to support and help the opposition and to enable greater support for the protection of civilians. 	European Parliament Resolution of 9 October 2013 on EU and Member State measures to tackle flow of refugees as a result of Syria conflict (2013/2837(RSP)). Joint Communication JOIN(2013) 22 final of the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of Regions: Towards a comprehensive approach to the Syrian crisis.	Joint Statement of the HR/VP Federica Mogherini and EU Commissioner for Humanitarian aid and Crisis Management Christos Stylianides on the situation in Syria 08.01.2016. EU mobilised an additional €40 million in support of Syrian population. 21.12.2015. See MEMO/15/6373. On the 1st of December 2015, the European Commission announced the disbursement of €350 million (EU Trust Fund) for Syrian refugees. The aid will help up to 1.5 million refugees and their host communities in Lebanon, Turkey, Jordan and Iraq. See press release IP/15/6212. The Commission on the 1st of December 2015 delivered a €200 million humanitarian aid package. See Press Release
	19 October 2012: - The EU will continue to provide humanitarian assistance and calls on all		<u>IP/15/6205</u> .
	 The EU will continue to provide numanitarian assistance and calls on all donors to increase their contributions to the latest UN appeals. The European Council urges all parties to respect international humanitarian law (including the inviolability of all medical facilities, medical personnel and vehicles). All parties should put an end to all 		The European Union provided €10 million of additional support to Palestine Refugees through the Near East

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	forms of violence, take special measures to protect all vulnerable groups,		(UNRWA). 23.11.2015. See
	allow full and safe access for the delivery of humanitarian aid in all parts		MEX/15/6141.
	of the country.		
	29 June 2012:		Statement of the International
	-Called for a complete cessation of violence by all parties; reiterated that		Syria Support Group Vienna,
	the main responsibility for achieving the cease fire, implementing the		14.11.2015.
	Special Envoy Kofi Annan's six-point plan, allowing full and unhindered humanitarian access and ensuring the safety of the United Nations		The European Commission
	observers in Syria lies with the regime.		steps up humanitarian aid to
	observers in Syria lies with the regime.		Syria, Press release, <u>IP/15/5968</u> ,
	2 March 2012:		03.11.2015.
	- The European Council reiterates the importance of full and unhindered		03.11.2013.
	access for independent humanitarian agencies so that assistance may be		Draft Action Plan: Stepping up
	provided to those in need in line with humanitarian principles.		EU-Turkey cooperation in
	- The Union has already mobilised humanitarian funding and stands		support of refugees and
	ready to step it up as soon as conditions on the ground allow		migration management in view
	humanitarian organisations to expand relief operations.		of the situation in Syria and
			Iraq, 6.10.2015, <u>MEMO-15-</u>
	25 March 2011:		<u>5777</u> .
	- Noting that the situation in each country is different, the European		
	Council expressed its utmost concern at the situation in Syria, Yemen and		€133 million in additional
	Bahrain, strongly condemned the escalation of violence and the use of		humanitarian aid in 2015 will go
	force against demonstrators, and urged all parties concerned to engage		to Syria (€62 million), Lebanon
	in meaningful and constructive dialogue without delay or preconditions.		(€43 million) and Jordan (€28
	- It endorsed conclusions adopted by Foreign Affairs Council on 21 March.		million). See <u>Press Release</u>
	- Work should be rapidly taken forward to develop a new partnership with		04.11.2015.
	the region, in line with the European Council's declaration of 11 March		The EU has increased its
	2011.		humanitarian response to the
	As first steps in the implementation of the 11 March package, and on the		Syria crisis with an additional €64 million. IP/15/5385
	basis of the joint Commission/High Representative communication, the		16.07.2015.
	European Council calls for rapid progress to be made along the following		10.07.2015.
	lines:		The EU is providing emergency
	The EU and its Member States will step up their humanitarian assistance;		funding of €2.5 million to the
	The 20 and its Member States will step up their numanitarian assistance,		UNRWA for Palestinian
			Refugees to deliver life-saving
			The table of the deliver line saving

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
			assistance to Palestinian refugees in Syria. Press release 07.04.2015.
			Following the Third International Pledging Conference for Syria, the European Commission and Member States pledged close to €1.1 billion. See IP/15/4732 31.03.2015.
			EU increased assistance to Syria by €136 million in humanitarian aid including for host communities in Turkey, Lebanon, Jordan and Iraq. See IP/15/3883 29.01.2015.
			EU stepped up assistance for Syrian refugees in Turkey by an additional €10 million in humanitarian aid. See IP/14/2500 09.12.2014.
			The European Commission adopted a package worth €180 million to deal with the effects of the Syrian crisis in the country itself, as well as in Lebanon and Jordan. See press release IP-14-2364 04.12.2014.
			EU increased humanitarian aid by €3.9 million to help Syrians

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
			taking refuge in Turkey. See <u>IP/14/1130.</u> 12.10.2014.
			Commission increased aid to Syria and neighbouring countries by €215 million, including €50 million in humanitarian aid and €165 million for long-term development. See IP/14/1034 23.09.2014.
Humanitarian Aid Ukraine	 18 December 2014: Welcomes Commission's readiness to increase humanitarian aid to the suffering people in Ukraine 23-24 October 2014: The European Union and its Member States remain fully engaged in support of a political solution to the Ukrainian crisis, including through contributions to enhance the OSCE monitoring capacity, scaling up their humanitarian assistance, and encouraging and assisting Ukraine in its process of reforms, in particular on decentralisation and protection of rights of persons belonging to national minorities. 30 August 2014: The European Council calls on all parties to support and facilitate without delay the work of international humanitarian organisations, in accordance with international humanitarian law and principles. The humanitarian impact of the conflict on the civilian population should not be exploited for political or military ends. The European Council calls on all contributors, including the Russian Federation, to support the international relief effort led by the United Nations, in full recognition of the Ukrainian Government's role as a first responder. 	Foreign Affairs Council of 29/01/2015: Council Conclusions on Ukraine. European Parliament resolution of 15 January 2015 on the situation in Ukraine (2014/2965(RSP)). Foreign Affairs Council of 20/10/2014: Council Conclusions on Ukraine. Foreign Affairs Council of 15/08/2014: Council Conclusions on Ukraine.	See ECHO Factsheet of September 2016 for developments in Ukraine. The European Union and its Member States have jointly contributed over €279 million in humanitarian and early recovery aid to the most vulnerable since the beginning of the crisis. EU steps up humanitarian assistance for Ukraine by €20 million. See IP/16/841, 16.03.2016. €15 million EU aid package for Ukraine, 1.07.2015. EU increased its humanitarian aid contribution to Ukraine by €15 million as further intensification of violence has deepened the crisis.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
			EU provided an additional €3.3 million to conflict-affected populations in Ukraine and €4.5 million to displaced persons and host communities. 12.11.2014.
			Commission mobilised €22 million to assist Ukrainian regions suffering from the consequences of the conflict. 11.09.2014.
			Humanitarian aid of €2.5 million given to assist the most vulnerable persons affected by continuing fighting in Eastern Ukraine.12.08.2014.
Humanitarian Aid Mali	 18 October 2012: The European Council endorses the conclusions adopted by the Council on 15 October and expresses its serious concern over the continuing political, security and humanitarian crisis in Mali. This situation poses an immediate threat to the Sahel region as well as to West and North Africa and to Europe. The EU is determined to provide comprehensive support to Mali, in close cooperation with international and regional partners. In particular, the EU will support Mali in its efforts to restore the rule of law and re-establish a fully sovereign democratic government with authority throughout Malian territory. The EU will gradually resume development cooperation as soon as a credible and consensual Roadmap is adopted for the restoration of constitutional order. In the meantime, the EU will step up its humanitarian response. 	Foreign Affairs Council of 20/07/2015: Council Conclusions on Mali. Foreign Affairs Council of 20/04/2015: The Council adopted the Sahel Regional Action Plan 2015-2020 which provides the overall framework for the implementation of the European Union (EU) Strategy for Security and Development in the Sahel. Foreign Affairs Council of 16/03/2015: Council Conclusions on Mali. Foreign Affairs Council 09/02/2015: Council Conclusions on Mali.	See <u>ECHO Factsheet</u> of June 2016 for humanitarian situation in Mali. European Commission announced €145 million in humanitarian aid for 7 countries in the Sahel. See <u>press release</u> . 14.07.2016. An extra €1 million made available to tackle the humanitarian crisis in the north of the country. See <u>Press</u>
External relations -	27 - 28 June 2013:	Proposal for a Regulation COM(2016)0460 final of 18 July 2016 of the European	Release 05.08.2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Association Agreement	Decisions authorising opening of negotiations on Stabilisation and	Parliament and of the Council on certain	HRVP Mogherini meets with
Kosovo	Association Agreement between the EU and Kosovo have been adopted.	procedures for applying the Stabilisation	Foreign Minister Hoxhaj of
		and Association Agreement between the	Kosovo, 12 September 2016.
		European Union and the European Atomic	
		Energy Community, of the one part, and	European Commission proposes
		Kosovo of the other part.	visa-free travel for the people
			of Kosovo, Brussels, 4 May
		European Parliament resolution of 4	2016.
		February 2016 on the 2015 report on	
		Kosovo (<u>2015/2893(RSP)</u>).	Stabilisation and Association
			Agreement with Kosovo enters
		European Parliament legislative resolution	into force, Brussels, 1 April
		of 21 January 2016 on the draft Council	2016.
		decision on the conclusion, on behalf of	
		the Union, of the Stabilisation and	Statement by HR/VP Federica
		Association Agreement between the	Mogherini after meeting with
		European Union and the European Atomic	Prime Minister Isa Mustafa of
		Energy Community, of the one part, and	Kosovo, 18 November 2015.
		Kosovo, of the other part (10725/2/2015 –	
		C8-0328/2015 - 2015/0094(NLE))	Stabilisation and Association
		(Consent).	Agreement negotiations
			successfully completed,
		Communication COM(2015)0906 of 18	2 May 2015.
		December 2015 Progress by Kosovo in	
		fulfilling the requirements of the visa	Initial draft of the Stabilisation
		liberalisation roadmap. Third report.	and Association Agreement, 25
			July 2014.
		Communication COM(2015)0611 of 10	<i>'</i>
		November 2015 EU Enlargement Strategy.	Opening of the Stabilisation and
			Association Agreement (SAA)
		Staff Working Document SWD/2015/0215	negotiations with Kosovo, 28
		of 10 November 2015: Kosovo 2015	October 2013.
		Report Accompanying the document	
		Communication from the Commission to	
		the European Parliament, the Council, the	

European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions: EU Enlargement Strategy. Commission Decision 2015/C 364/04 of 26 October 2015 on the conclusion of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and of Kosovo, of the other part. Council Decision (EU) 2015/1993 of 22 October 2015 approving the conclusion, by the European Atomic Energy Community, of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement between the European Atomic Energy Community, of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement between the European Atomic Energy Community, of the the European Atomic Energy Community, of the October 2015 on the signing, on behalf of the Union, of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement between the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and of Kosovo, of the other part. Council Decision (EU) 2015/1988 of 22 October 2015 on the signing, on behalf of the Union, of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and Kosovo, of the other part. Communication (COMIQUES) of 30 April 2015 on the conclusion on behalf of the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and Association Agreement Detween the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and Association Agreement Detween the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and Association Agreement Detween the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and affects of the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and affects of the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and affects of the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and affects of the European Atomic Energy Comm	Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Enlargement Strategy. Commission Decision 2015/C 364/04 of 26 October 2015 on the conclusion of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and of Kosovo, of the other part. Council Decision (EU) 2015/1993 of 22 October 2015 approving the conclusion, by the European Commission, on behalf of the European Atomic Energy Community, of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and of Kosovo, of the other part. Council Decision (EU) 2015/1988 of 22 October 2015 on the signing, on behalf of the Union, of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and Kosovo, of the other part. Communication (COM)(0181 of 30 April 2015 on the conclusion on behalf of the European Union, of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement between the European Union, of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement between the European Union, of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement between the European Union, of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement between the European Union of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement between the			·	
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			of Kosovo, on the other part.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		General Affairs Council of 16 December 2014: Council Conclusions on Enlargement and Stabilisation and Association Process.	
		Communication COM(2014)0700 of 8 October 2014 on Enlargement Strategy and main challenges 2014 - 2015. Procedure: SWD(2014)0306.	
		Communication COM(2014)0488 of 24 July 2014 Second Report on Progress by Kosovo in fulfilling the requirements of the visa liberalisation roadmap. Procedure: SWD(2014)0251.	
External Relations - Association Agreement Georgia	26 - 27 June 2014: EU leaders signed Association Agreement with Georgia.	European Parliament resolution of 21 January 2016 on Association Agreements / Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Areas with Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine (2015/3032(RSP)).	European Commission proposes to lift visa obligations for citizens of Georgia, Brussels, 9 March 2016.
		Communication COM(2015)0684 of 18 December 2015 Georgia's implementation of the action plan on visa liberalisation. Fourth progress report.	Joint press release following the second Association Council meeting between the European Union and Georgia, 16 November 2015.
		Proposal COM(2015)456 of 16 September 2015 on the Union positions to be taken in the Trade and Sustainable Development Sub-Committee and in the Association Committee in Trade configuration	Remarks by President Donald Tusk following his meeting with the Prime Minister of Georgia Irakli Garibashvili, 21 July 2015.
		established by the Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part.	Remarks by President Donald Tusk following his meeting with the President of Georgia Giorgi Margvelashvili, 20 July 2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Communication COM(2015)0103 of 8 May	Joint Declaration of the Eastern
		2015 Third Progress Report on Georgia's	Partnership Summit, Riga, 22
		implementation of the action plan on visa	May 2015.
		liberalisation.	
			EU to unlock €2 billion worth of
		Joint Staff Working Document	investment for small businesses
		SWD(2015)0103 of 8 May 2015 on	in Georgia, Moldova and
		Georgia's implementation of the action	<u>Ukraine</u> ,
		plan on visa liberalisation. Third progress	21 May 2015.
		report.	
			Commission assesses the
		Joint Staff Working Document	implementation of Visa
		SDW(2015)0066 of 25 March 2015 on the	<u>Liberalisation Action Plans by</u>
		implementation of the European	Ukraine and Georgia,
		Neighbourhood Policy in Georgia.	8 May 2015.
		Progress in 2014 and Recommendations	EU awards a grant of €10
		for Actions.	million as the second
			instalment of the Financial
		European Parliament resolution of 18	Assistance Programme for
		<u>December 2014</u> on the conclusion of	Georgia, 21 April 2015.
		EU/Georgia association agreement	
		2014/2816(INI).	EU awards a grant of €13
			million in macro-financial
		Proposal COM(2014) 727 of 11 December	assistance as the first
		2014 for a Council Decision on the Union	instalment which is part of a
		position to be taken in the SPS Sub-	larger €46 million Macro-
		Committee, the Customs Sub-Committee,	Financial Assistance Programme
		and in the Geographical Indications Sub-	for Georgia, 27 January 2015.
		Committee established by the Association	Joint Press Release following
		Agreement between the European Union	first Association Council
		and the European Atomic Energy	meeting between EU and
		Community and their Member States, of	Georgia, 17 November 2014.
		the one part, and Georgia, of the other	_
		part, in relation to the adoption of the	
		rules of procedure of the SPS Sub-	
		Committee, the Customs Sub-Committee,	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		and the Geographical Indications Sub-	
		Committee. Procedure: 2014/0348/NLE.	
		Communication COM(2014)0681 of 29 October 2014 Second Progress Report on the implementation by Georgia of the Action Plan on Visa Liberalisation. Procedure: SWD (2014)0334.	
		Proposal COM(2014)0360 of 12 June 2014	
		for a Council Decision with regard to the	
		adoption of Recommendation on	
		Implementation of the EU-Georgia Association Agenda.	
		Procedure: 2014/0182 (NLE).	
		110ccdure. <u>2014/0102 (NEE).</u>	
		Proposal COM(2014)0149 of 10 March	
		2014 for a Council Decision to conclude	
		Association Agreement between EU and	
		EURATOM and Georgia. Procedure:	
		2014/0086 (NLE).	
External Relations -	23 - 24 October 2014:	Foreign Affairs Council of 15 February	Joint Press Release following
Association Agreement	Looks forward to holding of parliamentary elections in Moldova on 30	2016: Council Conclusions on the Republic	the second Association Council
Republic of Moldova	November as yet another important step on European agenda of Moldova	of Moldova (<u>6122/16</u>).	meeting between the European
	following recent provisional application of Association Agreement.		Union and the Republic of
	Expects upcoming parliamentary elections to be free and fair; recommends	European Parliament resolution of 21	Moldova, 14 March 2016.
	Moldovan authorities to work closely with international electoral	January 2016 on Association Agreements /	
	observers; all political forces should carry out open and fair electoral	Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Areas with Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine	Joint Declaration of the Eastern
	campaign.	(2015/3032(RSP)).	Partnership Summit, Riga, 22
	26 - 27 June 2014:	(2013/3032(R3F)).	May 2015.
	EU leaders signed Association agreement with Republic of Moldova.	Proposal COM(2015)390 of 5 August 2015	EU to unlock €2 billion worth of
	25 1555515 5.0.1567 15555161611 agreement With Republic of Worldoval	on the position to be taken on behalf of the	investment for small businesses
		European Union within the Association	in Georgia, Moldova and
		Committee in Trade configuration	Ukraine,
		established by the Association Agreement	21 May 2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and the Republic of Moldova, of the other part. Proposal COM(2015)325 of 6 July 2015 for a Council Decision establishing the position to be taken on behalf of the European Union within the Committee on Government Procurement on the Accession of the Republic of Moldova to the Agreement on Government Procurement.	Remarks by President Donald Tusk after meeting with President Nicolae Timofti, Chisinau, 28 April 2015. Remarks by President Donald Tusk after meeting with Prime Minister Chiril Gaburici Chisinau, 28 April 2015. Joint press release following the first Association Council
		Joint Staff Working Document SDW(2015)0069 of 25 March 2015 on the implementation of the European Neighbourhood Policy in the Republic of Moldova. Progress in 2014 and Recommendations for Actions.	meeting between the European Union and the Republic of Moldova, 16 March 2015. Signature of the Memorandum
		Proposal COM(2014)0542 of 1 September 2014 for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Council Regulation (EC) No 55/2008 introducing autonomous trade preferences for the Republic of Moldova. Procedure: 2014/0250(COD).	of Understanding on the Single Support Framework for the EU support for the Republic of Moldova over the period 2014- 2017 during Commissioner Johannes Hahn visit to Moldova, Chisinau, 6 November 2014.
		Proposal COM(2014) 0729 for a Council Decision on the Union position to be taken in the SPS Sub-Committee, the Customs Sub-Committee, and in the Geographical Indications Sub-Committee established by the Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Energy Community and their Member	
		States, of the one part, and the Republic of	
		Moldova, of the other part, in relation to	
		the adoption of the rules of procedure of	
		the SPS Sub-Committee, the Customs Sub- Committee, and the Geographical	
		Indications Sub-Committee. Procedure	
		2014/0350/NLE.	
		2014/0330/NLL.	
		Council Decision No 2014/751/CFSP of 30	
		October 2014 amending Decision	
		2010/573/CFSP concerning restrictive	
		measures against the leadership of the	
		Transnistrian region of the Republic of	
		Moldova.	
		Proposal COM(2014)0587 of 19 September	
		2014 for Council Decision in relation to the	
		adoption of Rules of procedure of	
		Association Council and Association	
		Committee, establishment of two	
		specialised subcommittees, and delegation	
		of certain powers by Association Council to	
		Association Committee in Trade	
		configuration. Procedure:	
		<u>2014/0273(NLE)</u> .	
		European Parliament resolution of 9	
		September 2014 on Conclusion of	
		EU/Moldova Association Agreement	
		(2014/2817(INI)).	
		Proposal COM(2014)0359 of 12 June 2014	
		for a Council Decision on the Union's	
		position in the Cooperation Council	
		established by the Partnership and	
		Cooperation Agreement between the	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Community and its Member States on the one hand and the Republic of Moldova on the other, with regard to adopting a Recommendation on implementing EU-Moldova Association Agenda: EU position in the Cooperation Council. Procedure: 2014/0181 (NLE). Proposal COM(2014)0146 of 10 March 2014 for Council Decision to conclude	
		Association Agreement between EU, Euratom and their Member States, on one part, and Moldova, on other part. Procedure: 2014/0083 (NLE).	
External Relations - Association Agreement Ukraine	28 June 2016 The Dutch Prime Minister presented the outcome of the referendum in the Netherlands on the Association Agreement with Ukraine, as well as the concerns expressed in the debate preceding the referendum. The European Council invites the Council to seek a solution addressing these concerns as soon as possible.	European Parliament resolution of 21 January 2016 on Association Agreements / Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Areas with Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine (2015/3032(RSP)).	EU prolongs sanctions over actions against Ukraine's territorial integrity, 15 September 2016.
	23 - 24 October 2014: Reiterated its willingness to support Ukraine as it addresses political and economic reform, incl. in energy sectors, in line with commitments both sides have through Association Agreement. Welcomed upcoming provisional application of Association Agreement.	Proposal for a Council Decision COM(2015)0407 of 26 August 2015 establishing the position to be taken on behalf of the European Union within the Committee on Government Procurement	Statement by the High Representative/Vice-President Federica Mogherini on the situation in Ukraine, 15 August 2016.
	26 - 27 June 2014: EU leaders signed Association Agreements with Ukraine. Recalling Statements of Heads of State and Government on Ukraine of 6 March and 27 May, European Council conclusions of 21 March and conclusions of Foreign Affairs Council on Ukraine of 23 June, European Council expresses its support to peace plan announced last week by	on the accession of Ukraine to the Agreement on Government Procurement. European Parliament resolution of 10 June 2015 on the state of EU-Russia relations (2015/2001(INI)).	Russia: EU prolongs economic sanctions by six months, 1 July 2016. European Commission proposes visa-free travel for citizens of Ukraine, 20 April 2016.
	President Poroshenko. Reconfirms commitment to support economic stabilisation process in Ukraine and welcomes two recent significant Commission disbursements totalling 750 million EUR in framework of State Building Contract and	Joint Staff Working Document SDW(2015)0074 of 25 March 2015 on the implementation of the European	Outcome of the Trilateral Talks on the Implementation of the

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Macro Financial Assistance. European Council looks forward to high level	Neighbourhood Policy in Ukraine. Progress	EU-Ukraine Association
	donor coordination meeting on Ukraine to be held in Brussels on 8 July.	in 2014 and Recommendations for Actions.	Agreement/Deep and
			Comprehensive Free Trade
		Recommendation JOIN(2015)0004 of 18	Area, 7 September 2015.
	27 May 2014:	February 2015 on the implementation of	
	Dedicated Support Group for Ukraine created by Commission to help	the EU-Ukraine Association Agenda.	EU Commission disburses €600
	Ukrainian authorities implement jointly agreed European Agenda for	Procedure <u>2015/0038/NLE</u> .	million assistance to Ukraine,
	Reform, in coordination with Member States, international donors and civil		22 July 2015.
	society.	Proposal COM(2015)0005 of 8 January	
	Several measures already deployed, incl. first disbursement of macro-	2015 for a Decision on macro-financial	€15 million EU aid package for
	financial assistance totalling now 1.61 billion euro and signature of State	assistance to Ukraine.	Ukraine, 1 July 2015.
	Building contract between Commission and government of Ukraine.	Procedure: <u>SWD(2015)0001.</u>	
	Commission put forward report recommending move to phase 2 of visa		<u>Ukraine: EU further supports</u>
	liberalisation process with view to granting visa free travel to citizens of	Proposal COM(2014)0609 of 26 September	reform agenda and its
	Ukraine once visa liberalisation process duly completed.	2014 for a Council Decision amending the	economic recovery, 18 June
	00 0444 0044	Council Decision on the signing and	2015.
	20 - 21 March 2014:	provisional application of Title III (with the	
	European Union and its Member States committed to sign remainder of	exception of the provisions relating to the	Joint Declaration of the Eastern
	Association Agreement and Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area.	treatment of third-country nationals	Partnership Summit, Riga, 22
	First meeting in political dialogue as envisaged under Agreement to take	legally employed as workers in the territory	May 2015.
	place in April.	of the other Party) and Titles IV, V, VI and	
	Urged Council and European Parliament to swiftly adopt proposal for	VII thereof, and related Annexes and	EU to unlock €2 billion worth of
	temporarily removing customs duties, so called Autonomous Trade measures, on Ukrainian exports to EU.	Protocols of Association Agreement.	investment for small businesses
	Urged Council to rapidly agree on macro-financial assistance and to	Procedure: <u>2014/0282 (NLE).</u>	in Georgia, Moldova and
	underline that agreement with IMF is critical to enable this assistance.	Council Decision No. 2014/CCR/EU of 22	Ukraine,
	Agreement to be promptly reached on OSCE mission to be deployed in	Council Decision No 2014/668/EU of 23	21 May 2015.
	Ukraine as soon as possible, in order to help stabilise situation; European	June 2014 on the signing, on behalf of EU,	Commission assesses the
	Council asks High Representative to urgently draw up plans for EU	and provisional application of the	Commission assesses the
	contribution facilitating work of OSCE mission.	Association Agreement between EU and	implementation of Visa Liberalisation Action Plans by
	Contribution racintating work of OSCE IIIISSION.	the European Atomic Energy Community	
		and their Member States, on the one part,	Ukraine and Georgia, 8 May 2015.
		and Ukraine, on the other part, as regards Title III (with the exception of the	o ividy 2013.
		provisions relating to the treatment of	Memorandum of
		third-country nationals legally employed as	Understanding for a €1.8 billion
		workers in the territory of the other Party)	loan as part of the EU

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		and Titles IV, V, VI and VII thereof, as well	Macrofinancial Assistance
		as the related Annexes and Protocols (OJ L	Programme to Ukraine,
		278, 20.9.2014., p. 1).	signed in Riga, 22 May 2015.
		Proposal COM(2014)0679 of 30 October	Statement by President Donald
		2014 for a Council Decision on the	Tusk following to the Eastern
		facilitation of the issuance of visas, with	Partnership Summit, Riga, 22
		regard to the adoption of Common	May 2015.
		Guidelines for the implementation of the	
		Agreement. Procedure: 2014/0315 (NLE).	17th EU-Ukraine Summit Joint Statement,
		Communication COM(2014)0336 of 27	27 April 2015.
		May 2014 Fourth report on	27 April 2013.
		Implementation by Ukraine of the Action	Commission proposes further
		Plan on visa liberalisation.	EUR 1.8 billion in macro-
			financial assistance,
		Foreign Affairs Council of 14 April 2014	8 January 2015.
		approved macro-financial assistance and	
		adopted regulation granting unilateral	First Association Council
		trade preferences (8763/14).	meeting between the European
			Union and Ukraine, 15
		Proposal COM(2014)0182 of 20 March	December 2014.
		2014 for a Council Decision on providing	
		macro-financial assistance to Ukraine.	Council launched an Advisory
		Procedure: <u>2014/0104 (NLE)</u> .	Mission for Civilian Security
		Dranger COM/2012\02200 of 15 May 2012	Sector Reform in Ukraine with
		Proposal COM(2013)0290 of 15 May 2013 for a Council Decision to conclude an	an initial mandate of two years, 1 December 2014.
		Association Agreement between the EU	1 December 2014.
		and its Member States, of the one part ,	Further €260 million awarded
		and Ukraine, of the other part. Procedure:	as part of EU Macro-Financial
		2014/0151 (NLE).	Assistance for Ukraine,
		ZOTT/OTOT (NEL).	12 November 2014.
			12

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
			EU-Ukraine Association Agreement to start applying in two phases, 29 September 2014.
			Commission awards €500 million to Ukraine as first loan tranche from new EU Macro- Financial Assistance (MFA II) programme. Award of €100 million on 20 May 2014 from previously agreed MFA programme (MFA I) deployed, 17 June 2014.
			Signature of the Association Agreement with Ukraine, 27 June 2014. The EU increased its support to the work of the OSCE in Ukraine, 23 May 2014.
			Commission agreed on financial assistance package of at least €11 billion in loans and grants, 5 March 2014.
External relations - Conflict in Ukraine	19 - 20 March 2015 Called to swiftly and fully implement the Minsk agreements. Agreed that the duration of the restrictive measures against the Russian Federation, adopted on 31 July 2014 and enhanced on 8 September 2014, should be clearly linked to the complete implementation of the Minsk agreements, bearing in mind that this is only foreseen by 31 December 2015. Continues to condemn the illegal annexation of Crimea and Sevastopol by the Russian Federation and will remain committed to fully implement its non-recognition policy.	European Parliament resolution of 12 May 2016 on the Crimean Tatars (2016/2092(RSP)). European Parliament resolution of 4 February 2016 on the human rights situation in Crimea, in particular of the Crimean Tatars (2016/2556(RSP)).	Declaration by the HR/VP Federica Mogherini on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures directed against certain persons, entities and bodies in view of the situation in Ukraine, 10 November 2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Continues to support Ukraine's reform process together with other donors	Council Regulation (EU) 2015/1797 of 7	
	and in line with IMP conditionality.	October 2015 amending Regulation (EU)	High Representative/Vice-
	Called for a third Macro-Financial Assistance package for Ukraine to be	No 833/2014 concerning restrictive	President Federica Mogherini
	adopted as a matter of urgency.	measures in view of Russia's actions	meets with Foreign Minister of
	Stressed the need to challenge Russia's ongoing disinformation campaigns	destabilising the situation in Ukraine.	Ukraine, Pavlo Klimkin, 7
	and invited the High Representative, in cooperation with Member States		September 2015.
	and EU institutions, to prepare by June and action plan on strategic	Council Implementing Regulation (EU)	
	communication. The establishment of a communication team is a first step	2015/1777 of 5 October 2015	<u>Declaration</u> by the High
	in this regard.	implementing Regulation (EU) No	Representative on behalf of the
		208/2014 concerning restrictive measures	EU on the alignment of certain
	<u>18 December 2014:</u>	directed against certain persons, entities	third countries on concerning
	Congratulates Ukraine on its new government and welcomes its	and bodies in view of the situation in	restrictive measures in respect
	determination to carry out political and economic reforms.	Ukraine.	of actions undermining or
			threatening the territorial
	EU and Member States stand ready to further facilitate and support	Council Decision 2015/1781/CFSP of 5	integrity, sovereignty and
	Ukraine's reform process, together with other donors and in line with IMF	October 2015 amending Decision	independence of Ukraine, 17
	conditionality.	2014/119/CFSP concerning restrictive	June 2015.
	Welcomes Commission's readiness to increase humanitarian aid to the	measures directed against certain	Memorandum of
	suffering people in Ukraine.	persons, entities and bodies in view of the	<u>Understanding for EUR 1.8bn as</u>
	Further tightens non-recognition of the illegal annexation of Crimea and	situation in Ukraine.	part of the EU Macrofinancial
	Sevastopol.		Assistance Programme to
	It is ready to take further steps if necessary; calls for active engagement in	Council Decision 2015/1764/CFSP of 1	Ukraine signed in Riga, 22 May
	and full implementation of the Minsk Agreements.	October 2015 amending Decision	2015.
	Calls for unhindered access to MH17 crash in the interest of ongoing	2014/512/CFSP concerning restrictive	
	investigations.	measures in view of Russia's actions	European Commission
		destabilising the situation in Ukraine.	<u>Factsheet on EU support to</u>
	23 - 24 October 2014:		<u>Ukraine</u> , 22 May 2015.
	Welcomed Minsk Protocol of 5 September and Minsk Memorandum of 19	General Affairs Council of 14 September	
	September as steps towards sustainable political solution of crisis that is to	2015: EU extends the validity of sanctions	EU increased its humanitarian
	be based on respect for Ukraine's independence; it expects parties' full	over actions against Ukraine's territorial	aid contribution to Ukraine by
	engagement and swift implementation of all commitments under Minsk	integrity.	€15 million as further
	documents, particularly with regard to full implementation of cease-fire,		intensification of violence has
	setting-up of comprehensive border control arrangements and holding of	European Parliament resolution of 11 June	deepened the crisis,
	early elections in Donetsk and Luhansk regions in accordance with	2015 on the strategic military situation in	26 January 2015.
	Ukrainian law.	the Black Sea Basin following the illegal	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Considered holding of "presidential" and "parliamentary" elections, called by self-appointed authorities, would run counter to letter and spirit of Minsk Protocol and would not be recognised. It reiterates its call for immediate, safe and unrestricted access to MH17 crash site. EU expects Russian Federation to respect Ukraine's national sovereignty and territorial integrity and to contribute to political stabilisation and economic recovery of Ukraine. Reiterated it would not be recognise illegal annexation of Crimea; Russian Federation shall assume its responsibilities for full implementation of Minsk agreements, in particular, it shall prevent any movement of military,	annexation of Crimea by Russia (2015/2036(INI)). European Parliament resolution of 10 June 2015 on the state of EU-Russia relations (2015/2001(INI)). Foreign Affairs Council of 22 June 2015: Council Conclusions on Russia: EU extends economic sanctions by six month (10185/15).	EU provided an additional €3.3 million to conflict-affected populations in Ukraine and €4.5 million to displaced persons and host communities, 12 November 2014. The EU has increased support for the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) in Ukraine,
	weapons or fighters from its territory into Ukraine; it should exercise influence to ensure that separatists implement obligations assumed in Minsk in good faith; it should also support OSCE verification efforts. Underlined importance for Russian Federation, Ukraine and EU to strictly abide by commitments reflected in Joint Ministerial Statement of 12 September. Welcomed progress in resolution of Ukrainian energy crisis and looks forward to finalisation of ongoing trilateral negotiations between Russian Federation, Ukraine and Commission. Recalled previous EU decisions on restrictive measures and remained seized with situation in Ukraine in order to provide further direction as required.	Economic and Financial Affairs Council of 19 June 2015: Council Conclusions on the extension of sanctions in response to illegal annexation of Crimea and Sevastopol (10089/15). Foreign Affairs Council of 16 March 2015: Council Conclusions on Ukraine (7265/15). Foreign Affairs Council of 9 February 2015: Council Conclusions on Ukraine (6044/15).	5 June 2014. Commission mobilised €22 million to assist Ukrainian regions suffering from the consequences of the conflict, 11 September 2014. EU crisis response expert mission dispatched to Ukraine to assist authorities in identifying needs for support in police reform and law
	30 August 2014: Condemned increasing inflows of fighters and weapons from Russia to Eastern Ukraine as well as aggression by Russian armed forces on Ukrainian soil. Called upon Russian Federation to withdraw all military assets and forces from Ukraine immediately. Requested Commission and EEAS to propose further steps for EU to take in light of situation in Eastern Ukraine. 16 July 2014: Decided to further expand list of individuals subject to restrictive measures and to enhance legal basis for listings.	Foreign Affairs Council of 29 January 2015: Council Conclusions on Ukraine (<u>5755/15</u>). Foreign Affairs Council of 19 January 2015 held an in-depth debate on EU relations with Russia (<u>5411/15</u>). European Parliament resolution of 15 January 2015 on the situation in Ukraine (<u>2014/2965(RSP)</u>).	enforcement, 5 June 2014. Statement of the Heads of State or Government on Ukraine, Brussels, 27 May 2014. Humanitarian aid of €2.5 million given to assist the most vulnerable persons affected by continuing fighting in Eastern Ukraine, 12 August 2014.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Asked EIB and EBRD to suspend signature of new operations in Russia and	Proposal JOIN(2015)0001 of 22 January	
	announced that EU would reassess bilateral and regional cooperation	2015 for a Council Regulation on	
	programmes with Russia with view to suspension.	restrictive measures directed against	
		certain persons, entities and bodies in	
	<u>26 - 27 June 2014:</u>	view of the situation in Ukraine.	
	Recalling Statements of Heads of State and Government on Ukraine of 6		
	March and 27 May, European Council conclusions of 21 March and	Council Regulation (EU) No 1351/2014 of	
	conclusions of Foreign Affairs Council on Ukraine of 23 June, European	18 December 2014 amending Regulation	
	Council expresses its support to peace plan announced last week by	(EU) No 692/2014 concerning restrictive	
	President Poroshenko.	measures in response to the illegal	
	Taking note of Russian President's declaration of support in principle of	annexation of Crimea and Sevastopol (OJ L	
	peace plan and Federation Council's decision to revoke authorisation to	365, 19.12.2014, p. 46).	
	use Russian forces to intervene militarily in Ukraine.		
	Regretting that cease-fire, while being respected by Ukrainian authorities,	Council Decision 2014/933/CFSP of 18	
	has not led to full cessation of military hostilities. Therefore, European	December 2014 amending Decision	
	Council calls upon all parties to genuinely commit to implementation of	2014/386/CFSP concerning restrictive	
	peace plan and to cement cessation of military activities. It urges Russian	measures in response to the illegal	
	Federation to actively use its influence over illegally armed groups and to	annexation of Crimea and Sevastopol (OJ L	
	stop flow of weapons and militants across border to achieve rapid and	365, 19.12.2014, p. 152).	
	tangible results in de-escalation.		
	Supported OSCE monitoring implementation of peace plan as well as its	Foreign Affairs Council of 15 December	
	role in supporting cease-fire and establishment of effective border	2014: Council Conclusions on Ukraine	
	controls.	(<u>16928/14</u>).	
	Following its March conclusions and decision not to recognise illegal		
	annexation of Crimea and Sevastopol, European Council welcomes work	Council Regulation (EU) No 1290/2014 of	
	undertaken by Commission to give effect to this policy and decision to	December 2014 amending Regulation (EU)	
	prohibit import of goods from Crimea and Sevastopol which do not have	No 833/2014 concerning restrictive	
	Ukrainian certificate.	measures in view of Russia's actions	
	European Council recalls that European Commission, EEAS and Member	destabilising the situation in Ukraine, and	
	States have been undertaking preparatory work on targeted measures, as	amending Regulation (EU) No 960/2014	
	requested in March, so that further steps can be taken without delay. In	amending Regulation (EU) No 833/2014	
	that respect, European Council expects following steps to be taken that by	(OJ L 349, 5.12.2014, p. 20).	
	30 June:		
	agreement on verification mechanism, monitored by OSCE, for cease-fire		
	and effective control of border;		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	return to Ukrainian authorities of three border checkpoints (Izvarino,	Council Decision 2014/872/CFSP of 4	
	Dolzhanskiy, Krasnopartizansk);	December 2014 amending Decision	
	release hostages including all of OSCE observers;	2014/512/CFSP concerning	
	launch substantial negotiations on implementation of President		
	Poroshenko's peace plan.	Council Regulation (EU) No 1290/2014 of	
	Council to assess situation and, if required, to adopt necessary decisions.	4 December amending Regulation (EU) No	
	European Council underlines commitment to reconvene at any time for	833/2014 concerning restrictive measures	
	further significant restrictive measures.	in view of Russia's actions destabilising the	
		situation in Ukraine, and amending	
	Informal 27 May 2014:	Regulation (EU) No 960/2014 amending	
	Heads of States condemn illegal annexation of Crimea and Sevastopol to	Regulation (EU) No 833/2014 (OJ L 349,	
	Russian Federation and will not recognise it; they reaffirm EU's	5.12.2014, p. 20).	
	commitment to Geneva Joint Statement of 17 April and commend role of		
	OSCE Special Monitoring Mission in assisting its implementation, as well as	Council Decision 2014/872/CFSP of 4	
	efforts undertaken so far by Ukrainian authorities to implement it.	December 2014 amending Decision	
	Preparatory work by Commission and EEAS on possible targeted measures	2014/512/CFSP concerning restrictive	
	underway and agreed to continue preparations for possible further steps	measures in view of Russia's actions	
	on that basis if events so require.	destabilising the situation in Ukraine, and	
	<u>20 - 21 March 2014:</u>	Decision 2014/659/CFSP amending	
	Strongly condemned illegal annexation of Crimea and Sevastopol to	Decision 2014/512/CFSP (OJ L 349,	
	Russian Federation and will not recognise it.	5.12.2014, p. 58).	
	EU remains committed to uphold sovereignty and territorial integrity of		
	Ukraine; European Council does not recognise illegal referendum in Crimea	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 November	
	in clear violation of Ukrainian Constitution.	2014: Council Conclusions on Ukraine.	
	Asked Commission to evaluate legal consequences of Crimea annexation		
	and to propose economic, trade and financial restrictions regarding Crimea	Foreign Affairs Council of 20 October	
	for rapid implementation.	2014: Council Conclusions on Ukraine	
	Agrees to expand list of individuals subject to visa ban and asset freeze.	(<u>14451/14</u>).	
	Decided to cancel next EU-Russia Summit and notes that Member States		
	will not hold bilateral regular summits for time being; Member States and	European Parliament resolution of 18	
	European Council also support suspension of negotiations over Russia's	September 2014 on the situation in	
	joining OECD and IEA.	Ukraine and the state of play of EU-Russia	
	Agreement to be promptly reached on OSCE mission to be deployed in	relations (<u>2014/2841(RSP)</u>).	
	Ukraine as soon as possible, in order to help stabilise situation; European		
	Council asks High Representative to urgently draw up plans for EU	Council Decision No 2014/658/CFSP of 8	
	contribution facilitating work of OSCE mission.	September 2014 amending Decision No	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		2014/145/CFSP concerning restrictive measures in respect of actions undermining or threatening the territorial integrity, sovereignty and independence of Ukraine (OJ L 271, 12.9.2014, p. 47). Council Decision No 2014/659/CFSP of 8	
		September 2014 amending Decision No 2014/512/CFSP concerning restrictive measures in view of Russia's actions destabilising the situation in Ukraine (OJ L 271, 12.9.2014, p. 54).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 15 August 2014: Council Conclusions on Ukraine (12491/14).	
		Council Regulation (EU) No 833/2014 of 31 July 2014 concerning restrictive measures in view of Russia's actions destabilising the situation in Ukraine (OJ L 229, 31.07.2014, p. 1).	
		Council Decision No 2014/512/CFSP of 31 July 2014 concerning restrictive measures in view of Russia's actions destabilising the situation in Ukraine (OJ L 229, 31.07.2014, p. 13).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 22 July 2014: Council Conclusions on Ukraine (12091/14).	
		European Parliament resolution of 17 July 2014 on Ukraine (2014/2717 (RSP)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament resolution of 17 April 2014 on Russian pressure on Eastern Partnership countries and in particular destabilisation of eastern Ukraine (2014/2699(RSP)). European Parliament resolution of 27 February 2014 on the situation in Ukraine (2014/2595(RSP)).	
External Relations-Belarus	1-2 March 2012: Welcomed decision of Council to extend list of those responsible for serious human rights violations or repression of civil society and democratic opposition or supporting or benefitting from Lukashenko regime to be targeted by travel ban and asset freeze. Invited Council to proceed with its work on further measures. Reiterated commitment to strengthening engagements with Belarusian civil society and to supporting democratic aspirations of Belarusian people. 4 February 2011: Endorsed Council conclusions on Belarus to impose restrictive measures. Reiterated strong commitment to strengthening its engagement with Belorusian civil society.	Foreign Affairs Council of 15 February 2016: Council Conclusions on Belarus	Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures against Belarus, 4 February 2016. Statement by EU High Representative/Vice-President Federica Mogherini and EU Commissioner for Neighbourhood policy and Enlargement negotiations, Johannes Hahn on the release of political prisoners in Belarus, Brussels, 22 August 2015. Joint Declaration of the Eastern Partnership Summit, Riga, 22 May 2015. EU extended restrictive measures against Belarus, 30 October 2014.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Foreign Affairs Council of 31 January 2011: Council Conclusions on Belarus (5888/1/11).	
External relations - Eastern Partnership	19 -20 March 2015 The EU is fully committed to the Eastern Partnership. It will strengthen, in a differentiated way, relations with each of its six partners. Particular efforts should be devoted to advance cooperation in state building, mobility and people-to-people contacts, market opportunities and interconnections. The European Council looks forward to the earliest possible ratification by all Member States of the Association Agreements/Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Areas (AAs/DCFTAs) with Georgia, Republic of Moldova and Ukraine.	Foreign Affairs Council of 14 December 2015: Council Conclusions on the Review of the European Neighbourhood Policy (15278/15). Joint Communication JOIN(2015)050 of 18 November 2015 to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions: Review of the European Neighbourhood Policy. Joint Staff Working Document SWD(2015)0500 of 18 November 2015: Towards a new European Neighbourhood Policy Accompanying the document Joint Communication to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions Review of the European Neighbourhood Policy. European Parliament resolution of 9 July 2015 on the review of the European Neighbourhood Policy (2015/2002(INI)). Foreign Affairs Council of 20 April 2015: Council Conclusions on the Review of the European Neighbourhood Policy (8084/15).	Review of the European Neighbourhood Policy (ENP): stronger partnerships for a stronger neighbourhood, Brussels, 18 November 2015. Joint Declaration of the Eastern Partnership Summit, Riga, 22 May 2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Foreign Affairs Council of 16 March 2015: Council Conclusions on the Eastern Partnership (7265/15).	
		European Parliament resolution of 20 May 2015 on the Eastern Partnership Summit (21-22 May 2015) (2015/2610(RSP)).	
		Joint Staff Working Document SWD(2015)0076 of 25 March 2015 on the Implementation of the European Neighbourhood Policy Eastern Partnership Implementation Report accompanying the document Joint Communication to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions — Implementation of the European Neighbourhood Policy in 2014.	
External relations - Southern Neighbourhood Partnership	19 - 20 March 2015 The ongoing review of the European Neighbourhood Policy should ensure the continued deep involvement of the EU with both Eastern and Southern partners. The European Council will have a broader discussion on the Southern Neighbourhood in October. Welcomed the ministerial meeting to be held in Barcelona on 13 April which will provide a unique opportunity to hear our southern partner's views. Informal 12 February 2015: EU's external relations must contribute to countering terrorist threat	Economic and Financial Affairs Council of 12 February 2016, Council conclusions on the fight against the financing of terrorism(5936/16) Foreign Affairs Council of 14 December 2015: Council Conclusions on the Review of the European Neighbourhood Policy (15278/15). Joint Communication JOIN(2015)050 of 18	EU - Tunisia Association Council, Joint statement by High Representative Federica Mogherini and the Tunisian Minister for Foreign Affairs, Khemaies Jhinaoui, 18 April 2016. Review of the European Neighbourhood Policy (ENP): stronger partnerships for a stronger neighbourhood,
	escalating in particular in Syria and Libya. We need: To address crises and conflicts through a strategic rethinking of our approach in particular in the Southern Neighbourhood; To engage more with third countries on security issues and counterterrorism (particularly in the Middle East and North Africa);	November 2015 to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions: Review of the European Neighbourhood Policy.	Brussels, 18 November 2015. Remarks by the HR/VP Federica Mogherini following the ministerial meeting with the

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Sustained and coordinated international engagement with the UN and Global Counterterrorism Forum as well as with relevant regional initiatives; A dialogue among cultures and civilisations to promote fundamental freedoms together. 7-8 February 2013: EU fully committed to new Partnership with Southern Mediterranean partners in spirit of co-ownership since beginning of Arab Spring and determined to further enhance support for democratic and economic transition processes in the region. This includes: Assistance for democratic transformation, development of civil society, rule of law, human rights, gender equality and increased transparency and efficiency in electoral processes, including through provision of technical advice and cooperation, and deployment of electoral observer missions; Enhanced cooperation in area of freedom, security and justice, in particular through dialogues on migration, mobility and security; development of mobility partnerships; as well as through support in addressing rule of law, security sector reform and border management challenges; Promotion of shared economic prosperity, including by contributing to macroeconomic stability, promoting economic reforms and appropriate climate for business and investment, and maintaining momentum on Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Agreements, thus multiplying possibilities for commercial exchanges and growth; People-to-people contacts, in particular as regards promoting exchanges between young people in EU and in Southern neighbours, notably in Erasmus Mundus programme framework; particular attention to be given to promoting employability of young people and women; Commission to particularly provide assistance and expertise to improve quality of education and vocational training, to further increase student exchanges, to develop policy dialogue on education, employability and vocational training and to stimulate youth exchanges; Enhanced cooperation in wide range of fields (e.g. research, entrepreneurship and SMEs, agriculture, transport, inc. avia	Joint Staff Working Document SWD(2015)0500 of 18 November 2015: Towards a new European Neighbourhood Policy Accompanying the document Joint Communication to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions Review of the European Neighbourhood Policy. Joint Communication JOIN(2015)0040 of 9 September 2015 to the European Parliament and the Council Addressing the Refugee Crisis in Europe: The Role of EU External Action. Joint Decision JOIN(2015)0032 of 25 August 2015 of the European Commission and the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy on the participation of the European Union in various organisations for cooperation to prevent and counter terrorism. European Parliament resolution of 9 July 2015 on the review of the European Neighbourhood Policy (2015/2002(INI)). European Parliament resolution of 9 July 2015 on the security challenges in the Middle East and North Africa region and the prospects for political stability (2014/2229(INI)).	Southern ENP, Barcelona, 13 April 2015. EU's response to the "Arab Spring": State of Play after Two Years, Brussels, 8 March 2013. Strengthening dialogue between Civil Society in the Southern Neighbourhood and the EU, Brussels, 29 May2015. Reinforcement of Erasmus Mundus programme specifically for Southern Neighbourhood countries, Brussels, 16 December 2011. New regional programme aimed at strengthening democratic reform in the southern Neighbourhood, Brussels, 22 December 2011.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	EIB invited to continue stepping up support for investment into private	Foreign Affairs Council of 20 July 2015: Council Conclusions on Libya.	
	sector, infrastructure and climate change in the region; Explore further ways to enhance political dialogue, incl. dialogue at highest	Council Conclusions on Libya.	
	level, with countries in transition towards democracy, and to promote	Foreign Affairs Council of 20 July 2015:	
	synergies with regional initiatives such as Union for the Mediterranean and	Council Conclusions on Tunisia.	
	"5+5 Dialogue"; Invited Council to evaluate effectiveness of EU's policies and instruments	Foreign Affairs Council of 22 June 2015:	
	in assisting political and economic transition of region and to report back	Council Conclusions on Lebanon.	
	by June 2013.		
	1. 2 March 2012:	Foreign Affairs Council of 20 April 2015:	
	1 - 2 March 2012: Agreed that following principles will guide EU's further engagement with	Council Conclusions on the review of the European Neighbourhood Policy.	
	and contribution to the process:	Laropean Neighbourhood Folicy.	
	EU encourages all countries in Southern Neighbourhood to undertake	Joint Consultation Paper JOIN(2015)0006	
	significant political reforms designed to build and consolidate democracy, establish and strengthen rule of law and to uphold respect for human rights	of 4 April 2015 'Towards a new European Neighbourhood Policy'.	
	and civil liberties with particular attention paid to women's and minorities'	Neighbourhood Policy .	
	rights;	Joint Staff Working Document	
	Bearing in mind context of economic and financial challenges facing many countries in the region, EU will continue to mobilise instruments, placing	SDW(2015)075 of 25 March 2015 on the	
	greater emphasis on assistance focused on governance and job creation	Implementation of the European Neighbourhood Policy in 2014.	
	and will continue efforts in "Task Force" meetings framework, incl.	Weighbourhood Folicy III 2014.	
	business stakeholders. European Council called in this connection for a	European Parliament resolution of 12	
	swift ratification of EBRD's mandate extension. EU determined to match support to level of democratic reform, offering	March 2015 on relations between the EU	
	more support to partners that make progress towards inclusive democratic	and the League of Arab States and cooperation in countering terrorism	
	systems, while reconsidering support to governments in cases of	(<u>2015/2573(RSP)</u>).	
	oppression or grave or systematic violations of human rights; EU to continue strengthening partnership with civil society, incl. through	20 74 22 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	
	launch of Neighbourhood Civil Society Facility;	P8_TA-PROV(2015)0077 Thursday, 12 March 2015 - Strasbourg	
	Rapid progress needed in ongoing trade negotiations and in preparation of	ividicii 2013 - Strasbourg	
	negotiations for Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Agreements that will	European Parliament resolution of 15	
	progressively integrate partners' economies into EU Single Market and increase market access opportunities;	January 2015 on the situation in Egypt	
	Dialogues on migration, mobility and security to be extended with view to	(<u>2014/3017(RSP)</u>).	
	fostering people-to-people contacts, business contacts and mutual		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	understanding; joint efforts to be pursued also to prevent illegal	Communication JOIN(2014)012 of 27	
	immigration, in line with EU's Global Approach to Migration;	March 2014 on Neighbourhood at the	
	Invited Commission and High Representative to present by the end of 2012	Crossroads: Implementation of the	
	roadmap to define and guide implementation of EU policy vis-à-vis	European Neighbourhood Policy in 2013.	
	Southern Mediterranean partners, listing objectives, instruments and		
	actions and focusing on synergies with EU for Mediterranean and other	Regulation (EU) No 232/2014 of 11 March	
	regional initiatives.	2014 establishing a European	
		Neighbourhood Instrument (OJ L 77,	
	<u>24 - 25 March 2011:</u>	15.3.2014., p. 27). Procedure: <u>2011/0405</u>	
	Called for rapid progress to be made along following lines:	(COD).	
	EU and Member States to step up their humanitarian assistance;		
	On-going aid programmes in Southern Mediterranean countries to be	European Parliament resolution of 23	
	screened and refocused, where possible in dialogue with countries	October 2013 on European	
	concerned;	Neighbourhood Policy: towards a	
	ceiling for EIB operations for Mediterranean countries undertaking political	strengthening of the partnership - position	
	reform to be increased by 1 billion EUR, without reducing operations in	of the European Parliament on 2012	
	Eastern neighbours;	reports (<u>2013/2621(RSP)</u>).	
	EBRD shareholders to consider possible extension of Bank's activities to	0	
	countries in Southern Neighbourhood;	Communication JOIN(2014)04 of 20	
	proposals on pan-Euro-Mediterranean rules of origin to be adopted	March 2013 on European Neighbourhood	
	without delay; Commission invited to present proposals on further means	Policy: Working Towards a Stronger	
	to enhance trade and foreign direct investment in the region in short,	Partnership.	
	medium and long term.	Familia Affaire Causail of 24 January 2012	
	European Council invites Commission to present proposals on Global	Foreign Affairs Council of 31 January 2013:	
	Approach to Migration as well as on Mobility Partnership in advance of	Council Conclusions on Joint	
	June 2011 European Council.	Communication "Supporting closer	
	4 February 2011	cooperation and regional integration in	
	4 February 2011:	the Maghreb: Algeria, Libya, Mauritania,	
	Committed to new partnership involving more effective support in future to countries pursuing political and economic reforms including through	Morocco and Tunisia" (<u>5896/13</u>).	
	European Neighbourhood Policy and Union for the Mediterranean.	Communication JOIN(2012)036 of 17	
	Invited High Representative within framework of this partnership to	December 2012 on Supporting closer	
	develop package of measures aimed at lending EU support to transition	cooperation and regional integration in	
	and transformation processes (strengthening democratic institutions,	the Maghreb: Algeria, Libya, Mauritania,	
	promoting democratic governance and social justice, and assisting	Morocco and Tunisia.	
	promoting democratic governance and social justice, and assisting preparation and conduct of free and fair elections); and to link European	iviorocco ana rumsia.	
	preparation and conduct or free and fair elections), and to link European		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Neighbourhood Policy and Union for the Mediterranean more to these objectives. Invited High Representative and Commission to adapt rapidly EU instruments to make humanitarian aid available and to propose measures and projects to stimulate cooperation, exchange and investment in the	Decision No 602/2012/EU of 4 July 2012 on amendments to the Agreement Establishing the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) extending the geographic scope of EBRD operations to the Southern and Eastern	
	region with aim of promoting economic and social development, incl. advanced status for Tunisia.	Mediterranean (OJ L 177, 7.7.2012, p. 1). Foreign Affairs Council of 25 June 2012: Council Conclusions on the ENP Package (11688/12).	
		Regulation (EU) No 500/2012 of 13 June 2012 amending Council Regulation (EC) No 302/2009 concerning a multiannual recovery plan for bluefin tuna in the eastern Atlantic and Mediterranean (OJ L 157, 16.6.2012, p. 1).	
		European Parliament resolution of 9 May 2012 on trade and investment strategy for southern Mediterranean following Arab spring revolutions (2011/2113(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 14 December 2011 on the review of the European Neighbourhood Policy (2011/2157 (RSP)).	
		Commission COM(2013)8416 Implementing Decision of 22 November 2013 on the socio-economic development and civil society support programme in Egypt under the SPRING programme, to be financed under the general budget of the European Union.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Commission COM(2011)6828 Implementing Decision of 26 September 2011 on Support for Partnership Reform and Inclusive Growth (SPRING) 2011-2012 in favour of the Southern Neighbourhood Region to be financed under the Article 19 08 01 01 of the general budget of the European Union.	
		Communication COM(2011)0303 of 16 September 2011 on a new response to a changing Neighbourhood. Communication COM(2011)0200 of 27 June 2011 on a partnership for democracy and shared prosperity with the Southern Mediterranean.	
		European Parliament resolution of 6 June 2011 on EU external policies in favour of democratisation (2011/2032(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 25 May 2011 on the Review of the European Neighbourhood Policy (2011/2157(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 7 April 2011 Review of the European Neighbourhood Policy - Southern Dimension (2011/2642(RSP)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 10 March 2011 on the Southern Neighbourhood and Libya in particular (2011/2616(RSP)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
External relations - Middle East/Gaza	Extraordinary 30 August 2014: Welcomed cease-fire agreement between Israel and Gaza; urged both parties to respect it and continue negotiations leading to a fundamental improvement of living conditions for Gaza Strip population.	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 January 2016: Council Conclusions on the Middle East Peace Process (<u>5394/16</u>).	
	Extraordinary 16 July 2014: Condemned firing of rockets from Gaza into Israel and indiscriminate targeting of civilians; reiterated Israel's right to protect its population such attacks and reminded the parties of proportionality and protection of	European Parliament resolution of 10 September 2015 on EU's role in the Middle East peace process (2015/2685(RSP)).	
	civilians at all times. Welcomed on-going efforts by regional partners, Egypt's initiative in particular, to establish cease-fire and called on Hamas to agree on it; EU ready provide necessary support to this end.	Foreign Affairs Council of 20 July 2015 Conclusions on the Middle East peace process.	
	Reiterated offer to both parties of European political and economic support package and of Special Privileged Partnership in the event of final peace agreement.	European Parliament resolution of 17 December 2014 on the recognition of Palestine statehood (2014/2964(RSP)).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 17 November 2014: Council Conclusions on the Middle East Peace Process.	
		European Parliament resolution of 18 September 2014 on Israel-Palestine after Gaza war and the role of the EU (2014/2845 (RSP)).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 15 August 2014 Conclusions on the situation in the Gaza Strip (12491/14).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 22 July 2014 Conclusions on the Middle East Peace Process (12091/14).	
		European Parliament resolution of 16 July 2014 on the escalation of violence	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		between Israel and Palestine (2014/2723	
		(RSP)).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 12 May 2014:	
		Council Conclusions on the Middle East	
		Peace Process.	
		Communication JOINT(2014)095 of 27	
		March 2014 on the Implementation of the	
		European Neighbourhood Policy in	
		Palestine. Progress in 2013 and	
		recommendations for action	
		Accompanying the document Joint Communication to the European	
		Parliament, the Council, the European	
		Economic and Social Committee and the	
		Committee of the Regions Neighbourhood	
		at the Crossroads: Implementation of the	
		European Neighbourhood Policy in 2013.	
		Procedure: <u>SWD(2014)095</u> .	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 22 July 2013:	
		Council Conclusions on the Middle East	
External relations -	19. 10 October 2012.	Peace Process.	Demonto by LIDA/D Foderica
Middle East/Iran	18 - 19 October 2012: Welcomed Council conclusions and adoption of additional restrictive	Council Decision 2015/1863/CFSP of 18 October 2015 amending Decision	Remarks by HR/VP Federica Mogherini at the Joint press
Wilddie Lasty II all	measures against Iran; EU remained determined to increase close	2010/413/CFSP concerning restrictive	stakeout with Iranian Foreign
	coordination with international partners, pressure on Iran in context of	measures against Iran.	Affairs Minister, Mohammad
	dual-track approach.		Javad Zarif, 15 February 2016.
		Council Regulation 2015/1861/CFSP of 18	
	28 - 29 June 2012:	October 2015 amending Regulation (EU)	Joint Statement by EU High
	Welcomed full entry into force of EU embargo on Iranian oil on 1 July 2012.	No 267/2012 concerning restrictive	Representative Federica
	23 October 2011:	measures against Iran.	Mogherini and Iranian Foreign Minister Javad Zarif, Brussels,
	Welcomed reinforcement of restrictive measures against Iran in response		18 October 2015.
	to unacceptable human rights violations.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Invited Foreign Affairs Council to prepare new restrictive measures to be	Foreign Affairs Council of 20 July 2015:	Remarks by the HR/VP Federica
	decided upon and implemented at appropriate time if Iran continued non-	Council Conclusions on the agreement on	Mogherini following the
	cooperation or if it would not meet its obligations.	Iran's nuclear programme.	E3/EU+3 meeting with Iran,
			New York, 28 September 2015.
		Joint Proposal JOIN(2014)0042 of 15	
		December 2014 for a Council Regulation	<u>Iran: suspension of EU</u>
		amending Regulation (EU) No 267/2012	sanctions extended by six
		concerning restrictive measures against	<u>months</u> , 14 July 2015.
		Iran. Procedure: <u>2014/0357(NLE)</u> .	Statement by President Donald
		European Parliament resolution of 2 April	Tusk on the agreement on
		2014 on EU strategy towards Iran	Iran's nuclear programme, 14
		(2014/2625(RSP)).	July 2015.
		(<u>2014/2023(N3F)</u>).	July 2013.
		Council Regulation No 2014/42/EU of 20	Joint statement by EU High
		January 2014 amending Regulation (EU)	Representative Federica
		No 267/2012 concerning restrictive	Mogherini and Iranian Foreign
		measures against Iran (OJ L 15, 20.1.2014,	Minister Javad Zarif, Vienna, 14
		p. 18.). Procedure: <u>2013/0452 (NLE).</u>	July 2015.
			,
		Foreign Affairs Council of 20 January 2014:	Factsheet on the European
		Council Conclusions on Iran.	<u>Union and Iran</u> (140124/02), 24
			January 2014.
		Foreign Affairs Council of 15 October	Factsheet: E3/EU +3 Nuclear
		2012: Council Conclusions on Iran	Negotiations with Iran
		(<u>14763/1/12 REV 1</u>).	(131219/02), 17 January 2014.
		Foreign Affairs Council of 23 April 2012:	
		Council Conclusions on Iran (8772/12).	
		Function Devicement resolution of 40	
		European Parliament resolution of 10	
		October 2013 on recent cases of violence and persecution against Christians,	
		notably in Maaloula (Syria) and Peshawar	
		(Pakistan) and the case of Pastor Saaed	
		Abedini (Iran) (2013/2872(RSP)).	
		ADECHII (II dii) (2015/28/2(KSP)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament resolution of 14 June 2012 on the situation of ethnic minorities in Iran (2012/2682(RSP)). European Parliament resolution of 17 November 2011 on Iran - recent cases of human rights violations (2011/2908(RSP)). European Parliament resolution of 10 March 2011 on EU's approach towards Iran (2010/2050(INI)).	
External relations - Middle East/Iraq	Extraordinary 30 August 2014: ISIL is direct threat to European security; EU determined to contribute to countering threat posed by ISIL and other terrorist groups in Iraq and Syria. Supported decision of Member States to provide military material to Iraq, incl. Kurdish authorities. Requested council to consider more effective use of existing restrictive measures, in particular to deny ISIL the benefits of illicit oil sales or sales of other resources on international markets. Appalled by and firmly condemned indiscriminate killings and human rights violations perpetrated by ISIL and other terrorist groups, in particular against religious and ethnic minorities; calls for those responsible to be held to account. Underlined importance of coordinated action by regional countries to counter these threats by ISIL. Urged all Iraqi leaders to form a truly inclusive government as first political response to present crisis; EU ready to support the pursuit of necessary reforms.	Foreign Affairs Council of 23 May 2016: Conclusions on the EU regional strategy for Syria and Iraq as well as the Da'esh threat (9105/16). European Parliament resolution of 4 February 2016 on the systematic mass murder of religious minorities by the socalled 'ISIS/Daesh' (2016/2529(RSP)). European Parliament resolution of 21 January 2016 on the EU's priorities for the UNHRC sessions in 2016 (2015/3035(RSP)). Foreign Affairs Council of 14 December 2015: Council Conclusions on Iraq (15278/15). European Parliament resolution of 30 April 2015 on the destruction of cultural sites perpetrated by ISIS/Da'esh (2015/2649(RSP)).	Declaration by the High Representative, Federica Mogherini, on behalf of the European Union in support of the reform efforts of the Iraqi government, 5 October 2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament resolution of 12 March 2015 on recent attacks and abductions by ISIS/Da'esh in the Middle East, notably of Assyrians (2015/2599(RSP)).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 16 March 2015: Council Conclusions on the EU Regional Strategy for Syria and Iraq as well as the ISIL/Da'esh threat.	
		Communication JOIN(2015)0002 of 6 February 2015 on Elements for an EU regional strategy for Syria and Iraq as well as the Da'esh threat.	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 15 December 2014: Council Conclusions on Iraq.	
		European Parliament resolution of 27 November 2014 on the kidnapping and mistreatment of women (2014/2971(RSP)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 22 October 2014 on the situation in Kobane and the threat of IS (2014/2899 (RSP)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 18 September 2014 on the situation in Iraq and Syria, and the IS offensive, including the persecution of minorities (2014/2843(RSP)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Foreign Affairs Council of 20 October 2014: Council Conclusions on Iraq (14451/14).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 15 August 2014: Council Conclusions on Iraq (12491/14).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 22 July 2014 Council: Conclusions on Iraq (12091/14).	
External relations - Libya	28 June 2016 The European Council reiterates its readiness to support the Government of National Accord (GNA), and calls on all groups in Libya to work with the GNA as the sole legitimate government in Libya to restore stability, fight	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 April 2016: Council conclusions on Libya (8022/16). Foreign Affairs Council of 15 February	Joint Communiqué on Libya, 22 September 2016.
	terrorism and tackle migration across the Central Mediterranean. In this context, the European Council welcomes the adoption of UNSC Resolution 2292 and the expanded role for Operation Sophia in enforcing the arms embargo on Libya and training the Libyan Coast Guard.	2016: Council Conclusions on the Border Management assistance mission amended and extended (6122/16)	EUBAM Libya: new head of mission appointed, 30 August 2016.
	17 - 18 February 2016	European Parliament resolution of 4 February 2016 on the situation in Libya (2016/2537(RSP)).	Remarks by HRVP Federica MOGHERINI following the meeting with the Libyan Presidency Council and with
	Stabilising Libya remains a high priority for regional and European security and for managing migration flows in the central Mediterranean. The European Council urges all parties to implement the Libyan Political Agreement, install a Government of National Accord, and focus efforts on	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 January 2016: Council Conclusions on Libya (5394/16). Foreign Affairs Council of 14 December	<u>Libyan Designate-Prime</u> <u>Minister Fayez al-Sarraj</u> , 8 January 2016.
	restoring the economy and fighting terrorism. The EU, in cooperation with the UN, will support these efforts.	2015: Council Conclusions on Libya (15278/15).	Joint Statement on Libya, Brussels, 19 October 2015.
	17 - 18 December 2015: The EU welcomes the signing in Skhirat of the Libyan political agreement as a very important step and stands ready to support the Government of National Accord as soon as it is formed. It urges all other parties not yet	Foreign Affairs Council of 12 October 2015: Council Conclusions on Libya (12898/15).	Statement by High Representative/Vice-President Federica Mogherini in support of final political agreement on
	involved to join into the process. 15 October 2015	Foreign Affairs Council of 20 July 2015: Council Conclusions on Libya (<u>11095/15</u>).	Libya talks,9 October 2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	As regards Libya, the European Council welcomed the announcement	Council Decision 2015/304/CFSP of 20 July	UN Security Council Resolution
	made by the UN and called on all parties to swiftly endorse it. The EU	2015 concerning restrictive measures in	on Maintenance of
	reiterates its offer of substantial political and financial support to the	view of the situation in Libya, and	International Peace and
	Government of National Accord as soon as it takes office.	repealing Decision 2011/137/CFSP.	Security (<u>S/RES/2240 (2015)</u>).
		Foreign Affairs Council of 20 March 2015:	
	23 September 2015	Council Conclusions on Libya (8084/15).	Political Agreement concluded
	As regards Syria, we call for a renewed UN-led international effort to bring		under the UN auspices, 8
	an end to the war that has caused so much suffering and forced an	Foreign Affairs Council of 16 March 2015:	October 2015.
	estimated 12 million people to leave their homes; the EU commits to doing	Council Conclusions on Libya (7265/15).	
	its part, as well as for the formation of a government of national unity in		Statement of the HR/VP
	Libya.	Foreign Affairs Council of 9 February 2015:	Federica Mogherini on talks to
		Council Conclusions on Libya (6044/15).	form a Government of National
	Extraordinary - 23 April 2015:		Accord in Libya,
	Shall actively support all UN-led efforts towards re-establishing	Relations between the EU and the League	13 September 2015.
	government authority in Libya.	of Arab States and cooperation in	HR/VP Federica Mogherini's
	<u>19 - 20 March 2015:</u>	countering terrorism_ P8_TA-	remarks at the UN Security
	Called for an immediate and unconditional ceasefire and for Libyan parties	PROV(2015)0077 Thursday, 12 March	Council, New York, 11 May
	to rapidly agree on a Government of National Unity.	2015 - Strasbourg	2015.
	The EU is committed to ongoing UN efforts and will reinforce its current		HR/VP Federica Mogherini held
	support to UNSMIL and the unity process.	European Parliament resolution of 15	discussions with Libyan party
	The High Representative will present proposals as agreed at the Council on	<u>January 2015</u> on the Situation in Libya	<u>leaders</u> , Tunis,
	16 March 2015.	(<u>2014/3018(RSP)</u>).	30 April 2015.
	The EU will step up its engagement on counter-terrorism in the region, with		
	relevant partners.	Foreign Affairs Council of 17 November	
		2014: Council Conclusions on Libya	
	Informal - 12 February 2015:	(<u>15573/14</u>).	
	EU's external relations must contribute to countering terrorist threat	Foreign Affairs Council of 20 October	
	escalating in particular in Syria and Libya. We need:	2014: Council Conclusions on Libya.	
	To address crises and conflicts through a strategic rethinking of our		
	approach in particular in the Southern Neighbourhood;	Proposal JOIN(2014)0035 of 22 September	
	To engage more with third countries on security issues and counter-	2014 for a Regulation amending	
	terrorism (particularly in the Middle East and North Africa);	Regulation (EU) No 204/2011 concerning	
	Sustained and coordinated international engagement with the UN and	restrictive measures in view of the	
	Global Counterterrorism Forum as well as with relevant regional initiatives;	situation in Libya. Procedure: 2014/0281	
	A dialogue among cultures and civilisations to promote fundamental	(NLE).	
	freedoms together.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	30 August 2014: Condemned escalation of fighting in Libya, especially attacks against residential areas, public institutions, facilities and critical infrastructure. Called upon all parties to accept immediate cease-fire, put an end to suffering of population, and to engage constructively in inclusive political dialogue; EU fully supports UN mission's efforts in Libya. 23 October 2011: Tribute paid to courage and determination of people of Libya. It looks forward to formation of an inclusive and broad-based government; to launch of a democratic, peaceful and transparent transition that reaches out to all Libyans; to preparation of free and fair elections in accordance with the Constitutional Declaration by the National Transitional Council. Reaffirmed EU commitment to support emergence of a democratic Libya.	European Parliament resolution of 18 September 2014 on the situation in Libya (2014/2844 (RSP)). European Parliament resolution of 15 September 2011 on the situation in Libya (2011/2811(RSP)). European Parliament resolution of 10 March 2011 on the Southern Neighbourhood and Libya in particular (2011/2616(RSP)). European Parliament resolution of 22 November 2012 on the situation of migrants in Libya (2012/2879(RSP)).	
External relations - Middle East/Syria	17 - 18 February 2016 Recalling UNSC Resolution 2254, the European Council welcomes the commitments made by the International Syria Support Group meeting in Munich on 11/12 February and calls on all parties to swiftly implement these commitments in full. A nationwide cessation of hostilities must urgently be implemented, applying to any party currently engaged in military or paramilitary hostilities, other than groups designated as terrorist organisations by the United Nations Security Council. The European Council calls on the Syrian regime and its allies to stop at once attacking non-terrorist opposition groups, which threatens the prospects for peace, benefits Da'esh and drives the refugee crisis. The European Council is concerned by the risk of further military escalation and condemns the repeated bombing of civilian infrastructure and calls for an immediate cessation of bombardments in civilian areas, in particular in the corridor between Aleppo and the Turkish-Syrian border. The implementation should jointly be verified by the relevant parties. The European Council welcomes the start of delivery of humanitarian aid within one week to civilians in besieged areas and urges all sides to ensure that	Foreign Affairs Council of 23 May 2016: Conclusions on the EU regional strategy for Syria and Iraq as well as the Da'esh threat (9105/16). Foreign Affairs Council of 15 February 2016: Council Conclusions on the Border Management assistance mission amended and extended (6122/16) European Parliament resolution of 4 February 2016 on the systematic mass murder of religious minorities by the so-called 'ISIS/Daesh' (2016/2529(RSP)). European Parliament resolution of 21 January 2016 on the EU's priorities for the	Joint statement on Syria by the High Representative/Vice-President Federica Mogherini and Commissioner for Humanitarian aid and Crisis Management Christos Stylianides, 16 September 2016. Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on Syria and the situation in Aleppo, 18 August 2016. Joint statement by HR/VP Federica Mogherini and European Commissioner for

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	this continues and use this as a first step to full sustained and unimpeded	UNHRC sessions in 2016	Humanitarian Aid and Crisis
	humanitarian access throughout Syria, as agreed in Munich, including	(<u>2015/3035(RSP)</u>).	Management Christos
	Aleppo, and in full compliance with international humanitarian law.		Stylianides on deadly attacks on
		Foreign Affairs Council of 18 January 2016:	hospitals and schools in Syria,
	<u>17 - 18 December 2015:</u>	Council Conclusions on Syria (<u>5394/16</u>).	15 February 2016.
	The European Council fully supports the efforts of the International Syria		si i si i i i
	Support Group to end the conflict in Syria through a political process in line	Foreign Affairs Council of 17 November	Statement of the International
	with the 2012 Geneva Communique, and the efforts of the Global Coalition	2015: Conclusions on Syria (<u>14120/15</u>).	Syria Support Group, Munich,
	to defeat the regional and global threat posed by ISIL/Da'esh. There cannot be a lasting peace in Syria under the present regime. The EU is committed		12 February 2016.
	to continue its active engagement in the International Syria Support Group	Foreign Affairs Council of 12 October	Doorstep remarks by HR/ VP
	and in the Global Coalition against ISIL/Da'esh. The European Council looks	2015: Council Conclusions on Syria	Federica Mogherini ahead of
	forward to the Syria Conference to be co-hosted by Germany, Norway,	(<u>12897/15</u>).	the meeting of International
	Kuwait, the UK and the UN on 4 February 2016.	Council Decision 2015/1836/CFSP of 12	Syria Support Group, Munich,
	, ,	October 2015 amending Decision	11 February 2016.
	The European Council notes that the objective of providing an additional 1	2013/255/CFSP concerning restrictive	•
	billion euro to respond to the urgent needs of refugees in the region to the	measures against Syria.	Doorstep remarks by HR/VP
	United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, the World Food		Federica Mogherini upon arrival
	Programme and other agencies has been exceeded and that it will remain	Council Regulation (EU) 2015/1828 of 12	to the 2016 Munich Security
	attentive to the needs of the countries of the region.	October 2015 amending Regulation (EU)	Conference, 12 February 2016.
		No 36/2012 concerning restrictive	
	<u>15 October 2015</u>	measures in view of the situation in Syria.	<u>Declaration by the High</u>
	The European Council discussed political and military developments in		Representative on behalf of the
	Syria, including their impact on migration. The Assad regime bears the	European Parliament resolution of 11 June	EU on the alignment of certain
	greatest responsibility for the 250.000 deaths of the conflict and the	2015 on Syria: situation in Palmyra and	countries concerning restrictive
	millions of displaced people. The European Council agreed on the need to	the case of Mazen Darwish	measures against Syria, 4 February 2016.
	focus on the fight against DAESH and other UN-designated terrorist groups in the framework of a united and coordinated strategy and a political	(<u>2015/2732(RSP)</u>).	Tebruary 2010.
	process on the basis of the Geneva Communiqué of 2012. The EU is fully	Council Degulation (ELI) 2045 (927 of 20	Intervention by President
	engaged in finding a political solution to the conflict in close cooperation	Council Regulation (EU) 2015/827 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EU) No	Donald Tusk at the London
	with the UN and the countries of the region and calls on all parties involved	36/2012 concerning restrictive measures	Supporting Syria and the Region
	to work to that effect. There cannot be a lasting peace in Syria under the	in view of the situation in Syria (OJ L 132,	conference, 4 February 2016.
	present leadership and until the legitimate grievances and aspirations of	29.05.2015, p. 1).	
	all components of Syrian society are addressed. The European Council		
	expressed its concern about the Russian attacks on the Syrian opposition	Council Implementing Regulation (EU)	Statement by the HR/VP
	and civilians and the risk of further military escalation.	2015/828 of 28 May 2015 implementing	<u>Federica Mogherini on the start</u>

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	23 September 2015 As regards Syria, we call for a renewed UN-led international effort to bring an end to the war that has caused so much suffering and forced an	Regulation (EU) No 36/2012 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Syria (OJ L 132, 29.05.2015, p. 3).	of Geneva intra Syrian talks and the situation in Syria, 31 January 2016.
	estimated 12 million people to leave their homes; Informal - 12 February 2015:	European Parliament resolution of 30 April 2015 on the situation of the Yarmouk	Press release on the meeting of the High Representative/Vice-President Federica Mogherini
	EU's external relations must contribute to countering terrorist threat escalating in particular in Syria and Libya. We need: To address crises and conflicts through a strategic rethinking of our	refugee camp in Syria (2015/2664(RSP)). European Parliament resolution of 12 February 2015 on Humanitarian Crisis in	with Riad Hijab, chairman of the Syrian High Negotiations Committee, 14 January 2016.
	approach in particular in the Southern Neighbourhood; To engage more with third countries on security issues and counter-terrorism (particularly in the Middle East and North Africa);	Iraq and Syria, in particular in the IS context (2015/2559(RSP)). Communication JOIN(2015)0002 of 6	Remarks by the HR/VP Federica Mogherini following the Syria
	Sustained and coordinated international engagement with the UN and Global Counterterrorism Forum as well as with relevant regional initiatives; A dialogue among cultures and civilisations to promote fundamental freedoms together.	February 2015 on Elements for an EU regional strategy for Syria and Iraq as well as the Da'esh threat.	<u>Address by President Donald</u> Tusk to the European
	Extraordinary 30 August 2014: ISIL is direct threat to European security; EU determined to contribute to	Foreign Affairs Council of 15 December 2014: Council Conclusions on Syria.	Parliament on the informal meeting of heads of state or government of 23 September
	countering threat posed by ISIL and other terrorist groups in Iraq and Syria. Called on all sides to conflict to respect mandate of UN Disengagement Observer Force and ensure safety and freedom of movement of UN troops IN Syria, incl. those from EU Member States.	Council Regulation (EU) No 1323/2014 of 12 December 2014 amending Regulation (EU) No 36/2012 concerning restrictive	2015, Strasbourg, 6 October 2015. Remarks by HR/VP Federica
	13 - 14 December 2012: Tasked Foreign Affairs Council to work on all options to support and help	measures in view of the situation in Syria (OJ L 358, 13.12.2014, p. 1). Council Decision 2014/901/CFSP of 12	Mogherini at the joint press conference with Imad Fakhoury, Minister of planning
	opposition in Syria and to enable greater support for protection of civilians. Decided to continue to address Syrian situations as matter of priority.	December 2014 amending Decision 2013/255/CFSP concerning restrictive measures against Syria (OJ L 358,	and international Cooperation of Jordan, after the Informal Ministerial-Level Meeting on
	18 - 19 October 2012: Endorsed Council conclusions of 15 October and additional restrictive measures against Syrian regime and its supporters.	13.12.2014, p. 28). Proposal JOIN(2014)0037 of 6 November 2014 for a Council Regulation on	the Syrian Crisis, 30 September 2015.
	28 - 29 June 2012:	restrictive measures in view of the	Address by President Donald Tusk at the 70th UN General

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Welcomed adoption of additional restrictive measures by Council against Syria; agreed to keep further measures under consideration.	situation in Syria. Procedure: 2014/0323 (NLE).	Assembly debate, 29 September 2015.
	1 - 2 March 2012: Confirmed commitment to further increasing pressure on Syrian regime as long as violence and human rights abuses continue; invited Council to prepare further targeted restrictive measures against it.	Council Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1105/2014 of 20 October 2014 implementing Regulation (EU) No 36/2012 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Syria (OJ L 301, 21.10.2014, p. 7).	Remarks by President Donald Tusk after the informal meeting of heads of state or government, 23 September 2015.
	23 October 2011 Remained gravely concerned about the current situation in Syria and stressed its strong support for the Syrian people as they express their legitimate aspirations to live in freedom and dignity; Decided to adopt restrictive measures, aimed at those responsible for or associated with the violent repression and those who support or benefit from the regime, not at the civilian population;	European Parliament resolution of 22 October 2014 on European IS fighters (2014/2901 (RSP)). European Parliament resolution of 18 September 2014 on the situation in Iraq and Syria and the IS offensive, incl.	Doorstep remarks by President Donald Tusk before the Informal meeting of Heads of state or government, 23 September 2015. Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the
	Urged all members of the UN Security Council to assume their responsibilities in relation to the situation in Syria.	persecution of minorities (2014/2843 (RSP)).	EU on the alignment of certain third countries concerning restrictive measures against
	23 - 24 June 2011: Condemned ongoing repression and unacceptable and shocking violence in Syria. Welcomed the adoption of new sanctions against Syria.	European Parliament resolution of 17 April 2014 on Syria: situation in certain vulnerable communities (2014/2695(RSP)).	<u>Syria</u> , 10 July 2015.
		Proposal JOIN(2014)0003 of 24 January 2014 for a Council Regulation amending Regulation (EU) No 36/2012 regarding restrictive measures against Syria. Procedure: 2014/0022 (NLE).	
		European Parliament resolution of 6 February 2014 on the situation in Syria (2014/2531 (RSP)). European Parliament resolution of 10 October 2013 on recent cases of violence and persecution against Christians,	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		notably in Maaloula (Syria) and Peshawar (Pakistan) and the case of Pastor Saaed Abedini (Iran) (2013/2872(RSP)).	
VI.3. Enlargement			
Enlargement - Accession Agreement Iceland	17 June 2010: Welcomed Commission opinion on Iceland's application for membership of EU and recommends accession negotiations to be opened.	General Affairs Council of 17 March 2015: Council Conclusions on Iceland. General Affairs Council of 16 December 2014: Council Conclusions on Enlargement - Iceland (16936/14). European Parliament resolution of 16 January 2013 on 2012 Progress Report on Iceland and the post-election perspectives. (2013/2932(RSP)). Communication COM(2010)0062 of 24 February 2010: Commission Opinion on Iceland's application for membership of the European Union.	EU Presidency responds to Foreign Minister's letter, 27 April 2015. Government considers Iceland no longer an EU candidate, 12 March 2015. Icelandic government suspended application until referendum, 13 September 2013. Beginning of accession negotiations, 27 July 2010. Opinion by Commission on Iceland's application for EU membership, 24 February 2010. EU delegation opens in
Enlargement - Accession Agreement Albania	26 - 27 June 2014: Albania granted status of EU candidate country.	Staff Working Document SWD(2016) 132 final of 18 April 2016: Economic Reform Programme of Albania (2016-2018) Commission assessment. European Parliament resolution of 14 April 2016 on the 2015 Report on Albania (2015/2896(RSP)).	Reykjavik, 11 January 2010. Western Balkans Summit, Vienna, 27 August 2015. 7th Meeting of the EU-Albania Stabilisation and Association Council, 18 May 2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		General Affairs Council of 15 December 2015: Council Conclusions on Enlargement and Stabilisation and Association Process.	Conference on the Western Balkans, Berlin, 28 August 2014.
		Communication COM(2015)0611 of 10	EU candidate status for Albania, 24 June 2014.
		November 2015 on EU Enlargement Strategy.	The EU and Albania hold the first meeting of the High Level
		Staff Working Document SWD(2015)0213 of 10 November 2015: Albania 2015	Dialogue on key priorities, 12 November 2013.
		Report Accompanying the document Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council, the	European Commission recommends that Albania be
		European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions EU Enlargement Strategy.	granted EU candidate status, subject to completion of key measures in certain areas, 10
		Staff Working Document SWD(2015)0201 of 30 October 2015 Background document	October 2012.
		Accompanying the document Report from the Commission to the European	
		Parliament, the Council and the European Economic and Social Committee Annual Report on Financial Assistance for	
		Enlargement in 2014. Regulation (EU) 2015/939 of 9 June 2015	
		of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 June 2015 on certain	
		procedures for applying the Stabilisation and Association Agreement between the European Communities and their Member	
		States, of the one part, and the Republic of Albania, of the other part (OJ L 160, 25.6.2015, p. 62).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		General Affairs Council of 16 December 2014: Council Conclusions on Enlargement - Albania (16936/14).	
		Commission working document SWD(2014)0304 of 10 October 2014 on Enlargement Strategy and main challenges 2014-2015. Albania 2014 progress report.	
		Proposal COM(2014)0375 of 25 June 2014 for a Regulation on certain procedures for applying the Stabilization and Association Agreement between the European Communities and their Member States and the Republic of Albania, of the other part (codification). Procedure: 2014/0191 (COD).	
		Communication (COM(2010)0680) of 11 November 2010: Commission Opinion on Albania's application for membership of the European Union.	
		European Parliament resolution of 12 December 2013 on the 2013 Progress Report on Albania (2013/2879(RSP)).	
Enlargement - Accession Agreement Montenegro	28 - 29 June 2012: Endorsed accession negotiations with Montenegro opening on June 29, 2012.	Staff Working Document SWD(2016) 135 final of 18 April 2016: Economic Reform Programme of Montenegro (2016-2018) Commission Assessment.	Accession conference with Montenegro, 30 June 2016. Joint press release of the seventh meeting of the
	8 - 9 December 2011: With a view to opening accession negotiations with Montenegro in June 2012, the European Council tasks the Council to examine Montenegro's progress in the implementation of reforms, with particular focus on the area of rule of law and fundamental rights, especially the fight against corruption	European Parliament resolution of 10 March 2016 on the 2015 report on Montenegro (2015/2894(RSP)).	Stabilization and Association Council between the European Union and Montenegro, 20 June 2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	and organised crime, on the basis of a report to be presented by the	General Affairs Council of 15 December	7th meeting of the accession
	Commission in the first half of 2012. It invites the Commission to present	2015: Council Conclusions on Enlargement	conference with Montenegro at
	without delay a proposal for a framework for negotiations with Montenegro	and Stabilisation and Association Process.	ministerial level, 21 December
	in line with its December 2006 conclusions and established practice, also		2015.
	incorporating the new approach proposed by the Commission as regards the	Communication COM(2015)0611 of 10	
	chapters on the judiciary and fundamental rights, and justice, freedom and	November 2015 EU Enlargement Strategy.	Western Balkans Summit,
	security. The Commission is, in this respect, also invited to initiate the		Vienna, 27 August 2015.
	process of analytical examination of the acquis communautaire with	Staff Working Document SWD(2015)0210	
	Montenegro on the above-mentioned chapters.	of 10 November 2015: Montenegro 2015	Sixth meeting of the Accession
		Report Accompanying the document	Conference with Montenegro at
	<u> 16 - 17 December 2010:</u>	Communication from the Commission to	Ministerial level - 2 new
	Endorsed Council's conclusions of 14 December 2010 on enlargement and	the European Parliament, the Council, the	chapters opened, 22 June 2015.
	agreed to give Montenegro status of candidate country.	European Economic and Social Committee	
		and the Committee of the Regions EU	Montenegro and EU open two
		Enlargement Strategy.	more negotiating chapters in
			accession process, 30 March
		Staff Working Document SWD(2015)0201	2015.
		of 30 October 2015 Background document	
		Accompanying the document Report from	Fifth meeting of the Accession
		the Commission to the European	Conference with Montenegro (4
		Parliament, the Council and the European	chapters opened), 16 December
		Economic and Social Committee Annual	2014.
		Report on Financial Assistance for	
		Enlargement in 2014.	EU-Montenegro Stabilisation
		General Affairs Council of 16 December	and Association Council of 12
		2014: Council Conclusions on Enlargement	December 2014,
		and Stabilisation and Association Process.	12 December 2014.
		Commission working document	
		<u>SWD(2014)0301</u> of 10 October 2014 on	Conference on the Western
		Enlargement Strategy and main challenges	Balkans, Berlin, 28 August 2014.
		in 2014-2015. Montenegro 2014 progress	
		report.	Non-paper enhanced
		December 1 COM/2014 (10274 1274 2214	cooperation within the
		Proposal COM(2014)0374 of 25 June 2014	Stabilisation and Association
		for a Regulation on certain procedures for	Process, 10 July 2014.
		applying the Stabilization and Association	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Agreement between the European Communities and their Member States, on the one part, and the Republic of Montenegro, on the other part (codification). Procedure: 2014/0190 (COD).	Fourth meeting of Accession Conference with Montenegro (12 chapters opened), 24 June 2014. Third meeting of the Accession Conference with Montenegro, 18 December 2013. Second meeting of the Accession Conference with Montenegro, 18 December 2012.
			First meeting of the Accession Conference with Montenegro, 29 June 2012.
Enlargement - Accession Agreement Croatia	8 - 9 December 2011: Today's signing of Accession Treaty with Croatia marks an important moment for European integration. Looks forward to welcoming Croatia as new member from 1 July 2013.	COMPLETED	
	Croatia now to participate in proceedings of European Council, Council and its preparatory bodies as active observer.	Croatia became member of the European Union on 1 July 2013.	
	23 - 24 June 2011: Invited Council to take all necessary decisions for conclusion of accession negotiations with Croatia by the end of June 2011 on the basis of draft common positions presented by Commission, with view to signing Accession Treaty before the end of 2011.	Accession Treaty signed with Croatia on 9 December 2011.	
Enlargement - Accession Agreement Serbia	27 - 28 June 2013: - Decided to open accession negotiations with Serbia. First intergovernmental conference to be held in January 2014 at the very latest; prior to this, negotiating framework to be adopted by Council and confirmed by European Council at its usual enlargement session.	Staff Working Document SWD(2016) 137 final of 18 April 2016: Economic Reform Programme of Serbia (2016-2018) Commission Assessment.	Third meeting of the accession conference with Serbia, 18 July 2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	1- 2 March 2012:	European Parliament resolution of 4	Second meeting of the
	Endorsed Council conclusions of 28 February 2012 on Enlargement and	February 2016 on the 2015 report on	accession conference with
	Stabilisation and Association Process, and agreed to grant Serbia status of candidate country.	Serbia (<u>2015/2892(RSP)</u>).	Serbia, 14 December 2015.
		General Affairs Council of 15 December	Western Balkans Summit,
	<u>8 - 9 December 2011:</u>	2015: Council Conclusions on Enlargement	Vienna, 27 August 2015.
	Tasked Council with examining and confirming whether Serbia continues	and Stabilisation and Association Process.	
	to show credible commitment and has achieved further progress in moving		Second Meeting of the EU-
	forward with implementation in good faith of agreements reached in	Communication COM(2015)0611 of 10	Serbia Stabilisation and
	dialogue (incl. on IBM); reached agreement on inclusive regional	November 2015 on EU Enlargement	Association Council of 17
	cooperation and actively cooperates to enable EULEX and KFOR to execute their mandates.	Strategy.	December 2014.
	In light of its examination, Council to take decision in February 2012 on	Staff Working Document SWD(2015)0211	
	granting Serbia candidate status, to be confirmed by March European Council.	of 10 November 2015: Serbia 2015 Report Accompanying the document	Conference on the Western Balkans, Berlin, 28 August 2014.
		Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions EU Enlargement Strategy.	Non-paper Enhanced cooperation within the Stabilisation and Association Process, 10 July 2014.
		Staff Working Document SWD(2015)0201 of 30 October 2015 Background document Accompanying the document Report from	First meeting of the Accession Conference at Ministerial level, 21 January 2014.
		the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council and the European Economic and Social Committee Annual Report on Financial Assistance for	First Meeting of the EU-Serbia Stabilisation and Association Process, 21 October 2013.
		Enlargement in 2014. General Affairs Council 16 December 2014: Council Conclusions on Enlargement and Stabilisation and Association Process.	Entry into force of the EU Serbia Stabilisation and Association Agreement, 1 September 2013.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue		Commission Working Document SWD(2014)0302 of 10 October 2014 on Enlargement Strategy and main challenges 2014 - 2015. Serbia 2014 progress report. Regulation (EU) No 332/2014 on certain procedures for applying the Stabilisation and Association Agreement between EU and Serbia (OJ L 103, 5.4.2014, p. 10). Procedure: 2011/0465 (COD).	
		General Affairs Council of 17 December 2013: Council Conclusions on Enlargement - Adoption of the negotiating framework for Serbia (17892/13).	
Enlargement - Turkey	15 October 2015: - welcomes the joint Action Plan with Turkey as part of a comprehensive cooperation agenda based on shared responsibility, mutual commitments and delivery. Successful implementation will contribute to accelerating the fulfilment of the visa liberalisation roadmap towards all participating Member States and the full implementation of the readmission agreement. Progress will be assessed in spring 2016. The EU and its Member States stand ready to increase cooperation with Turkey and step up their political and financial engagement substantially within the established framework. The accession process needs to be re-energized with a view to achieving progress in the negotiations in accordance with the negotiating framework and the relevant Council conclusions. The European Council expressed its condolences to the people of Turkey following the Ankara bomb attack and pledged its support to fight terrorism;	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 July 2016: Council Conclusions on Turkey (11355/16). Staff Working Document SWD(2016)0161 of 4 May 2016: Accompanying the document Report from the Commission to the European Parliament and the Council - Third Report on progress by Turkey in fulfilling the requirements of its visa liberalisation roadmap {COM(2016)278 final}. Staff Working Document SWD(2016) 136 final of 18 April 2016: Economic Reform Programme of Turkey (2016-2018) Commission Assessment. European Parliament resolution of 14 April 2016 on the 2015 report on Turkey (2015/2898(RSP)).	Twelfth meeting of the Accession conference with Turkey, 30 June 2016. Eleventh meeting of the accession conference, 14 December 2015. EU Turkey - Joint Action Plan, 15 October 2015. Cooperation with Turkey, Valletta, 12 November 2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Communication COM(2016)0140 of 4	
		March 2016: Second Report on progress	
		by Turkey in fulfilling the requirements of	
		its visa liberalisation roadmap.	
		General Affairs Council of 15 December	
		2015: Council Conclusions on Enlargement	
		and Stabilisation and Association Process.	
		Communication COM(2015)0611 of 10	
		November 2015 on EU Enlargement	
		Strategy.	
		Staff Working Document SWD(2015)0216	
		of 10 November 2015: Turkey 2015	
		Report Accompanying the document	
		Communication from the Commission to	
		the European Parliament, the Council, the	
		European Economic and Social Committee	
		and the Committee of the Regions EU	
		Enlargement Strategy.	
		Staff Working Document SWD(2015)0201	
		of 30 October 2015 Background document	
		Accompanying the document Report from	
		the Commission to the European	
		Parliament, the Council and the European	
		Economic and Social Committee Annual	
		Report on Financial Assistance for	
		Enlargement in 2014.	

VII. International Trade

Analytical Summary

The Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) between the European Union and the United States - one of the <u>ten policy priorities</u> of the Juncker Commission - aims to promote jobs and growth on both sides of the Atlantic by removing barriers to trade. Both the EU and the US consider this agreement to be a potential blueprint to guide future trade agreements.

Main commitments

At the March 2015 European Council, discussions were held on the status of the TTIP negotiations and EU leaders concluded that every effort should be made to reach 'an ambitious, comprehensive and mutually beneficial agreement by the end of the year'. The European Council called for Member States and the Commission to increase their efforts in communicating the benefits of the agreement and to enhance their dialogue with civil society. Since then, little attention has been given to international trade at EUCO level, as the European Council's agenda had been dominated by first the Greek crisis and now the ongoing migration crisis. However, both the European Commission and the European Parliament have taken steps that could help facilitate an agreement and, in its 2015 December conclusions, the European Council stressed the importance it attaches to a successful conclusion of the TTIP negotiations within the context of successfully completing the internal market. More recently, at the June 2016 European Council, EU leaders renewed the mandate for the negotiations aiming to conclude the TTIP negotiations by the end of the year. However, at the informal Trade Council of 22-23 September 2016, ministers expressed their doubts about the possibility to conclude the TTIP before the end of the Obama administration.

State of play

On 8 July 2015, the <u>European Parliament adopted its recommendations</u> to the European Commission on TTIP. MEPs approved Parliament's position on the negotiations for the TTIP and insisted on a new system of settling disputes between investors and states that would be run by publicly appointed judges. This would replace the mooted ISDS proposals based upon Investor-State Arbitration, which had been subject to widespread criticism and opposition within the Member States. Following this, in September 2015, the European Commission announced plans for an <u>investment court system that would replace ISDS</u> in all future EU investment negotiations. It would consist of a first instance tribunal and an appeals tribunal, and would be led by publicly appointed judges.

Later in the year, in October 2015, the European Commission proposed a <u>new trade strategy</u> for the EU, entitled 'Trade for all'. It is intended to be both an implementation of the Juncker Commission's pledge 'to listen and respond to EU citizens' concerns' and a response to the intense, unprecedented, public debate on TTIP. The new strategy aims to make trade policy more effective in delivering economic opportunities; more transparent in terms of opening up negotiations to public scrutiny; and to strengthen the value-orientation of European trade policy. In preparation for this communication, and in-line with the European Council's recommendations, the Commission met with numerous civil society organisations and government representatives. Commissioner Cecilia Malmström has also discussed the new strategy with the INTA Committee and their <u>own-initiative report</u> on the issue was adopted in plenary in July 2016. The European Parliament called on the Commission to provide a detailed implementation report every two years on its trade and investment strategy. It also asked that negotiated trade agreements be referred to Parliament for consent within a shorter amount of time.

In a press conference held on 15 July 2016, the EU's chief TTIP negotiator, Ignacio García Bercero, stated that the agreement would have up to 30 chapters, most of which were at various stages of consolidation. In the 12th and 13th rounds of negotiations, held this year in February and April, progress was made in all three pillars: regulatory cooperation, market access and trade rules. In particular, on regulatory cooperation, the US presented a proposal to establish a mechanism for regulator-to-regulator dialogue within TTIP, while the EU presented a revised proposal on regulatory cooperation and a proposal on good regulatory practices. The parties exchanged texts on regulatory transparency, in particular regarding impact assessments and evaluations of regulatory acts. Following the 13th round, 17 negotiated texts had been consolidated. In the 14th round, held from 11 to 15 July 2016, the EU put forward a text to provide for the creation of a Regulatory Cooperation Body. Its role would be to discuss regulatory practices, while allowing stakeholders to provide their feedback in the regulatory process.

As regards sector-specific regulatory cooperation in the 14th round, the EU submitted regulatory cooperation proposals in <u>six</u> of the nine negotiated sectors and would be submitting a proposal on the information and communications technology (ICT) sector in late September 2016. The EU's proposal on pharmaceuticals had been tabled in the previous round. The USA also tabled several texts during this round, including a proposal on the ICT sector.

With regard to progress on market access, current US and EU tariff offers would eliminate 97 per cent of transatlantic duties. The remaining 3 per cent covers goods

of high political sensitivity, primarily industrial and agricultural goods, and these issues will be addressed in the 'end-game' of the negotiations. The EU and the US have exchanged two offers on access to the services market and continue to work on texts submitted in July 2015. In the 14th round, parties focused on moving some of the tariff lines currently set to phase out in seven years' time into the category of tariffs to be eliminated immediately.

The two parties exchanged offers on government procurement in the 12th round; but, in the 13th round, each side claimed that the other's proposal did not offer enough. The US has, however, insisted on pursuing work on the tabled offers. The parties did not progress further on this issue in the 14th round of negotiations.

The US presented proposals on labour and environment in the 12th round and further noted that these chapters would be subject to dispute settlement; the EU had already submitted its proposals in October 2015. In the 14th round, the EU updated its proposal with provisions on climate change. The EU also submitted a textual proposal on energy and raw materials. On this occasion, the EU stressed the issue of US licensing restrictions on exports of liquefied natural gas.

Discussions were held in the 12th and 13th rounds on the EU's proposal to replace the arbitration system with an investment court. The goal was to identify areas of easy convergence for the two parties; nevertheless, US negotiators maintained that the arbitration system remained a necessary component of a future trade agreement. In the 14th round, some progress was achieved on panel composition, lists of arbitrators, *amicus curiae* submissions, panel proceedings, and panel reports.

Main challenges and outlook

While a revised investor-state dispute settlement system may increase the prospects of TTIP being accepted by many EU countries that had voiced opposition to ISDS, it remains unclear whether the US will accept the new proposals. In any event, ISDS is not the only contentious issue that could prevent an agreement being reached. TTIP is fundamentally different to other Free Trade Agreements and, as a result, presents a unique set of challenges. Most of TTIP's potential benefits are expected to come from regulatory cooperation and not tariff liberalisation. Proponents believe that these features will help to deliver much-needed growth alongside improved regulatory cooperation and coherence, whilst critics argue that they could lead to a 'race to the bottom' for regulatory standards in addition to affecting the ability of the state to regulate in the public interest.

For the USA, negotiating regulatory cooperation in the financial services sector in particular has proved difficult, with negotiations breaking down in the summer of 2014. The United States have addressed financial services in other forums, for instance the two parties have discussed regulatory issues within the Financial Markets Regulatory Dialogue since 2002. Nevertheless, the EU is in favour of regulators working together, within TTIP, to strengthen financial stability in line with internationally agreed standards. The European Commission and the US Treasury agreed in July 2016 to enhance their regulatory cooperation in the sector of financial services, but outside the TTIP framework. This development prompted the EU to put forward its offer on financial services in the last round, and commence technical discussions.

Other issues, such as access to the government procurement market, the treatment of genetically modified organisms (GMOs), and the protection of certain agricultural products and foodstuffs linked to a geographical area (geographical indications (GIs)), have presented differences between the two parties that will need to be overcome if an agreement is to be reached.

Following the informal Trade Council on 22-23 September 2016, Austrian Economy Minister Reinhold Mitterlehner and French Trade Minister Matthias Fekl have <u>called for new negotiations under a different name</u>. However, the majority of EU Member States have confirmed their will to continue talks. Twelve member states – Denmark, Spain, Estonia, Finland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Portugal, the Czech Republic, the United Kingdom and Sweden – <u>gave their support in an open letter</u> to Commissioner Cecilia Malmström on 14 September 2016.

EU Heads of State or Government will hold a comprehensive debate on key trade files and future orientation of EU trade policy at their meeting on 20-21 October 2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
VII.1. International T	irade		
Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership Agreement (TTIP)	 18 December 2015: Stresses the importance it attaches to a successful conclusion of the TTIP negotiations. Urges all sides to redouble their efforts with a view to concluding an ambitious, comprehensive and mutually beneficial agreement as soon as possible with a view to harnessing the full potential of the transatlantic economy. 20 March 2015: The EU and the US should make every effort to conclude negotiations on an ambitious, comprehensive and mutually beneficial agreement by the end of the year. Member States and the Commission should step up efforts to communicate the benefits of the agreement and to enhance dialogue with civil society. 18 December 2014: Calls for the further strengthening of the multilateral trading system and the conclusion of bilateral trade agreements with key partners. The EU and the US should make all efforts to conclude negotiations on an ambitious, comprehensive and mutually beneficial TTIP by the end of 2015. Will take regular stock of the implementation of the above-mentioned orientations. 27 June 2014: The Strategic Agenda for the Union in Times of Change (EUCO five year plan) gives priority inter alia to:	There have been fourteen rounds of negotiations to date, most recently in Brussels from 11 to 15 July 2016. Foreign Affairs Council of 13/05/2016: Conclusions on EU-US trade and investment negotiations. Sustainability Impact Assessment on the impact of TTIP (13/05/2016). Foreign Affairs Council of 27/11/2015: Conclusions on EU-US Trade and Investment negotiations. Commission Communication on Trade For All - Towards a more responsible trade and investment policy (October 2015). European Parliament resolution of 8 July 2015 on the negotiations for the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (2014/2228(INI)). Foreign Affairs Council of 07/05/2015: Conclusions on EU-US trade and investment negotiations. Staff Working Document SWD(2015) 3 final on online public consultation on investment protection and investor-to-state dispute settlement (ISDS) in the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership Agreement (TTIP).	represent the EU's negotiating position on regulatory cooperation in the sectors of cosmetics, medical devices, cars, chemicals and textiles. See press release. 13/05/2016: The Sustainability Impact Assessment on the impact of TTIP was published. See press release. 27/04/2016: European Commission issues report outlining the state of play of the negotiations. 21/03/2016: The Commission published further TTIP

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Engaging our global strategic partners, in particular our transatlantic partners, on a wide range of issues – from trade and cyber security to	European Parliament resolution of 15	Parliament and the Council since the start of the negotiations.
	human rights and conflict prevention, to non-proliferation and crisis management – bilaterally and in multilateral fora.	January 2015 on the annual report on the activities of the European Ombudsman 2013 (2014/2159(INI)).	12/11/2015: The European Commission finalised its new and
	28 June 2013: - Welcomed the launch of negotiations on a transatlantic trade and	Communication COM(2014) 910 final on	reformed approach on investment protection and
	investment partnership with the United States. 7 February 2013:	Commission Work Programme 2015: A New Start, pp. 8-9.	investment dispute resolution for the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP).
	- Looks forward to the report of the EU-US High Level Working Group on Jobs and Growth and its recommendations.	Foreign Affairs Council of 21/11/2014: Council Conclusions on EU-US TTIP	See <u>press release</u> .
	 Calls upon the Commission and the Council to follow up on these recommendations without delay during the current Presidency; it reiterates its support for a comprehensive trade agreement which 	negotiations. European Parliament resolution of 12	06/11/2015: The European Commission published its proposal for a chapter on trade
	should pay particular attention to ways to achieve greater transatlantic regulatory convergence.	March 2014 on the US NSA surveillance programme, surveillance bodies in various	and sustainable development, including labour and the
	 28 October 2012: Looks forward to the final report of the EU-US High Level Working Group and commits to working towards the goal of launching in 2013 of 	Member States and their impact on EU citizens' fundamental rights and on transatlantic cooperation in Justice and	environment, in the ongoing EU- US trade talks. See <u>press release</u> .
	negotiations on a comprehensive transatlantic trade and investment agreement.	Home Affairs (2013/2188(INI)). Directives for the negotiation on the	16/09/2015: Commission proposes new investment court system for TTIP and other EU
	 Will return in greater depth to EU/US relations and to the contribution trade can make to the growth agenda in February 2013. 	Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership between the European Union	trade and investment negotiations.
	18 June 2012: - Heads of State or Government look forward to the recommendations of the EU-US High Level Working Group on Jobs and Growth and commit	and the United States of America (17/06/2013).	05/05/2015: the Commission published a concept paper on
	to working towards the goal of launching in 2013 of negotiations on a comprehensive transatlantic trade and investment agreement.	European Parliament resolution of 23 May 2013 on EU trade and investment	investment in TTIP and beyond - the path for reform.
	16 September 2010: - The transatlantic relationship is based on common values and	negotiations with the United States of America (2013/2558(RSP)).	4/05/2015: The Commission published an updated EU textual
	constitutes a core element of the international system; the present circumstances call for fresh impetus to be given to this relationship and		proposal on regulatory cooperation in TTIP negotiations. See <u>press release</u> .

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 for renewed reflection on ways of creating a true partnership based on our respective strengths and specificities. The November 2010 summit with President Obama will constitute a real opportunity in this respect and will require careful preparation. The October 2010 European Council will agree on the key political messages the European Union representatives will bring to this major summit. Based on a good understanding of our mutual interests and respective contributions, the transatlantic partnership should concentrate on maximising the potential benefits of our economic relationship, on working more closely on major international issues and on confronting global economic and security challenges together in a concerted manner. 		10/02/2015: The Commission published EU negotiating texts in TTIP. 9/10/2014: The Council decided to release the TTIP negotiating mandate (Directives for the negotiation). See press release. 14/06/2013: The Council approved negotiating directives for the Commission to enter into formal bilateral trade negotiations with the United States of America.
Comprehensive	24 Octobor 2012:	14/00/2016: The Council is aiming to adopt	See <u>MEMO/13/564</u> .
Comprehensive Economic and Trade Agreement (CETA) with Canada	 24 October 2013: Welcomes the political agreement on the key elements of a Comprehensive Economic and Trade Agreement with Canada. Looks forward to the swift examination by the European Parliament and the Council. This agreement will provide significant new opportunities for companies in the EU and in Canada and will give an important impetus to enhanced trade relations between both sides of the Atlantic. 7 February 2013: Expects the negotiations with Canada to be concluded very shortly. 18 October 2012: Calls [] for the finalisation of FTA negotiations with Canada and Singapore in the coming months. 28 June 2012: The Free Trade Agreements with Singapore and Canada should be finalised by the end of the year. 	14/09/2016: The Council is aiming to adopt the CETA proposal early autumn to allow the signature of CETA at the next EU Canada bilateral Summit, scheduled for 27 October 2016. After the Council's adoption of the Decision for signature, CETA will be presented to the European Parliament for consent. Foreign Affairs Council, 13/05/2016: Conclusions on the EU-Canada trade agreement. The consolidated Comprehensive Economic and Trade Agreement with Canada was published on 29 February 2016. CETA negotiations ended in August 2014. Foreign Affairs Council, 15/12/2015:	14/10/2016: Letter from 10 Ministers in support of CETA. 05/07/2016: European Commission proposes signature and conclusion of EU-Canada trade deal. 29/02/2016: EU and Canada agreed on new approach to investment in trade agreement. See press release. 29/02/2016: Joint statement by EU Trade Commissioner and Canadian Trade Minister. 18/10/2013: Political agreement reached between the EU and Canada on the key elements of CETA. See press release.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Conclusions on EU-Canada trade	
		negotiations. <u>EU-Canada trade negotiating</u> <u>mandate</u> was made public	
		,	
		Commission Communication on Trade For All - Towards a more responsible trade and	
		investment policy (October 2015).	
		, ,,	
		European Parliament resolution of 10 December 2013 containing the European	
		Parliament's recommendation to the	
		Council, the Commission and the European	
		External Action Service on the negotiations for an EU-Canada Strategic Partnership	
		Agreement (2013/2133(INI)).	
		Modification to negotiating directives for	
		an economic integration agreement with	
		Canada (14 July 2011).	
		EU-Canada Sustainability Impact	
		Assessment (SIA) on the EU-Canada	
		Comprehensive Economic and Trade	
		Agreement (June 2011).	
		10/06/2009: Official <u>launch</u> of CETA	
		negotiations.	
		Negotiating directives for an economic	
		integration agreement with Canada (24	
Fron Trade Agreement	19 December 2014	April 2009). 16 rounds of bilateral talks on the Free	See more details on all rounds of
Free Trade Agreement with Japan	18 December 2014: - Calls for the further strengthening of the multilateral trading system and	Trade Agreement have taken place to date,	
- 3apan	the conclusion of bilateral trade agreements with key partners.	most recently in Tokyo in April 2016. The	
		EU-Japan Free Trade Agreement could be	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Will take regular stock of the implementation of the above-mentioned orientations.	concluded in 2016 provided that the substance is right and that the level of ambition of the agreement is sufficiently	26/05/2016: <u>Joint Statement</u> on the Japan-EU Economic Partnership Agreement/Free
	 7 February 2013: Looks forward to the launch of negotiations with Japan at the forthcoming EU-Japan summit further to the adoption of the negotiating mandate in late 2012. 	high. Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 27/11/2015: Council conclusions on EU-Asia trade	Trade Agreement. Parties intend to reach an agreement in 2016. Report of the 16th EU-Japan FTA/EPA negotiating round Tokyo,
	 18 October 2012: Calls for an agreement to be reached on the negotiating directives for a Free Trade Agreement (FTA) with Japan with a view to launching negotiations in the months ahead []. 28 June 2012: Work should continue towards the deepening of the EU's trade relationship with Japan. 	negotiations-Japan and ASEAN. Sustainability Impact Assessment (SIA) of the EU-Japan FTA was carried out for the European Commission and was published in 2016. Interim technical report: Trade	11-20 April 2016. 29/05/2015: Joint press statement of the 23rd Japan-EU summit, Tokyo, 29 May 2015 "[] we have entrusted our negotiators with the mandate to settle the outstanding differences
	 25 March 2011: Reiterates the strategic importance of the EU/Japan relationship. The forthcoming summit must be used to strengthen this relationship and bring forward our common agenda, including through the potential launch of negotiations for a free trade agreement on the basis that Japan is willing to tackle inter alia the issue of non-tariff barriers and restrictions on public procurement. 	Sustainability Impact Assessment of the Free Trade Agreement between the European Union and Japan (June 2015). Commission Communication on Trade For All - Towards a more responsible trade and investment policy (October 2015).	with a view to reaching agreement encompassing all the key issues preferably by the end of 2015." 11/07/2014: In accordance with its negotiating mandate, the EU assessed the progress achieved
		European Parliament resolution of 17 April 2014 containing the European Parliament's recommendation to the Council, the Commission and the European External Action Service on the negotiations of the EU-Japan Strategic Partnership agreement (2014/2021(INI)). Official launch of FTA negotiations between the EU and Japan (25/03/2013).	during the first year of talks and whether Japan had implemented the commitments it made prior to the launch of the negotiations. Despite some concerns, the extensive discussions held in May this year between the Commission and Member States confirmed that the negotiations should continue.
		Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 29/11/2012:	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		The Council adopted conclusions on EU-Japan trade relations. The Council authorised the Commission to open negotiations in parallel on a free trade agreement and a broader bilateral framework agreement with Japan. Commission Staff Working Document SWD(2012) 209 final- Impact Assessment Report on EU-Japan Trade Relations accompanying the Recommendation for a Council Decision authorising the opening of negotiations on a free trade agreement between the European Union and Japan	25/03/2013: Official launch of FTA negotiations between the EU and Japan. See <u>press release</u> .
Investment Agreement with China	 18 December 2014: Calls for the further strengthening of the multilateral trading system and the conclusion of bilateral trade agreements with key partners. Will take regular stock of the implementation of the above-mentioned orientations. 7 February 2013: Notes that the EU's agenda with China is broad and ambitious. Priorities 	between the European Union and Japan COM(2012) 390 final. Eleven rounds of negotiations took place; the last one was held in Qingdao, China from 28 June to 1 July 2016. Foreign Affairs Council of 18/07/2016: The Council discussed the EU strategy towards China and adopted Council conclusions.	14/07/2016: European Economic and Social Committee Opinion on the impact on key industrial sectors (and on jobs and growth) of the possible granting of market economy treatment to China (for the purpose of trade defence instruments).
	in the short term should focus on investment, market access, procurement and intellectual property rights, and be based on a constructive and strategic engagement. Both sides have committed themselves to an early start to negotiations on a substantial investment agreement. 16 September 2010: The EU should actively pursue its strategic interests, including as regards the promotion of bilateral trade, market access for goods and services and investment conditions; the protection of intellectual property rights and the opening up of public procurement markets; stronger discipline	JOIN (2016) 30 final: Joint Communication of the HR/VP and the Commission on elements for a new EU strategy on China. Commission Communication on Trade For All - Towards a more responsible trade and investment policy (October 2015). Official launch of the negotiations of a comprehensive EU-China investment agreement (21/11/2013).	19/04/2016: The EU and China held talks on key aspects of their economic and trade relationship in the framework of an annual Economic and Trade Working Group (ETWG). 15/01/2016: The EU and China agree on scope of the future investment deal. 21/11/2013: Official launch of the negotiations of a comprehensive

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	in the field of export subsidies; and the dialogue on exchange rate policies.	Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 18/10/2013: The Council adopted conclusions on EU-China trade relations. The Council approved a mandate for the negotiation of an investment agreement with China. European Parliament resolution of 9 October 2013 on the EU-China negotiations for a bilateral investment agreement (2013/2674(RSP)).	EU-China investment agreement. See press release. 01/08/2011: Summary of contributions to the European Commission's public consultation on "The future investment relationship between the EU and China".
Free Trade Agreement with Singapore	 7 February 2013: Recalls that further to the conclusion of the negotiations with Singapore, trade relations with other ASEAN countries should be deepened. 18 October 2012: Calls [] for the finalisation of FTA negotiations with Canada and Singapore in the coming months. 28 June 2012: The Free Trade Agreements with Singapore and Canada should be finalised by the end of the year. 	EU-Singapore Free Trade Agreement: Authentic text as of May 2015. 17/10/2014: EU-Singapore Free Trade Agreement: Investment Chapter concluded a year after the other chapters. Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 18/10/2013: The Council adopted an updated mandate allowing the Commission to open negotiations on investment protection provisions with countries of ASEAN as part of on-going free trade negotiations. 16/12/2012: Negotiations on a FTA between Singapore and the EU ended successfully. 03/03/2010: Official launch of FTA negotiations between Singapore and the EU. Environment Council of 22/12/09: The Council authorised the Commission to pursue negotiations with individual	04/03/2015: The Commission decided to request a European Court of Justice opinion on the trade deal with Singapore. See Request for an opinion submitted by the European Commission pursuant to Article 218(11) TFEU (Opinion 2/15 of 16/10/2015). 17/10/2014: Singapore and the EU concluded negotiations on the investment part of the FTA. This marks the successful conclusion on negotiations of the entire FTA. See press release. 20/09/2013: Singapore and the EU initialled the text of the FTA. See press release. 16/12/2012: Negotiations on a FTA between Singapore and the EU ended successfully. See press release.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		countries belonging to the Association of Southeast Asian Nations interested in negotiating free trade agreements bilaterally, starting with Singapore.	03/03/2010: Official launch of FTA negotiations between Singapore and the EU. See press release. 02/06/2010: Results of the industry consultation on a possible EU Singapore trade agreement. 22/12/2009: Council approved a mandate for the negotiations with individual ASEAN countries, beginning with Singapore. See
Free Trade Agreement with the Philippines	7 February 2013: - Recalls that further to the conclusion of the negotiations with Singapore, trade relations with other ASEAN countries should be deepened.	The first round of negotiations took place on 23-27 May 2016 in Brussels. Commission Communication on Trade For All - Towards a more responsible trade and investment policy (October 2015). 22/12/2015: Official launch of FTA negotiations with the Philippines. Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 18/10/2013: The Council adopted an updated mandate allowing the Commission to open negotiations on investment protection provisions with countries of ASEAN as part of on-going free trade negotiations.	press release. 03/06/2016: Report from the 1st round of negotiations for a Free Trade Agreement between the European Union and the Philippines.
Free Trade Agreement with Malaysia	 7 February 2013: Recalls that further to the conclusion of the negotiations with Singapore, trade relations with other ASEAN countries should be deepened. 	14/09/2016: A stocktaking exercise is currently taking place to assess the prospect to resume negotiations. (See the Commission's State of Play).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		The 7th round of FTA negotiations with Malaysia took place in Brussels in April 2012 and was followed by meetings of Technical Working Groups in a number of negotiating areas in Kuala Lumpur in September 2012.	Malaysia and EU to resume FTA talks. See here . 03/03/2016. 05/10/2010: Official launch of the FTA negotiations. See press release .
		Commission Communication on Trade For All - Towards a more responsible trade and investment policy (October 2015).	
		Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 18/10/2013: The Council adopted an updated mandate allowing the Commission to open negotiations on investment protection provisions with countries of ASEAN as part	
		of on-going free trade negotiations. 05/10/2010: Official launch of the FTA negotiations.	
Free Trade Agreement with Vietnam	7 February 2013: - Recalls that further to the conclusion of the negotiations with Singapore, trade relations with other ASEAN countries should be deepened.	14/09/2016: The legal review of the text is on-going. The text will then be translated into all EU languages and into Vietnamese before being presented to the Council for	See Commission's <u>State of play of</u> <u>FTA and other trade negotiations</u> , September 2016.
		ratification and the European Parliament for consent in early 2017. It is expected that the agreement can enter into force beginning of 2018. (See the Commission's State of Play).	The Commission fails to carry out a human rights impact assessment of the envisaged EU-Vietnam free trade agreement. See Ombudsman decision on 26/02/2015.
		01/02/2016: The preliminary text of the EU-Vietnam Agreement was published. Commission Staff Working Document SWD(2016) 21 final - Human Rights and Sustainable Development in the EU-	26/06/2012: Official launch of FTA negotiations between the EU and Vietnam. See press release.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Vietnam Relations with specific regard to the EU-Vietnam Free Trade Agreement	
		02/12/2015: Finalisation of the talks for a free trade agreement between the EU and Vietnam, marking the end of the negotiating process.	
		Commission <u>Communication</u> on Trade For All - Towards a more responsible trade and investment policy (October 2015).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 27/11/2015: Council conclusions on EU-ASEAN Free Trade Negotiations	
		04/08/2015: An agreement in principle for a free trade agreement was reached between the EU and Vietnam after 2½ years of negotiations.	
		European Parliament resolution of 17 April 2014 on the state of play of the EU-Vietnam Free Trade Agreement (2013/2989(RSP)).	
		Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 18/10/2013: The Council adopted an updated mandate allowing the Commission to open negotiations on investment protection provisions with countries of ASEAN as part	
		of on-going free trade negotiations. 26/06/2012: Official launch of FTA negotiations between the EU and Vietnam.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
_	7 February 2013: Recalls that further to the conclusion of the negotiations with Singapore, trade relations with other ASEAN countries should be deepened.	Foreign Affairs Council of 23/06/2014: Conclusions on Thailand. Negotiations for an FTA are currently suspended, following the seizing of power by a military junta in May 2014. Four rounds of negotiations have taken place so far. The last meeting took place on 8-10 April 2014 in Brussels. European Parliament resolution of 12 March 2014 on the situation and future prospects of the European fishing sector in the context of the Free Trade Agreement between the EU and Thailand. (2013/2179(INI)). Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 18/10/2013: The Council adopted an updated mandate allowing the Commission to open negotiations on investment protection	Remarks 06/03/2013: Official launch of FTA negotiations with Thailand. See press release.
		provisions with countries of ASEAN as part of on-going free trade negotiations. 06/03/2013: Official launch of FTA negotiations with Thailand. Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer Affairs Council of 28/02/2013: The Council adopted a decision authorising the Commission to start negotiations with Thailand on a free trade agreement.	23/00/2015
Free Trade Agreement with Indonesia	 7 February 2013: Recalls that further to the conclusion of the negotiations with Singapore, trade relations with other ASEAN countries should be deepened. 	The introductory round of negotiations took place on 20 and 21 September 2016.	23/09/2016: First round of talks on the Free Trade Agreement

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Froe Trade Agreement	18 December 2014:	Agriculture and Fisheries Council of 18/07/2016: The Council gave the go-ahead for negotiations to start on a free trade agreement with Indonesia.	launched between the EU and Indonesia.
Free Trade Agreement with India	 18 December 2014: Calls for the further strengthening of the multilateral trading system and the conclusion of bilateral trade agreements with key partners. Will take regular stock of the implementation of the above-mentioned orientations. 7 February 2013: Recalls that negotiations with India require further efforts. 28 June 2012: Negotiations with India need a new impulse from both sides. 	12 full rounds of negotiations as well as smaller, more targeted clusters have taken place so far. The negotiations were brought to a standstill in the summer of 2013 due to a mismatch of the level of ambitions and expectations. Discussions have resumed since January 2016 with the purpose of assessing whether sufficient progress can be made in key outstanding issues before formally resuming negotiations. 30/03/2016: Joint Statement 13th EU-India Summit, Brussels: Growth and jobs through fostering trade and economic cooperation: §24-34. See also EU-India agenda for action 2020. Commission Communication on Trade For All - Towards a more responsible trade and investment policy (October 2015). June 2007: Official launch of the FTA negotiations. General Affairs Council of 23/04/2007: Conclusions on the Recommendations to open Negotiations with Countries of	30/05/2016: Interview with Commissioner Malmström on negotiations with India.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Free Trade Agreement	7 February 2013:	23/06/2016: Mercosur - EU Joint	22/09/2016: Mercosur meets
with MERCOSUR	- Recalls the commitment of the EU and MERCOSUR to work towards	communiqué which followed a stocktaking	without Venezuela to advance
	exchanging market access offers no later than the last quarter of 2013 is welcome.	meeting on 22-23 June.	negotiations with the EU.
	wereome.	The chief negotiators agreed on a work	11/05/2016: The EU and
		schedule to prepare for the next meeting	Mercosur exchanged offers on
		of the Bi-regional Negotiations Committee,	access to their respective markets
		which will take place in October in Brussels.	for goods and services, establishment and government
		Nine rounds of negotiations focusing on	procurement. See <u>press release</u> .
		trade rules have taken place so far; the last	
		one took place from 22 to 26 November	08/04/2016: EU Trade
		2012 in Brasilia.	Commissioner Cecilia Malmström
			and Uruguay Foreign Minister
		11/05/2016: EU-Mercosur Joint	Rodolfo Nin Novoa, <u>agreed to</u>
		Communiqué on exchange of negotiating offers.	exchange market access offers in the second week of May.
		oners.	the second week of May.
		Foreign Affairs Council of 27/11/2015:	23/02/2016: Mercosur offered to
		Council conclusions on EU-Mercosur Free	open <u>up 93% of its trade</u> to
		Trade Negotiations.	competition from the European Union.
		Commission Communication on Trade For	
		All - Towards a more responsible trade and	21/03/2014: EU and Mercosur
		investment policy (October 2015).	chief negotiator discussed the state of play of preparations of the
		11/06/2015: Mercosur-European Union	market access offers to be
		Ministerial Meeting <u>Joint Communiqué</u> .	exchanged.
		26/01/2013: Mercosur-European Union	
		Ministerial Meeting <u>Joint Communiqué</u> .	
		European Parliament resolution of 17	
		January 2013 on trade negotiations	
		between the EU and Mercosur	
		((2012/2924(RSP)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		17/05/2010: Official re-launch of FTA negotiations with Mercosur at the EU-Mercosur summit in Madrid.	
New Agreement with Russia	 7 February 2013: Stresses that, regarding Russia, in the short term the priority must remain implementation of its commitments stemming from its accession to the WTO. Negotiations on a comprehensive New Agreement require further progress. 16 September 2010: The upcoming summits with Ukraine in November and Russia in December should be used to deepen cooperation on areas of mutual benefit, so as to bring more stability and predictability to those two important relationships, as well as to promote human rights. The summit with Russia will provide an opportunity to enhance cooperation with Russia and to discuss in particular its modernization agenda. Cooperation should be enhanced on economic issues such as energy, investment and innovation, on security issues, including frozen conflicts, the combat against terrorism and organized crime, and on environmental issues, including climate change. The October European Council will come back to the key messages of the European Union in these summits so as to ensure a fruitful outcome. 	Commission Communication on Trade For All - Towards a more responsible trade and investment policy. Negotiations for a New Agreement (to replace and update the existing Partnership and Cooperation Agreement including trade and investment provisions) as well as on visa matters were suspended by EUCO on 6 March 2014.	
Association Agreements (including DCFTAs) with Moldova, Georgia.	 20 March 2015: Looks forward to the earliest possible ratification by all Member States of the Association Agreement/Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Areas (AAs/DCFTAs) with Georgia, Republic of Moldova and Ukraine. 27 June 2014 Welcomes the signature of the Association Agreements, including Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Areas, between the European Union and Georgia and the Republic of Moldova, as well as the signature of the remainder of the Association Agreement and Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area, between the European Union and Ukraine. 	Foreign Affairs Council of 14/12/2015: Conclusions on Eastern Partners. Commission Communication on Trade For All - Towards a more responsible trade and investment policy. Moldova: The Association Agreement has entered into force on 1 July 2016. Council Decision (EU) 2016/839 of 23 May	
	21 March 2014:	2016 on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Union, of the Association Agreement between the European Union	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Reconfirms its objective to further strengthen the political association	and the European Atomic Energy	
	and economic integration with Georgia and the Republic of Moldova.	Community and their Member States, of	
	We confirm our aim to sign the Association Agreements, including the	the one part, and the Republic of Moldova,	
	Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Areas, which we initialled in Vilnius	of the other part.	
	last November, no later than June 2014.	Procedure: <u>2014/0083(NLE).</u>	
		<u>OJ L 141, 28.5.2016</u> .	
	6 March 2014:		
	- The European Union expresses its objective to further strengthen the	As of 15/02/2016, all 28 EU Member States	
	political association and economic integration with Georgia and the	had <u>ratified</u> the Association Agreement.	
	Republic of Moldova. We confirm our aim to sign the Association	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Agreements, including the Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Areas,	Foreign Affairs Council of 15/02/2016:	
	which we initialled in Vilnius last November, no later than at the end of	Council conclusions on the Republic of	
	August 2014.	Moldova.	
	19 December 2013:	European Parliament legislative resolution	
	- Welcomes the initialling by Georgia and the Republic of Moldova of the	of 13 November 2014 on the draft Council	
	Association Agreements, including Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade	decision on the conclusion, on behalf of the	
	Areas, at the Eastern Partnership Summit in Vilnius on 28-29 November.	European Union, of the Association	
	- Reconfirms the EU's readiness to sign these agreements as soon as	Agreement between the European Union	
	possible and no later than the end of August 2014.	and the European Atomic Energy	
		Community and their Member States, of	
	24 October 2013:	the one part, and the Republic of Moldova,	
	- Looks forward to the Eastern Partnership Summit in Vilnius on 28 and 29	of the other part (09828/2014 - C8-	
	November 2013. It underlines the importance of the Eastern Partnership	0130/2014–2014/0083(NLE)) (Consent).	
	for building a common area of democracy, prosperity and stability across	Procedure: 2014/0083(NLE)	
	the European continent. []		
	- Confirms the European Union's readiness to initial similar agreements	02/07/2014: Ratification by the Moldovan	
	with the Republic of Moldova and Georgia at the Vilnius Summit, with	Parliament of the Association Agreement.	
	the aim of signing them by autumn 2014.	27/06/2014: Signature of the <u>Association</u>	
		Agreement, including the DCFTA, which	
	7 February 2013:	has applied provisionally since 1	
	- Calls for further progress as regards the Association Agreements	September 2014.	
	including DCFTAs with the Republic of Moldova, Georgia and Armenia	20/44/2042. The FU initially I	
	with a view to their finalisation by the time of the Eastern Partnership	29/11/2013: The EU initialled both	
	Summit in Vilnius.	Association Agreements with Georgia and Moldova, including provisions establishing	
	18 October 2012:	DCFTAs.	
	10 OCTOBEL 2012.	DCI IAS.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Calls for progress to be made in opening or advancing negotiations on Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Agreements with the EU's	12/06/2013: Conclusion of the	
	neighbouring partners which are ready.	negotiations on a DCFTA with Moldova.	
	,	27/02/2012: Official launch of trade	
		negotiations with Moldova.	
	28 June 2012:	Coordin	
	- Welcomes the progress the Eastern Partnership has achieved in furthering political association and economic integration with the EU.	Georgia:	
	The partnership is based on a commitment to common values, where	The Association Agreement has entered	
	those most committed to reforms will benefit more from their	into force on 1 July 2016.	
	relationship with the EU.		
	- Looks forward to the Eastern Partnership Roadmap with a view to the	Council Decision (EU) 2016/838 of 23 May	
	next Eastern Partnership Summit in the second half of 2013.	2016 on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Union, of the Association	
	23 October 2011:	Agreement between the European Union	
	- The Union should capitalise on the special relationships it enjoys with its	and the European Atomic Energy	
	neighbouring regions to foster closer economic ties and open up new	Community and their Member States, of	
	trade and investment opportunities, including by pursuing, where	the one part, and Georgia, of the other	
	appropriate, deep and comprehensive free trade agreements. Promoting a more business-friendly environment throughout the EU	part. Procedure <u>2014/0086(NLE)</u> . OJ L 141, 28.5.2016.	
	neighbourhood is an essential investment in wider regional prosperity	<u>01 L 141, 28.3.2010</u> .	
	- The Union should pursue the integration of specific sectors which have a	As of 15/02/2016, all 28 EU Member States	
	significant impact on growth and employment, such as energy and aviation.	had ratified the Association Agreement.	
	- Welcomes the second Eastern Partnership Summit, held in Warsaw on		
	29-30 September, and welcomes the intention of the High	European Parliament legislative resolution	
	Representative and the European Commission to propose a roadmap that would list the objectives, instruments and actions with a view to the	of 18 December 2014 on the draft Council decision on the conclusion, on behalf of the	
	next Eastern Partnership Summit in the second half of 2013. The pace	European Union, of the Association	
	and depth of these countries' political association and economic	Agreement between the European Union	
	integration with the EU will depend on their upholding of the democratic	and the European Atomic Energy	
	principles and rule of law which are the basis of the Partnership.	Community and their Member States, of	
	16.3	the one part, and Georgia, of the other part	
	16 September 2010:	(09827/2014 – C8-0129/2014 –	
	- The upcoming reflection on the implementation of the European Neighbourhood Policy will provide an opportunity to deepen relations	2014/0086(NLE)) (Consent). Procedure: 2014/0086(NLE).	
	with the Union's eastern neighbours through the Eastern Partnership as	110ccdure. <u>2014/0000(NLL).</u>	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	well as with its southern neighbours. The smooth implementation or projects launched within the Eastern Partnership constitutes are outreach of EU values and promotes the legal, economic and social approximation of the countries concerned to the EU.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Association Agreements (including DCFTAs) with Armenia	7 February 2013: - Calls for further progress as regards the Association Agreements including DCFTAs with the Republic of Moldova, Georgia and Armenia with a view to their finalisation by the time of the Eastern Partnership Summit in Vilnius. 18 October 2012: - Calls for progress to be made in opening or advancing negotiations or Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Agreements with the EU's neighbouring partners which are ready.	Foreign Affairs Council of 12/10/2015: Opening of negotiations of a framework agreement with Armenia. 09/2013: Armenia decided to negotiate its	7/12/2015: EU and Armenia launch negotiations for a new agreement. See press release

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 28 June 2012: Welcomes the progress the Eastern Partnership has achieved in furthering political association and economic integration with the EU. The partnership is based on a commitment to common values, where those most committed to reforms will benefit more from their relationship with the EU. Looks forward to the Eastern Partnership Roadmap with a view to the next Eastern Partnership Summit in the second half of 2013. 23 October 2011: 	 24/07/2013: Completion of negotiations on an Association Agreement, including a DCFTA. 20/02/2012: Official launch of trade negotiations with Armenia. 	
	 The Union should capitalise on the special relationships it enjoys with its neighbouring regions to foster closer economic ties and open up new trade and investment opportunities, including by pursuing, where appropriate, deep and comprehensive free trade agreements. Promoting a more business-friendly environment throughout the EU neighbourhood is an essential investment in wider regional prosperity The Union should pursue the integration of specific sectors which have a significant impact on growth and employment, such as energy and aviation. Welcomes the second Eastern Partnership Summit, held in Warsaw on 29-30 September, and welcomes the intention of the High Representative and the European Commission to propose a roadmap that would list the objectives, instruments and actions with a view to the next Eastern Partnership Summit in the second half of 2013. The pace and depth of these countries' political association and economic integration with the EU will depend on their upholding of the democratic principles and rule of law which are the basis of the Partnership. 		
	 16 September 2010: The upcoming reflection on the implementation of the European Neighbourhood Policy will provide an opportunity to deepen relations with the Union's eastern neighbours through the Eastern Partnership as well as with its southern neighbours. The smooth implementation of projects launched within the Eastern Partnership constitutes an outreach of EU values and promotes the legal, economic and social approximation of the countries concerned to the EU. 		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Association Agreement (including a DCFTA) with Ukraine	28-29 June 2016: -The Dutch Prime Minister presented the outcome of the referendum in the Netherlands on the Association Agreement with Ukraine, as well as the concerns expressed in the debate preceding the referendum. The European Council invites the Council to seek a solution addressing these concerns as soon as possible. 20 March 2015: - Looks forward to the earliest possible ratification by all Member States of the Association Agreement/Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Areas (AAs/DCFTAs) with Georgia, Republic of Moldova and Ukraine. 24 October 2014: - Welcomed the upcoming provisional application of the Association Agreement. - Reiterates its willingness to support Ukraine as it addresses political and economic reform, including in the energy sector, in line with the commitments both sides have made through the Association Agreement. 30 August 2014: - Welcomes the trilateral talks initiated between the European Union, Ukraine and the Russian Federation on practical issues with regard to the implementation of the Association Agreement/DCFTA and the talks on energy. - Calls on all parties to keep up the momentum in order to reach tangible results within the agreed timeframe. 16 July 2014: - Stresses the importance of Ukraine ratifying the Association Agreement with a view to its early provisional application. - Welcomes the holding of trilateral consultations at ministerial level between Ukraine, the Russian Federation and the European Union on 11 July on the implementation of the Association Agreement.	As of 15/02/2016, 27 EU Member States ratified the Association Agreement. Foreign Affairs Council of 18/01/2016: Council conclusions on Ukraine. Commission Communication on Trade For All - Towards a more responsible trade and investment policy (October 2015). 17/09/2014: The EP and the Ukrainian Parliament ratified the EU-Ukraine Association Agreement. 12/09/2014: Joint Ministerial Statement on the Implementation of the EU-Ukraine AA/DCFTA. 27/06/2014: The EU Heads of State or Government and Ukrainian President Poroshenko signed the DCFTA as part of the Association Agreement. 21/03/2014: Signature of the political provisions of the Association Agreement.	07/04/2016: In an advisory referendum, Dutch voters rejected the EU-Ukraine Association Agreement. See the press release and the Dutch government communiqué. 31/12/2015: The trade part of the EU-Ukraine Association Agreement becomes operational on 1 January 2016. 18/05/2015: Provisional application of the DCFTA as of 1.1.2016 confirmed (Outcome of the Trilateral Consultations on the Implementation of the EU-Ukraine AA/DCFTA). 17/09/2014: The EP and the Ukrainian Parliament ratified the EU-Ukraine Association Agreement. See press release. 16/09/2014: The EU and Ukraine simultaneously agreed to delay until 31 December 2015 the provisional application of the DCFTA. See press release.
	- Welcomes the setting up of a consultation mechanism to address potential difficulties resulting from the effects of the implementation of		

the Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area on the implementation of	
the Free Trade Agreement of the Commonwealth of Independent States. 27 June 2014 - Welcomed the signature of the Association Agreements, including Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Areas, between the European Union and Georgia and the Republic of Moldova, as well as the signature of the remainder of the Association Agreement and Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area, between the European Union and Ukraine.	
 21 March 2014: The European Union, its Member States and Ukraine will sign the political provisions of the Association Agreement. The European Union and its Member States are committed to sign the remainder of the Association Agreement and Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area, which together with the political provisions constitute a single instrument. Agrees that the first meeting in the political dialogue as envisaged under the Agreement should take place in April. Urges the Council and the European Parliament to swiftly adopt the proposal for temporarily removing customs duties, so called Autonomous Trade measures, on Ukrainian exports to the EU. 	
 6 March 2014: The European Union and Ukraine have already taken an important step in deepening our relation by the initialling of the Association Agreement, including a Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area. We reiterate the European Union's commitment to signing the Association Agreement, including a Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area. As a matter of priority, we will sign very shortly all the political chapters. The European Union intends to adopt unilateral measures which would allow Ukraine to benefit substantially from the advantages offered in the Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area. Such measures would entail an offer to apply provisions related to the import of goods by reducing tariffs and opening tariff rate quotas by so called autonomous trade measures. 19 December 2013: 	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- The EU remains ready to sign the Association Agreement, including Deep		
	and Comprehensive Free Trade Area, with Ukraine, as soon as Ukraine		
	is ready.		
	24 October 2013:		
	- Looks forward to the Eastern Partnership Summit in Vilnius on 28 and 29		
	November 2013. It underlines the importance of the Eastern Partnership for		
	building a common area of democracy, prosperity and stability across the		
	European continent Reiterates the EU's willingness to sign the Association Agreement,		
	including the Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area, with Ukraine at		
	the Vilnius Summit, provided there is determined action and tangible		
	progress in line with the Council Conclusions of 10 December 2012, and		
	to launch its provisional application [].		
	75 2042		
	7 February 2013: - Reaffirms its commitment to the signing of the agreement with Ukraine,		
	in full compliance with the Council conclusions of 10 December 2012.		
	in fair compliance with the council contrastors of 10 December 2012.		
	28 June 2012:		
	- Welcomes the progress the Eastern Partnership has achieved in		
	furthering political association and economic integration with the EU.		
	The partnership is based on a commitment to common values, where those most committed to reforms will benefit more from their		
	relationship with the EU.		
	- Looks forward to the Eastern Partnership Roadmap with a view to the		
	next Eastern Partnership Summit in the second half of 2013.		
	23 October 2011:		
	- The Union should capitalise on the special relationships it enjoys with its		
	neighbouring regions to foster closer economic ties and open up new trade and investment opportunities, including by pursuing, where		
	appropriate, deep and comprehensive free trade agreements.		
	Promoting a more business-friendly environment throughout the EU		
	neighbourhood is an essential investment in wider regional prosperity.		
	- The Union should pursue the integration of specific sectors which have		
	a significant impact on growth and employment, such as energy and		
	aviation.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 Welcomes the second Eastern Partnership Summit, held in Warsaw on 29-30 September, and welcomes the intention of the High Representative and the European Commission to propose a roadmap that would list the objectives, instruments and actions with a view to the next Eastern Partnership Summit in the second half of 2013. The pace and depth of these countries' political association and economic integration with the EU will depend on their upholding of the democratic principles and rule of law which are the basis of the Partnership. 16 September 2010: The upcoming reflection on the implementation of the European Neighbourhood Policy will provide an opportunity to deepen relations with the Union's eastern neighbours through the Eastern Partnership as well as with its southern neighbours. The smooth implementation of 		
	projects launched within the Eastern Partnership constitutes an outreach of EU values and promotes the legal, economic and social approximation of the countries concerned to the EU. - The upcoming summits with Ukraine in November and Russia in December should be used to deepen cooperation on areas of mutual benefit, so as to bring more stability and predictability to those two important relationships, as well as to promote human rights. - The summit with Ukraine should bring progress to the negotiations on the Association Agreement, including the deep and comprehensive Free Trade Agreement, and highlight the role of the EU in the economic and democratic reforms of this important neighbour. - The October European Council will come back to the key messages of the European Union in these summits so as to ensure a fruitful outcome.		
DCFTA with Morocco	7 February 2013: - Calls for progress as regards the start of negotiations on Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Agreements with Morocco []. 18 October 2012: - Calls for progress to be made in opening or advancing negotiations on Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Agreements with the EU's neighbouring partners which are ready. 28 June 2012:	Five rounds of negotiations have taken place to date, most recently from 18 to 22 May 2015 in Rabat. Commission Communication on Trade For All - Towards a more responsible trade and investment policy (October 2015). 01/03/2013: Official launch of the DCFTA negotiations with Morocco.	16/01/2015: The EU and Morocco concluded talks concerning a standalone Geographical Indications (GI) agreement that will be incorporated in the future DCFTA. According to this agreement, the EU will protect 30 Moroccan Gis and Morocco will

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Agreed that rapid progress is needed in the ongoing trade negotiations		protect around 3200 existing EU
	and in the preparation of negotiations for Deep and Comprehensive Free	COM (2015) 446: Proposal for a Council	GIs. See press release.
	Trade Agreements that will progressively integrate partners' economies	Decision on the conclusion of the	
	into the EU Single Market and increase market access opportunities.	Agreement in the form of an exchange of	
		letters between the European Union and	
	23 October 2011:	the Kingdom of Morocco concerning	
	- The Union should capitalise on the special relationships it enjoys with its	protection of geographical indications and	
	neighbouring regions to foster closer economic ties and open up new	designations of origin for agricultural	
	trade and investment opportunities, including by pursuing, where	products, processed agricultural products,	
	appropriate, deep and comprehensive free trade agreements.	fish and fishery products and amending the	
	Promoting a more business-friendly environment throughout the EU	Euro-Mediterranean Agreement	
	neighbourhood is an essential investment in wider regional prosperity.	establishing an association between the	
	- The Union should pursue the integration of specific sectors which have	European Communities and their Member	
	a significant impact on growth and employment, such as energy and	States, of the one part, and the Kingdom of	
	aviation.	Morocco, of the other part.	
		Procedure: <u>2015/0203(NLE)</u> .	
		0011 (0015) 110 0 11	
		COM (2015) 448: Proposal for a Council	
		Decision on the signature, on behalf of the	
		European Union, of the Agreement in the	
		form of an exchange of letters between the European Union and the Kingdom of	
		Morocco concerning protection of	
		geographical indications and designations	
		of origin for agricultural products,	
		processed agricultural products, fish and	
		fishery products and amending the Euro-	
		Mediterranean Agreement establishing an	
		association between the European	
		Communities and their Member States, of	
		the one part, and the Kingdom of Morocco,	
		of the other part.	
		Procedure: <u>2015/0205 (NLE)</u> .	
		25/11/2013: Trade Sustainability Impact	
		Assessment in support of negotiations of a	
		DCFTA between the EU and Morocco.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 14/12/2011: The Council authorised the Commission to open bilateral negotiations with Egypt, Jordan, Morocco and Tunisia with a view to establishing "deep and comprehensive" free trade areas, as part of the existing Euro-Mediterranean association agreements with those countries.	
DCFTA with Egypt, Tunisia, Jordan	 7 February 2013: Calls for [] rapid progress towards the negotiations with Tunisia, Egypt and Jordan. 18 October 2012: Calls for progress to be made in opening or advancing negotiations on Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Agreements with the EU's neighbouring partners which are ready. 28 June 2012: Agreed that rapid progress is needed in the ongoing trade negotiations and in the preparation of negotiations for Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Agreements that will progressively integrate partners' economies into the EU Single Market and increase market access opportunities. 23 October 2011: The Union should capitalise on the special relationships it enjoys with its neighbouring regions to foster closer economic ties and open up new trade and investment opportunities, including by pursuing, where appropriate, deep and comprehensive free trade agreements. Promoting a more business-friendly environment throughout the EU neighbourhood is an essential investment in wider regional prosperity. The Union should pursue the integration of specific sectors which have a significant impact on growth and employment, such as energy and aviation. 	Tunisia: First round of negotiations took place on 18-21 April 2016. See Texts proposed by the EU for a DCFTA with Tunisia. European Parliament resolution of 25 February 2016 on the opening of negotiations for an EU-Tunisia Free Trade Agreement (2015/2791(RSP)). Commission Communication on Trade For All - Towards a more responsible trade and investment policy (October 2015). A first preliminary round of negotiations took place in Tunis, on 19-22 October 2015). 13/10/2015: The Commission and Tunisia launched negotiations on a DCFTA. 25/11/2013: Trade Sustainability Impact Assessment in support of negotiations of a DCFTA between the EU and Tunisia.	Tunisia launched negotiations on

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 14/12/2011: The Council authorised the Commission to open bilateral negotiations with Egypt, Jordan, Morocco and Tunisia with a view to establishing "deep and comprehensive" free trade areas, as part of the existing Euro-Mediterranean association agreements with those countries.	
		Egypt:	
		3/11/2016: <u>Trade Sustainability Impact</u> <u>Assessment</u> in support of negotiations of a DCFTA between the EU and Egypt.	
		Following exploratory discussions in 2012, a dialogue on the DCFTA was launched in June 2013.	
		Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 14/12/2011: The Council authorised the Commission to open bilateral negotiations with Egypt, Jordan, Morocco and Tunisia with a view to establishing "deep and comprehensive" free trade areas, as part of the existing Euro-Mediterranean association agreements with those countries.	
		Jordan: A preparatory process for launching negotiations on a DCFTA is on-going. Three meetings have taken place so far (March 2012, April and November 2013).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Economic Partnership Agreement with African/ Caribbean/Pacific Countries (ACP)	7 February 2013: - Calls for progress as regards the development of a renewed partnership with the African/Caribbean/Pacific countries through the conclusion of Economic Partnership Agreements. 16 September 2010: - The EU/South Africa Summit on 28 September 2010 and the EU/Africa Summit on 29/30 November 2010 should serve to further deepen relations. The EU, in partnership with African countries, will continue to pursue the objectives of economic development, good governance, transparency and accountability in the context of the joint EU/Africa Strategy.	30/09/2014: Trade Sustainability Impact Assessment in support of negotiations of a DCFTA between the EU and Jordan. Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 14/12/2011: The Council authorised the Commission to open bilateral negotiations with Egypt, Jordan, Morocco and Tunisia with a view to establishing "deep and comprehensive" free trade areas, as part of the existing Euro-Mediterranean association agreements with those countries. 28/04/2016: Decisions & Resolutions - 103rd session of the ACP Council of Ministers. See Resolution No 1 on ACP-EU Economic Partnership Agreements (EPAs): Appeals to the European Union for flexibility on free trade deals with the ACP regions. 25/11/2015: Resolution of the 102nd session of the ACP Council of Ministers on trade matters including ACP-EU Economic Partnership Agreements. Commission Communication on Trade For All - Towards a more responsible trade and investment policy (October 2015). Foreign Affairs Council 28-29/05/2015: The Council discussed several trade-related issues, in particular the state of play of the Economic Partnership Agreements and the impact of TTIP on ACP countries, as well as	13th meeting of the Joint ACP-EU Ministerial Trade Committee, 26 June 2015. State of play of all EPAs in the Declaration of the 18th meeting of the ACP Ministerial Trade Committee on ACP-EU Economic Partnership Agreements (EPAs), held in Brussels from 24 to 26 June 2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		specific commodities issues of particular	
		relevance to ACP countries.	
		Eastern and Southern Africa:	
		17/01/2013: The European Parliament	
		gave its consent to the interim Economic	
		Partnership Agreement (EPA).	
		European Parliament legislative resolution of 17 January 2013 on the draft Council decision on the conclusion of the Interim Agreement establishing a framework for an Economic Partnership Agreement between Eastern and Southern Africa States, on the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, on the other part (11699/2012 – C7-0193/2012 – 2008/0251(NLE)) (Consent).	
		OJ C 440, 30.12.2015, p. 89–91. 14/05/2012: An Interim Agreement between the EU and Zimbabwe, Mauritius, Madagascar and the Seychelles is provisionally applied.	
		Council Decision of 13 July 2009 on the signing and provisional application of the Interim Agreement establishing a framework for an Economic Partnership Agreement between the Eastern and Southern Africa States, on the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, on the other part. OJ L 111, 24/04/2012.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Central Africa: 22/07/2014: Cameroon ratified the interim EPA. The Agreement has entered into provisional application since 4 August 2014.	
		At end-March 2014, the mandate of Central African negotiations was updated. Market access and development assistance, as well as other issues, require further discussion.	
		European Parliament legislative resolution of 13 June 2013 on the draft Council decision concluding the interim agreement with a view to an Economic Partnership Agreement between the European Community and its Member States, of the one part, and the Central Africa Party, of the other part (14757/2012 – C7-0369/2012 – 2008/0139(NLE)) (Consent).	
		Council Decision of 20 November 2008 on the signature and provisional application of the interim agreement with a view to an Economic Partnership Agreement between the European Community and its Member States, of the one part, and the Central Africa Party, of the other part. OJ L 57, 28.2.2009, p. 1–360.	
		West Africa: 26/07/2016: Ghana to sign interim EPA with EU.	Ghana to sign interim EPA with EU. See <u>press release</u> . 26/07/2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		01/02/2016: Refusal of three countries (Ghana, Mauritania, Nigeria) in the subregion to sign onto the agreement.	EPAs Tumble As <u>Three West</u> African States Refuse To Sign. 1/03/2016.
		10/07/2014: ECOWAS Heads of State endorsed the EPA for signature.	
		30/06/2014: The EPA was initialled.	
		06/02/2014: Chief negotiators close negotiations of an EPA between West Africa and the EU.	
		COM (2014) 576: Proposal for a Council Decision on the signing and provisional application of the Economic Partnership Agreement (EPA) between the West African States, ECOWAS and the UEMOA, of the one part, and the European Union and its Member States, of the other part. Procedure: 2014/0265/NLE.	
		COM(2014)0267: Proposal for a Council decision on the conclusion of the Economic Partnership Agreement (EPA) between the West African States, ECOWAS and the UEMOA, of the one part, and the European Union and its Member States, of the other part. Procedure: 2014/0267 (NLE).	
		Eastern African Community (EAC):	
		10/09/2016: The EU granted the East African Community's request for more time to sign the Economic Partnership Agreement. The new deadline is 2 February	29/09/2016: Kenya's parliament ratified the EPA on 21 September.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		2017. The EU also confirmed that Kenya will continue to have free market access until then.	10/09/2016: Europe Gives Region Four Months to Sign EPA. See press release.
		08/09/2016: East African Community will delay signing trade deal with EU for 3 months.	08/09/2016: East African Community says will delay signing trade deal with EU. See press release.
		Foreign Affairs Council, 20/06/2016: The Council approved the signature and provisional application of the economic partnership agreement between the EU and the EAC.	See also <u>Communiqué</u> : 17th extraordinary summit of Heads of State of the East African Community, 08.09.2016.
		13/05/2016: The Agreement has been translated and scrubbed, and is being prepared for signature and subsequent ratification.	22/07/2016: EAC-EU EPA signing postponed as deliberations continue. See <u>press release</u> .
		COM (2016) 64: Proposal for a Council Decision on the conclusion of the Economic Partnership Agreement between the East African Community Partner States, of the one part, and the European Union and its Member States, of the other part.	
		Procedure: 2016/0038(NLE). 16/10/2014: The Eastern African Community (Burundi, Kenya, Rwanda, Tanzania, and Uganda) finalised the negotiations for a region-to-region Economic Partnership Agreement with the EU.	
		COM/2008/0521 final: Proposal for a Council Decision on the signature and	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		provisional application of the agreement establishing a framework for an Economic Partnership Agreement between the European Community and its Member States, on one part, and the East African Community Partner States, on the other part.	
		South African Development Community:	
		European Parliament legislative resolution of 14 September 2016 on the draft Council decision on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Union, of the Economic Partnership Agreement between the European Union and its Member States, of the one part, and the SADC EPA States, of the other part (10107/2016 – C8-0243/2016 – 2016/0005(NLE)) (Consent). 01/06/2016: EU signed the Economic Partnership Agreement with the South African Development Community EPA Group on 10 June 2016.	01/06:2016: EU to sign Economic Partnership Agreement with the South African Development Community EPA Group. See Council Press Release for more details.
		Proposal COM(2016) 18 final for a Council decision on the conclusion of the Economic Partnership Agreement between the European Union and its Member States, of the one part, and the SADC EPA States, of the other part. Procedure: 2016/0005 (NLE).	
		15/07/2014: Successful conclusions of EPA negotiations in South Africa.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		COM/2008/0562 final: proposal for a Council Decision on the signature and provisional application of the Interim Economic Partnership Agreement between the European Community and its Member States, on the one part, and the SADC EPA States, on the other part. Caribbean: Economic Partnership Agreement between the CARIFORUM States, on the one part, and the European Community and its Members States, of the other part, OJ L 289/1, 30.10.2008. Council Decision of 15 July 2008 on the signature and provisional application of the Economic Partnership Agreement between the CARIFORUM States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part. OJ L 289, 30.10.2008, p. 1–2. European Parliament legislative resolution of 25 March 2009 on the proposal for a Council Decision on the conclusion of the Economic Partnership Agreement between the Cariforum States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part (5211/2009 – COM(2008)0156 – C6-0054/2009 – 2008/0061(AVC)) (Assent). Procedure: 2008/0061(NLE).	21/03/2016: Caribbean Forum (CARIFORUM) countries say they are yet to 'meaningfully reap the potential benefits' of the Economic Partnership Agreement (EPA) signed with Europe in 2008. See more here. A five-yearly review of implementation was published in September 2014 (full text and summary).

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		October 2008: 15 Caribbean countries and the EU signed an EPA which was approved	
		by the European Parliament in March 2009.	
		Pacific:	
		 July 2014: Fiji decided to start applying the agreement. 	
		- May 2011: Papua New Guinea ratified the Agreement.	
		February 2011: EU ratification of an interim EPA completed by Council.	
		European Parliament legislative resolution of 19 January 2011 on the draft Council	
		decision on the conclusion of the Interim Partnership Agreement between the	
		European Community, of the one part, and	
		the Pacific States, of the other part (05078/2010 – C7-0036/2010 –	
		<u>2008/0250(NLE)</u>) (Consent).	
		<u>Council Decision of 13 July 2009</u> on the signature and provisional application of the	
		Interim Partnership Agreement between the European Community, of the one part,	
		and the Pacific States, of the other part Interim Partnership Agreement between	
		the European Community, of the one part, and the Pacific States, of the other part. OJ	
		L 272, 16.10.2009, p. 1–715.	
World Trade Organisation (WTO) - Doha Development	 19 December 2014: Calls for the further strengthening of the multilateral trading system and the conclusion of bilateral trade agreements with key partners. 	European Parliament resolution of 5 July 2016 on a new forward-looking and innovative future strategy for trade and	Nairobi – what's the way ahead? <u>Speech</u> of Commissioner
Agenda (DDA)	 Will take regular stock of the implementation of the above-mentioned orientations. 	investment (2015/2105(INI)).	Malmstöm.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 19 December 2013: Welcomes the successful outcome of the 9th WTO ministerial conference in Bali. In particular, the new Trade Facilitation Agreement will bring substantial benefits to all WTO members and will stimulate the creation of new jobs and growth. This outcome also contains important decisions to promote the integration of developing countries, especially LDCs, into the world trading system. Reiterates its support for the multilateral trading system and looks forward to a further acceleration of negotiations with a view to concluding the Doha round. 7 February 2013: To get the most out of trade, the EU must develop the right domestic policy framework to support competitiveness, open up trade in services, strengthen the industrial basis in Europe and enhance Europe's place in global value chains. Reiterates the EU's determination to promote free, fair and open trade whilst asserting its interests, in a spirit of reciprocity and mutual benefit. The EU remains fully committed to a strong, rules-based multilateral trading system to fight all forms of protectionism, including as regards non-tariff trade barriers, ensure better market access, promote appropriate investment conditions including as regards its protection, enforce and promote intellectual property rights and open up public procurement markets. Looks forward to the next Commission report on trade and investment barriers. It is important for progress to be made towards a multilateral agreement on trade facilitation, as well as on other aspects of the DDA, by the time of the December 2013 WTO Ministerial Conference in Bali. The EU looks forward to forthcoming negotiations on services and to the early completion of the review of the Information Technology Agreement. Further progress is required towards liberalisation of trade in environmental goods and services as a positive contribution to moving 	Foreign Affairs Council, 13/05/2016: Conclusions on WTO - follow-up to Nairobi conference. Nairobi Ministerial Declaration of 19 December 2015. Foreign Affairs Council of 27/11/2015: Conclusions on the WTO Ministerial Conference. 05/10/2015: EU ratifies the WTO Trade Facilitation Agreement. Commission Communication on Trade For All - Towards a more responsible trade and investment policy (October 2015). European Parliament resolution on the Protocol amending the Marrakesh Agreement establishing the World Trade Organisation (2015/2067(INI)). COM(2015) 50 final: Proposal for a Council Decision on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Union, of the Protocol Amending the Marrakesh Agreement Establishing the World Trade Organisation. Procedure: 2015/0029 (NLE). Ministers agreed at the 9th WTO Ministerial Conference on a series of DDA issues under three broad pillars: trade	Remarks Adoption of the 'Nairobi Package' at the WTO's Tenth Ministerial Conference, held in Nairobi, Kenya, from 15 to 19 December 2015.
	towards a resource-efficient, greener and more competitive economy. 2 March 2012:	facilitation, agriculture and development, including issues of concern for the Least	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 Agreed that the following priorities should be pursued with a view to the G20 summit: [] fight protectionism and support an active WTO negotiation agenda, including for the least developed countries. 	Developed Countries. In total 10 decisions and declarations were adopted:	
	 23 October 2011: The Cannes Summit should also achieve real progress on [] advancing international trade liberalisation and resisting protectionism, in particular by agreeing a credible plan as a basis for concluding the Doha Development Round and considering innovative approaches to strengthen the multilateral trading system. 24 June 2011: 	 The Trade Facilitation Agreement The agriculture pillar comprises 4 decisions/declarations covering: Food Security General services Export competition Tariff Rate Quota (TRQ) administration 	
	 Reiterates the EU's commitment to advance the process of trade liberalization and rule-making to strengthen the multilateral system, and its readiness to explore all negotiating options to bring the Doha Round to a conclusion including with regard to the priorities of least developed countries in line with the Doha mandate. 	 The development pillar consists of 5 decisions covering: Monitoring Mechanism regarding special and differential treatment in WTO Agreements and Decisions. 	
	 25 March 2011: The external dimension of the Single Market is also important and the focus should be on promoting free, fair and open trade, with a focus on concluding the WTO Doha Round and Free Trade Agreements in 2011 in line with the conclusions of the 16 September 2010 European Council. 	 Operationalisation of the LDC services waiver Preferential rules of origin Cotton Duty-free quota-free 	
	 Work should be rapidly taken forward, following the Commission report setting out priorities for dismantling barriers to trade in third countries. 	European Parliament resolution of 21 November 2013 on the state of play of the	
	 23 October 2010: Emphasises the need to continue keeping markets open, to inject momentum into the Doha negotiations and to adopt a growth-oriented development agenda. It stresses the need to avoid all forms of 	Doha Development Agenda and preparations for the Ninth WTO Ministerial Conference (2013/2740(RSP)).	
	protectionism and to avoid engaging in exchange-rate moves aimed at gaining short-term competitive advantages.	Trade in Services Agreement (TiSA):	May 2016: Revised offer made by
	 16 September 2010: The G20 Summit in Seoul should also serve to send a clear signal on the need to conclude the WTO DDA negotiations and implement the 	There have been 19th rounds of negotiation on the Trade in Services Agreement to date.	the EU (Schedule of specific commitments & List of exemptions).
	Framework for Strong, Sustainable and Balanced Growth.	<u>European Parliament resolution of 3</u> <u>February 2016</u> containing the European	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Will discuss the detailed preparation of Seoul at its October 2010 meeting and determine the Union's position.	Parliament's recommendations to the Commission on the negotiations for the Trade in Services Agreement (TiSA) (2015/2233(INI)). 10/03/2015: Draft negotiating directives for TISA. European Parliament resolution of 4 July 2013 on the opening of negotiations on a plurilateral agreement on services 2013/2583(RSP).	
Public Procurement Markets in Third Countries	 7 February 2013: It is of the utmost importance to fight all forms of protectionism, including as regards non-tariff trade barriers, ensure better market access, promote appropriate investment conditions including as regards its protection, enforce and promote intellectual property rights and open up public procurement markets. Work is under way on the proposal on access to public procurement markets. 28 June 2012: The proposal of the Commission on access to public procurement markets in third countries should be rapidly examined. 23 October 2011: Efforts geared towards the opening of public procurement markets. The Commission to bring forward a proposal for an EU instrument. 	European Parliament resolution of 5 July 2016 on a new forward-looking and innovative future strategy for trade and investment (2015/2105(INI)). 29/01/2016: Amended proposal COM(2016) 34 final for a Regulation on the access of third-country goods and services to the Union's internal market in public procurement and procedures supporting negotiations on access of Union goods and services to the public procurement markets of third countries. Procedure: 2012/0060 (COD). No progress made in Council on proposal COM (2012)124 Procedure: 2012/0060 (COD). EP Procedure is in status "Awaiting committee decision".	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament resolution of 7 July 2015 on the external impact of EU trade and investment policy on public-private initiatives in countries outside the EU (2014/2233(INI)). Proposal COM (2012) 124 for a Regulation establishing rules on the access of third country goods and services to the European Union's internal market in public procurement and procedures supporting negotiations on access of European Union goods and services to the public	
		procurement markets of third countries. ADOPTED Council <u>Decision 2014/115</u> on the conclusion of the Protocol Amending the Agreement on Government Procurement (OJ L 68, 7.3.2014, p. 1–10).	

VIII. Development Policy

Analytical Summary

Main commitments and state of play

2030 Agenda on Sustainable Development

The EU's position on the Post-2015 Development Agenda developed gradually over several Commission communications and Council conclusions, which have all underlined the need for a universal agenda incorporating all three dimensions of sustainable development: social, economic and environmental. The adoption of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) at the 70th United Nations General Assembly in September 2015 signals a change in the development policy paradigm and international cooperation. While its predecessor, the Millennium Development Goals, focused on global poverty reduction and favoured a donor-beneficiary relation, SDGs promote a universal agenda where developed and developing countries alike assume ownership of the development process. In his address, at the 70th United Nations General Assembly, European Council President, Donald Tusk stated the EU's commitment to the 2030 Agenda on Sustainable Development.

Official Development Assistance

With regard to commitments made on delivery of development aid, the European Union and its Member States had formally committed to contribute 0.7 per cent of Gross National Income (GNI) to Official Development Assistance (ODA) by 2015, but this target has not been met. The <u>fulfilment of this target</u> is now foreseen within the time frame of the 2030 Agenda on Sustainable Development.

The European Council has reiterated this commitment on an annual basis; yet EU collective ODA only reached a ratio of 0.43 per cent ODA/GNI by the end of 2014. Preliminary figures for 2015 show an increase in collective EU ODA of up to 0.47% of GNI. While following an upward trend from 2002 until 2010, EU collective ODA declined between 2010 and 2013 due to a decrease in the amount of contributions from the Member States following the global financial crisis. EU collective ODA started to increase again in 2014, but this was not reflected in the total ODA/GNI ratio due to a new methodology for calculating GNI.

Relations EU-Africa

The September 2010 European Council acknowledged that relations between the EU and Africa had taken on a new dynamic and committed to further deepen the future relationship which matured into a partnership following the adoption of

the Joint EU-Africa Strategy (JAES) in 2007. The creation of the Pan-African Programme at the 4th EU-Africa summit (2014) providing the financial means for the implementation of objectives agreed upon in the JAES was perceived as a step forward. However, while successful in some areas, progress stalled in others. This led to the adoption of a new Roadmap for the period 2014-2017 covering a smaller number of thematic areas. The March 2014 European Council underlined the importance of addressing the issue of migration and mobility including irregular migration. Migration has been high on the European Council agenda ever since, and the current global context has shaped dialogue between the EU and Africa as such. In particular, the EU-Africa Valletta summit on migration in November 2015 led to the adoption of sixteen priority initiatives to be implemented by the end of 2016. As of June 2016, projects worth 751 million euro have already been approved in targeted countries under the dedicated fund, the 1.8 billion euro EU Emergency Trust Fund for Africa. Moreover, in June of this year, the European Commission proposed new partnership agreements with third countries ('migration compacts'), under the European Agenda on Migration, with a specific focus on cooperation on migration management. A new European Fund for Sustainable Development, announced in September 2016, will provide the finance for the longer term objective of the 'migration compacts', namely the root causes of migration.

Furthermore, the Cotonou Partnership Agreement (CPA), the current framework for cooperation with African/Caribbean/Pacific (ACP) countries will expire in 2020, and as such the February 2013 European Council meeting called for progress on the development of a renewed partnership. The review of the partnership is ongoing and a public consultation on the CPA framework and its future was launched last October. The final report on the consultation was published in late March 2016. Overall trends could not be drawn from the results of the consultation among the wide range of stakeholders' views, and the Commission noted that it was not clear whether the recorded progress or lack of it could be attributed to the CPA specifically or to EU policy as a whole. An evaluation of the CPA was finalised and published by the Commission and EEAS services on 15 July 2016. Its results will subsequently be fed into a future impact assessment, due to be made public in November 2016.

G20 Development Agenda

The G20 Development Agenda addresses <u>five areas</u>: food security, financial inclusion and remittances, infrastructure, human resource development and domestic resource mobilisation. Over the last six years, each G20 Presidency has given varying degrees of attention to the different development priorities; for

example, the French G20 Presidency in 2011 focused on food security, infrastructure and financing for development. The October 2011 European Council meeting called for the full implementation of the G20 Development Agenda through concrete measures. The following year, the March 2012 European Council called for progress on the implementation of the G20 2011 Action Plan on Food Price Volatility and Agriculture. This has led to the creation of the Agricultural Market Information System (AMIS) with the aim of making agricultural produce markets more transparent. The 2015 Turkish G20 presidency adopted several initiatives to strengthen engagement with low-income countries, increase food security and sustainability, reduce the costs of remittances and improve energy access in deprived areas. More recently, in its communiqué of September 2016, the Chinese G20 Presidency launched an initiative to support industrialisation in Africa and in least developed countries.

<u>Doha Development Agenda</u>

The European Council reiterated the EU's commitment to the conclusion of the negotiations on the Doha Development Agenda on almost a yearly basis. It welcomed the agreement reached on the Trade Facilitation Support Programme on 3-7 December 2013 and its current ratification by 94 countries, including the European Union on behalf of its 28 Member States. A clearly defined work programme was intended to be finalised by the end of July 2015 to address the remaining issues on the Doha Development Agenda; however, this did not materialize due to a lack of convergence on the agreements on agriculture and market access for industrial goods and services. The 10th WTO Ministerial Conference in Nairobi, on 15-18 December 2015, produced a significant outcome in the agricultural section and a new package for the Least Developed Countries (LDCs) however members did not manage to come to an agreement on the future of the Doha Round or on the post-Nairobi multilateral work programme.

Main challenges and outlook

2030 Agenda on Sustainable Development

At European Union level, the implementation of the SDGs necessitates an overhaul of the European Union development strategy, including a review of the 2005 European Consensus on Development and the 2011 Agenda for Change. The Commission proposal for the revised European Consensus on Development is expected in November 2016. Furthermore, new and additional resources will need to be allocated for climate adaptation and mitigation to ensure that the SDGs will be reached by 2030. The Commission is expected to present an initiative to map out the EU contribution before the end of the year, including a communication on

a sustainable European future that will include both an internal and external EU strategy to meet the SDGs.

Official Development Assistance

While preliminary figures for 2015 show an increase in collective EU ODA, some of it is due to the Member States reporting certain refugee-related costs as ODA. The European Parliament is <u>critical of this approach</u> as it comes at the cost of existing development programmes. This is however in line with the <u>DAC Statistical Reporting Directives</u> adopted by the OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC). Additionally, on 19 February 2016, DAC decided that <u>certain kinds of spending linked to peace-keeping and security</u> in developing countries would from now on be accounted as ODA.

Relations EU-Africa

The Valletta Action Plan has been criticized by civil society as some of the commitments have already been addressed in the past and have not yet been fully implemented. The implementation of the Action Plan raises many issues such as the fact that it applies in different regions involving twenty-five countries; requires action on a long-term basis and that there is a risk that funding could be diverted to border control at the expense of long term sustainable solutions to the crisis. The Valletta Action Plan has called for compliance with the provisions on migration of Article 13 of the Cotonou Partnership Agreement. Article 13 covers respect for human rights, non-discrimination of legally residing migrants, the causes of migration flows and irregular migration including the readmission and return of nationals. Nevertheless, dialogue between the EU and Africa on the basis of this article has not always been successful due to the parties' different approaches and concerns.

In its June 2016 Communication, the Commission stressed that the implementation of the Valletta Action Plan would be an essential element for the success of the newly proposed 'migration compacts'. The Commission called for increased coherence between migration and development policy, and in particular argued for the introduction of positive and negative incentives in development policy. This approach has been criticised in the Parliament's Development Committee as contrary to the primary objective of development policy, which is the eradication of poverty, as outlined in Article 208 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU). In the subsequent report to be adopted in the first October 2016 plenary session, members stressed that Parliament's ability to scrutinize the expenditure under the EU Emergency Trust Fund for Africa had

been weakened, as the financing comes primarily from the European Development Fund (EDF) - outside the EU budget - and from Member States' contributions.

No alternative to the Cotonou Partnership Agreement has yet been tabled, but the future cooperation mandate will have to take into consideration the principles of the 2030 Agenda on Sustainable Development as well as the current needs of African and European partners. The European Parliament's Development Committee's report on the future of ACP-EU relations, to be debated in the first October 2016 plenary session, calls for a common framework complemented by regional agreements tailored to specific regional needs and mutual interests. It further stresses the significance of the Agenda 2030 on Sustainable Development, proposes the inclusion of the Economic Partnership Agreements in the future framework and reiterates its call for the budgetisation of the European Development Fund. The Commission's Directorate-General for International Cooperation and Development has stated that a political document would be published in November 2016 outlining the most viable option for a renewed partnership with ACP countries. A negotiation mandate would most likely be on the table at the end of summer 2017.

G20 Development Agenda

The five objectives of the G20 Development Agenda outlined earlier in this document have been monitored over the past two years with two annual reports (2014 and 2015) showing the status of the commitments undertaken. The lack of policy coherence among the G20's work streams has had a negative impact on the G20's development agenda. The 2015 annual report calls for more attention to be placed on strengthening policy coherence on development across the G20's work streams, particularly concerning the employment and infrastructure & investments streams.

Generally, the G20 seeks to <u>add value to</u>, and <u>complement</u>, <u>existing development commitments</u> in other forums. At the September 2016 G20 summit, leaders thus pledged to enhance policy coherence on sustainable development and endorsed an <u>Action Plan on the 2030 Agenda on Sustainable Development</u>. Nevertheless, experts point out that the informal nature of the G20 results in <u>a lack of accountability of the G20 as a body</u> and may endanger its enforcement capacity.

Doha Development Agenda

At the Foreign Affairs Council of 13 May 2016, the EU's trade ministers reviewed issues for which further work is needed under the Doha Development Agenda, as well as new issues to be taken up by the WTO. The Commission presented its ideas for the post-Nairobi process with the objective of strengthening the multilateral system and of reinvigorating and expanding the WTO's negotiating agenda. Speaking at a meeting with civil society in April this year, EU Trade Commissioner Cecilia Malmström put forward a series of areas for possible discussion at multilateral and plurilateral level. She noted market access and trade facilitation as areas where a plurilateral approach would be the only option, given the lack of consensus among WTO members. At the June 2016 Annual Session of the Parliamentary Conference on the WTO, the majority of parliamentarians argued that the plurilateral free trade agreement approach was not in conflict with the multilateral approach, but rather the approaches complement each other.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
VIII.1. Development			
Development 2030 Agenda on Sustainable Development	 O1 March 2012: The European Council underlined its strong support for an ambitious outcome at the Rio+20 UN Conference on Sustainable Development. It stressed the need for a strong participation from the private sector and civil society at the Conference. It set out some key principles that will guide the EU in its preparations: The Conference should advance the global transition towards a green economy, thus promoting environmental protection, contributing to poverty eradication and stimulating low-carbon and resource-efficient growth; It should work towards clear operational targets and concrete actions at national and international level within agreed time frames; It should contribute to a strengthened global institutional framework for sustainable development which should include the upgrading of UNEP to a specialised agency; It should advance the work on global and coherent post-2015 goals for sustainable development, also having regard to the review process of the Millennium Development Goals. 16 September 2010: The 20-22 September UN High Level Plenary Meeting on the Millennium Development Goals will be held in New York. The European Union is firmly committed to supporting the achievement of the MDG globally by 2015, together with partners in the international community. 17 June 2010: Constitutes a unique opportunity to strengthen our collective endeavours and our partnerships with developing countries to eliminate global poverty, hunger and inequality. The conclusions adopted by the Council on 14 June provide the European Union with a strong position for this meeting. 	Draft ministerial declaration of the high-level segment of the 2016 session of the Economic and Social Council and the high-level political forum on sustainable development. Annual theme: "Implementing the post-2015 development agenda: moving from commitments to results" (18.06.2016). General Secretariat of the Council of 18 July 2016: The Council adopted the EU priorities at the United Nations and the 71st United Nations General Assembly (September 2016 – September 2017). Foreign Affairs Council of 12/05/2016: Revision of the European consensus on development. European Parliament resolution of 12 May 2016 on the follow-up to and review of the 2030 Agenda. Procedure: 2016/2696(RSP). General Secretariat of the Council 22/06/2015 EU Priorities at the United Nations and the Seventieth United Nations General Assembly.	EESC Opinion NAT/693: A Mapping of the EU's internal and external policies (Exploratory opinion at the request of the European Commission).25/08/2016. EESC Own Initiative Opinion REX/461 The 2030 Agenda – A European Union committed to support sustainable development goals globally. 24/08/2016. Sustainability Now! A European Vision for Sustainability European Political Strategy Center Note. 18.07.2016. Remarks by First Vice-President Timmermans— Follow-up and State of Play of the Agenda 2030 and Sustainable Development Goals. 10.05.2016. UN Statistical Commission agrees on global indicator framework, 11.03.2016. See press release. EU Commissioner for International Cooperation and Development, Neven Mimica, launched a new phase of the

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- The European Union remains determined to support the achievement of	Contribution of the EU to the preparation	Global Climate Change Alliance
	the MDGs globally by 2015. This is possible if all partners demonstrate	of the post-2015 development agenda:	(GCCA), which will run until 2020,
	firm political commitment, implement necessary policy changes and take		29.10.2015. See press release
	concrete action.	Foreign Affairs (Development) Council	<u>IP/15/5943</u> .
	- The European Union calls on the High Level Plenary Meeting to agree on	<u>26/05/2015:</u>	
	concrete actions aimed at: increasing ownership by developing	1. A New Global Partnership for Poverty	Transforming our world: the 2030
	countries; focusing efforts; improving the impact of policies; mobilising	Eradication and Sustainable Development	Agenda for Sustainable
	more and predictable financing for development, including innovative	<u>after 2015.</u>	Development 25.09.2015.
	sources of financing; and making more effective use of development	2. <u>Council Conclusions on Gender in</u>	
	resources.	<u>Development</u> .	European Commission welcomes
	- The European Council reaffirms its commitment to achieve development	Communication COM(2015) 44 final "A	new 2030 United Nations Agenda
	aid targets by 2015 as set out in its June 2005 conclusions.	Global Partnership for Poverty Eradication	for Sustainable Development,
	 The European Council agrees to return to this annually on the basis of a report by the Council. 	and Sustainable Development after 2015".	25.09.2015, <u>IP-15-5708</u> .
		General Affairs Council 16/12/2014	Closing remarks of Commissioner
		The Council adopted conclusions on "A	Mimica at side event event
		transformative post-2015 agenda".	'Financing for Gender Equality –
			Placing Women at the Centre of
		European Parliament resolution of 25	the Sustainable Development
		November 2014 on EU and global	Goals (SDGs) in Africa' in Addis
		development framework after 2015	Ababa. 14.07.2015.
		2014/2143(INI).	
			Speech given by Commissioner
		General Secretariat of the Council	Mimica at the round table on
		23/06/2014	'Global Partnership and the Three
		EU Priorities for the 69th session of the	Dimensions of Sustainable
		General Assembly of the United Nations.	Development' in Addis Ababa
		Communication COM(2014) 335 final "A	13.07.2015.
		decent Life for all: from vision to collective	
		action".	Third International Conference
			on Financing for Development,
		Foreign Affairs Council 17/03/2014	13-16 July 2015, Addis Ababa
		The Council adopted conclusions on the EU	MEMO/15/5311 06.07.2015.
		common position for the First High Level	
		Meeting of the Global Partnership for	The Millennium Development
		Effective Development Co-operation.	Goals and a global development

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament resolution of 2 February 2014 containing a recommendation to the Council on the 69th session of the United Nations General Assembly (2014/2017(INI).	agenda after 2015, MEMO-13- 809, 23.09.2013.
		Foreign Affairs Council 12/12/2013 The Council adopted conclusions on financing poverty eradication and sustainable development beyond 2015.	
		Staff Working Document SWD(2013) 530 final Paving the way for an EU Development and Cooperation Results Framework.	
		Communication COM(2013) 531 final "Beyond 2015: towards a comprehensive and integrated approach to financing poverty eradication and sustainable development".	
		General Affairs Council 25/06/2013 The Council adopted conclusions on "An overarching post-2015 framework".	
		Commission Implementing Decision C(2014)5072 adopting a Multiannual Indicative Programme for the Thematic Programme 'Global Public Goods and Challenges' for the period 2014-2020.	
		European Parliament resolution of 13 June 2013 on the Millennium Development Goals – defining the post-2015 framework (2012/2289(INI)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Communication COM(2013) 92 final A decent life for all: Ending poverty and giving the world a sustainable future. The communication lays the foundation of the EU position on the post-2015 agenda.	
		Annex I in COM(2013)92 final details current and forthcoming actions in the EU and internationally that contribute to the implementation of Rio+20.	
		Foreign Affairs Council 14/11/2011 The Council adopted the EU Common Position for Busan Forum on Aid effectiveness.	
		European Parliament resolution of 15 June 2010 on progress towards the achievement of the Millennium Development Goals: mid-term review in preparation of the UN high-level meeting in September 2010 (2010/2037(INI)).	
		EU action on MDGs:	
		Agenda for Change (2011) – General overhaul of EU development policy, which also includes action on the MDGs. MDG Action Plan (2010) – 12-point plan to increase the impact of EU action.	
		MDG Initiative (2010) – Targets the most off-track goals, with extra support for 36 countries.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		MDG Contract – Enhanced budget support, linked to outcome indicators. European Parliament resolution of 24 March 2009 on MDG contracts (2008/2128(INI)).	
		Policy Coherence for Development:	
		Staff Working Document SWD(2015) 159 final on Policy Coherence for Development, 2015 EU Report.	
		Staff Working Document SWD(2013) 456 final on EU 2013 Report on Policy Coherence for Development.	
		Staff Working Document SEC(2011) 1627 final on EU 2011 Report on Policy Coherence for Development.	
Development Development Aid Targets	 <u>07 February 2013:</u> A key priority for Member States is to respect the EU's formal undertaking to collectively commit 0.7% of GNI to official development assistance by 2015, thus making a decisive step towards achieving the Millennium Development Goals. The European Union should as part of 	Foreign Affairs Council, 12/05/2016: Council conclusions on the annual report 2016 to the European Council on EU development aid targets.	Preliminary figures for EU collective ODA in 2015. See press release IP/16/1362. 13.04.2016. DAC High Level Communiqué
	this commitment therefore aim to ensure over the period 2014-2020 that at least 90% of its overall external assistance be counted as official development assistance according to the present definition established by the OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC).	Foreign Affairs Council 14/12/2015: Council Conclusions on the 2015 Annual report on the EU's development and external assistance policies and their	Ministers agreed to modernise the DAC's statistical system and its measurement of development finance (19.02.2016).
	 28 June 2012: The European Council welcomed the second annual report on European Union Official Development Assistance and reaffirmed its commitment to achieve development assistance targets by 2015 as set out in its June 2005 conclusions. 	implementation in 2014. Foreign Affairs Council 26/05/2015 1.A New Global Partnership for Poverty Eradication and Sustainable Development after 2015.	See also OECD <u>Statement</u> 19.02.2016. Annual report 2015 on the European Union's development and external assistance policies

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 23 June 2011: Welcomed the annual report on EU development aid targets, noting that whilst the EU remains by far the largest donor in the world in 2010, the intermediate collective target for 2010 has not been reached. 	The EU reaffirms its collective commitment to achieve the 0.7% ODA/GNI target within the time frame of the post-2015 agenda. 2. Council Conclusions on Annual Report	and their implementation in 2014. Annual report 2014 on the
	- It reaffirmed its commitment to achieve development aid targets by 2015 as set out in its June 2005 conclusions.	2015 to the European Council on EU Development Aid Targets.	European Union's development and external assistance policies and their implementation in
	 17 June 2010: The European Council reaffirms its commitment to achieve development aid targets by 2015 as set out in its June 2005 conclusions. The European Council agrees to return to this annually on the basis of a report by the 	Foreign Affairs Council 26/05/2015 EU collective ODA reached 0.42% of EU gross national income (GNI). The total ODA of the EU Member States alone increased	2013. See DAC Member's Net Official Development Assistance in 2014.
	Council.	from €54.021 billion in 2013 to €56.147 billion in 2014, remaining steady at 0.41% of GNI.	The total aid of the 28 EU Member States alone rose from
		European Parliament resolution of 19 May 2015 on Financing for Development 2015/2044(INI).	€54.0 billion in 2013 to €56.1 billion in 2014, remaining at 0.41% of GNI. See Official Development Assistance:
		Foreign Affairs Council 19/05/2014 EU collective ODA remained at 0.43% of EU gross national income (GNI). The total ODA of the EU Member States alone increased	preliminary 2014 published data 08.04.2015.
		from €50.7 billion in 2012 to €53.6 billion in 2013, or from 0.39% to 0.41% of GNI.	Annual report 2013 on the European Union's development and external assistance policies and their implementation in
		European Parliament resolution of 11 December 2013 with recommendations to the Commission on EU donor coordination on development aid (2013/2057(INL)).	2012.
		General Secretariat of the Council 29/05/2013 The Council adopted conclusions on the	
		Annual Report 2013 to the European Council on EU Development Aid Targets.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		In 2012, the EU collective ODA decreased to €55.2 billion from €56.2 billion in 2011, or from 0.45% to 0.43% of EU gross national income (GNI). European Parliament resolution of 23	
		October 2012 on an Agenda for Change: the future of EU development policy (2012/2002(INI)).	
Development G20 Summit Development Agenda	 O1 March 2012: The European Council agreed that the following priorities should be pursued with a view to the G20 summit: Ensure effective coordination at the global level for strong, sustainable and balanced growth and progress in the implementation of the Cannes Action Plan. Implement the G20 commitments on financial market reform, including strict monitoring, to ensure a global level playing field. Implement the 2011 Action Plan on Food Price Volatility and Agriculture; enhance transparency in commodity markets; further implement the Seoul Development Action Plan focusing on infrastructure and green growth. Promote green growth and sustainable development; combat climate change in particular and mobilise sources of finance for measures to combat climate change. Fight protectionism and support an active WTO negotiation agenda, including for the least developed countries. Address the social dimension of globalisation, in particular youth unemployment. 23 October 2011: The European Council discussed the preparations for the Cannes G20 Summit. It confirmed the orientations agreed by the Council in preparation for the G20 Finance, Agriculture, Employment and Development ministerial meetings. The Cannes Summit should also achieve real progress on the following: 	French Presidency (2011) I. Infrastructure: The goal was to address the infrastructure financing gap, especially in Sub-Saharan Africa, and identify bottlenecks impeding infrastructure investment. II. Food security: The G20 advanced the food security agenda along three tracks (agriculture, development and finance), focusing efforts on reducing food price volatility and the impact of volatility on the most vulnerable. The agriculture track launched the following initiatives: The AMIS and Global Agricultural Monitoring Initiative (GEOGLAM) to improve transparency in agricultural markets. The Rapid Response Forum (RRF) to promote international policy coherence and coordination. The Wheat Initiative to coordinate and strengthen world wheat research.	G20 Leaders' Communique Hangzhou Summit, 4-5 September 2016. See Annex- Agreed documents. G20 Industrialization in Africa and Least Developed Countries, 4- 5 September 2016. G20 Action Plan on the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, 4-5 September 2016. Hangzhou Comprehensive Accountability Report on G20 Development Commitments, 4-5 September 2016. Joint letter of Presidents Donald Tusk and Jean-Claude Juncker on the upcoming G20 summit, 30 August 2016. G20 Leaders' Communiqué Antalya summit, 15-16 November 2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 - the introduction of a global financial transaction tax should be explored and developed further; - tackling the excessive volatility of commodity prices, notably by enhancing transparency in commodity markets and improving the functioning and regulation of derivative markets; the G20 Action Plan on food price volatility and agriculture constitutes an important further step towards providing an internationally coordinated response to the food security challenge. - promoting global recovery and sustainable and inclusive growth by supporting an active WTO negotiating agenda, including for the least developed countries, and by fully implementing the G20 Development Agenda through concrete measures; the social dimension of globalisation should also be enhanced. - advancing international trade liberalisation and resisting protectionism, in particular by agreeing a credible plan as a basis for concluding the Doha Development Round and considering innovative approaches to strengthen the multilateral trading system. - combating climate change, in particular by mobilising sources for climate change finance. 	The French Presidency put particular emphasis on financial inclusion, through the Global Partnership for Financial Inclusion (GPFI), social protection floors and remittances. It also addressed financing for development, including innovative financing. European Parliament resolution of 8 July 2015 on tax avoidance and tax evasion as challenges for governance, social protection and development in developing countries 2015/2058(INI). European Parliament resolution of 8 March 2011 on tax and development - Cooperating with developing countries on promoting good governance in tax matters 2010/2102(INI).	G20 Action Plan on Food Security and Sustainable Food Systems, 15-16 November 2015. See also Joint letter sent to EU Heads of State or Government in preparation for G20 Summit on 15-16 November 2015. The EU at the G20 summit in Antalya: Presidents Juncker and Tusk set out the EU's agenda, 04.11.2015. See press release IP/15/5995. The Addis Tax Initiative Declaration, 16.07.2015.
	 28 October 2010: The world economy is recovering from the crisis. However, there remain a number of issues that require sustained attention at the global level, including risks to financial sustainability, incomplete financial sector repair, high unemployment, the volatility of global commodity prices, and re-emerging global macroeconomic imbalances. The European Council confirmed the orientations agreed by the Council and discussed the priorities which the representatives of the EU and the EU Member States which are member of the G20 will promote at the Seoul summit. The summit must send an ambitious signal as regards the concrete and timely implementation of measures agreed in the Framework for Strong, Sustainable and Balanced Growth, notably concerning fiscal consolidation plans, financial regulatory reform, social cohesion, job creation and the need for further structural reforms. The issue of the rebalancing of world growth also requires particular attention. 	Communication COM(2010) 163 Tax and Development Cooperating with Developing Countries on Promoting Good Governance in Tax Matters.	G20 Plan to facilitate remittance flows launched in September 2014. G20 Development Group 2015 Annual Progress Report. G20 Development Group 2014 Annual Progress Report. The EU at the G20 summit of 21 October 2014 in Brisbane: Joint letter of Presidents Barroso and Van Rompuy.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- The European Union looks forward to the confirmation by the G20		Saint Petersburg Accountability
	Summit of the Basel agreement, which is an important step in		Report on G20 Development
	strengthening global financial stability.		Commitments of 2013.
	- The European Union emphasises the need to continue keeping markets		
	open, to inject momentum into the Doha negotiations and to adopt a		The EU at the G20 summit of 5-6
	growth oriented development agenda. It stresses the need to avoid all		September 2013: <u>Joint letter</u> of
	forms of protectionism and to avoid engaging in exchange-rate moves		the Presidents of the European
	aimed at gaining short-term competitive advantages.		Commission and the European
	- Further work is necessary on levies and taxes on financial institutions, at		Council.
	both the international and internal levels. In line with the Council's		
	report, there should be further coordination between the different levy		Saint Petersburg G20 Leaders'
	schemes in place in order to avoid double-charging. The Council is invited		<u>Declaration</u> of 6 September 2013.
	to report back to the European Council in December 2010. The different		
	options regarding the taxation of the financial sector should also be		G20 Leaders' Declaration, Los
	examined, as well as good practices aimed at impeding tax havens and		Cabos 18-19 June 2012.
	tax evasion.		The EU at the G20 summit of 18-
			19 June 2012: Joint letter of
	<u>16 September 2010:</u>		Presidents of the European
	- The G20 Summit in Seoul should also serve to send a clear signal on the		Commission and the European
	need to conclude the WTO DDA negotiations and implement the		Council to the EU Member States.
	Framework for Strong, Sustainable and Balanced Growth.		
	- The European Council will discuss the detailed preparation of Seoul at its		The EU at the G20 summit of 3-4
	October 2010 meeting and determine the Union's position.		November 2011: Joint letter of
	- The G8 and the G20 will remain important fora for the definition of global		Presidents of the European
	responses to many of the challenges facing us, to which the EU must		Commission and the European
	actively contribute through coordinated positions. The European Council		Council to their G20 partners.
	therefore welcomes the ambition of the incoming French chairmanship		·
	in 2011 to fully use the G20 and G8 to that end.		The G20 Seoul Summit Leaders'
	()		Declaration of 12 November
	- d) Much progress has been achieved in the preparation, at the level of		2010.
	the European Union, for multilateral summits, notably through the		
	practical arrangements reached between the President of the European		The EU at the G20 summit of 11-
	Council and the President of the Commission on the EU representation		12 November 2010: Joint letter of
	in the G8 and G20 structures. It invites them to continue to work towards		Presidents of the European
	improving the way in which the European Union projects its views in such		Commission and the European
	fora.		Council to their G20 partners.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 17 June 2010: The Union's response to the crisis must continue to be coordinated at the global level to ensure that measures are internationally consistent. The action it is taking to boost competitiveness, consolidate public finances and reform its financial sector will enable it to put forward strong positions for similar international action at the forthcoming G20 Summit. The EU should lead efforts to set a global approach for introducing systems for levies and taxes on financial institutions with a view to maintaining a world-wide level playing field and will strongly defend this position with its G20 partners. The introduction of a global financial transaction tax should be explored and developed further in that context. With a view to the Toronto Summit, the European Council confirms the orientations agreed by the Council and reflected in the Terms of Reference prepared for the Busan Ministerial Meeting. 		The G20 Toronto Summit Declaration of 27 June 2010. The EU at the G20 summit of 26- 27 June 2010: Joint letter of Presidents of the European Commission and the European Council to their G20 partners.
Development	19 December 2013:	Council Decision (EU) 2016/971 of 17 June	
Doha Development	- Welcomes the successful outcome of the 9th WTO ministerial	2016 on the conclusion, on behalf of the	2016 Annual session of the
Agenda (DDA)	conference in Bali. In particular, the new Trade Facilitation Agreement	European Union, of an agreement in the	Parliamentary conference on the WTO 'What future for the WTO?'
See also DDA in the	will bring substantial benefits to all WTO members and will stimulate the creation of new jobs and growth. This outcome also contains important	form of the Declaration on the Expansion of Trade in Information Technology	held on 13-14 June 2016. See
International Trade	decisions to promote the integration of developing countries, especially	Products (ITA). OJ L 161, 18.6.2016, p. 2–3	Outcome document.
Section	LDCs, into the world trading system.	(COM(2016)0122 - C8-0000/2016)	Outcome accament.
	- Reiterates its support for the multilateral trading system and looks	Procedure: 2016/0067(NLE)).	The European Commission and
	forward to a further acceleration of negotiations with a view to		the EU High Representative
	concluding the Doha round.	Foreign Affairs Council, 13/05/2016:	published the <u>first report on the</u>
		Conclusions on WTO - follow-up to Nairobi	concrete effects of the GSP+.
	7 February 2013:	conference.	See Press release <u>IP/16/169</u> ,
	-The EU remains committed to the successful conclusion of negotiations	Consum Affaire Council 40 /04 /004 C	28.01.2016.
	within the WTO's Doha Development Agenda (DDA). This requires efforts	General Affairs Council, 18/01/2016:	WTO's Tenth Ministerial
	from all participants in the negotiations, in particular from large emerging economies. In the short term, it is important for progress to be	Council Conclusions on trade policy.	Conference Nairobi Package (15-
	made towards a multilateral agreement on trade facilitation, as well as	Foreign Affairs Council 15/12/2015:	18 December 2015).
	on other aspects of the DDA, by the time of the December 2013 WTO	First Council conclusions on the 10th World	
	Ministerial Conference in Bali. Such progress would benefit the world	Trade Organization Ministerial Conference.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	economy and inject new momentum into the DDA negotiations more		ACP Group <u>declaration</u> on the
	broadly. The EU is ready to begin a reflection, in cooperation with	Second Council conclusions on the 10th	10 th WTO Ministerial Conference
	partners, on the post-Bali WTO agenda, including the DDA.	World Trade Organization Ministerial	(MC10) 21.10.2015.
		<u>Conference</u>	
	<u>24 June 2011:</u>		EU Commissioner for Trade,
	- Reiterates the EU's commitment to advance the process of trade	Foreign Affairs Council 27/11/2015:	Cecilia Malmström, met with
	liberalisation and rule-making to strengthen the multilateral system, and	Council Conclusions on the WTO	ministers from African, Caribbean
	its readiness to explore all negotiating options to bring the Doha Round	Ministerial Conference.	and Pacific countries (ACP) in
	to a conclusion including with regard to the priorities of least developed		preparation for the 10 th WTO
	countries in line with the Doha mandate.	European Parliament resolution of 26	<u>Conference</u> . 20.10.2015.
		November 2015 on the state of play of the	
	28 October 2010:	Doha Development Agenda in advance of	WTO Press release on the need to
	- The European Union emphasises the need to continue keeping markets	the 10th WTO Ministerial Conference	agree a work programme on
	open, to inject momentum into the Doha negotiations and to adopt a	(2015/2632(RSP)).	remaining Doha Development
	growth oriented development agenda. It stresses the need to avoid all		Agenda issues by July.
	forms of protectionism and to avoid engaging in exchange-rate moves	Protocol amending the Marrakesh	08.06.2015.
	aimed at gaining short-term competitive advantages.	Agreement establishing the World Trade	
		Organisation 2015/2067(INI).	The <u>remaining issues</u> of the Doha
	<u>16 September 2010:</u>	COM(2015) 50 final Proposal for a Council	development agenda are likely to
	- Pakistan's development and stability is of strategic importance to the	Decision on the conclusion, on behalf of	revolve around agriculture, non-
	European Union. In light of the devastating floods, the European Union	the European Union, of the Protocol	agricultural market access and
	and its Member States have responded with an increase in bilateral and	Amending the Marrakesh Agreement	services 23.03.2015.
	multilateral humanitarian aid. The European Council adopted a	Establishing the World Trade Organization.	
	declaration on Pakistan (Annex II).	Procedure: <u>2015/0029 (NLE).</u>	The European Union pledged an
	- The European Council resolves to mandate Ministers to agree urgently a		additional €2 million to the WTO
	comprehensive package of short, medium and longer term measures	Trade Facilitation Support Programme	Doha Development Agenda
	which will help underpin Pakistan's recovery and future development.	On 20 November 2014, the European	Global Trust Fund (DDAGTF) and
	These should comprise significant additional humanitarian and	Commission together with other donors at	a further €100,000 for evaluating
	development assistance as well as ambitious trade measures essential	the World Bank in Washington DC	the fund. In total, the European
	for economic recovery and growth. In this regard, the European Council	launched the implementation of the Trade	Union has donated €10.6 million
	underlines its firm commitment to grant exclusively to Pakistan	Facilitation Support Programme (TFSP).	to the DDAGTF since 2003. Press
	increased market access to the EU through the immediate and time		Release 06.03.2015.
	limited reduction of duties on key imports from Pakistan in conformity	Contribution of the EU:	
	with WTO rules, to be implemented as soon as possible, and to commit	Communication COM(2012) 22 final	The EU offered the least
	to Pakistan's eligibility for GSP+ for 2014, provided it meets the		developed countries (LDCs)
	necessary criteria. The Commission is invited to explore options with		preferential access to the EU

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	WTO partners and to present its finalised proposal in October taking account of industrial sensitivities in the EU.	Trade, growth and development. Tailoring trade and investment policy for those countries most in need. Innovative autonomous schemes: A. The Everything But Arms (EBA) initiative(2001) B. The GSP+ (generalized tariff preferences scheme) set up in 2006 is a tool of EU trade policy targeting vulnerable developing countries. Commission Regulation (EU) No 1063/2010 amending Regulation (EEC) No 2454/93 laying down provisions for the implementation of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2913/92 establishing the Community Customs Code. OJ L 307/1 23.11.2010. Regulation (EU) No 978/2012 of the European Parliament and Council of 25 October 2012 applying a scheme of generalized tariff preferences and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 732/2008. OJ L 303/1 31.10.2012. Since 1 January 2014, Pakistan has access to GSP+ trade preferences. C. In 2004, the Commission opened an on-line service (the Export Helpdesk) for potential exporters in developing countries on practical aspects of gaining access to the EU market.	market in a wide range of services. The move responds to a commitment made at the 2013 WTO Ministerial Conference in Bali and to a list of needs identified by LDCs last summer. In approximately 30 important sectors or subsectors LDC services companies will, for example, be able to transfer management trainees to their affiliated companies in the EU and allow them to acquire up to one year of experience there. Press release 05.02.2015.
		Leading on Aid for Trade (AfT): In 2007, the EU adopted a joint strategy with EU Member States, EU Strategy on Aid for Trade: Enhancing EU support for	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		trade-related needs in developing countries. European Parliament resolution of 21 November 2013 on the state of play of the Doha Development Agenda and preparations for the Ninth WTO Ministerial Conference (2013/2740(RSP)). Staff Working Document SWD(2014) 235 final EU Accountability Report 2014 on Financing for Development Review of progress by the EU and its Member States. Renewed bilateral and regional efforts: Negotiations started in 2002 with African, Caribbean and Pacific (ACP) countries to conclude Economic Partnership Agreements (EPAs). In 2006, the Global Europe Communication COM(2006) 567 final launched a new series of Free Trade Agreements (FTA) negotiations with more advanced developing countries and regions.	
Development Africa-EU Strategic Partnership	 28-29 June 2016: Migration Delivering rapid results in preventing illegal migration and returning irregular migrants requires an effective Partnership Framework of cooperation with individual countries of origin or transit. This will contribute towards the implementation of the Valletta Action Plan, which should be stepped up. Building on the Commission communication, the EU will put into place and swiftly implement this Framework based on effective incentives and adequate conditionality, starting with a limited number of priority countries of origin and transit, with the following objectives: 	COM(2016) 385 final on establishing a new Partnership Framework with third countries under the European Agenda on Migration. Foreign Affairs Council 23/05/2016: Council conclusions on the external aspects of migration. Foreign Affairs Council, 12/05/2016:	The EU launched a new Partnership Framework with Senegal to better manage migration. See press release. 26.07.2016. On 29th June 2016 the African Union Commission and the European Union (EU) signed the third phase of the African Union

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	to pursue specific and measurable results in terms of fast and	Conclusions on migration and	Support Programme (AUSP III).
	operational returns of irregular migrants, including by applying	development.	See <u>joint press release</u> here.
	temporary arrangements, pending the conclusion of full-fledged	Communication CON/2015) 453 final on an	laint NCO statement about of the
	readmission agreements; • to create and apply the necessary leverage, by using all relevant EU	Communication COM(2015) 453 final on an EU Action Plan on return.	Joint NGO statement ahead of the European Council of 28-29 June
	policies, instruments and tools, including development and trade;	Lo Action Flan on Feturii.	2016- NGOs strongly condemn
	• to also mobilise elements falling within Member States' competence	Commission Decision C(2015) 7293 final of	new EU policies to contain
	and to seek synergies with Member States in relations with the specific	20.10.2015 on the establishment of a	migration.
	countries.	European Union Emergency Trust Fund for	
	- The High Representative, including in her role as Vice-President of the	stability and addressing root causes of	EU pledges €146 million to tackle
	Commission, will lead the implementation of this new approach and	irregular migration and displaced persons	root causes of migration. See
	ensure close and effective coordination between the EU institutions and	in Africa.	press release 13.06.2016. See also
	services and the Member States, with a view to concluding the first	Draft Commission Decision C(2015) 6252	MEMO/16/2168: Description of
	compacts before the end of the year. The Council and the Commission will regularly monitor the process, assess its results and report to the	draft of 9.9.2015 a special measure for a contribution to the European Union	the six new measures that were adopted.
	European Council.	Emergency Trust Fund for stability and	adopted.
	18 February 2016:	addressing root causes of irregular	The European Commission
	Migration	migration and displaced persons in Africa,	announced the approval of 10
	b) implementation and operational follow-up to the Valletta Summit, in	to be financed from the 11th European	new actions worth €117 million
	particular the agreed list of 16 priority actions, should continue and be	Development Fund.	to improve stability and address
	stepped up;		the root causes of irregular
	<u>17 December 2015:</u>	Foreign Affairs Council, 20/07/2015	migration and forced
	- The EU institutions and the Member States must urgently:	Council adopts conclusions on migration.	displacement in the Horn of
	() e) take concrete measures to ensure the actual return and readmission of	Foreign Affairs Council 26/05/2015:	Africa region. See press release
	people not authorised to stay and provide support to Member States as	Conclusions on Migration and	<u>IP/16/1615</u> . 28.04.2016.
	regards return operations;	Development.	The European Commission
	f) enhance measures for fighting smuggling and trafficking of human	20.0.0	announced the adoption of 20
	beings;	Rabat Declaration and Rabat Programme	new measures under the
	g) ensure implementation and operational follow up to:	<u>(2015-2017)</u> .	Emergency Trust Fund for Africa
	()		to assist the Sahel region and the
	the Valletta Summit, particularly as regards returns and readmission	Declaration of the Ministerial Conference	Lake Chad Basin. See press
	- The Presidency, the Commission and the High Representative will report	of the Khartoum Process 28 November	release <u>IP/16/1425</u> and
	back on progress before the February meeting of the European Council.	2014.	MEMO/16/1426. 18.04.2016.
	15 October 2015:		
	13 00:00:01 2013.	<u>l</u>	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Today, the European Council set out the following further orientations:	Commission Implementing Decision	€750 million has been mobilised
	()	C(2014) 8513 final on the Annual Action	so far for projects under the
	c) achieve concrete operational measures at the forthcoming Valletta	Programme 2014 for the Pan-African	Emergency Trust Fund for Africa.
	Summit with African Heads of State or Government, focusing, in a fair and	Programme to be financed from the	See the <u>remarks of VP/HR</u> at the
	balanced manner, on effective return and readmission, dismantling of	general budget of the European Union.	European Commission College-to-
	criminal networks and prevention of illegal migration, accompanied by real		College meeting. 07/04/2016.
	efforts to tackle root causes and to support the African socio-economic	Commission Implementing Decision	
	development together with a commitment concerning continued	C(2014)5072 adopting a Multiannual	European Commission and
	possibilities for legal migration;	Indicative Programme for the Thematic	African Union agree deal to
		Programme 'Global Public Goods and	further administrative
	22 Contambor 2015.	Challenges' for the period 2014-2020. EUR 344 million have been dedicated to	cooperation, staff exchanges. See
	23 September 2015: We ask the SIL institutions and our Covernments to work speedily on the	migration under the GPGC programme.	Press release <u>IP/16/204</u> , 01.02.2016.
	- We ask the EU institutions and our Governments to work speedily on the Priority Actions proposed by the Commission. We want operational	4th EU-Africa Summit declaration 2-3 April	01.02.2016.
	decisions on the most pressing issues before the October European	2014. A new Pan-African Programme	The European Commission
	Council, along the following orientations:	(PanAf) will provide dedicated support to	announced the introduction of 10
	()	the Strategic Partnership.	measures in the Sahel region,
	• increase the funding of the Emergency Trust Fund for stability and	the strategic raithership.	worth more than EUR 100 million
	addressing the root causes of irregular migration and displaced		under the Emergency and Trust
	persons in Africa through additional contributions by Member		Fund for Africa. See press release
	States, and ensure an optimal preparation of the Valletta Summit		IP/16/68 and MEMO/16/69.
	(11-12 November) to achieve maximum progress;		
	(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		The EU will implement six actions
	25 June 2015:		focused on improving migration
	Cooperation with countries of origin and transit		with a total budget of €41.6
	- It is crucial to reinforce our overall cooperation with countries of origin		million as part of the 2015
	and transit, both on stemming the flows of irregular migrants and on		programme of the GPGC on
	tackling the root causes of migration so as to reduce the incentives for		Migration and Asylum. See press
	illegal migration and to combat the smuggling networks. Development		release <u>MEMO/15/6339</u>
	assistance will play an important role in this respect.		16.12.2015.
	- A true partnership between European and African countries, working		
	together to tackle illegal migration in an integrated way, is essential. The		European Commission
	Valletta Summit will seek in particular to achieve, together with the		announced new Pan Africa Action
	African partners:		Plan projects, 25.11.2015. See
	a) assistance to partner countries in their fight against smugglers;		IP/15/6158. See also Factsheet
	b) a strengthened cooperation on an effective return policy;		

investments in Africa to address the root causes of migration, as well as providing economic and social opportunities. The Council will prepare proposals for areas of cooperation with countries of origin and transit for the Valletta Summit. President EU Emerg tackle the	Remarks
In the fra f) increase support to Tunisia, Egypt, Sudan, Mali and Niger among others, to monitor and control the land borders and routes, building on current CSDP operations in the region, as well as on regional cooperation frameworks (Rabat and Khartoum processes); step up dialogue with the African Union at all levels on all these issues; g) reinforce our political cooperation with African partners at all levels in order to tackle the cause of illegal migration and combat the smuggling and trafficking of human beings. The EU will raise these issues with the African Union and the key countries concerned, with whom it will propose the holding of a summit in Malta in the coming months; () k) launch Regional Development and Protection programmes for North	n Pan-African Action Plan rojects. resident Juncker launched the J Emergency Trust Fund to ckle the root causes of irregular igration in Africa, 12.11.2015,

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	 20 March 2014: Ahead of the 4th EU-Africa Summit on 2 and 3 April 2014, the European Union remains committed to building a partnership of equals with Africa and strengthening relations in all relevant areas in response to the growing interdependence between the European Union and Africa. The European Council expresses the EU's willingness to further cooperate with its African partners in promoting trade and development, democracy and good governance, the rule of law and human rights. It also underlines the importance to address migration and mobility, including irregular migration and the fight against smuggling of migrants and trafficking of human beings, in a spirit of shared responsibility between countries of transit, origin and destination. The European Council emphasises in particular that continued international support for African partners in the area of security remains crucial and encourages other donors to participate in burden-sharing. Therefore, the European Union will continue to provide operational support through its civilian crisis management missions and military operations, at the request of individual countries and in close cooperation with other regional and international actors. The European Union will also consider ways and means to support African initiatives for capacity-building, which will strengthen the African Peace and Security Architecture and enable African partners to prevent conflicts and address crises effectively and rapidly. The European Council encourages further work at EU level to enhance support for African capacity development in a comprehensive and systematic way encompassing advice, mentoring, training and equipment. The European Council invites the High Representative to make further proposals in this regard, including on a possible clearing house on the provision of equipment to support training provided by the EU. 		
	16 September 2010: - EU/Africa relations have taken on a new dynamic in recent years. The EU/South Africa Summit on 28 September 2010 and the EU/Africa Summit on 29/30 November 2010 should serve to further deepen relations. The EU, in partnership with African countries, will continue to		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	pursue the objectives of economic development, good governance, transparency and accountability in the context of the joint EU/Africa		
	Strategy.		
Development	18 February 2016:	Joint Staff Working Document SWD(2016)	
African/	<u>Migration</u>	<u>250 final</u> Evaluation of the Cotonou	EESC opinion: Future of the EU's
Caribbean/Pacific	b) implementation and operational follow-up to the Valletta Summit, in	Partnership Agreement.	relations with the ACP Group of
Countries	particular the agreed list of 16 priority actions, should continue and be		countries (Green Paper).
See International Trade section	stepped up;	COM(2016) 385 final on establishing a new Partnership Framework with third	25.05.2016.
	17 December 2015:	countries under the European Agenda on	Results of public consultation
	- The EU institutions and the Member States must urgently:	Migration.	published on 21 March 2016. See
	()	Waigani Communiqué on the Future	for more details, EuropeAid
	e) take concrete measures to ensure the actual return and readmission of	Perspectives of the ACP Group of States	website.
	people not authorised to stay and provide support to Member States as	(01.06.2016).	
	regards return operations;	(02.00.2020).	EU signed programme worth €3.6
	f) enhance measures for fighting smuggling and trafficking of human	Declaration of the 8th Summit of ACP	billion to finance the intra-ACP
	beings;	Heads of State and Government of the ACP	programme, 26.11.2015. See
	g) ensure implementation and operational follow up to:	Group of States (01.06.2016).	Press release IP/15/6173.
	()	Group or States (01.00.2010).	11655 1616456 11715/0175
	• the Valletta Summit, particularly as regards returns and readmission.	Foreign Affairs Council 23/05/2016:	In March 2015, seven one-day
	- The Presidency, the Commission and the High Representative will report	Council conclusions on the external	Round Tables on key topics
	back on progress before the February meeting of the European Council.	aspects of migration.	related to ACP-EU relations after
	back on progress before the restaury meeting of the European council.	aspects of migration.	2020 were held throughout
	October 15, 2015:	Foreign Affairs Council, 12/05/2016:	Europe with experts from
	p) effectively implement all readmission commitments, whether	Conclusions on migration and	academia, think tanks, NGOs, the
	undertaken through formal readmission agreements, the Cotonou	development.	private sector, Member States,
	Agreement or other arrangements;	development.	the Commission and the EEAS.
	q) further increase leverage in the fields of return and readmission, using	Decisions and resolutions of 26-27 April	See Final Report 31.07.2015.
	where appropriate the "more-for-more" principle. In this regard, the	2016: 103rd session of the ACP Council of	500 <u>/ Illat Report</u> 51.07.2015.
	Commission and the High Representative will propose, within six months,	Ministers.	Statement from European
	comprehensive and tailor-made incentives to be used vis-à-vis third	Thin section	Development Commissioner at
	countries.	Foreign Affairs Council, 14/03/2016:	the 28th ACP-EU Joint
	countries.	Council conclusions on the European Court	Parliamentary Assembly held on
	25 June 2015:	of Auditors' Special report No 15/2015:	2 December 2014 in Strasbourg.
	- Effective return, readmission and reintegration policies for those not	'ACP-EU Energy facility support for	2 December 2014 in Strasbourg.
	qualifying for protection are an essential part of combating illegal	renewable energy in east Africa'.	

migration and will help discourage people from risking their lives. All tools shall be mobilised to promote readmission of irregular migrants to countries of origin and transit, building on the ideas presented by the Commission at the Council on 16 June. In particular: () b) the Commission will ensure that readmission commitments are implemented effectively as soon as possible, notably those under the Cotonou Agreement, and that ongoing negotiations on readmission agreements are accelerated and concluded as soon as possible, while new negotiations will be launched with other third countries; a) building on the "more for more" principle EU assistance and Proceedings 2015 (2016 (NUE))	
c) building on the "more-for-more" principle, EU assistance and policies will be used to create incentives for implementing existing readmission agreements and concluding new ones. Commitments set out in trade agreements regarding the temporary presence of persons for the provision of services should be used as an incentive to conclude readmission agreements; development policy tools should reinforce local capacity-building, including for border control, asylum, counter-smuggling and reintegration; OT February 2013: The European Council also calls for progress as regards: - The development of a renewed partnership with the African/Caribbean/Pacific countries through the conclusion of Economic Partnership Agreements. - The EU's assistance to the ACP countries has traditionally been financed outside the EU budget for historical and legal reasons. In the current circumstances, with the Cotonou agreement due to expire in 2020, the EDF will remain outside the 2014-2020 MFF. It is noted, that the Commission intends to propose the budgetisation of the EDF as of 2021. The total amount available for the EDF will be EUR 26 984 million. Procedure: 2015/0246 (NLE). Foreign Affairs Council 26/10/2015. Council Conclusions on ACP-EU Relevance of poreign Affairs council 12/10/2015: Council Conclusions on ACP-EU Relevance of post 2020. Post 2020. JOIN(2015) 33 final Joint Const paper Towards a new part between the European Union and Caribbean and Pacific countries after and the EU Action Plan on return. Communication COM(2015) 453 final EU Action Plan on return. 40th session of the ACP-EU Commission intends to propose the budgetisation of the EDF as of 2021. The total amount available for the EDF will be EUR 26 984 million.	development endorsed by the ACP-EU Council of Ministers at its 37th session. 17.01.2013. Reports Court of Auditors: Annual report of the Court of Auditors on the activities funded by the 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th European Development Funds (EDFs), OJ C 373/291 10.11.2015. Annual report of the Court of Auditors on the activities funded by the 8th, 9th and 10th European Development Funds (EDFs) concerning the financial year 2013. OJ C 398, 12.11.2014, p. 289–319 Annual report of the Court of Auditors on the activities funded by the 8th, 9th and 10th European Development Funds (EDFs) concerning the financial year 2020. Eal on an EDFs) concerning the financial year 2012. OJ C 331/261, 14.11.2013, p. 261–290. Annual report of the Court of Auditors on the activities funded by the 8th, 9th and 10th European Development Funds (EDFs) concerning the financial year 2012. OJ C 331/261, 14.11.2013, p. 261–290.

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		Resolution of the 101st session of the ACP Council of Ministers on Migration (26-29.05.2015) Recommendations from the ACP-EU expert s' meeting on trafficking in human beings and smuggling of human beings (11.05.2015).	Annual report of the Court of Auditors on the activities funded by the 8th, 9th and 10th European Development Funds (EDFs) concerning the financial year 2010. OJ C 326/02 10.11.2011.
		European Parliament resolution of 11 February 2015 on the work of the ACP-EU Joint Parliamentary Assembly 2014/2154(INI). Joint ACP-EU Declaration on the Post-2015 Development Agenda adopted on 12 June	
		2014. Council Regulation (EU) 2015/323 of 2 March 2015 on the financial regulation applicable to the 11th European Development Fund. OJ L 58, 3.3.2015, p.	
		17–38. Procedure: 2013/0320/NLE. Council Regulation (EU) 2015/322 of 2 March 2015 on the implementation of the 11th European Development Fund, OJ L 58, 3.3.2015, p. 1–16 . Procedure: 2013/0211/NLE.	
		Council Regulation (EU) No 566/2014 of 26 May 2014 amending Regulation (EC) No 617/2007 as regards the application of the transition period between the 10th EDF and the 11th EDF until the entry into force of the 11th EDF Internal Agreement. OJ L	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue		157/35 27.5.2014. Procedure: 2013/0429/NLE. European Parliament Decision of 3 April 2014 on discharge in respect of the implementation of the budget for the Eighth, Ninth and Tenth European Development Funds for the financial year 2012 (COM(2013)0541 – C7-0283/2013 – 2013/2206(DEC). Communication COM/2011/0837 final Preparation of the multiannual financial framework regarding the financing of EU cooperation for African, Caribbean and Pacific States and Overseas Countries and	
		Territories for the 2014-2020 period (11th European Development Fund). Communication COM (2003) 590 final "Towards the full integration of cooperation with ACP countries in the EU budget".	
Development Horn of Africa	 O1 March 2012: The European Council welcomes the Somalia Conference held in London on 23 February 2012. The European Council recalls the EU's Strategic Framework for the Horn of Africa adopted by the Council on 14 November 2011 and, building on the outcome of the London Conference, invites the Council, the Commission and the High Representative to maintain a comprehensive engagement with Somalia. In line with the EU Strategic Framework, the Foreign Affairs Council should report back to the European Council in October on the implementation of agreed actions. 	European Parliament resolution of 15 September 2016 on Somalia (2016/2881(RSP)). Foreign Affairs Council, 18/07/2016: The Council adopted conclusions on Somalia. Foreign Affairs Council 15/02/2016: Council Conclusions on Somalia. Valletta Summit Political Declaration and Action Plan 11-12 November 2015.	The Commission announced new support for Somalia worth €73 million (€25 for building resilience and €48 for state building and peace building actions) See press release 16.06.2016. The European Commission has announced the approval of 10 new actions worth €117 million to improve stability and address the root causes of irregular migration and forced

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		Foreign Affairs Council 26/10/2015 Council Conclusions on the EU Horn of Africa Regional Action Plan 2015-2020.	displacement in the Horn of Africa region. See press release IP/16/1615. 28.04.2016.
		Council Decision 2014/673/CFSP of 25 September 2014 amending Decision 2013/527/CFSP amending and extending	The European Commission announced a total of 16 actions, worth almost €300 million to address the root causes of
		the mandate of the European Union Special Representative for the Horn of Africa OJ L 282, 26.9.2014, p. 22–23.	irregular migration. See Press release IP/15/6337 16.12.2015. The European Union announced
		JOIN (2012) 24 final EU Counter-Terrorism Action Plan for the Horn of Africa and Yemen.	€60 million in additional support for Somali refugees at a Ministerial Pledging Conference in Brussels IP/15/5878
		European Parliament resolution of 15 January 2013 on EU Strategy for the Horn of Africa 2012/2026(INI).	21.10.2015. The Federal Government of Somalia, the UN, the EU and
		Council report of 11 January 2013 on Implementation Review of the Horn of Africa Strategic Framework.	donor partners have welcomed the signing of six new Joint Programmes through the Somalia Development and Reconstruction
			Facility (SDRF), within the framework of the Somali New Deal Compact. See <u>Press Release</u> 17.06.2015.
			The EU confirmed it would support the wider region of the Horn of Africa with a total of EUR 3 billion in development cooperation until 2020. See press release IP/14/1203, 27.10.2014.

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			The EU made its first contribution of €5 million to the Somalia Stability Fund to support the government and regional authorities in rebuilding local governance and infrastructure. See Press Release 27.05.2015. Ethiopia: EU increases humanitarian funding for refugees, Press release IP-14-1196, 23. 10. 2014. New joint humanitarian-development initiative launched by the European Commission Supporting Horn of Africa Resilience (SHARE). See press release IP/12/1092, 11.10.2012.
Development Latin America Caribbean See also ACP countries	 16 September 2010: Building on the successful summit held this year with its Latin American and Caribbean partners, the EU is committed to continuing to work closely together with the countries of the region in response to the global challenges facing us. 	Foreign Affairs Council of 18/07/2016: Conclusions on Venezuela. Action plan, EU-CELAC Summit, 10-11 June 2015. Political declaration, EU-CELAC Summit, 10-11 June 2015. Brussels declaration, EU-CELAC Summit, 10-11 June 2015. European Parliament resolution of 20 May 2015 on EU-CELAC Summit (10-11 June 2015) 2015/2637(RSP).	A regional cooperation programme worth EUR 346 million has been signed with CARIFORUM for the period up to 2020. Press Release IP/15/5163. The funds announced are part of an overall package of the European Union of almost €700 million in support of Latin America and the Caribbean. See Joint press communique, VI EU- CARIFORUM high level meeting, 11 June 2015. On 19 November 2014, the European Union announced its regional cooperation package for

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Commission Implementing Decision C(2014) 9128 final of 4.12.2014 on the Annual Action Programme 2014 in favour of the Latin American region to be financed from the general budget of the European Union. General Secretariat of the Council 20/07/2014 The Council endorsed the Strategy on Citizen Security in Central America and the	Latin America for the 2014-2020 period, known as the Multiannual Indicative Programme (MIP), with an allocation of EUR 925 million over seven years. EU support package of EUR 2.5 billion for Latin America for the years 2014 to 2020. 24.03.2014.
		Caribbean. Joint Communication JOIN(2014) 21 final of 19/5/2014 from the European Commission and the High Representative of the European Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy Elements for an EU strategy on public security in Central America and the Caribbean.	
		EU-CELAC Action Plan 2013-2015 adopted on 27/01/2013 at the EU-CELAC Summit held in Santiago de Chile. Foreign Affairs Council 19/11/2012 The Council endorsed the Joint Caribbean-EU Partnership Strategy. CARIFORUM-EU Economic Partnership Agreement OJ L 289/I/4 of 30.10.2008.	

The European Council's role - to 'provide the Union with the necessary impetus for its development' and to define its 'general political directions and priorities' - has developed rapidly over the past seven years.

Since June 2014, the European Council Oversight Unit within the European Parliamentary Research Service (EPRS), the European Parliament's in-house research service and think-tank, has been monitoring and analysing the European Council's delivery of the various commitments made in the conclusions of its meetings.

This overview, presented in the form of a regularly updated *Rolling Check-List of Commitments to Date*, is designed to review the degree of progress in realising the goals which the European Council has set itself since January 2010 and to assist the Parliament in exercising its important oversight role in this field.

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